

H.7.1

Chenkuang Wang

$$\text{a) } \mathcal{L}_{AKH} = (\mathcal{D}_\mu \Phi)^+ \mathcal{D}^\mu \Phi =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ (\partial_\mu - \frac{i}{2} g W_\mu^a \sigma^a - \frac{i}{2} g' Y_\Phi B_\mu) (\overset{\circ}{v_{th}}) \right]^+$$

$$\times \left[ (\partial^\mu - \frac{i}{2} g W^\mu a \sigma^a - \frac{i}{2} g' Y_\Phi B^\mu) (\overset{\circ}{v_{th}}) \right]$$

mass term of field  $\phi \sim \phi^2$ , so no derivatives and other fields

$$W_\mu^a \sigma^a = \begin{pmatrix} W_\mu^3 & W_\mu^1 - i W_\mu^2 \\ W_\mu^1 + i W_\mu^2 & -W_\mu^3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$W_\mu^a \sigma^a \Phi = \begin{pmatrix} (W_\mu^1 - i W_\mu^2)(v + h) \\ -W_\mu^3(v + h) \end{pmatrix},$$

$\Rightarrow$  mass terms in  $\mathcal{L}$

$$\mathcal{L} \subset \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{i}{2} \right|^2 v^2 \left[ (g' B_\mu - g W_\mu^3) (g' B^\mu - g W^{3\mu}) + g^2 |W_\mu^1 - i W_\mu^2|^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{v^2}{8} \left[ (g' B_\mu - g W_\mu^3) (g' B^\mu - g W^{3\mu}) + g^2 (W^1)^2 + g^2 (W^2)^2 \right]$$

$$\text{b) } Q = T_3 + \frac{1}{2} Y$$

$$[T_3, W_\mu^1 \sigma^1] = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] W_\mu^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] W_\mu^1$$

$$= W_\mu^1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[T_3, W_\mu^2 \sigma^2] = \frac{1}{2} W_\mu^2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} W_\mu^2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$= -i W_\mu^2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[T_3, W_\mu^3 \sigma^3] = 0$$

$$\text{Define } W_\mu^\pm = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (W_\mu^1 \mp i W_\mu^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow [T_3, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (W_\mu^1 \sigma^1 - i W_\mu^2 \sigma^2)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ W_\mu^1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} - i W_\mu^2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & W_\mu^1 - i W_\mu^2 \\ -W_\mu^1 + i W_\mu^2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = W_\mu^\pm \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow Q = \pm 1$$

$$\Rightarrow [T_3, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^1 \sigma^1 + i W_\mu^2 \sigma^2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ W_\mu^1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + i W_\mu^2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & W_\mu^1 + i W_\mu^2 \\ -W_\mu^1 - i W_\mu^2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = -W_\mu^- \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow Q = -1$$

c)  $[T^3, W_\mu^3 \sigma^3] = [T^3, B_\mu] = 0 \rightarrow T_3(W_\mu) = T_3(B_\mu) = 0$   
 $Y(B_\mu) = Y(W_\mu^3) = 0$  ? Is it definition or ?

$$\mathcal{L} \subset \frac{v^2}{8} (g' B_\mu - g W_\mu^3) (g' B^{\lambda} - g W^{\lambda \mu})$$

$$= \frac{v^2}{8} (W_\mu^3, B_\mu) \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} g'^2 & gg' \\ gg' & g^2 \end{pmatrix}}_{=A} \begin{pmatrix} W_\mu^3 \\ B_\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D = U^{-1} A U, \quad \begin{vmatrix} g'^2 - \lambda & gg' \\ gg' & g^2 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = (g'^2 - \lambda)(g^2 - \lambda) - g^2 g'^2$$

$$= \lambda^2 - (g^2 + g'^2) \lambda \stackrel{!}{=} 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = 0 \text{ or } \lambda = g^2 + g'^2$$

$$\rightarrow (A - 0 \cdot \mathbb{1}) = A = \begin{pmatrix} g'^2 & gg' \\ gg' & g^2 \end{pmatrix}, \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} g \\ -g' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(A - (g^2 + g'^2) \mathbb{1}) = \begin{pmatrix} -g^2 & gg' \\ gg' & -g'^2 \end{pmatrix}, \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} g' \\ g \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow U = \begin{pmatrix} g & g' \\ -g' & g \end{pmatrix}, \quad U^{-1} = \frac{1}{g \cdot g + g' \cdot g'} \begin{pmatrix} g & -g' \\ g' & g \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{v^2}{8} (W_\mu^3 - B_\mu) \begin{pmatrix} g & g' \\ -g' & g \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} g^2 + g'^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} g & -g' \\ g' & g \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W_\mu^3 \\ B_\mu \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{g^2 + g'^2} \\
&= \underbrace{(gW_\mu^3 - g'B_\mu)}_{=} \underbrace{(g'W_\mu^3 + gB_\mu)}_{\left( \begin{array}{c} gW_\mu^3 - g'B_\mu \\ g'W_\mu^3 + gB_\mu \end{array} \right)} \\
&= \frac{v^2}{8} \frac{1}{\sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}} (gW_\mu^3 - g'B_\mu) \underbrace{(g'W_\mu^3 + gB_\mu)}_{\left( \begin{array}{c} g^2 + g'^2 \\ 0 \end{array} \right)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}} \left( \begin{array}{c} gW_\mu^3 - g'B_\mu \\ g'W_\mu^3 + gB_\mu \end{array} \right) \\
&\quad \left( \begin{array}{l} \text{Define } \tan \theta_w = \frac{g'}{g} \\ \rightarrow \sin \theta_w = \frac{g'}{\sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}}, \cos \theta_w = \frac{g}{\sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}} \end{array} \right) \\
&= \frac{v^2}{8} (\cos \theta_w W_\mu^3 - \sin \theta_w B_\mu, \sin \theta_w W_\mu^3 + \cos \theta_w B_\mu) \begin{pmatrix} g^2 + g'^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\
&\quad \times \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_w W_\mu^3 - \sin \theta_w B_\mu \\ \sin \theta_w W_\mu^3 + \cos \theta_w B_\mu \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \text{Define } z_\mu = -\cos \theta_w W_\mu^3 + \sin \theta_w B_\mu \\ A_\mu = \sin \theta_w W_\mu^3 + \cos \theta_w B_\mu \end{array} \right) \quad \leftarrow \text{The overall sign is chosen according to lecture (It is quadratic in field anyway)} \\
= \frac{v^2}{8} (z_\mu, A_\mu) \begin{pmatrix} g^2 + g'^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} z_\mu \\ A_\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow m_A = 0 \quad (\text{photon!})$$

$$m_z = \frac{v}{2} \sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}$$

d) Invert  $z_\mu (W_\mu^3, B_\mu)$

$$A_\mu (W_\mu^3, B_\mu)$$

$$-\cos \theta_w z_\mu + \sin \theta_w A_\mu = W_\mu^3 - \sin \theta_w \cos \theta_w B_\mu + \sin \theta_w \cos \theta_w B_\mu$$

$$+ \sin \theta_w z_\mu + \cos \theta_w A_\mu = B_\mu + \dots$$

$= 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{AKL} &= i\bar{L}_j D_\mu \gamma^\mu L_j + i\bar{R}_j D_\mu \gamma^\mu R_j \\ &= i\bar{L}_j (\partial_\mu - \frac{i}{2} g W_\mu^a \sigma^a + \frac{i}{2} g' B_\mu) \gamma^\mu L_j \\ &\quad + i\bar{R}_j (\partial_\mu + ig' B_\mu) \gamma^\mu R_j \end{aligned}$$

interaction between leptons and gauge bosons

$$W_\mu^a \sigma^a = \begin{pmatrix} W_\mu^3 & W_\mu^1 - iW_\mu^2 \\ W_\mu^1 + iW_\mu^2 & -W_\mu^3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin\theta_W A_\mu - \cos\theta_W Z_\mu & W_\mu^1 - iW_\mu^2 \\ W_\mu^1 + iW_\mu^2 & -\sin\theta_W A_\mu + \cos\theta_W Z_\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{2} \bar{L}_j g W_\mu^a \sigma^a \gamma^\mu L_j - \frac{1}{2} \bar{L}_j g' B_\mu \gamma^\mu L_j - \bar{R}_j g' B_\mu \gamma^\mu R_j \\ &= \frac{g}{2} \bar{L}_j \begin{pmatrix} \sin\theta_W A_\mu - \cos\theta_W Z_\mu & W_\mu^1 - iW_\mu^2 \\ W_\mu^1 + iW_\mu^2 & -\sin\theta_W A_\mu + \cos\theta_W Z_\mu \end{pmatrix} \gamma^\mu L_j \\ &\quad - \frac{g'}{2} \bar{L}_j (\sin\theta_W Z_\mu + \cos\theta_W A_\mu) \gamma^\mu L_j - g' \bar{R}_j (\sin\theta_W Z_\mu + \sin\theta_W A_\mu) \gamma^\mu R_j \end{aligned}$$

(i)  $\ell_L = U_L \hat{\ell}_L \quad e_R = K_L \hat{e}_R$

$\uparrow \quad \uparrow$   
flavour ES mass ES

$$\nu_L = U_L \hat{\nu}_L$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}_{AKL} &= \frac{g}{2} ((\bar{\nu}_L)_j U_L^+ (\hat{\ell}_L)_j U_L^+) \begin{pmatrix} \sin\theta_W A_\mu - \cos\theta_W Z_\mu & W_\mu^1 - iW_\mu^2 \\ W_\mu^1 + iW_\mu^2 & -\sin\theta_W A_\mu + \cos\theta_W Z_\mu \end{pmatrix} \gamma^\mu \begin{pmatrix} U_L(\hat{\nu}_L)_j \\ U_L(\hat{\ell}_L)_j \end{pmatrix} \\ &\quad - \frac{g'}{2} ((\bar{\nu}_L)_j \underbrace{U_L^+ (\hat{\ell}_L)_j}_{\downarrow} (\sin\theta_W Z_\mu + \cos\theta_W A_\mu) \gamma^\mu \begin{pmatrix} U_L(\hat{\nu}_L)_j \\ U_L(\hat{\ell}_L)_j \end{pmatrix}) \\ &\quad - g' (\hat{\ell}_R)_j \underbrace{K_L^+}_{\downarrow} (\sin\theta_W Z_\mu + \sin\theta_W A_\mu) \gamma^\mu K_L(\hat{e}_R)_j \end{aligned}$$

$U_L$  and  $K_L$  are unitary ( $\hat{\ell}_{L/R} \hat{\ell}_{L/R}^\dagger = \bar{e}_{L/R} e_{L/R}$ )

Focus on  $W^\pm$  interactions

$$\mathcal{L} \subset \frac{g}{2} ((\bar{\nu}_L)_j U_L^+ (\hat{\ell}_L)_j U_L^+) \begin{pmatrix} W^+ \gamma^\mu U_L(\hat{\ell}_L)_j \\ W^- \gamma^\mu U_L(\hat{\nu}_L)_j \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{g}{2} (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j \cancel{U^+ W^+ \gamma^\mu U_L} (\hat{e}_L)_j + \frac{g}{2} (\hat{\bar{e}}_L)_j \cancel{U^+ W^- \gamma^\mu U_L} (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j \\
&= \frac{g}{2} (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j W^+ \gamma^\mu (\hat{e}_L)_j + \frac{g}{2} (\hat{\bar{e}}_L)_j W^- \gamma^\mu (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j \\
&= \frac{g}{2} \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j P_R W^+ \gamma^\mu P_L \hat{e}_j + \frac{g}{2} (\hat{\bar{e}}_L)_j P_R W^- \gamma^\mu P_L \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j \\
&= \frac{g}{2} \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j W^+ \gamma^\mu \hat{e}_j + \frac{g}{2} \hat{\bar{e}}_j W^- \gamma^\mu \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j
\end{aligned}$$

f) Focus on  $(W_\mu^3, B_\mu)$  ( $\bar{z}_\mu, A_\mu$ ) terms

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{L} &\subset \frac{g}{2} (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_j) \cancel{U^+} (\hat{e}_L)_j \gamma^\mu \left( \begin{matrix} W_\mu^3 & \cancel{U_L} (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j \\ -W_\mu^3 & \cancel{U_L} (\hat{e}_L)_j \end{matrix} \right) - \frac{g'}{2} (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_j) (\hat{e}_L)_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu \left( \begin{matrix} \hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j \\ (\hat{e}_L)_j \end{matrix} \right) \\
&\quad - g' (\hat{\bar{e}}_R)_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu (\hat{e}_R)_j \\
&= \frac{g}{2} \left( (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j \gamma^\mu W_\mu^3 (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j - (\hat{e}_L)_j \gamma^\mu W_\mu^3 (\hat{e}_L)_j \right) - \frac{g'}{2} \left( (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu (\hat{\bar{\nu}}_L)_j \right. \\
&\quad \left. + (\hat{e}_L)_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu (\hat{e}_L)_j \right) - g' (\hat{\bar{e}}_R)_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu (\hat{e}_R)_j \\
&= \frac{g}{2} \left[ \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j \gamma^\mu (\sin \theta_W A_\mu - \cos \theta_W \bar{z}_\mu) \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j + \hat{\bar{e}}_j \gamma^\mu (-\sin \theta_W A_\mu + \cos \theta_W \bar{z}_\mu) \hat{e}_j \right] \\
&\quad - \frac{g'}{2} \left[ \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j (\sin \theta_W A_\mu + \cos \theta_W \bar{z}_\mu) \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j + \hat{\bar{e}}_j (\sin \theta_W A_\mu + \cos \theta_W \bar{z}_\mu) \hat{e}_j \right] \\
&\quad - g' \hat{\bar{e}}_j (\sin \theta_W A_\mu + \cos \theta_W \bar{z}_\mu) \hat{e}_j \\
&= \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j \left( \frac{g}{2} - \frac{g'}{2} \right) \sin \theta_W A_\mu \gamma^\mu \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j + \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j \left( -\frac{g}{2} - \frac{g'}{2} \right) \cos \theta_W \bar{z}_\mu \gamma^\mu \hat{\bar{\nu}}_j \\
&\quad + \hat{\bar{e}}_j \left[ \left( \frac{g}{2} - \frac{g'}{2} \right) \sin \theta_W A_\mu + \left( \frac{g}{2} - \frac{g'}{2} \right) \cos \theta_W \bar{z}_\mu \right] \gamma^\mu \hat{e}_j - g' \hat{\bar{e}}_j (\sin \theta_W A_\mu + \cos \theta_W \bar{z}_\mu) \gamma^\mu \hat{e}_j
\end{aligned}$$

IT WENT WRONG SOMEWHERE!

$$c = \frac{gg'}{\sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}}$$

$$g) \quad \mathcal{L}_Y^Q = -(\bar{Y}^d)_{ij} \bar{Q}_i \bar{D}_j - (\bar{Y}^u)_{ij} \bar{Q}_i \bar{U}_j + h.c.$$

$$Q_i = \begin{pmatrix} (u_L)_i \\ (d_L)_i \end{pmatrix}, \quad D_i = (d_L)_i, \quad u_i = (u_R)_i, \quad \tilde{\Phi} = i\tau_2 \bar{\Phi}$$

$$u_{LR} = U_{LR} \hat{u}_{LR} \quad d_{LR} = D_{LR} \hat{d}_{LR}$$

$$Y_{\text{diag}}^u = U_L^+ Y^u U_R$$

$$\mathcal{L}_Y^Q = -(\bar{Y}^d)_{ij} \begin{pmatrix} (\bar{u}_L)_i \\ (\bar{d}_L)_i \end{pmatrix}^\top \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v+h \end{pmatrix} (d_L)_j - (\bar{Y}^u)_{ij} \begin{pmatrix} (\bar{u}_L)_i \\ (\bar{d}_L)_i \end{pmatrix}^\top \frac{i\tau_2}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v+h \end{pmatrix} (u_R)_j + h.c.$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\bar{Y}^d)_{ij} (d_L)_i (v+h) (d_L)_j - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\bar{Y}^u)_{ij} (\bar{u}_L)_i (v+h) (u_R)_j + h.c.$$

$$\left[ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v+h \end{pmatrix} \right] = -i \begin{pmatrix} v+h \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{d}_L Y^d d_R - \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{u}_L Y^u u_R$$

$$= -\frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{d}_L D_L^+ Y^d D_R \hat{d}_R}_{= Y_{\text{diag}}^d} - \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{u}_L U_L^+ Y^u U_R \hat{u}_R}_{= Y_{\text{diag}}^u}$$

$$\rightarrow M_d = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} Y_{\text{diag}}^d, \quad m_u = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} Y_{\text{diag}}^u$$

$$h) \quad \mathcal{L}_{\text{AKA}} = i \bar{Q}_j D_\mu \gamma^\mu Q_j + i \bar{U}_j D_\mu \gamma^\mu U_j + i \bar{D}_j D_\mu \gamma^\mu D_j$$

$$[Y(Q) = \frac{1}{3}, \quad Y(U) = \frac{4}{3}, \quad Y(D) = -\frac{2}{3}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= i \bar{Q}_j (\partial_\mu - \frac{i}{2} g W_\mu^a \sigma^a - \frac{i}{2} g' \frac{1}{3} B_\mu) \gamma^\mu Q_j \\ &+ i \bar{U}_j (\partial_\mu - \frac{i}{2} g' \frac{4}{3} B_\mu) \gamma^\mu U_j \\ &+ i \bar{D}_j (\partial_\mu + \frac{i}{2} g' \frac{2}{3} B_\mu) \gamma^\mu D_j \end{aligned}$$

Only interaction involve  $B_\mu, W_\mu^3$

$$\begin{aligned} &\subset i \bar{Q}_j (-\frac{i}{2} g W_\mu^3 \sigma^3 - \frac{i}{2} g' \frac{1}{3} B_\mu) \gamma^\mu Q_j \\ &+ \frac{2}{3} g' \bar{U}_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu U_j - \frac{1}{3} g' \bar{D}_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu D_j \\ &= \frac{g}{2} \begin{pmatrix} (\bar{u}_L)_j \\ (\bar{d}_L)_j \end{pmatrix}^\top \begin{pmatrix} W_\mu^3 & W_\mu^+ \\ W_\mu^- & -W_\mu^3 \end{pmatrix} \gamma^\mu \begin{pmatrix} (u_L)_j \\ (d_L)_j \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} (\bar{u}_L)_j^\top \\ (\bar{d}_L)_j^\top \end{pmatrix} \frac{g'}{6} B_\mu \gamma^\mu \begin{pmatrix} (u_L)_j \\ (d_L)_j \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{2}{3} g' (\bar{u}_R)_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu (u_R)_j - \frac{g'}{3} (\bar{d}_R)_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu (d_R)_j \\
& = \frac{g}{2} \left( (\bar{u}_L)_j \right)^\top \gamma^\mu \left( \begin{array}{c} W_\mu^3 u_{Lj} + W_\mu^+ d_{Lj} \\ W_\mu^- u_{Lj} - W_\mu^3 d_{Lj} \end{array} \right) \\
& \quad + \frac{g'}{6} B_\mu (\bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu u_{Lj} + \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu d_{Lj}) \\
& \quad + \frac{2}{3} g' B_\mu (\bar{u}_R)_j \gamma^\mu (u_R)_j - \frac{g'}{3} (\bar{d}_R)_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu (d_R)_j \\
& = \frac{g}{2} \left[ \bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^3 u_{Lj} + \bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^+ d_{Lj} + \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^- u_{Lj} - \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^3 d_{Lj} \right] \\
& \quad + \frac{g'}{6} B_\mu (\bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu u_{Lj} + \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu d_{Lj}) \\
& \quad + \frac{2}{3} g' B_\mu (\bar{u}_R)_j \gamma^\mu (u_R)_j - \frac{g'}{3} (\bar{d}_R)_j B_\mu \gamma^\mu (d_R)_j \\
& = \bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu \left( \frac{g}{2} W_\mu^3 + \frac{g'}{6} B_\mu \right) u_{Lj} + \frac{2}{3} g' B_\mu \bar{u}_{Rj} \gamma^\mu u_{Rj} \\
& \quad \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu \left( -\frac{g}{2} W_\mu^3 + \frac{g'}{6} B_\mu \right) d_{Lj} - \frac{g'}{3} B_\mu \bar{d}_{Rj} \gamma^\mu d_{Rj} \\
& \quad + \bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^+ d_{Lj} + \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^- u_{Lj} \\
& = \bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu \left[ \frac{g}{2} (\sin \theta_w A_\mu - \cos \theta_w Z_\mu) + \frac{g'}{6} (\cos \theta_w A_\mu + \sin \theta_w Z_\mu) \right] u_{Lj} \\
& \quad + \frac{2}{3} g' (\sin \theta_w Z_\mu + \cos \theta_w A_\mu) \bar{u}_{Rj} \gamma^\mu u_{Rj} \\
& \quad + \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu \left[ -\frac{g}{2} (-\cos \theta_w Z_\mu + \sin \theta_w A_\mu) + \frac{g'}{6} (\sin \theta_w Z_\mu + \cos \theta_w A_\mu) \right] d_{Lj} \\
& \quad - \frac{g'}{3} (\sin \theta_w Z_\mu + \cos \theta_w A_\mu) \bar{d}_{Rj} \gamma^\mu d_{Rj} \\
& \quad + \bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^+ d_{Lj} + \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^- u_{Lj} \\
& = A_\mu \bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu \left( \frac{g}{2} \sin \theta_w + \frac{g'}{6} \cos \theta_w \right) u_{Lj} + A_\mu \bar{u}_{Rj} \gamma^\mu \left( \frac{2}{3} g' \cos \theta_w \right) u_{Rj} \\
& \quad + Z_\mu \bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu \left( -\frac{g}{2} \cos \theta_w + \frac{g'}{6} \sin \theta_w \right) u_{Lj} + Z_\mu \bar{u}_{Rj} \gamma^\mu \left( \frac{2}{3} g' \sin \theta_w \right) u_{Rj} \\
& \quad + A_\mu \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu \left( -\frac{g}{2} \sin \theta_w + \frac{g'}{6} \cos \theta_w \right) d_{Lj} + A_\mu \bar{d}_{Rj} \gamma^\mu \left( -\frac{g'}{3} \cos \theta_w \right) d_{Rj} \\
& \quad + Z_\mu \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu \left( \frac{g}{2} \cos \theta_w + \frac{g'}{6} \sin \theta_w \right) d_{Lj} + Z_\mu \bar{d}_{Rj} \gamma^\mu \left( -\frac{g'}{3} \sin \theta_w \right) d_{Rj} \\
& \quad + \bar{u}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^+ d_{Lj} + \bar{d}_{Lj} \gamma^\mu W_\mu^- u_{Lj}
\end{aligned}$$

H.7.2

a)  $(MM^t)^t = MM^t \rightarrow \text{hermitian}$   
 $\rightarrow M^t = S M_d^s S^t$

Have a matrix  $F = \text{diag}(e^{i\phi_1}, \dots, e^{i\phi_N})$ ,  $\phi_i$   $N$  parameters

$$S \rightarrow SF, \quad SM_d^s S^t \rightarrow SF M_d^s F^t S^t = SM_d^s S^t$$

$\rightarrow$  right-hand side has  $N$  more parameters

b)  $V = H^{-1}M, \quad H = S M_d S^t \text{ hermitian}$

$$\begin{aligned} V^t &= H^{-1} M M^t (H^{-1})^t \\ &= H^{-1} S M_d^2 S^t H^{-1} \\ &= H^{-1} S M_d S^t S M_d S^t H^{-1} \\ &= H^{-1} H H H^{-1} = \mathbb{1}_N \end{aligned}$$

c)  $M = S M_d T^t = S M_d (V^t S)^t = S M_d S^t V$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow M M^t &= S M_d S^t \underbrace{V V^t}_{=1} S M_d^t S^t \\ &= \mathbb{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= S M_d M_d^t S^t \\ &= S M_d^2 S^t, \quad M_d \in \mathbb{R}^N \times \mathbb{R}^N \end{aligned}$$

# of parameter in  $S = N^2$       # of p in  $V = N^2$        $\rightarrow 2N^2$

d)  $V_{CKM} = U_u^t U_d$       ,       $U_i$  are unitary ( $U(N)$ )  
 $\rightarrow (N-1)^2$  parameters

e)  $2N^2 / 2 - (2N-1) - \frac{N(N-1)}{2} = N^2 - 2N + 1 - \frac{N^2}{2} + \frac{N}{2}$

$\uparrow$        $\uparrow$        $\uparrow$   
 unitary      redefinition      orthogonal  
 of quark      of phases      matrix  
 phases      parameters

$$\begin{aligned}&= \frac{1}{2} N^2 - \frac{3}{2} N + 1 \\&= \frac{1}{2} (N^2 - 3N + 2) \\&= \frac{1}{2} (N-1)(N-2)\end{aligned}$$

f)  $N=2$  , # of  $\delta = 0$   
 $N=3$  , # of  $\delta = 1 \rightarrow CP\text{-violation}$