# TMC 204 Statistical Data Analysis with R Unit 3 Exporting Data from R(Part 2)

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# paste()

# **Description:**

paste() converts its arguments to character strings and concatenates them.

## **Syntax:**

paste(..., sep="", collapse=NULL)

#### **Returns:**

**Character Vector** 

#### **Documentation:**

help(paste)

```
Example 1:
> x<-1:10
> paste(x)
[1] "1" "2" "3" "4" "5" "6" "7" "8" "9" "10"
> paste(x,collapse="NULL")
[1] "1NULL2NULL3NULL4NULL5NULL6NULL7NULL8NULL9NULL10"
> paste(x,collapse="")
[1] "12345678910"
Example 2:
> x<-LETTERS
> X
[1] "A" "B" "C" "D" "E" "F" "G" "H" "I" "J" "K" "L" "M" "N" "O"
[16] "P" "Q" "R" "S" "T" "U" "V" "W" "X" "Y" "Z"
> paste(x)
[1] "A" "B" "C" "D" "E" "F" "G" "H" "I" "J" "K" "L" "M" "N" "O"
[16] "P" "Q" "R" "S" "T" "U" "V" "W" "X" "Y" "Z"
> paste(x,collapse="")
[1] "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ"
```

# **Example 3:** > name<-"Aditya" > age<-35

- > paste(name,age)
- [1] "Aditya 35"
- > paste(name,age,sep=",")
- [1] "Aditya,35"
- > paste(name,age,sep="")
- [1] "Aditya35"

#### **Example 4:**

- > alpha<-LETTERS[1:4]
- > numeric<-1:4
- > alpha\_numeric<-paste(alpha,numeric)
- > alpha\_numeric
- [1] "A 1" "B 2" "C 3" "D 4"
- > alpha\_numeric<-paste(alpha,numeric,sep="")
- > alpha\_numeric
- [1] "A1" "B2" "C3" "D4"

# pasteO()

## **Description:**

pasteO() it does a same job as paste() but with a blank seperator.

## **Syntax:**

paste0(..., collapse=NULL)

#### **Returns:**

Character Vector of concatenated values

#### **Documentation:**

help(paste0)

#### Example 1:

- > alpha<-LETTERS[1:4]
- > numeric<-1:4
- > alpha\_numeric<-paste0(alpha,numeric)
- > alpha\_numeric
- [1] "A1" "B2" "C3" "D4"

#### **Example 2:**

- > name<-"Aditya"
- > age<-35
- > pasteO(name,age)
- [1] "Aditya35"
- > paste(name,age)
- [1] "Aditya 35"
- > paste(name,age,sep="")
- [1] "Aditya35"

# sprintf()

# **Description:**

sprintf() it returns a character vector containing text and objects

## **Syntax:**

sprintf()(fmt, ...)

#### **Returns:**

**Character Vector** 

### **Documentation:**

help(sprintf)

# Example 1:

- > name<-"Aditya"
- > age<-35
- > sprintf("your name is %s and you are %d years old",name,age)
- [1] "your name is Aditya and you are 35 years old"

%s is replaced by value in name and %d is replaced by value in age s indicates string type and d indicated integer type

# Output Data to file

In this section we will learn the use of following functions in next lecture :

- writeLines
- write
- write.table
- write.csv
- sink
- dump

Sources of lecture: Slideshare:r-squared.in