Starting the Cluster

```
Dockerfile on the server

1 FROM apache/spark:4.0.1

2 # switch to root to install packages

3 USER root

4 RUN pip install --no-cache-dir "pandas==2.3.2" "pyarrow==21.0.0"

5 # switch back to spark user

6 USER spark
```

```
YAL YAML
                             compose.yaml on the server
1
   services:
2
     spark:
3
       build: .
       hostname: apache-spark
5
       ports:
        - "7077:7077"  # Spark master port
6
          - "8080:8080"  # Spark master web UI
8
         - "8081:8081"  # Spark worker web UI
         - "15002:15002" # Spark Connect server port
10
          - "4040:4040"
                          # Spark Connect web UI
11
       command: >
         bash -c "/opt/spark/sbin/start-master.sh;
13
                 /opt/spark/sbin/start-connect-server.sh;
14
                 /opt/spark/sbin/start-worker.sh spark://192.168.1.7:7077;
15
                 sleep infinity"
```

Task 1

Task1: Retail Store Insights

Scenario: You're a data analyst at a large retail store. The store sells a variety of products, including books and fruits. The management wants insights into sales patterns, customer preferences, product popularity, and potential promotions.

Objective: Analyze the provided dataset to extract meaningful insights and present them to the management.

Instructions:

1. Initialization:

• Set up your environment by initializing a Spark session. Name this session "RetailStoreInsights".

```
In [1]:
```

```
1
   from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
                                                                           Python
2
3
   spark = SparkSession.builder \
4
     .remote("sc://192.168.1.7:15002") \
5
      .appName("RetailStoreInsights") \
6
     .getOrCreate()
7
8
   # limit() shows a nice HTML table in Jupyter, while show() prints plain text
   spark.conf.set('spark.sql.repl.eagerEval.enabled', True)
10
11 spark
```

Out[1]:

1 <pyspark.sql.connect.session.SparkSession at 0x14c54de0b50>

2. Data Loading:

• Load the provided dataset into a DataFrame. This dataset will have O information about various products, including their type (e.g., fruit or book) and price. Create DataFrame based on bellow data:

3. Data Exploration:

- Familiarize yourself with the dataset:
 - ▶ Display the first 10 rows to understand the structure and content.

```
In [2]:
```

```
Python
1
   from pyspark.sql import Row
2
3
   data = [
     ('Ulysses', 'Book', 23.17, 16),
4
5
     ('Apple', 'Fruit', 2.34, 8),
     ('Pineapple', 'Fruit', 2.57, 1),
6
```

```
7
                ('Apple', 'Fruit', 2.43, 6),
                ('To Kill a Mockingbird', 'Book', 24.14, 19),
          8
                ('To Kill a Mockingbird', 'Book', 11.18, 11),
          9
                ('Watermelon', 'Fruit', 3.35, 15),
          10
                ('Pride and Prejudice', 'Book', 24.99, 3),
          11
          12
                ('To Kill a Mockingbird', 'Book', 21.82, 17),
          13
                ('Moby Dick', 'Book', 14.83, 20),
          14
                ('Pride and Prejudice', 'Book', 5.03, 16),
                ('Jane Eyre', 'Book', 20.40, 8),
          15
                ('Moby Dick', 'Book', 5.55, 20),
          16
                ('Don Quixote', 'Book', 19.75, 17),
          17
                ('Watermelon', 'Fruit', 2.31, 9),
          18
          19
                ('Hamlet', 'Book', 18.20, 12),
          20
                ('Mango', 'Fruit', 4.10, 7),
          21
                ('1984', 'Book', 16.75, 14),
          22
                ('Strawberry', 'Fruit', 1.90, 25),
          23
                ('War and Peace', 'Book', 22.50, 9),
          24
                ('Orange', 'Fruit', 3.05, 13),
          25
                ('The Great Gatsby', 'Book', 12.30, 10),
                ('Peach', 'Fruit', 2.80, 11),
          26
                ('Grapes', 'Fruit', 2.60, 18),
          27
          28
                ('Pride and Prejudice', 'Book', 9.50, 5)
          29 ]
          30
          31 df = spark.createDataFrame([
          32
               Row(product_name=row[0], category=row[1], price=row[2], quantity=row[3])
          33
               for row in data
             ], schema = 'product_name STRING, category STRING, price FLOAT, quantity
          35 df.createOrReplaceTempView("retail_sales") # give it a name for sql
          36 df.limit(10)
Out[2]:
               product_name|category|price|quantity|
            +----+
               Ulysses| Book|23.17| 16|
          4 |
          5 |
                         Apple | Fruit | 2.34 |
                      Pineapple| Fruit| 2.57|
                                              1|
          7
                         Apple| Fruit| 2.43|
                                                61
            |To Kill a Mocking...| Book|24.14|
                                               19|
          9
            |To Kill a Mocking...|
                                 Book|11.18|
                                               11|
          10 |
                     Watermelon| Fruit| 3.35|
                                               15|
          11 | Pride and Prejudice| Book|24.99|
                                                3|
          12 |To Kill a Mocking...| Book|21.82|
                                               17|
          13 |
                      Moby Dick|
                                               201
                                  Book | 14.83 |
```

• Print the schema of the DataFrame to understand the data types and columns.

```
In [3]: 1 df.printSchema()

1 root
2 |-- product_name: string (nullable = true)
3 |-- category: string (nullable = true)
4 |-- price: float (nullable = true)
5 |-- quantity: short (nullable = true)
6
```

3. Data Analysis:

- Extract specific columns of interest using the select operation. For this task, focus on the product name and its price.
- Identify and display products that are priced above \$2.

```
In [4]:
           1 spark.sql("""
                                                                                               Python
           2
                select * from retail_sales
           3
                where price > 2
                order by price
Out[4]:
                      product_name|category|price|quantity|
           3
                     -----+
           4
                        Watermelon| Fruit| 2.31|
           5
                                     Fruit| 2.34|
                             Apple|
                                                      81
           6
                             Apple | Fruit | 2.43 |
                                                      6|
           7
                         Pineapple|
                                     Fruit| 2.57|
                                                      1|
           8
                            Grapes|
                                     Fruit| 2.6|
                                                     18|
           9
                             Peach|
                                     Fruit| 2.8|
                                                     11|
           10
                            Orange| Fruit| 3.05|
                                                     13|
           11 |
                        Watermelon|
                                    Fruit| 3.35|
                                                     15|
           12 I
                             Mango| Fruit| 4.1|
                                                      7|
           13 | Pride and Prejudice|
                                      Book| 5.03|
                                                      16|
           14 |
                         Moby Dick|
                                      Book| 5.55|
                                                     20|
                                      Book| 9.5|
           15 | Pride and Prejudice|
                                                      5|
           16 |To Kill a Mocking...|
                                      Book | 11.18 |
                                                     11|
                   The Great Gatsby
                                                      10|
           17 |
                                      Book| 12.3|
           18 |
                         Moby Dick|
                                                     20|
                                      Book | 14.83 |
           19 |
                              1984|
                                      Book | 16.75 |
                                                     14|
           20 |
                            Hamlet|
                                      Book| 18.2|
                                                     12|
           21 I
                       Don Quixote|
                                      Book | 19.75 |
                                                     17|
                                                      8|
           22 |
                        Jane Eyre|
                                      Book| 20.4|
           23 |To Kill a Mocking...|
                                      Book | 21.82 |
                                                      17|
           24 +-----
                                     ----+----
           25 only showing top 20 rows
```

• Group the data by product type (e.g., fruit or book) and determine the count for each category.

```
3  from retail_sales
4  |> aggregate count(*) as category_count
5     group by category
6  """)

Out[5]: 1  +-----+
2  |category|category_count|
3  +-----+
4  | Book| 15|
5  | Fruit| 10|
6  +-----+
```

• Calculate the average price of all products in the dataset.

```
In [6]:
         1 spark.sql("""
                                                                               Python
            from retail_sales
         3
            |> aggregate avg(price) as avg_price
         4
                group by product name
         5
             |> set avg_price = round(avg_price, 2)
         6 """)
Out[6]:
              product_name|avg_price|
         3
           +----+
           | Pineapple| 2.57|
         5 |To Kill a Mocking...| 19.05|
         6 | Ulysses| 23.17|
         7 |
                       Apple|
                              2.38|
         8 |
                  Jane Eyre| 20.4|
         9
                    Moby Dick|
                              10.19|
         10 | Watermelon|
                              2.83|
         11 | Pride and Prejudice|
                               13.17|
         12 | 1984|
                              16.75|
                                4.1|
         13 |
                        Mango|
         14 |
                 Don Quixote|
                              19.75
         15 |
                       Hamlet|
                                18.2|
         16 |
                       0range|
                               3.05|
         17 |
                       Peachl
                                 2.8|
                              12.3|
         18 | The Great Gatsby|
         19 |
                       Grapes|
         20 |
                  Strawberry|
                                1.9|
         21 |
                  War and Peace|
                                22.5|
```

• The store is considering a promotion where they offer a 10% discount on all products. Add a new column to the DataFrame that calculates the discounted price for each product.

```
In [7]: 1 spark.sql("""
2 from retail_sales
```

```
|> extend price - (price * 0.1) as discounted_price
                 |> set discounted_price = round(discounted_price, 2)
                 |> select product_name, discounted_price, price as original_price
Out[7]:
                 product_name|discounted_price|original_price|
            3
            4
                            Ulysses|
                                              20.85|
           5
                              Apple|
                                               2.11|
                                                             2.34|
           6
                          Pineapple|
                                                             2.57|
                                               2.31
           7
                              Apple|
                                               2.19|
                                                             2.43|
           8 |To Kill a Mocking...|
                                              21.73|
                                                             24.14|
           9 |To Kill a Mocking...|
                                              10.06|
                                                             11.18|
           10 |
                         Watermelon|
                                               3.01|
                                                             3.35|
           11 | Pride and Prejudice|
                                              22.49|
                                                             24.99|
           12 |To Kill a Mocking...|
                                              19.64|
                                                             21.82|
           13 |
                          Moby Dick|
                                              13.35|
                                                             14.83|
           14 | Pride and Prejudice|
                                              4.53|
                                                             5.03|
           15 I
                          Jane Eyre|
                                              18.36|
                                                             20.4|
                          Moby Dick|
           16 |
                                                5.0|
                                                             5.55|
            17
                        Don Quixote
                                              17.78|
                                                             19.75|
                         Watermelon|
                                               2.08|
           18 I
                                                             2.31|
           19 |
                                              16.38|
                             Hamlet|
                                                             18.2|
           20 |
                                              3.69|
                                                              4.1|
                              Mango|
           21 |
                               19841
                                              15.08|
                                                             16.75|
           22 I
                                               1.71|
                                                              1.9|
                         Strawberry|
           23 |
                       War and Peace|
                                              20.25|
                                                              22.5|
            24 +--
            25 only showing top 20 rows
```

- Using SQL, perform the following operations:
 - Determine the total number of products sold (including duplicates).

note: this operations seemed to be a bit out of place, so I interpreted them as best as I could.

• Calculate the total sales (sum of prices) for each product category (e.g., fruits vs. books).

```
In [9]: 1 spark.sql("""
```

```
from retail sales
          3
             |> aggregate sum(quantity) as n_sold
                 group by category
          5 """)
 Out[9]:
          1 +-----
          2 |category|n_sold|
          3 +-----
          4 | Book| 197|
          5 | Fruit| 113|
          6 +----+
In [10]:
          1 spark.sql("""
                                                                              Python
          2 from retail_sales
              |> aggregate sum(price * quantity) as revenue
                 group by category
          5 """)
Out[10]:
                    revenue|
          2 |category|
          4 | Book|3211.2000007629395|
          5 | Fruit| 300.3599935770035|
          6 +----+
```

• (Optional) Identify the products based on the frequency of their occurrence in the dataset. (To find out which products appear most often in the dataset.)

```
In [11]:
          1 spark.sql("""
                                                                            Python
          2 from retail sales
             |> aggregate sum(quantity) as n_sold
                group by category, product_name
          4
          5
            |> order by n_sold desc
          6 """)
Out[11]:
         1 +-----
         2 |category| product_name|n_sold|
         3 +-----+
           | Book|To Kill a Mocking...| 47|
         4
           | Book|
         5
                    Moby Dick
         6 | Fruit|
                        Strawberry| 25|
         7 | Fruit|
                      Watermelon|
         8 | Book| Pride and Prejudice| 24|
         9 | Fruit|
                             Grapes|
                                     18|
         10 | Book|
                        Don Quixote| 17|
          11 |
                            Ulysses|
               Book |
                                     16|
         12 | Fruit|
                            Apple|
                                     14|
         13 |
                              1984|
                                     14|
               Book|
         14 | Fruit|
                             Orange| 13|
```

15	Book	Hamlet	12
16	Fruit	Peach	11
17	Book	The Great Gatsby	10
18	Book	War and Peace	9
19	Book	Jane Eyre	8
20	Fruit	Mango	7
21	Fruit	Pineapple	1
22 +			+

In [12]:

1 spark.stop()



Task 2

```
In [1]:
                                                                                   Python
             from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
          2
          3
             spark = SparkSession.builder \
          4
               .remote("sc://192.168.1.7:15002") \
               .appName("UDFTransformation") \
          5
               .config("spark.sql.ansi.enabled", "false") \
          6
          7
               .config("spark.sql.execution.pythonUDF.arrow.enabled", "true") \
               .getOrCreate()
          8
          9
          10 # limit() shows a nice HTML table in Jupyter, while show() prints plain text
          11 spark.conf.set('spark.sql.repl.eagerEval.enabled', True)
          12
          13 spark
Out[1]:
          1 <pyspark.sql.connect.session.SparkSession at 0x22751278d30>
In [2]:
          1 from pyspark.sql.functions import udf
                                                                                   Python
          2
          3 @udf(returnType='int')
          4 def mult_by_3(s: int) -> int:
          5 return s * 3
          7 df = spark.createDataFrame([(4, ), (5, ), (6, )], ['value'])
          8 df
Out[2]:
          1 +----+
          2 |value|
          3 +----+
          4 | 4|
          5 |
               5|
          6 | 6|
          7 +----+
In [3]:
                                                                                   Python
          1 dff = df.withColumn('value_x3', mult_by_3(df.value))
          2 dff
Out[3]:
         1 +----+
          2 |value|value_x3|
          3 +----+
          4 | 4| 12|
          5 |
               5|
                      15|
          6 | 6| 18|
```

```
In [4]:
           1 import pandas as pd
                                                                                              Python
           2
              import pyspark.pandas as ps
           3
              from pyspark.sql.functions import pandas_udf
           4
           5 @pandas_udf("int")
              def sub 2(s: pd.Series) -> pd.Series:
           7
                return s - 2
           8
           9 dffs = dff.withColumn('value_minus_2', sub_2(dff.value))
           10 dffs
            c:\Users\plancha\spark-lab1\.venv\lib\site-packages\pyspark\pandas\__init__.py:43: UserWarning:
           1 'PYARROW_IGNORE_TIMEZONE' environment variable was not set. It is required to set this environment variable to '1' in both driver and executor sides if you use pyarrow>=2.0.0. pandas-on-Spark will
             set it for you but it does not work if there is a Spark context already launched.
           2 warnings.warn(
Out[4]:
           1 +----+
           2 |value|value_x3|value_minus_2|
           3 +----+
           4 | 4| 12|
                             2|
           5 | 5|
                        15|
                                      3|
           6 | 6| 18|
                                    4|
In [5]:
           1 spark.stop()
                                                                                              Python
```