

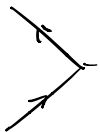
a) 1)

$$\overbrace{\phi(x) \phi(y)} \quad \text{---} \xrightarrow{q} \text{---} = \frac{i}{q^2 - m_\phi^2 + i\epsilon}$$

$$\overbrace{\psi_\alpha(x) \bar{\psi}_\beta(x)} \quad \xrightarrow[p]{\alpha \quad \beta} = \frac{i(\not{p} + m)_{\alpha\beta}}{p^2 - m^2 + i\epsilon} \quad \text{polarization sum, sum over all possible states}$$

(photon: $\frac{-ig^{\mu\nu}}{q^2 + i\epsilon}$) $\sum_s u \bar{u} = \not{p} + m$

2) vertices



$$= -ig$$

3) external leg contractions

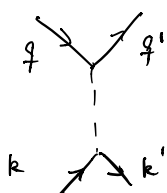
$$\langle 0 | \phi | q \rangle = \text{---} \xleftarrow{q} \text{---} = 1 \quad \xrightarrow{t}$$

$$\langle q | \phi | 0 \rangle = \text{---} \xleftarrow{q} \text{---} = 1$$

$$\langle 0 | \psi | p, s \rangle = \text{---} \xleftarrow{p} \text{---} = u^s(p) \quad \langle 0 | \bar{\psi} | k, s \rangle = \text{---} \xleftarrow{k} \text{---} = \bar{v}^s(k)$$

$$\langle p, s | \bar{\psi} | 0 \rangle = \text{---} \xleftarrow{p} \text{---} = \bar{u}^s(p) \quad \langle k, s | \psi | 0 \rangle = \text{---} \xleftarrow{k} \text{---} = v^s(k)$$

$$p^s(q) + u^v(k) \longrightarrow p^{s'}(p') + u^{v'}(k')$$

$$iM =$$


$$= \bar{u}^{s'}(q') (-ig) u^s(q) \frac{i}{(q'-q)^2 - m_\phi^2 + i\epsilon} \bar{u}^{v'}(k') (-ig) u^v(k)$$

$$= -ig^2 \bar{u}^{s'}(q') u^s(q) \frac{1}{(q'-q)^2 - m_\phi^2 + i\epsilon} \bar{u}^{v'}(k') u^v(k)$$

No integral \leftarrow No loops!

b) $\gamma^0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix},$

$$u^s(q) = \sqrt{E_q + m} \begin{pmatrix} \xi^s \\ \frac{\vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{p}}{E_q + m} \xi^s \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\vec{p}/m \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{2m} \begin{pmatrix} \xi^s \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\bar{u}^{s'}(q') u^s(q) \approx 2m (\xi^{s'})^\dagger (\xi^s) = 2m \delta^{ss'}$$

$$(q' - q)^2 = ((q')^0 - q^0)^2 - |\vec{q}' - \vec{q}|^2 \approx -|\vec{q}' - \vec{q}|^2$$

$$i\mathcal{M} = \frac{ig^2}{|\vec{q}' - \vec{q}|^2 + m_\phi^2 + i\epsilon} 2m \delta^{ss'} 2m \delta^{vv'} \quad (\text{spin is separately conserved})$$

c) $\langle P_f | S | P_i \rangle$

$$= \langle P_f | 1 | P_i \rangle - \langle P_f | (2\pi) \delta(E_i - E_f) iV | P_i \rangle$$

$$V = \int d^3x d^3y V(|\vec{x} - \vec{y}|) \bar{\psi}(\vec{x}) \psi(\vec{x}) \bar{\psi}(\vec{y}) \psi(\vec{y})$$

$$\langle q', s'; k', v' | V | q, s; k, v \rangle$$

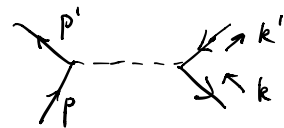
$$= \int d^3x d^3y V(|\vec{x} - \vec{y}|) \underbrace{\langle q', s'; k', v' | \bar{\psi}(x) \psi(x) \bar{\psi}(y) \psi(y) | q, s; k, v \rangle}_{\text{bracketed term}}$$

$$= \int d^3x d^3y V(|\vec{x} - \vec{y}|) \bar{u}^{s'}(q') u^s(q) \bar{u}^{v'}(k') u^v(k) e^{-i x(q - q') \cdot x}$$

$$e^{-iy(k-k')}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{x} &= \frac{1}{2}(\vec{w} + \vec{z}) \\ \vec{y} &= \frac{1}{2}(\vec{w} - \vec{z}) \end{aligned} \rightarrow \int d^3x d^3y V(|\vec{x} - \vec{y}|) 2m \delta^{ss'} 2m \delta^{\nu\nu'} e^{i\vec{x}(\vec{q} - \vec{q}')} e^{i\vec{y}(\vec{k} - \vec{k}')} \\ = 2m \delta^{ss'} 2m \delta^{\nu\nu'} \delta^{(3)}(\vec{q} + \vec{k} - \vec{q}' - \vec{k}') \int d^3z \underbrace{V(|\vec{z}|)}_{\tilde{V}(|\vec{q} - \vec{q}'|)} e^{i\vec{z}(\vec{q} - \vec{q}')} \\ \tilde{V}(|\vec{q} - \vec{q}'|)$$

$$\begin{aligned} V(\vec{x}) &= \int \frac{d^3q}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{-q^2}{|\vec{q}|^2 + m_\phi^2} e^{-i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{x}} = -\frac{q^2}{4\pi^2} \int_{-1}^{+1} dz \int_0^\infty d|\vec{q}| |\vec{q}|^2 \\ &\quad \times \frac{1}{|\vec{q}|^2 + m_\phi^2} e^{-i|\vec{q}|r z} \\ &= -\frac{q^2}{4\pi^2} \int_0^\infty d|\vec{q}| |\vec{q}|^2 \frac{e^{i|\vec{q}|r} - e^{-i|\vec{q}|r}}{i|\vec{q}|r} \frac{1}{|\vec{q}|^2 + m_\phi^2} \\ &= \frac{-q^2}{4\pi^2 i r} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{|\vec{q}| e^{i|\vec{q}|r}}{|\vec{q}|^2 + m_\phi^2} \\ &= -\frac{q^2}{4\pi^2 i r} (2\pi i) \text{Res} \left(\frac{q e^{iqr}}{q^2 + m_\phi^2}, q = +im_\phi \right) = -\frac{q^2}{4\pi r} e^{-m_\phi r} \end{aligned}$$

d) $iM =$ 

$$= -ig^2 \bar{u}^s(p') u^s(p) \frac{1}{(p' - p)^2 - m_\phi^2} \bar{v}^{\nu'}(k) v^{\nu'}(k') (-1)$$

$$\langle p', k' | \bar{\psi}(x) \psi(x) \bar{\psi}(y) \psi(y) | p, k \rangle = -1 \cdot (- \dots)$$

$$\langle p', k' | \bar{\psi}(x) \psi(x) \bar{\psi}(y) \psi(y) | p, k \rangle$$

$$= \langle p', k' | \overbrace{\psi(x) \psi(y)} \overbrace{\bar{\psi}(x) \bar{\psi}(y)} | p, k \rangle$$

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