The geometry package

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Abstract

This package provides a flexible and easy interface to page dimensions. You can set the page layout with intuitive parameters. For instance, if you want to set a margin to 2cm from each edge of the paper, you can go just \usepackage[margin=2cm]{geometry}.

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1 Preface to version 4

Many improvements to the code and documentation were made according to suggestions and comments from users. Main changes are listed below.

• More robust driver detection.

The driver detection method has been totally rewritten so that it can automatically detect the driver appropriate for the typesetting program in use. Therefore, explicit driver setting is no longer needed in most cases, except for the driver dvipdfm. This improvement makes geometry work more robustly for typesetting programs under eTeX, XeTeX and VTeX as well as normal TeX environment. The packages ifpdf and ifvtex are used, which are available in CTAN. See Section 6.5 for details. Note that ifvtex package v1.3 (2007/09/09) had a bug (a typo) that made the detection of VTeX wrong. So make sure ifvtex v1.4 or later is being used.

• New option: resetpaper.

This option disables explicit paper setting in geometry and uses the paper size specified before geometry. This option may be useful to print nonstandard sized documents with normal printers and papers.

• Added adjustment to topskip.

When lines option and large font sizes are specified, topskip can be adjusted so that the formula " $\texttt{textheight} = (lines - 1) \times \texttt{baselineskip} + \texttt{topskip}$ " to be correct. To do this, topskip is set to ht if topskip is smaller than ht.

• Added ANSI paper sizes.

New paper size definitions for ANSI A to E are added.

• Fixed wrong ISO paper sizes.

The paper sizes for A1,A2,A5 and A6 were wrong (by 1mm).

• Fixed pdfT_EX magnification problem.

PDF paper offset is adjusted properly when magnification is set by mag option with pdfTeX.

• Changed package source organization.

Files geometry.ins and geometry-samples.tex as well as geometry.sty are integrated into geometry.dtx so that they can be generated from geometry.dtx by 'tex' command. Documentation can be also generated directly from geometry.dtx by '(pdf)latex' command.

2 Preface to version 3

The geometry package becomes even more flexible and powerful with the release of version 3. This new release contains major changes and enhancements in user interface, calculation schemes and the default settings of the page dimensions.

• New default layout.

The 'automatic' centering is no longer default layout. Instead of centering, the idea of margin ratio and common values for default settings are introduced: the ratio of left (inner) margin to right (outer) margin is set 1:1 (2:3 for twoside), and the ratio of top to bottom is set 2:3. The margin ratios can be specified by newly introduced options, e.g. marginratio (see Section 4.2 and 6.3 for the detail). In addition, the spaces for the head and foot of the page are disregarded in calculating the placement of the text area by default. Furthermore the default scale of the type area is set to 0.7 with 70% of the width and height of the paper. If you want to use the old default layout of version 2.3 or earlier, add compat2 as a first option, e.g., \usepackage[compat2,left=1.5in]{geometry}, which sets the old default options [scale={0.8,0.9}, centering, includeheadfoot] and allows the subsequent options to behave as if they are used in the old version. See also Section 7.1 for the detail of the default layout.

• Option twosideshift is obsoleted.

twoside and other geometry options can substitute for it. A new option bindingoffset might be also helpful to control margins for oneside/twoside. For the detail, see Section 6.3.

• Option includemp becomes independent of marginparwidth and marginparsep.

In the previous version, marginparwidth or marginparsep automatically set includemp=true. Now if you want includemp mode, includemp should be set explicitly.

• Options nohead, nofoot and noheadfoot become order-dependent and overwritable

In the previous version, these options was order-independent: nohead, headsep=10pt resulted in just nohead (\headsep=0pt, \headheight=0pt), for example. But now they are overwritable by subsequent options. The above case results in \headheight=0pt and \headsep=10pt.

• A complete set of options ignore* and include* for head, foot and marginpar.

The previous version has only includemp, which denotes that the width of marginpar is included in the total body width. Now ignore{head, foot, headfoot, mp, all} and include{head, foot, headfoot, all} are newly added. If one of these ignore* is set, the corresponding space(s) are disregarded in auto-completion calculation. In version 3, ignoreall is set by default. So if you need to include the spaces for the head, foot and marginpar, the corresponding include* should be set explicitly. In addition, unlike the previous version, neither reversemp, marginparwidth nor marginparsep sets includemp automatically.

• New option lines.

The option enables users to specify \textheight by the number of lines included in \textheight, e.g., lines=20.

• New option heightrounded.

The option rounds textheight to n-times (n: an integer) of baselineskip plus topskip to avoid "underfull vbox" in some cases.

• New option screen.

To make presentation with PC and video projector, geometry option screen, centering with 'slide' documentclass would be the best choice.

• New option asymmetric.

The option implements a two-sided layout in which margins are not swapped on alternate pages and the marginal notes stay always on the same side.

• New option showframe.

The option displays visible frames for the text area and page, and lines for the head and foot to check layout in detail. Therefore showframe.sty is excluded from the geometry package distribution.

• New option pass.

The option disables auto-layout and all of the geometry settings except verbose and showframe. It can be used for checking out the page layout of the documentclass, other packages and manual settings without geometry.

See the text for the detail. All the new and modified options in this release are marked with **3 and **13 respectively.

3 Introduction

To set dimensions for page layout in LATEX is not straightforward. You need to adjust several LATEX native dimensions to place a text area where you want If you want to center the text area in the paper you use, for example, you have to specify native dimensions as follows:

Without package *calc*, the above example would need more tedious settings. Package **geometry** provides an easy way to set page layout parameters. In this case, what you have to do is just

```
\usepackage[text={7in,10in},centering]{geometry}.
```

Besides centering problem, setting margins from each edge of the paper is also troublesome. But geometry also make it easy. If you want to set each margin 1.5in, you can go

```
\usepackage[margin=1.5in]{geometry}
```

In both cases, the unspecified dimensions are automatically determined. The package will be also useful when you have to set page layout obeying the following strict instructions: for example,

The total allowable width of the text area is 6.5 inches wide by 8.75 inches high. The top margin on each page should be 1.2 inches from the top edge of the page. The left margin should be 0.9 inch from the left edge. The footer with page number should be at the bottom of the text area.

In this case, using geometry you can go

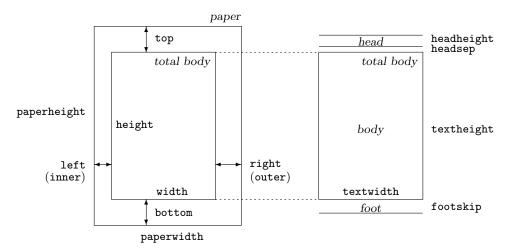


Figure 1: Dimension names used in the geometry package. width=textwidth and height=textheight by default. left, right, top and bottom are margins. If margins on verso pages are swapped by twoside option, margins specified by left and right options are used for the inside and outside margins respectively. inner and outer are aliases of left and right respectively.

Setting a text area on the paper in document preparation system has some analogy to placing a window on the background in the window system. The name 'geometry' comes from the -geometry option used for specifying a size and location of a window in X Window System.

4 Page geometry

4.1 Layout dimensions

To realize a straightforward setting for page layout, the following page structure is introduced: A paper contains a total body (printable area) and margins. The total body consists of a body (text area) with optional a header, a footer and marginal notes (marginpar). There are four margins: the left, right, top and bottom margins. For twosided documents, horizontal margins should be called the inner and outer margins.

paper : total body and margins total body : body (text area) (optional head, foot and marginpar)

margins : left(inner), right(outer), top and bottom

Each margin is measured from the corresponding edge of a paper. For example, left margin (inner margin) means a horizontal distance between the left (inner) edge of the paper and that of the total body. Therefore the left and top margins defined in **geometry** are different from the native dimensions \leftmargin and \topmargin. The size of a body (text area) can be modified by \textwidth and \textheight.

The layout parts and the corresponding dimension names used in this package are showed schematically in Figure 1. The dimensions for paper, total body and margins have the following relations.

$$paperwidth = left + width + right$$
 (1)

$$paperheight = top + height + bottom$$
 (2)

The dimensions of the total body, width and height, are defined as follows:

$$width := textwidth (+marginparsep + marginparwidth)$$
 (3)

$$height := textheight (+headheight + headsep + footskip)$$
 (4)

In Equation (3), width:=textwidth by default, but marginparsep and marginparwidth are included in width if includemp option is set true. In Equation (4), height:=textheight by default. If

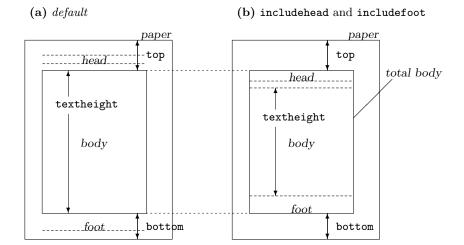


Figure 2: includehead and includefoot include the head and foot respectively into total body.

(a) height = textheight (default). (b) height = textheight + headheight + headsep + footskip if includehead and includefoot. If the top and bottom margins are fixed, includehead and includefoot make textheight shorter than default.

includehead is set to true, headheight and headsep are considered as a part of height in the the vertical completion calculation. In the same way, includefoot includes footskip. Note that options ignore* just exclude the corresponding spaces from textheight, but do not change those lengths themselves. Figure 2 shows how these options work. Each of the seven dimensions in the right-hand side of Equations (3) and (4) corresponds to the ordinary LATEX control sequence with the same name.

Figure 3 illustrates various layouts with different layout modes. The dimensions for a header and a footer can be controlled by nohead or nofoot mode, which sets each length to 0pt directly. On the other hand, options ignore* do not change the corresponding native dimensions.

4.2 Auto-completion scheme

Suppose that the paper size is pre-defined in Equation (1) or (2), if two dimensions out of the three dimensions in the right-hand side of each equation are specified, the rest of the dimensions can be determined by the specified ones. However, when none or only one of the three dimensions is specified, the rest of the dimensions can't generally be determined without some assumptions.

The geometry package has an auto-completion scheme with some default parameters to determine the unspecified dimensions independently for each direction. If the size of total body (i.e., width in the horizontal direction) is specified, the margins (left and right) can be determined with a default ratio of one margin to the other (left/right). If one margin is specified, the rest of dimensions can also be determined by the default margin ratio. Page margin setting by margin ratio was introduced in KOMA script¹.

The default vertical margin ratio is 2/3, namely,

$$top: bottom = 2:3$$
 $default.$ (5)

As for the horizontal margin ratio, the default value depends on whether the document is onesided or two-sided,

$$\texttt{left (inner)}: \texttt{right (outer)} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 1:1 & \textit{default for oneside,} \\ 2:3 & \textit{default for twoside.} \end{array} \right. \tag{6}$$

Obviously the default horizontal margin ratio for oneside is 'centering'.

For example, if one specifies right=2.4cm with a twosided layout in A4 paper (21.0cm×29.7cm), unspecified left and width are automatically determined using the default horizontal margin ratio (2/3) as follows:

left =
$$\langle \text{horizontal-margin-ratio} \rangle \times \text{right}$$

= $2/3 \times 2.4 \text{cm} = 1.6 \text{cm}$ (7)

 $^{^1\}mathrm{CTAN}$: macros/latex/contrib/koma-script by Frank Neukam and Markus Kohm.

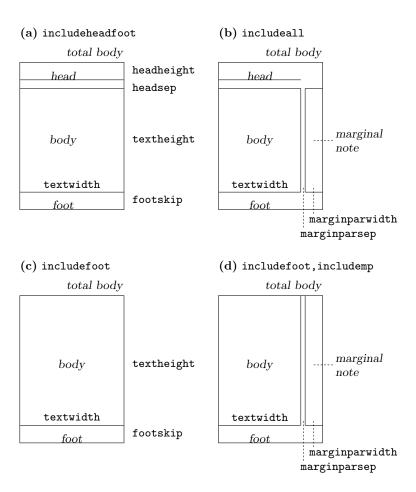


Figure 3: Sample layouts for total body with different switches. (a) includeheadfoot, (b) includeall, (c) includefoot and (d) includefoot, includemp. If reversemp is set to true, the location of the marginal notes are swapped on every page. Option twoside swaps both margins and marginal notes on verso pages. Note that the marginal notes are printed on the page, even when ignoremp or includemp=false, but can fall off the page in some cases.

	Settings			Results				
left	width	right	-	left	width	right		
top	height	bottom	_	top	height	bottom		
*	*	*		$\sigma \mathcal{M}(0.7L)$	0.7L	$\mathcal{M}(0.7L)$		
*	A	*		$\sigma \mathcal{M}(A)$	A	$\mathcal{M}(A)$		
A	*	*		A	$\mathcal{R}(A+A/\sigma)$	A/σ		
*	*	A	\Longrightarrow	σA	$\mathcal{R}(A + \sigma A)$	A		
A	B	*		A	B	$\mathcal{R}(A+B)$		
*	A	B		$\mathcal{R}(A+B)$	A	B		
A	*	B		A	$\mathcal{R}(A+B)$	B		
A	C	B		A	$\mathcal{R}(A+B)$	B		

Table 1: Auto-completion rules. The mark '*' in each row (left table) denotes the dimensions not specified explicitly, which can be determined as the corresponding Results (right table). σ denotes the value of margin ratio. Functions $\mathcal{R}(x)$ and $\mathcal{M}(x)$ are defined in Equation (12). The bottom case shows over-specification, which gives in the same result as the A-*-B case.

width = paperwidth - left - right
=
$$21.0 \text{cm} - 1.6 \text{cm} - 2.4 \text{cm} = 17.0 \text{cm}$$
. (8)

In this case, the vertical dimensions top, height and bottom are determined by the default vertical margin ratio with 2:3 and the default size of total body with 70% of the paper height:

height =
$$0.7 \times \text{paperheight}$$

= $0.7 \times 29.7 \text{cm} = 20.79 \text{cm}$ (9)
top = $\frac{\langle \text{vertical-margin-ratio} \rangle}{1 + \langle \text{vertical-margin-ratio} \rangle} \times (\text{paperheight - height})$
= $\frac{2}{2+3} \times (29.7 \text{cm} - 20.79 \text{cm})$
= $0.4 \times 8.91 \text{cm} = 3.564 \text{cm}$ (10)

The auto-completion rules are shown in Table 1 and Equation (12). A, B and C in Table 1 are user-specified values, * denotes unspecified ones. The right-hand side table shows the corresponding results of auto-completion. The unspecified values can be determined by A, B and C (paperwidth or paperheight). In Table 1, functions $\mathcal{R}(x)$ and $\mathcal{M}(x)$ are defined as follows:

bottom = 0.6×8.91 cm = 5.346cm

$$\mathcal{R}(x) = L - x
\mathcal{M}(x) = \mathcal{R}(x) / (1 + \sigma)$$
(12)

(11)

Here σ denotes the ratio of left margin (inner) to right margin (outer) or the ratio of top to bottom. To set σ as a geometry option, you can use $\{h,v\}$ marginratio options with a:b-type value, for example, hmarginratio=2:3.

$$hmarginratio = left:right$$
 (13)

$$vmarginratio = top:bottom (14)$$

By default, σ is 1/1 (=1) for one side and 2/3 for two side in the horizontal direction, and 2/3 in the vertical. If none of three dimensions is specified in each direction, the default setting is used: width and height is set to 70% of the paper width and height respectively. If all the three dimensions would be specified, margins remain and width or height is ignored.

5 User interface

5.1 General features

The geometry options using the keyval interface ' $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$ ' can be set either in the optional argument to the \usepackage command, or in the argument of the \usepackage command. This macro, if

necessary, should be used only in the preamble, i.e., before \begin{document}. In either case, the argument consists of a list of comma-separated keyval options. The main features of setting options are listed below.

- Multiple lines are allowed. (But blank lines are not allowed.)
- Any spaces between words are ignored.
- Options are basically order-independent. (There are some exceptions. See Section 8.1 for details.)

For example,

is equivalent to

```
\usepackage[height=10in,a5paper,hmargin={3cm,0.8in}]{geometry}
```

Some options are allowed to have sub-list, e.g. {3cm,0.8in}. Note that the order of values in the sub-list is significant. The above setting is also equivalent to the followings:

```
\usepackage{geometry}
\geometry{height=10in,a5paper,hmargin={3cm,0.8in}}
or
\usepackage[a5paper]{geometry}
\geometry{hmargin={3cm,0.8in},height=8in}
\geometry{height=10in}.
Thus, multiple use of \geometry just appends options.
Geometry supports package calc². For example,
```

\usepackage[textheight=20\baselineskip+10pt]{geometry}

5.2 Option types

\usepackage{calc}

Geometry options are categorized into four types:

1. Boolean type

takes a boolean value (true or false). If no value, true is set by default.

```
\langle key \rangle=true | false. \langle key \rangle with no value is equivalent to \langle key \rangle=true.
```

Examples: verbose=true, includehead, twoside=false.

Paper name is the exception. The preferred paper name should be set with no values. Whatever value is given, it is ignored. For instance, a4paper=XXX is equivalent to a4paper.

2. Single-valued type

takes a mandatory value.

```
\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle.
```

Examples: width=7in, left=1.25in, footskip=1cm, height=.86\paperheight.

3. Double-valued type

takes a pair of comma-separated values in braces. The two values can be shortened to one value if they are identical.

```
\langle key \rangle = \{\langle value1 \rangle, \langle value2 \rangle \}.
\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle is equivalent to \langle key \rangle = \{\langle value \rangle, \langle value \rangle \}.
```

²CTAN: macros/latex/required/tools

Examples: hmargin={1.5in,1in}, scale=0.8, body={7in,10in}.

4. Triple-valued type

takes three mandatory, comma-separated values in braces.

```
\langle key \rangle = \{\langle value1 \rangle, \langle value2 \rangle, \langle value3 \rangle \}
```

Each value must be a dimension or null. When you give an empty value or '*', it means null and leaves the appropriate value to the auto-completion mechanism. You need to specify at least one dimension, typically two dimensions. You can set nulls for all the values, but it makes no sense. Examples:

 $hdivide=\{2cm,*,1cm\}, vdivide=\{3cm,19cm, \}, divide=\{1in,*,1in\}.$

6 Option specification

This section describes all the options provided by geometry.

6.1 Paper size

The options below set paper/media size and orientation.

```
paper | papername
```

specifies a paper name. The paper names available in geometry. paper= $\langle paper-name \rangle$. For example paper=a4paper, which is equivalent to just a4paper.

aOpaper, a1paper, a2paper, a3paper, a4paper, a5paper, a6paper bOpaper, b1paper, b2paper, b3paper, b4paper, b5paper, b6paper ansiapaper, ansibpaper, ansicpaper, ansidpaper, ansiepaper letterpaper, executivepaper, legalpaper

specifies paper name. They can typically be used with no values. Note that whatever value (even false) is given to this option, the value will be ignored. For example, the followings have the same effect: a5paper, a5paper=true, a5paper=false and

a5paper=XXXX.

a special paper size with (W,H) = (225mm,180mm). For presentation with PC and video projector, "screen,centering" with 'slide' documentclass would be useful.

paperwidth width of the paper. paperwidth= $\langle length \rangle$. paperheight height of the paper. paperheight= $\langle length \rangle$.

papersize width and height of the paper.

papersize= $\{\langle width \rangle, \langle height \rangle\}$ or papersize= $\langle length \rangle$.

landscape switches the paper orientation to landscape mode.

portrait switches the paper orientation to portrait mode. This is equivalent to

landscape=false.

Options for paper names (e.g., a4paper) and orientation (portrait and landscape) can be set as document class options. For example, you can set \documentclass[a4paper,landscape]{article}, then a4paper and landscape are processed in geometry as well. This is also the case for twoside and twocolumn (see also Section 6.4).

6.2 Body size

The options specifying the size of total body are described in this section.

hscale ratio of width of total body to \paperwidth. hscale= $\langle h\text{-}scale \rangle$, e.g., hscale=0.8 is equivalent to width=0.8\paperwidth. (0.7 by default) vscale ratio of height of total body to \paperheight, e.g., vscale= $\langle v\text{-}scale \rangle$. (0.7 by

default) vscale=0.9 is equivalent to height=0.9\paperheight.

scale ratio of total body to the paper. $scale=\{\langle h\text{-}scale\rangle, \langle v\text{-}scale\rangle\}\$ or $scale=\langle scale\rangle.\$ (0.7)

by default)

width | totalwidth

width of total body. width= $\langle length \rangle$ or totalwidth= $\langle length \rangle$. This dimension should not be confused with textwidth. Generally, width ≥ textwidth because width includes the width of the marginal notes if includemp is set to true. If textwidth and width are specified at the same time, width is ignored.

height | totalheight

height of total body, excluding header and footer by default. If includehead or includefoot is set, height includes the head or foot of the page as well as textheight. height= $\langle length \rangle$ or totalheight= $\langle length \rangle$. If both textheight and height are specified, height will be ignored.

total width and height of total body.

total= $\{\langle width \rangle, \langle height \rangle\}$ or total= $\langle length \rangle$.

textwidth modifies \textwidth, the width of body (the text are). textwidth= $\langle length \rangle$.

modifies \textheight, the height of body. textheight= $\langle length \rangle$. textheight

text | body sets both \textwidth and \textheight of the body of page. body= $\{\langle width \rangle, \langle height \rangle\}$

or text= $\langle length \rangle$.

lines enables users to specify \textheight by the number of lines. $lines = \langle integer \rangle$.

includehead includes the head of the page, \headheight and \headsep, into total body. It is set

to false by default. It is opposite to ignorehead. See Figure 2.

includefoot includes the foot of the page, \footskip, into total body. It is opposite to

ignorefoot. It is false by default. See Figure 2.

includeheadfoot

sets both includehead and includefoot to true, which is opposite to ignoreheadfoot. See Figure 2.

includemp includes the margin notes, \marginparwidth and \marginparsep, into body when calculating horizontal calculation. In version 3, includemp is independent of options

marginparwidth and marginparsep, and set to false by default.

includeall sets both includeheadfoot and includemp to true. See Figure 2 and Figure 3.

disregards the head of the page, headheight and headsep, in determining vertical ignorehead layout, but does not change those lengths. It is equivalent to includehead=false. It

is set to true by default. See also includehead.

disregards the foot of page, footskip, in determining vertical layout, but does not ignorefoot

change that length. This option is set to true by default. See also includefoot.

ignoreheadfoot

sets both ignorehead and ignorefoot to true. See also includeheadfoot.

disregards the marginal notes in determining the horizontal margins (true is set by ignoremp

default). If marginal notes fall off the page, the warning message will be displayed when verbose=true. See also Figure 3 and includemp.

sets both ignoreheadfoot and ignoremp to true. See also includeall. ignoreall heightrounded

This option rounds \textheight to n-times (n: an integer) of \baselineskip plus

\topskip to avoid "underfull vbox" in some cases. For example, if \textheight is 486pt with \baselineskip 12pt and \topskip 10pt, then

 $(39 \times 12pt + 10pt =) 478pt < 486pt < 490pt (= 40 \times 12pt + 10pt),$

as a result \textheight is rounded to 490pt. heightrounded=false by default.

The following options can specify body and margins simultaneously with three comma-separated values in braces.

hdivide horizontal partitions (left,width,right). hdivide= $\{\langle left \ margin \rangle, \langle width \rangle, \langle right \rangle \}$

> margin). Note that you should not specify all of the three parameters. The best way of using this option is to specify two of three and leave the rest with null(nothing) or '*'. For example, when you set hdivide={2cm,15cm, }, the margin from the right-side edge of page will be determined calculating paperwidth-2cm-15cm.

vdivide vertical partitions (top,height,bottom). $vdivide=\{\langle top \ margin \rangle, \langle height \rangle, \langle bottom \rangle \}$ $margin \rangle \}.$

 $divide=\{A,B,C\}$ is interpreted as $hdivide=\{A,B,C\}$ and $vdivide=\{A,B,C\}$. divide

6.3 Margin size

The options specifying the size of visible margins are listed below.

left | lmargin | inner left margin (for oneside) or inner margin (for twoside) of total body. In other words, the distance between the left (inner) edge of the paper and that of total body.

left=\langle length \rangle. inner has no special meaning, just an alias of left and lmargin.

right | rmargin | outer

right or outer margin of total body. $right = \langle length \rangle$.

top | tmargin top margin of the page. $top=\langle length \rangle$. Note this option has nothing to do with the native dimension \topmargin.

bottom | bmargin

bottom margin of the page. bottom= $\langle length \rangle$.

hmargin left and right margin. hmargin= $\{\langle left \ margin \rangle, \langle right \ margin \rangle\}$ or hmargin= $\langle length \rangle$.

vmargin top and bottom margin. vmargin= $\{\langle top \ margin \rangle, \langle bottom \ margin \rangle\}$ or

 $\mathtt{vmargin=}\langle length\rangle.$

margin $= \{A, B\}$ is equivalent to hmargin $= \{A, B\}$ and $= \{A, B\}$. margin = A is automatically expanded to hmargin = A and = A.

hmarginratio horizontal margin ratio of left (inner) to right (outer). The value of $\langle ratio \rangle$ should be specified with colon-separated two values. Each value should be a positive integer less than 100 to prevent arithmetic overflow, e.g., 2:3 instead of 1:1.5. The default ratio is 1:1 for oneside, 2:3 for twoside.

vmarginratio vertical margin ratio of top to bottom. The default ratio is 2:3.

marginratio | ratio

horizontal and vertical margin ratios. marginratio= $\{\langle horizontal\ ratio \rangle$, $\langle vertical\ ratio \rangle\}$ or marginratio= $\langle ratio \rangle$.

hcentering sets auto-centering horizontally and is equivalent to hmarginratio=1:1. It is set to true by default for oneside. See also hmarginratio.

vcentering sets auto-centering vertically and is equivalent to vmarginratio=1:1. The default is false. See also vmarginratio.

centering sets auto-centering and is equivalent to marginratio=1:1. See also marginratio.

The default is false. See also marginratio.

twoside switches on twoside mode with left and right margins swapped on verso pages. The option sets \Qtwoside and \Qmparswitch switches. See also asymmetric.

asymmetric implements a twosided layout in which margins are not swapped on alternate pages (by setting \oddsidemargin to \evensidemargin + bindingoffset) and in which the marginal notes stay always on the same side. This option can be used as an alternative to the twoside option. See also twoside.

bindingoffset

removes a specified space from the lefthand-side of the page for oneside or the inner-side for twoside. $bindingoffset=\langle length \rangle$. This is useful if pages are bound by a press binding (glued, stitched, stapled . . .). See Figure 4.

hdivide See description in Section 6.2.
vdivide See description in Section 6.2.
divide See description in Section 6.2.

6.4 Native dimensions

The options below specify IATEX native dimensions and switches for page layout. See Figure 1. Note that unlike version 2.3, nohead, nofoot and noheadfoot become overwritable, in other words, just shorthand for setting the corresponding LaTeX dimensions (\headheight, \headsep and \footskip) to 0pt.

headheight | head modifies \headheight, height of header. headheight= $\langle length \rangle$ or head= $\langle length \rangle$.

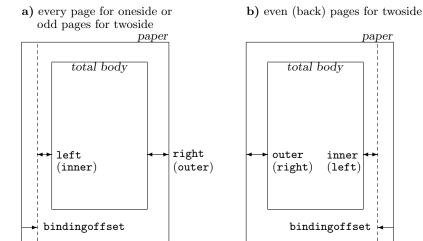


Figure 4: bindingoffset option. Note that twoside option swaps the horizontal margins and the marginal notes together with bindingoffset on even pages (see b)), but asymmetric option suppresses the swap of the margins and marginal notes (but bindingoffset is still swapped).

headsep modifies \headsep, separation between header and text (body). headsep=\langle length \rangle. footskip | foot modifies \footskip, distance separation between baseline of last line of text and baseline of footer. footskip=\langle length \rangle or foot=\langle length \rangle.

nohead eliminates spaces for the head of the page, which is equivalent to both \headheight=0pt and \headsep=0pt.

nofoot eliminates spaces for the foot of the page, which is equivalent to \footskip=0pt.

noheadfoot equivalent to nohead and nofoot, which means that \headheight, \headsep and

\footskip are all set to Opt.

footnotesep changes the dimension \skip\footins, separation between the bottom of text body and the top of footnote text.

marginparwidth | marginpar

modifies \marginparwidth, width of the marginal notes. marginparwidth= $\langle length \rangle$. Unlike version 2.3, it does *not* set includemp=true.

 $\verb|marginparsep| modifies \verb|\marginparsep|, separation between body and marginal notes.$

 $\verb|marginparsep=|\langle length\rangle|. Unlike version 2.3, it does | not set | \verb|includemp=true|.$

nomarginpar shrinks spaces for marginal notes to 0pt, which is equivalent to \marginparwidth=0pt and \marginparsep=0pt.

columnsep modifies \columnsep, the separation between two columns in twocolumn mode.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{hoffset. hoffset-} \langle length \rangle. \\ \mbox{voffset} & \mbox{modifies \ \ voffset. voffset-} \langle length \rangle. \\ \end{array}$

offset horizontal and vertical offset.

 $\texttt{offset=}\{\langle \textit{hoffset}\rangle, \langle \textit{voffset}\rangle\} \text{ or } \texttt{offset=}\langle \textit{length}\rangle.$

 ${\tt twocolumn \ mode \ with \ \tt \ wocolumn true. \ twocolumn=false \ denotes \ one column}$

mode with \@twocolumnfalse.

twoside sets both \@twosidetrue and \@mparswitchtrue. See Section 6.3.

textwidth sets \textwidth directly. See Section 6.2. textheight sets \textheight directly. See Section 6.2.

reversemp | reversemarginpar

makes the marginal notes appear in the left (inner) margin with

\@reversemargintrue. Unlike version 2.3 or earlier, it does not change includemp mode. This is false by default.

6.5 drivers

Package geometry supports dvips, dvipdfm including its derivatives dvipdfmx and xdvipdfmx, pdftex for pdflatex, and vtex for VTEX environment. These driver options are exclusive. The driver can be set by either driver= $\langle driver\ name \rangle$ or any of the drivers directly like pdftex. A driver auto-detection mechanism is introduced in version 4. Therefore, you don't have to set a driver in most cases, except for dvipdfm. Setting driver=auto makes the auto-detection work whatever the previous setting is. Setting driver=none does nothing for driver.

driver sets driver. driver= $\langle driver\ name \rangle$. dvips, dvipdfm, pdftex, vtex, auto and none are available as a driver name.

The options below can be set directly instead of $driver=\langle value \rangle$.

dvips writes the paper size in dvi output with the \special macro. If you use dvips as a

DVI-to-PS driver, for example, to print a document with

\geometry{a3paper,landscape} on A3 paper in landscape orientation, you don't

need options "-t a3 -t landscape" to dvips.

dvipdfm works like dvips except landscape correction.

pdftex sets \pdfpagewidth and \pdfpageheight internally.

vtex sets dimensions \mediawidth and \mediaheight for VTFX. When this driver is

selected (explicitly or automatically), geometry will auto-detect which output mode

(DVI, PDF or PS) is selected in VT_EX, and do proper settings for it.

If explicit driver setting is mismatched with the typesetting program in use, the default driver dvips would be selected.

6.6 Other options

mag

The other useful options are described here.

verbose displays parameter results on the terminal. verbose=false (default) still puts them

into the log file.

reset sets back the layout dimensions and switches to the settings before geometry is loaded.

Options given in geometry.cfg are also cleared. Note that this cannot reset pass and mag with truedimen. reset=false has no effect and cannot cancel the previous

reset(=true) if any. For example, when you go

\documentclass[landscape]{article}

\usepackage[twoside,reset,left=2cm]{geometry}

with \ExecuteOptions{scale=0.9} in geometry.cfg, then as a result, landscape

and left=2cm remain effective, and scale=0.9 and twoside are ineffective.

sets magnification value (\mag) and automatically modifies \hoffset and \voffset

according to the magnification. $mag=\langle value \rangle$. Note that $\langle value \rangle$ should be an integer value with 1000 as a normal size. For example, mag=1414 with a4paper provides an enlarged print fitting in a3paper, which is 1.414 (= $\sqrt{2}$) times larger than a4paper. Font enlargement needs extra disk space. Note that setting mag should precede any other settings with 'true' dimensions, such as 1.5truein, 2truecm and

so on. See also truedimen option.

truedimen changes all internal explicit dimension values into true dimensions, e.g., 1in is

changed to 1truein. Typically this option will be used together with mag option. Note that this is ineffective against externally specified dimensions. For example, when you set "mag=1440, margin=10pt, truedimen", margins are not 'true' but magnified. If you want to set exact margins, you should set like "mag=1440,

margin=10truept, truedimen" instead.

pass disables all of the geometry options and calculations except verbose and showframe.

It can be used for checking out the page layout of the document class, other packages

and manual settings without geometry.

showframe shows visible frames for the text area and page, and the lines for the head and foot on

the first page.

compat2

sets all kind of options so that \usepackage[compat2]{geometry} would behave as if one is using the old version (v2.3) with the old default layout: [scale={0.8,0.9}, centering, includeheadfoot], which is here expressed by options available in version 3. Note this option should be set as a first option.

7 Default settings

7.1 Default layout

Let us recapitulate the default layout here. The geometry package has the following default page layout for onesided documents:

```
scale=0.7, marginratio={1:1, 2:3}, ignoreall
```

For twoside, the horizontal margin ratio is also set 2:3,

```
scale=0.7, marginratio=2:3, ignoreall.
```

Of course, you don't need to set them explicitly. \usepackage{geometry} will internally set the above options. Additional options will overwrite the layout dimensions. For example,

```
\usepackage[hmargin=2cm]{geometry}
```

will overwrite horizontal dimensions, but use the default for vertical layout. Page dimensions specified by the documentclass being used and other direct settings before geometry is loaded are passed down to geometry.

Note version 2.3 or earlier had default layout different from the version 3. The old default options can be expressed with options available in the current version:

```
scale={0.8,0.9}, centering, includeheadfoot.
```

Adding compat2 as a first option sets those options so that, for example,

```
\usepackage[compat2, width=10cm]{geometry}
```

would behave as if one is using the old version (v2.3).

7.2 Configuration file

One can set up a configuration file to make default options. To do this, produce a file geometry.cfg containing an \ExecuteOptions macro, for example,

```
\ExecuteOptions{a4paper,dvips}
```

and install it somewhere TFX can find it.

The options specified in the geometry.cfg can be cleared by option reset.

8 Relations between options

This section shows how complexity is solved when options are over-specified.

8.1 Order dependence

The geometry options are basically order-independent, but there are some exceptions. For multiple specification of the same option, the last setting is adopted. For example,

```
verbose=true, verbose=false
```

obviously results in verbose=false. If you set

```
hmargin={3cm,2cm}, left=1cm
```

the left(or inner) margin is overwritten by left=1cm. As a result, it is equivalent to hmargin={1cm,2cm}. The reset option removes all the geometry options (except pass) before it. If you set

```
\documentclass[landscape]{article}
\usepackage[margin=1cm,twoside]{geometry}
\geometry{a5paper, reset, left=2cm}
```

then margin=1cm, twoside and a5paper are removed. As a result, this case is equivalent to

```
\documentclass[landscape]{article}
\usepackage[left=2cm]{geometry}
```

The mag option should be set in advance of any other settings with 'true' length, such as left=1.5truecm, width=5truein and so on. The \mag primitive can be set before this package is called.

8.2 Priority

There are several ways to set dimensions of the printable area: scale, total, text and lines. Basically specification with the more concrete dimension has the higher priority:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{hscale} \\ \mathrm{vscale} \\ \mathrm{scale} \end{array} \right\} < \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{width} \\ \mathrm{height} \\ \mathrm{total} \end{array} \right\} < \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{textwidth} \\ \mathrm{text} \\ \mathrm{text} \end{array} \right\} < \mathrm{lines}.$$

For example,

\usepackage[hscale=0.8, textwidth=7in, width=18cm]{geometry}

is the same as \usepackage[textwidth=7in]{geometry}. Another example:

\usepackage[lines=30, scale=0.8, text=7in]{geometry}

results in [lines=30, textwidth=7in].

Options determining margin size also have priority rule: margin ratios versus margin length. For example, if both marginratio=1:2 and margin=1cm are set at the same time, margin=1cm wins because margin=1cm is more concrete dimension than ratios. That is why normal margin options work well with default margin ratios (marginratio={1:1, 2:3} for oneside).

$$\left\{ egin{array}{ll} \operatorname{hmarginratio} \\ \operatorname{vmarginratio} \\ \operatorname{marginratio} \\ \operatorname{margin} \end{array} \right\} < \left\{ egin{array}{ll} \operatorname{hmargin} \mathit{or} \operatorname{left} \& \operatorname{right} \\ \operatorname{vmargin} \mathit{or} \operatorname{top} \& \operatorname{bottom} \\ \operatorname{margin} \end{array} \right\}.$$

9 Examples

- A onesided page layout with the text area centered in the paper. The examples below have the same result because the horizontal margin ratio is set 1:1 for oneside by default.
 - centering
 - marginratio=1:1
 - vcentering
- A twosided page layout with the inside offset for binding 1cm.
 - twoside, bindingoffset=1cm

In this case, textwidth is shorter than the case without bindingoffset=1cm by 0.7×1 cm (=0.7cm).

• A layout with the left, right, and top margin 3cm, 2cm and 2.5in respectively, with textheight of 40 lines, and with the head and foot of the page included in *total body*. The two examples below have the same result.

- left=3cm, right=2cm, lines=40, top=2.5in, includeheadfoot
- hmargin={3cm,2cm}, tmargin=2.5in, lines=40, includeheadfoot
- A layout with the height of total body 10in, the bottom margin 2cm, and the default width. The top margin will be calculated automatically. Each solution below results in the same page layout.

```
- vdivide={*, 10in, 2cm}
```

- bmargin=2cm, height=10in
- bottom=2cm, textheight=10in

Note that dimensions for head and foot are excluded from height of total body. An additional includefoot makes \footskip included in totalheight. Therefore, in the two cases below, textheight in the former layout is shorter than the latter (with 10in exactly) by \footskip. In other words, height = textheight + footskip when includefoot=true in this case.

- bmargin=2cm, height=10in, includefoot
- bottom=2cm, textheight=10in, includefoot
- A layout with textwidth and textheight 90% of the paper and with body centered. Each solution below results in the same page layout.

```
- scale=0.9, centering
```

- text={.9\paperwidth,.9\paperheight}, ratio=1:1
- width=.9\paperwidth, vmargin=.05\paperheight, marginratio=1:1
- hdivide={*,0.9\paperwidth,*}, vdivide={*,0.9\paperheight,*} (as for onesided documents)
- margin={0.05\paperwidth,0.05\paperheight}

You can add heightrounded to avoid an "underfull vbox warning" like

Underfull \vbox (badness 10000) has occurred while \output is active.

See Section 6.2 for the detail description about heightrounded.

- A layout with the width of marginal notes 3cm and included in the width of total body. The following examples are the same.
 - marginparwidth=3cm, includemp
 - marginpar=3cm, ignoremp=false
- A layout the full scale *body* of the paper with A5 paper in landscape. The following examples are the same.
 - a5paper, landscape, scale=1.0
 - landscape=TRUE, paper=a5paper, margin=0pt
- A screen size layout appropriate to presentation with PC and video projector.

```
\documentclass{slide}
\usepackage[screen,margin=0.8in]{geometry}
...
\begin{slide}
...
\end{slide}
```

• A layout with fonts and spaces both enlarged from A4 to A3. In the case below, the resulted paper size is A3.

```
- a4paper, mag=1414.
```

If you want to have a layout with two times bigger fonts, but without changing paper size, you can go

```
- letterpaper, mag=2000, truedimen.
```

You can add dvips option, that is useful to preview it with proper paper size by dviout or xdvi.

• An old style setting with v2.3 or earlier

```
\usepackage[a4paper,mag=1200,truedimen,margin=2cm,
    twosideshift=10pt,
    headsep=7pt,headheight=14.5pt,
    marginparwidth=30pt]{geometry}
```

can be rewritten with options in version 3 without compat2:

```
\usepackage{calc}
\usepackage[a4paper,mag=1200,truedimen,margin=2cm,
    twoside, left=2cm+10pt, right=2cm-10pt,
    includeheadfoot, headsep=7pt,headheight=14.5pt,
    includemp, marginparwidth=30pt]{geometry}
```

In this case, includeall can be used instead of includeheadfoot and includemp.

• A complex page layout.

```
\usepackage[a5paper, landscape, twocolumn, twoside,
   left=2cm, hmarginratio=2:1, includemp, marginparwidth=43pt,
   bottom=1cm, foot=.7cm, includefoot, textheight=11cm, heightrounded,
   columnsep=1cm, dvips, verbose]{geometry}
```

Try typesetting it and checking out the result yourself. :-)

10 Known problems

- With pdftex=true, mag $\neq 1000$ and truedimen, paperwidth and paperheight shown in verbose mode are different from the real size of the resulted PDF. The PDF itself is correct anyway.
- With pdftex=true, mag \neq 1000, no truedimen, and hyperref, hyperref should be loaded by \usepackage before geometry. Otherwise the resulted PDF size will become wrong.
- With crop package and mag $\neq 1000$, center option of crop doesn't work well.

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12 Implementation

```
1 (*package)
```

This package requires three other packages: keyval in IFTEX graphics bundle, ifpdf and ifvtex in 'oberdiek' bundle

- 2 \RequirePackage{keyval}%
- 3 \RequirePackage{ifpdf}%

Internal switches are declared here.

5 \newif\ifGm@verbose

```
8 \newif\ifGm@includefoot
                                             9 \newif\ifGm@includemp
                                           10 \newif\ifGm@hbody
                                           11 \neq 11 
                                           12 \newif\ifGm@heightrounded
                                           13 \newif\ifGm@showframe
                                           14 \newif\ifGm@compatii
                                           15 \newif\ifGm@sworient\Gm@sworientfalse
                                           16 \newif\ifGm@pass\Gm@passfalse
                                           17 \newif\ifGm@resetpaper
                    \Gm@cnth Counters for horizontal and vertical partitioning patterns.
                    \Gm@cntv
                                           18 \newcount\Gm@cnth
                                           19 \newcount\Gm@cntv
         \c@Gm@tempcnt The counter is used to set number with calc.
                                           20 \newcount\c@Gm@tempcnt
\Gm@bindingoffset An additional inner offset for binding.
                                           21 \newdimen\Gm@bindingoffset
                  \Gm@wd@mp Correction lengths for \textwidth, \oddsidemargin and \evensidemargin in includemp mode.
                \Gm@odd@mp
                                           22 \newdimen\Gm@wd@mp
              \Gm@even@mp
                                           23 \newdimen\Gm@odd@mp
                                           24 \newdimen\Gm@even@mp
             \Gm@dimlist Native dimension setting list.
                                           25 \newtoks\Gm@dimlist
             \Gm@warning Macro for printing warning messages.
                                           26 \def\Gm@warning#1{\PackageWarningNoLine{geometry}{#1}}%
                                           27 \@onlypreamble\Gm@warning
             \Gm@Dhratio
                                           The default values for the horizontal and vertical marginalratio are defined. \Gm@Dhratiotwo denotes
       \Gm@Dhratiotwo
                                           the default value of horizonal marginratio for twoside page layout with left and right margins swapped
                                           on verso pages, which is set by twoside.
             \Gm@Dvratio
                                           28 \def\Gm@Dhratio{1:1}% = left:right default for oneside
                                           29 \def\Gm@Dhratiotwo{2:3}\% = inner:outer default for twoside.
                                           30 \def\Gm@Dvratio{2:3}% = top:bottom default
                                           31 \@onlypreamble\Gm@Dhratio
                                           32 \@onlypreamble\Gm@Dhratiotwo
                                           33 \@onlypreamble\Gm@Dvratio
             \Gm@Dhscale
                                           The default values for the horizontal and vertical scale are defined. In version 3 the default scale has
             \Gm@Dvscale
                                           been changed from \{0.8, 0.9\} to \{0.7, 0.7\} in each direction.
                                           34 \leq Gm@Dhscale{0.7}%
                                           35 \def\Gm@Dvscale{0.7}%
                                           36 \@onlypreamble\Gm@Dhscale
                                           37 \@onlypreamble\Gm@Dvscale
                  \Gm@dvips The driver names.
              \Gm@dvipdfm 38 \def\Gm@dvips{dvips}%
                \Gm@pdftex 39 \def\Gm@dvipdfm{dvipdfm}%
                    \Gm@vtex 40 \def\Gm@pdftex{pdftex}%
                                           41 \def\Gm@vtex{vtex}%
                                           42 \@onlypreamble\Gm@dvips
                                           43 \@onlypreamble\Gm@dvipdfm
                                           44 \@onlypreamble\Gm@pdftex
                                           45 \verb|\donnumer| 45 \verb|\donnum
```

6 \newif\ifGm@landscape
7 \newif\ifGm@includehead

```
\Gm@t.rue
    \Gm@false
               46 \def\Gm@true{true}%
               47 \def\Gm@false{false}%
               These macros keep original paper (media) size intact.
    \Gm@orgpw
    \Gm@orgph
               48 \edef\Gm@orgpw{\the\paperwidth}%
               49 \edef\Gm@orgph{\the\paperheight}%
               The macro saves LATEX native dimensions and switches before processing geometry options, and is called
     \Gm@dorg
               when reset or pass is set.
               50 \edef\Gm@dorg{%
                   \noexpand\setlength{\paperwidth}{\the\paperwidth}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\paperheight}{\the\paperheight}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\textheight}{\the\textheight}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\textwidth}{\the\textwidth}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\oddsidemargin}{\the\oddsidemargin}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\evensidemargin}{\the\evensidemargin}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\topmargin}{\the\topmargin}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\headsep}{\the\headsep}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\headheight}{\the\headheight}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\footskip}{\the\footskip}%
               61
                    \noexpand\setlength{\marginparwidth}{\the\marginparwidth}%
                    \noexpand\setlength{\marginparsep}{\the\marginparsep}%
               62
                    \noexpand\setlength{\columnsep}{\the\columnsep}%
               63
                    \noexpand\setlength{\skip\footins}{\the\skip\footins}%
               64
                    \noexpand\setlength{\hoffset}{\the\hoffset}%
               65
                    \noexpand\setlength{\voffset}{\the\voffset}%
               66
               67
                    \expandafter\noexpand\csname @twocolumn\if@twocolumn
                      \Gm@true\else\Gm@false\fi\endcsname
               68
                    \expandafter\noexpand\csname @twoside\if@twoside
               69
                     \Gm@true\else\Gm@false\fi\endcsname
               70
               71
                    \expandafter\noexpand\csname @mparswitch\if@mparswitch
               72
                     \Gm@true\else\Gm@false\fi\endcsname
               73
                    \expandafter\noexpand\csname @reversemargin\if@reversemargin
               74
                      \Gm@true\else\Gm@false\fi\endcsname
               75
                    \noexpand\mag=\the\mag}%
               76 \@onlypreamble\Gm@dorg
               The macro for initializing modes and flags is defined here. This macro is called at the beginning of the
     \Gm@init
               package and when reset is specified.
               77 \def\Gm@init{%
                   \Gm@hbodyfalse\Gm@vbodyfalse
               79
                   \Gm@includeheadfalse\Gm@includefootfalse\Gm@includempfalse
               80
                   \verb|\Gm@landscapefalse|\Gm@compatiifalse|\Gm@heightroundedfalse|
               81
                   \verb|\Gm@verbosefalse|\Gm@showframefalse|\Gm@resetpaperfalse|\\
                   \let\Gm@paper\@undefined
               82
                   \let\Gm@width\@undefined\let\Gm@height\@undefined
               83
                    \let\Gm@textwidth\@undefined\let\Gm@textheight\@undefined
               84
               85
                    \let\Gm@hscale\@undefined\let\Gm@vscale\@undefined
                    \let\Gm@hmarginratio\@undefined\let\Gm@vmarginratio\@undefined
                    \let\Gm@lmargin\@undefined\let\Gm@rmargin\@undefined
                    \let\Gm@tmargin\@undefined\let\Gm@bmargin\@undefined
                    \let\Gm@driver\@empty\let\Gm@truedimen\@empty
                    \Gm@bindingoffset\z@\Gm@dimlist={}}%
               91 \@onlypreamble\Gm@init
\Gm@set.driver
               The macro sets the specified driver.
               92 \def\Gm@setdriver#1{%
                   \expandafter\let\expandafter\Gm@driver\csname Gm@#1\endcsname}%
```

The macro unsets the specified driver if it has been set.

\expandafter\ifx\csname Gm@#1\endcsname\Gm@driver

94 \def\Gm@unsetdriver#1{%

\Gm@unset.driver

```
\let\Gm@driver\@empty
                     fi}%
                97
                The macros set a boolean option.
   \Gm@setbool
\Gm@setboolrev
                98 \def\Gm@setbool{\@dblarg\Gm@@setbool}%
                99 \def\Gm@setboolrev{\@dblarg\Gm@@setboolrev}%
               100 \def\Gm@Gsetbool[#1]#2#3{\Gm@doif{#1}{#3}{\csname Gm@#2\Gm@bool\endcsname}}%
               101 \def\Gm@@setboolrev[#1]#2#3{\Gm@doifelse{#1}{#3}%
                     {\csname Gm@#2\Gm@false\endcsname}}\%
               103 \@onlypreamble\Gm@setbool
               104 \@onlypreamble\Gm@setboolrev
               105 \@onlypreamble\Gm@@setbool
               106 \@onlypreamble\Gm@@setboolrev
      \Gm@doif \Gm@doif excutes the third argument #3 using a boolean value #2 of a option #1. \Gm@doifelse
  \Gm@doifelse
                executes the third argument #3 if a boolean option #1 with its value #2 is true, and executes the
                fourth argument #4 if false.
               107 \def\Gm@doif#1#2#3{%}
                     \lowercase{\def\Gm@bool{#2}}%
                     \ifx\Gm@bool\@empty
               109
               110
                       \let\Gm@bool\Gm@true
               111
                     \fi
                     \ifx\Gm@bool\Gm@true
               112
                     \else
               113
                       \footnotemark \ifx\Gm@bool\Gm@false
               114
               115
                         \let\Gm@bool\relax
               116
               117
                       \fi
               118
                     \ifx\Gm@bool\relax
                       \Gm@warning{'#1' should be set to 'true' or 'false'}%
               120
               121
                     \else
               122
                       #3
                    \fi}%
               123
               124 \def\Gm@doifelse#1#2#3#4{%
                    \label{lem:condoif} $$ \operatorname{modoif}{\#1}{\#2}{\operatorname{mobool}\operatorname{motrue} \ \#3\leq \ \#4\leq}}%
               126 \@onlypreamble\Gm@doif
               127 \@onlypreamble\Gm@doifelse
               The macro reverses a bool value.
   \Gm@reverse
               128 \def\Gm@reverse#1{%
                    \csname ifGm@#1\endcsname
                     \csname Gm@#1false\endcsname\else\csname Gm@#1true\endcsname\fi}%
               131 \@onlypreamble\Gm@reverse
 \Gm@checkbool The macro is used in \Gm@showparams to print true or nothing.
               132 \def\Gm@checkbool#1{#1: \csname ifGm@#1\endcsname true\else --\fi^^J}%
               133 \@onlypreamble\Gm@checkbool
  \Gm@defbylen Macros \Gm@defbylen and \Gm@defbycnt can be used to define \Gm@xxxx variables by length and
  \Gm@defbycnt counter respectively with calc package.
               134 \def\Gm@defbylen#1#2{%}
                     \setlength\@tempdima{#2}%
                    \expandafter\edef\csname Gm@#1\endcsname{\the\@tempdima}}%
               137 \def\Gm@defbycnt#1#2{%
                    \setcounter{Gm@tempcnt}{#2}%
                     \expandafter\edef\csname Gm@#1\endcsname{\the\value{Gm@tempcnt}}}%
               140 \@onlypreamble\Gm@defbylen
               141 \@onlypreamble\Gm@defbycnt
                The macro parses the value of options specifying marginal ratios, which is used in \Gm@setbyratio
 \Gm@set@ratio
               142 \end{Gm@sep@ratio#1:#2{\end{Gmpcnta=#1\end{Gmpcntb=#2}}\%}
```

143 \@onlypreamble\Gm@set@ratio

```
The macro determines the dimension specified by #4 calculating \#3 \times a/b, where a and b are given by
                                \Gm@mratio with a:b value. If #1 in brackets is b, a and b are swapped. The second argument with h
                                or v denoting horizontal or vertical is not used in this macro.
                              144 \def\Gm@setbyratio[#1]#2#3#4{% determine #4 by ratio
                                        \expandafter\Gm@sep@ratio\Gm@mratio\relax
                              145
                                        \if#1b
                              146
                                            \edef\@@tempa{\the\@tempcnta}%
                              147
                              148
                                            \@tempcnta=\@tempcntb
                              149
                                            \@tempcntb=\@@tempa\relax
                              150
                              151
                                        \expandafter\setlength\expandafter\@tempdimb\expandafter
                                            {\csname Gm@#3\endcsname}%
                              152
                                        \int \cdot \cdot
                              153
                                            \multiply\@tempdimb\@tempcnta
                              154
                                            \divide\@tempdimb\@tempcntb
                              155
                                        \fi
                              156
                                        \expandafter\edef\csname Gm@#4\endcsname{\the\@tempdimb}}%
                              157
                              158 \@onlypreamble\Gm@setbyratio
                               This macro determines the fourth length (#4) from #1(paperwidth or paperheight), #2 and #3. It is used
           \Gm@detiv
                                in \Gm@detall macro.
                              159 \def\Gm@detiv#1#2#3#4{% determine #4.
                              160
                                        \expandafter\setlength\expandafter\@tempdima\expandafter
                                            {\csname paper#1\endcsname}%
                              161
                                        \expandafter\setlength\expandafter\@tempdimb\expandafter
                              162
                                            {\csname Gm@#2\endcsname}%
                              163
                                        \addtolength\@tempdima{-\@tempdimb}%
                              164
                                        \expandafter\setlength\expandafter\@tempdimb\expandafter
                              165
                              166
                                            {\csname Gm@#3\endcsname}%
                                        \addtolength\@tempdima{-\@tempdimb}%
                              167
                                        \ifdim\@tempdima<\z@
                              168
                                            \Gm@warning{'#4' results in NEGATIVE (\the\@tempdima).%
                              169
                              170
                                            ^^J\@spaces '#2' or '#3' should be shortened in length}%
                              171
                              172
                                        \expandafter\edef\csname Gm@#4\endcsname{\the\@tempdima}}%
                              173 \@onlypreamble\Gm@detiv
\Gm@detiiandiii This macro determines #2 and #3 from #1 with the first argument (#1) can be width or height, which
                                is expanded into dimensions of paper and total body. It is used in \Gm@detall macro.
                              174 \def\Gm@detiiandiii#1#2#3{% determine #2 and #3.
                                        \expandafter\setlength\expandafter\@tempdima\expandafter
                              175
                                            {\csname paper#1\endcsname}%
                              176
                                        \expandafter\setlength\expandafter\@tempdimb\expandafter
                              177
                                            {\csname Gm@#1\endcsname}%
                              178
                                        \addtolength\@tempdima{-\@tempdimb}%
                              179
                              180
                                        \left( \frac{d}{dt} \right) = \frac{1}{2}
                                            \Gm@warning{'#2' and '#3' result in NEGATIVE (\the\@tempdima).%
                              181
                                                                        ^J\@spaces '#1' should be shortened in length}%
                              182
                              183
                                        \ifx\Gm@mratio\@undefined
                              184
                                            \divide\@tempdima\tw@
                              185
                                            \@tempdimb=\@tempdima
                              186
                              187
                                            \@tempdimb=\@tempdima
                              188
                                            \expandafter\Gm@sep@ratio\Gm@mratio\relax
                              189
                                            \advance\@tempcntb\@tempcnta
                              190
                                            \ifnum\@tempcntb>\z@
                              191
                                                \divide\@tempdima\@tempcntb
                              192
                                                \multiply\@tempdima\@tempcnta
                              193
                                                \advance\@tempdimb-\@tempdima
                              194
                              195
```

\divide\@tempdima\tw@

\@tempdimb=\@tempdima

```
\fi
          198
               \fi
          199
               \expandafter\edef\csname Gm@#2\endcsname{\the\@tempdima}%
          200
               \expandafter\edef\csname Gm@#3\endcsname{\the\@tempdimb}}%
          201
          202 \@onlypreamble\Gm@detiiandiii
           This macro determines partition of each direction. The first argument (#1) should be h or v, the second
           (#2) width or height, the third (#3) lmargin or top, and the last (#4) rmargin or bottom.
          203 \def\Gm@detall#1#2#3#4{%
          204
               \@tempcnta\z@
               \edef\Gm@mratio{\@nameuse{Gm@#1marginratio}}%
           \@tempcnta is treated as a three-digit binary value with top, middle and bottom denoted left(top),
           width(height) and right(bottom) margins user specified respectively.
          206
                 \ifx\Gm@lmargin\@undefined\else\advance\@tempcnta4\relax\fi
          207
                 \ifGm@hbody\advance\@tempcnta2\relax\fi
          208
          209
                 \ifx\Gm@rmargin\@undefined\else\advance\@tempcnta1\relax\fi
                 \Gm@cnth\@tempcnta
          210
          211
               \else
                 \ifx\Gm@tmargin\@undefined\else\advance\@tempcnta4\relax\fi
          212
                 \ifGm@vbody\advance\@tempcnta2\relax\fi
          213
                 \ifx\Gm@bmargin\@undefined\else\advance\@tempcnta1\relax\fi
          214
          215
                 \Gm@cntv\@tempcnta
          216
               \fi
           Case the value is 000 (=0) with nothing fixed (default):
               \ifcase\@tempcnta
                 \if#1h
          218
          219
                    \edef\Gm@width{\Gm@Dhscale\paperwidth}%
          220
                  \else
          221
                    \edef\Gm@height{\Gm@Dvscale\paperheight}%
          222
                 \fi
                 \Gm@detiiandiii{#2}{#3}{#4}%
           Case 001 (=1) with right(bottom) fixed:
               Case 010 (=2) with width(height) fixed:
               \or\Gm@detiiandiii{#2}{#3}{#4}%
           Case 011 (=3) with both width(height) and right(bottom) fixed:
               \or\Gm@detiv{#2}{#2}{#4}{#3}%
           Case 100 (=4) with left(top) fixed:
               \label{lem:condition} $$ \operatorname{Gm@setbyratio[b]}_{\#1}_{\#3}_{\#4}\Gm@detiv_{\#2}_{\#3}_{\#4}_{\#2}_{\%} $$
           Case 101 (=5) with both left(top) and right(bottom) fixed:
               \or\Gm@detiv{#2}{#3}{#4}{#2}%
           Case 110 (=6) with both left(top) and width(height) fixed:
               \or\Gm@detiv{#2}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
           Case 111 (=7) with all fixed though it is over-specified:
               \or\Gm@warning{Over-specification in '#1'-direction.%
          230
                                 ^J\@spaces '#2' (\@nameuse{Gm@#2}) is ignored}%
          231
                 \Gm@detiv{#2}{#3}{#4}{#2}%
          232
               \else\fi}%
          233
          234 \@onlypreamble\Gm@detall
          The macro for setting unspecified dimensions to be \Qundefined. This is used by \geometry macro.
\Gm@clean
          235 \def\Gm@clean{%
          236
               \ifnum\Gm@cnth<4\let\Gm@lmargin\@undefined\fi
          237
               \ifodd\Gm@cnth\else\let\Gm@rmargin\@undefined\fi
          238
               \ifnum\Gm@cntv<4\let\Gm@tmargin\@undefined\fi
               \ifodd\Gm@cntv\else\let\Gm@bmargin\@undefined\fi
          239
               \ifGm@hbody\else
```

```
241
                        \let\Gm@hscale\@undefined
                 242
                        \let\Gm@width\@undefined
                 243
                        \let\Gm@textwidth\@undefined
                 244
                      \fi
                      \ifGm@vbody\else
                 245
                        \let\Gm@vscale\@undefined
                 246
                        \let\Gm@height\@undefined
                 247
                 248
                        \let\Gm@textheight\@undefined
                 249
                      \if@twoside
                 250
                        \ifx\Gm@hmarginratio\Gm@Dhratiotwo
                 251
                 252
                           \let\Gm@hmarginratio\@undefined
                 253
                        \fi
                 254
                      \else
                        \ifx\Gm@hmarginratio\Gm@Dhratio
                 255
                           \let\Gm@hmarginratio\@undefined
                 256
                        \fi
                 257
                 258
                      fi}%
                 259 \@onlypreamble\Gm@clean
                 The macro parses (h,v)divide options.
\Gm@parse@divide
                 260 \def\Gm@parse@divide#1#2#3#4{%
                 261
                      \def\Gm@star{*}%
                 262
                      \@tempcnta\z@
                      \ensuremath{\texttt{Qfor}\Gm@tmp:=\#1\do\{\%\)}
                 263
                        \expandafter\KV@@sp@def\expandafter\Gm@frag\expandafter{\Gm@tmp}%
                 264
                        \edef\Gm@value{\Gm@frag}%
                        266
                           267
                 268
                           \else\edef\Gm@key{#4}%
                        \fi
                 269
                        \Onameuse{GmOset\GmOkey false}%
                 270
                        \ifx\empty\Gm@value\else
                 271
                        \ifx\Gm@star\Gm@value\else
                 272
                           \strut_{Gm}{\Gm@key=\Gm@value}\%
                 273
                 274
                        \fi\fi
                         \advance\@tempcnta\@ne}%
                      \let\Gm@star\relax}%
                 277 \@onlypreamble\Gm@parse@divide
      \Gm@branch The macro splits a value into the same two values.
                 278 \def\Gm@branch#1#2#3{%
                 279
                      \@tempcnta\z@
                      \@for\Gm@tmp:=#1\do{%
                 280
                        \KV@@sp@def\Gm@frag{\Gm@tmp}%
                 281
                 282
                         \edef\Gm@value{\Gm@frag}%
                        \ifcase\@tempcnta\relax% cnta == 0
                 283
                           \setkeys{Gm}{#2=\Gm@value}%
                 284
                        \or% cnta == 1
                 285
                           \setkeys{Gm}{#3=\Gm@value}%
                 286
                 287
                        \else\fi
                        \advance\@tempcnta\@ne}%
                 288
                      \ifnum\@tempcnta=\@ne
                 290
                         \setkeys{Gm}{#3=\Gm@value}%
                 291
                      fi}%
                 292 \@onlypreamble\Gm@branch
 \Gm@magtooffset
                 This macro is used to adjust offsets by \mag.
                 293 \def\Gm@magtooffset{%
                 294
                      \@tempdima=\mag\Gm@truedimen sp%
                      \@tempdimb=1\Gm@truedimen in%
                 295
                      \verb|\divide|@tempdimb|@tempdima|
                 296
                 297
                      \multiply\@tempdimb\@m
                      \addtolength{\hoffset}{1\Gm@truedimen in}%
                 298
```

```
\addtolength{\voffset}{1\Gm@truedimen in}%
                         \addtolength{\hoffset}{-\the\@tempdimb}%
                    300
                         \addtolength{\voffset}{-\the\@tempdimb}}%
                    301
                    302 \@onlypreamble\Gm@magtooffset
      \Gm@setafter
                    This macro stores LATEX native dimensions, which are stored and set afterwards.
                    303 \def\Gm@setafter#1#2{%
                         \let\Gm@len=\relax\let\Gm@td=\relax
                         \edef\addtolist{\noexpand\Gm@dimlist=%
                    305
                         \label{lem:condiminat} $$ \operatorname{Gm@len}{\#1}{\#2}}\addtolist}%
                    306
                    307 \@onlypreamble\Gm@setafter
\Gm@processdimlist
                    This macro processes \Gm@dimlist.
                    308 \def\Gm@processdimlist{%
                         \def\Gm@td{\Gm@truedimen}%
                    309
                    310
                         \the\Gm@dimlist}%
                    311
                    312 \@onlypreamble\Gm@processdimlist
                    The macro sets paperwidth and paperheight dimensions using \Gm@setafter macro.
      \Gm@setpaper
                    313 \def\Gm@setpaper(#1,#2)#3{%
                         314
                         \Gm@setafter\paperwidth{#1\Gm@td #3}%
                    315
                    316
                         \Gm@setafter\paperheight{#2\Gm@td #3}%
                    317
                         \ifGm@landscape\Gm@sworienttrue\else\Gm@sworientfalse\fi}%
                    318 \@onlypreamble\Gm@setpaper
       \Gm@chpaper
                    The macro changes the paper size.
                    319 \def\Gm@chpaper{\@nameuse{Gm@\Gm@paper}}%
                    320 \@onlypreamble\Gm@chpaper
                     Various paper size are defined here.
                    321 \ensuremath{\mbox{Cnamedef}(Gm@aOpaper)}{\mbox{Cm@setpaper}(841,1189){mm}}}
                    322 \ensuremath{\mbox{Cnm@a1paper}}{\mbox{Cm@setpaper}(594,841){mm}}%
                    323 \ensuremath{\mbox{Gm@a2paper}}{\mbox{Gm@setpaper}(420,594)\{mm\}}%
                    324 \ensuremath{\mathchar`engraper}{\mathchar`engraper(297,420){mm}}\%
                    325 \@namedef{Gm@a4paper}{\Gm@setpaper(210,297){mm}}%
                    326 \ensuremath{\mbox{Gm@a5paper}}{\mbox{Gm@setpaper}(148,210){mm}}%
                    327 \ensuremath{\mbox{Gm@a6paper}}{\mbox{Cm@setpaper}(105,148){mm}}%
                    328 \ensuremath{\model{Gm@bOpaper}{\model{Gm@setpaper(1000,1414){mm}}}%
                    329 \@namedef{Gm@b1paper}{\Gm@setpaper(707,1000){mm}}%
                    330 \ensuremath{\mbox{Gm@b2paper}}{\mbox{Gm@setpaper}(500,707)\{mm\}}%
                    331 \Onamedef{GmOb3paper}{\GmOsetpaper(353,500){mm}}%
                    332 \ensuremath{\mbox{Gm@b4paper}}{\mbox{\mbox{Gm@setpaper(250,353)}}\mbox{\mbox{mm}}}
                    333 \ensuremath{\mbox{Cnamedef}(Gm@b5paper)}{\mbox{Cm@setpaper}(176,250){mm}}}%
                    334 \@namedef{Gm@b6paper}{\Gm@setpaper(125,176){mm}}%
                    335 \@namedef{Gm@ansiapaper}{\Gm@setpaper(8.5,11){in}}%
                    336 \Onamedef{GmOansibpaper}{\GmOsetpaper(11,17){in}}%
                    337 \Onamedef{GmOansicpaper}{\GmOsetpaper(17,22){in}}%
                    338 \Onamedef{GmOansidpaper}{\GmOsetpaper(22,34){in}}%
                    339 \Onamedef{GmOansiepaper}{\GmOsetpaper(34,44){in}}%
                    341 \Onamedef{GmOlegalpaper}{\GmOsetpaper(8.5,14){in}}%
                    343 \ensuremath{\mbox{Gm@screen}}{\mbox{Cm@setpaper(225,180){mm}}}\%
                        All the available options are defined below.
           'paper'
                    paper takes paper name as its value. Available paper names are listed below.
                    344 \define@key{Gm}{paper}{\setkeys{Gm}{#1}}%
                    345 \let\KV@Gm@papername\KV@Gm@paper
     'a[0-6]paper'
                     The following paper names are available. screen and ANSI paper sizes have been introduced in ver.3,
                     but of course they can't be used as a document class option.
     'b[0-6]paper'
  'ansi[a-e]paper'
     'letterpaper'
      'legalpaper'
                                                                     24
  'executivepaper'
```

299

'screen'

```
346 \define@key{Gm}{a0paper}[true] {\def\Gm@paper{a0paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        347 \define@key{Gm}{a1paper}[true] {\def\Gm@paper{a1paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        348 \define@key{Gm}{a2paper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{a2paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        349 \define@key{Gm}{a3paper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{a3paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        350 \end{a4paper} [true] {\end{a4paper} \end{a4paper} \end{a4paper} \hspace{a4paper} \hsp
                                                                        351 \end{a5paper} [true] {\end{a5paper} \end{a5paper} \end{a5paper} \hspace{a5paper} \hsp
                                                                        352 \end{center} [true] {\end{center} Gm@paper} Gm@chpaper} \% $$
                                                                        353 \define@key{Gm}{b0paper}[true] {\def\Gm@paper{b0paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        354 \define@key{Gm}{b1paper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{b1paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        355 \define@key{Gm}{b2paper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{b2paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        356 \define@key{Gm}{b3paper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{b3paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        357 \define@key{Gm}{b4paper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{b4paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        358 \define@key{Gm}{b5paper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{b5paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        359 \define@key{Gm}{b6paper}[true] {\def\Gm@paper{b6paper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        360 \define@key{Gm}{ansiapaper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{ansiapaper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        361 \define@key{Gm}{ansibpaper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{ansibpaper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        362 \define@key{Gm}{ansicpaper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{ansicpaper}\Gm@chpaper}\%
                                                                        363 \define@key{Gm}{ansidpaper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{ansidpaper}\Gm@chpaper}\%
                                                                        364 \define@key{Gm}{ansiepaper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{ansiepaper}\Gm@chpaper}\%
                                                                        365 \define@key{Gm}{letterpaper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{letterpaper}\Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        366 \define@key{Gm}{legalpaper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{legalpaper}\Gm@chpaper}\%
                                                                        367 \define@key{Gm}{executivepaper}[true]{\def\Gm@paper{executivepaper}%
                                                                                                  \Gm@chpaper}%
                                                                        369 \end{center} {\tt Gm@chpaper} % \end{center} $$ \end{cente
     'paperwidth'
                                                                           Direct specification for paper size is also possible.
'paperheight'
                                                                        370 \define@key{Gm}{paperwidth}{%
          'papersize'
                                                                                                    \Gm@setafter\paperwidth{#1}\def\Gm@paper{user defined}}%
                                                                        372 \define@key{Gm}{paperheight}{%
                                                                                                   \Gm@setafter\paperheight{#1}\def\Gm@paper{user defined}}%
                                                                        374 \define@key{Gm}{papersize}{\Gm@branch{#1}{paperwidth}{paperheight}}%
          'landscape'
                                                                           Paper orientation setting is also available.
               'portrait'
                                                                        375 \end{fine@key{Gm}{landscape}[true]{\end{fine@key{Gm}{landscape}{\#1}\%}} \label{fine}
                                                                                                   {\ifGm@landscape\else\Gm@landscapetrue\Gm@reverse{sworient}\fi}%
                                                                                                    {\ifGm@landscape\Gm@landscapefalse\Gm@reverse{sworient}\fi}}%
                                                                        378 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                                                    {\ifGm@landscape\else\Gm@landscapetrue\Gm@reverse{sworient}\fi}}%
                          'hscale'
                                                                            These options can determine the length(s) of total body giving scale(s) against the paper size.
                          'vscale'
                                                                        381 \end{center} {\end{center} \end{center} \end{center} \hscale {\end{center} \end{center} \hscale {\end{center} \hscale} \hscale} \hscale {\end{center} \hscale} \hscale {\end{center}
                              'scale'
                                                                        383 \end{fine} \end{
                              'width'
                                                                            These options give concrete dimension(s) of total body. totalwidth and totalheight are aliases of
                                                                            width and height respectively.
                          'height'
                              'total'
                                                                        384 \end{fine} \end{fine} \hbodytrue\end{fine} \h
    'totalwidth'
                                                                      385 \define@key{Gm}{height}{\Gm@vbodytrue\Gm@defbylen{height}{#1}}%
'totalheight' 386 \define@key{Gm}{total}{\Gm@branch{#1}{width}{height}}%
                                                                        387 \let\KV@Gm@totalwidth\KV@Gm@width
                                                                        388 \let\KV@Gm@totalheight\KV@Gm@height
          'textwidth'
                                                                            These options directly sets the dimensions \textwidth and \textheight. body is an alias of text.
    'textheight'
                                                                        389 \end{fine} \label{lem:condef} $$139 \end{fine} \end{fine} \label{lem:condef} $$13$ \end{fine} $$13$ \e
                                    'text'
                                                                        390 \define@key{Gm}{textheight}{\Gm@vbodytrue\Gm@defbylen{textheight}{#1}}%
                                    392 \let\KV@Gm@body\KV@Gm@text
                               'lines'
                                                                           The option sets \textheight with the number of lines.
                                                                        393 \define@key{Gm}{lines}{\Gm@vbodytrue\Gm@defbycnt{lines}{#1}}%
```

```
include* options include the corresponding part(s) in total body.
          'includehead'
          'includefoot' 394 \ensuremath{\mbox{define@key{Gm}{\mbox{includehead}[true]{\mbox{Gm@setbool{includehead}{\#1}}}\%}
includeheadfoot' 395 \define@key{Gm}{includefoot}[true]{\Gm@setbool{includefoot}{#1}}%
                'includemp' 396 \define@key{Gm}{includeheadfoot}[true]{\Gm@doifelse{includeheadfoot}{#1}%
                                                              {\Gm@includeheadtrue\Gm@includefoottrue}%
             'includeall' 397
                                                              {\Gm@includeheadfalse\Gm@includefootfalse}}%
                                                398
                                                399 \define@key{Gm}{includemp}[true]{\Gm@setbool{includemp}{#1}}%
                                                400 \define@key{Gm}{includeall}[true] {\Gm@doifelse{includeall}{#1}%
                                                               {\Gm@includeheadtrue\Gm@includefoottrue\Gm@includemptrue}%
                                                               {\Gm@includeheadfalse\Gm@includefootfalse\Gm@includempfalse}}%
                                                  ignore* options disregard head, foot and marginpars in determining the location of total body.
             'ignorehead'
             'ignorefoot'
                                                403 \define@key{Gm}{ignorehead}[true]{%
  'ignoreheadfoot' _{
m 404}
                                                              \Gm@setboolrev[ignorehead]{includehead}{#1}}%
                  'ignoremp' 405 \define@key{Gm}{ignorefoot}[true]{%
                'ignoreall' 406
                                                              \Gm@setboolrev[ignorefoot]{includefoot}{#1}}%
                                                407 \end{fine} \end{
                                                408
                                                              {\Gm@includeheadfalse\Gm@includefootfalse}%
                                                              {\Gm@includeheadtrue\Gm@includefoottrue}}%
                                                410 \define@key{Gm}{ignoremp}[true]{%
                                                              \Gm@setboolrev[ignoremp]{includemp}{#1}}%
                                                412 \end{fine@key} Gm} ignoreall} [true] {\end{fine@key} fignoreall} {\#1}\% 
                                                              {\Gm@includeheadfalse\Gm@includefootfalse\Gm@includempfalse}%
                                                               {\Gm@includeheadtrue\Gm@includefoottrue\Gm@includemptrue}}%
    'heightrounded'
                                                  The option rounds \textheight to n-times of \baselineskip plus \topskip.
                                                415 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{}\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{
                     'hdivide'
                                                  The options are useful to specify partitioning in each direction of the paper.
                     'vdivide' 416 \define@key{Gm}{hdivide}{\Gm@parse@divide{#1}{lmargin}{width}{rmargin}}%
                        'divide' 417 \define@key{Gm}{vdivide}{\Gm@parse@divide{#1}{tmargin}{height}{bmargin}}%
                                                \Gm@parse@divide{#1}{tmargin}{height}{bmargin}}%
                     'lmargin'
                                                   These options set margins. left, inner, innermargin are aliases of lmargin. right, outer,
                                                   outermargin are aliases of rmargin. top and bottom are aliases of tmargin and bmargin respec-
                     'rmargin'
                     'tmargin'
                      \begin{tabular}{l} \verb|`bmargin'| 420 \texttt{\define@key{Gm}{lmargin}{\Cm@defbylen{lmargin}{\#1}}} \end{tabular} 
                             'left' 421 \neq 0 {cmcdefbylen{rmargin}{#1}}%
                          'inner' 422 \let\KV@Gm@left\KV@Gm@lmargin
          'innermargin' 423 \let\KV@Gm@inner\KV@Gm@lmargin
                          'right' 424 \det KV@Gm@innermargin KV@Gm@lmargin
                          'outer', 425 \left( \text{Let} \times \text{W@Gm@right} \times \text{W@Gm@rmargin} \right)
          'outermargin' 426\ \let\KV@Gm@outer\KV@Gm@rmargin
                                'top' 427 \let\KV@Gm@outermargin\KV@Gm@rmargin
                        'bottom' 428 \define@key{Gm}{tmargin}{\Gm@defbylen{tmargin}{#1}}%
                                                429 \define@key{Gm}{bmargin}{\Gm@defbylen{bmargin}{#1}}%
                                                430 \let\KV@Gm@top\KV@Gm@tmargin
                                                431 \let\KV@Gm@bottom\KV@Gm@bmargin
                     'hmargin'
                                                  These options are shorthands for setting margins.
                     'vmargin'
                                                432 \define@key{Gm}{hmargin}{\Gm@branch{#1}{lmargin}{rmargin}}%
                        'margin'
                                                433 \define@key{Gm}{vmargin}{\Gm@branch{#1}{tmargin}{bmargin}}%
                                                 434 \define@key{Gm}{margin}{\Gm@branch{#1}{lmargin}{tmargin}%
                                                              \Gm@branch{#1}{rmargin}{bmargin}}%
                                                  Options specifying the margin ratios.
        'hmarginratio'
        'vmarginratio' 436 \ensuremath{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnratio}{\magnrati
          \label{lem:conditional} ``a37 \end{constraint} and $$ \argin atio {\end{constraint} $$ \argin atio {\#1}} . $$
                        'hratio' 438 \define@key{Gm}{marginratio}{\Gm@branch{#1}{hmarginratio}{\vmarginratio}}}%
                         'vratio' 439 \let\KV@Gm@hratio\KV@Gm@hmarginratio
                          'ratio' 440 \let\KV@Gm@vratio\KV@Gm@vmarginratio
```

441 \let\KV@Gm@ratio\KV@Gm@marginratio

```
'hcentering' Useful shorthands to make body centered.
                           'vcentering' _{442} \end{fine@key} \fine@tering} [true] {\Gm@doifelse{hcentering}} \fine{fine@tering} \fin
                                   'centering' _{443}
                                                                                                                                                    {\def\Gm@hmarginratio{1:1}}{}}%
                                                                                                                      444 \define@key{Gm}{vcentering}[true]{\Gm@doifelse{vcentering}{#1}%
                                                                                                                      445 {\def\Gm@vmarginratio{1:1}}{}}%
                                                                                                                      446 \end{fine} \end{fine} \label{lem:contering} \end{fine} \end{
                                                                                                                                                    \label{lem:condition} $$ {\def\Gm@vmarginratio\{1:1\}}_{}}% $$
                                                                                                                     If twoside=true, \@twoside and \@mparswitch is set to true.
                                                'twoside'
                                                                                                                      448 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{
                                                                                                                                                         {\@twosidetrue\@mparswitchtrue}{\@twosidefalse\@mparswitchfalse}}%
                                                                                                                           asymmetric sets \@mparswitchfalse and \@twosidetrue A asymmetric=false has no effect.
                            'asymmetric'
                                                                                                                       450 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                                                                                                          {\@twosidetrue\@mparswitchfalse}{}}%
                                                                                                                           The macro specifies a white space added to the left or inner margin.
      'bindingoffset'
                                                                                                                       452 \define@key{Gm}{bindingoffset}{\Gm@setafter\Gm@bindingoffset{#1}}%
                           'headheight'
                                                                                                                        The direct settings of head and/or foot dimensions.
                                                \label{lem:condition} $$ \ensuremath{$\ $^{\sigma} \le 13} \ensuremath{$\ $$ ine@key{Gm}_{neadheight}_{\ \ \ \ }} $$
                                         'footskip' 454 \neq 6m{headsep}{\Gm@setafter\headsep{#1}}%
                                                                      'head' 455 \leq Gm{footskip}{\Gm@setafter\footskip{#1}}%
                                                                      'foot' 456 \let\KV@Gm@head\KV@Gm@headheight
                                                                                                                      457 \let\KV@Gm@foot\KV@Gm@footskip
                                                                                                                           They are only shorthands to set head and/or foot to be Opt.
                                                        'nohead'
                                                         'nofoot' 458 \neq 6m{nohead}[true]{\Gm@doifelse{nohead}{#1}% }
                           'noheadfoot' 459
                                                                                                                                                          {\Gm@setafter\headheight\z@\Gm@setafter\headsep\z@}{}}\%
                                                                                                                      460 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                                                                                                          {\Gm@setafter\footskip\z@}{}}%
                                                                                                                      {\Gm@setafter\headheight\z@\Gm@setafter\headsep
                                                                                                                                                          \z@\Gm@setafter\footskip\z@}{}}%
                                                                                                                        The option directly sets a native dimension \footnotesep.
                     'footnotesep'
                                                                                                                      465 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                                                                            They directly set native dimensions \marginparwidth and \marginparsep.
'marginparwidth'
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 For compatibility,
                                    'marginpar'
                                                                                                                             includemp is set to true if compat2 is set.
               \hbox{`marginparsep'} \ \ 466 \ \texttt{\Gm}{\texttt{\Gm}}{\texttt{\marginparw}} \\ \texttt{\marginparw} \\ \texttt{\marginp
                                                                                                                                                         \Gm@setafter\marginparwidth{#1}}%
                                                                                                                       468 \let\KV@Gm@marginpar\KV@Gm@marginparwidth
                                                                                                                      469 \ensuremath{\verb| define@key{Gm}{marginparsep}{\ensuremath{\verb| ifGm@compatii\ensuremath{\sf Gm@includemptrue}|}} fine the compact of the comp
                                                                                                                                                \Gm@setafter\marginparsep{#1}}%
                                                                                                                           The macro is a shorthand for \marginparwidth=Opt and \marginparsep=Opt.
                     'nomarginpar'
                                                                                                                       471 \define@key{Gm}{nomarginpar}[true]{\Gm@doifelse{nomarginpar}{#1}%
                                                                                                                                                         {\Gm@setafter\marginparwidth\z@\Gm@setafter\marginparsep\z@}{}}%
                                   'columnsep'
                                                                                                                            The option sets a native dimension \columnsep.
                                                                                                                      473 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                                                                          The former two options set native dimensions \hoffset and \voffset. offset can set both of them
                                                'hoffset'
                                                'voffset' with the same value.
                                                        'offset' _{474} \ensuremath{\texttt{Gm}}{\texttt{Gm}}{\texttt{Gm}}$
                                                                                                                       475 \define@key{Gm}{voffset}{\Gm@setafter\voffset{#1}}%
                                                                                                                      476 \end{fiset} {\end{fiset}} \end{fiset} {\end{fiset}} % \end{fiset} \end{figure} \end{figure}
                                                                                                                          The option sets \twocolumn switch.
                                   'twocolumn'
                                                                                                                      477 \define@key{Gm}{twocolumn}[true]{%
                                                                                                                                                      \Gm@doif{twocolumn}{#1}{\csname @twocolumn\Gm@bool\endcsname}}%
```

```
The both options set \reversemargin.
                     'reversemp'
'reversemarginpar' _{479} \neq 0
                                                                        \Gm@doif{reversemp}{#1}{\csname @reversemargin\Gm@bool\endcsname}}%
                                                         481 \define@key{Gm}{reversemarginpar}[true]{%
                                                                         \Gm@doif{reversemarginpar}{#1}{\csname @reversemargin\Gm@bool\endcsname}}%
                              'dviver'
                                                         483 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                         \ifx\@@tempa\@empty\let\Gm@driver\relax\else
                                                                         \ifx\@@tempa\@@none\let\Gm@driver\relax\else
                                                         485
                                                                         \ifx\@@tempa\@@auto\let\Gm@driver\@empty\else
                                                         486
                                                                         \setkeys{Gm}{#1}\fi\fi\let\@@auto\relax\let\@@none\relax}%
                                 'dvips' The geometry package supports dvips, dvipdfm, pdflatex and vtex. dvipdfm works like dvips.
                           'dvipdfm' _{488} \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{define@key}{Gm}{dvips}[true]}{\%}
                              'pdftex' 489
                                                                        \label{lem:condition} $$ \Gm@doifelse{dvips}{\Gm@unsetdriver{dvips}}}% $$
                                    'vtex' 490 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc define@key{Gm}}{dvipdfm}[true]} \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc define}}
                                                                         \label{lem:condition} $$ \Gm@doifelse{dvipdfm}{\#1}_{\Gm@setdriver{dvipdfm}}}_{\Gm@unsetdriver{dvipdfm}}}% $$
                                                         492 \define@key{Gm}{pdftex}[true]{%
                                                                         \label{lem:condition} $$\Gm@doifelse{pdftex}{\#1}_{\Gm@setdriver{pdftex}}}\Gm@unsetdriver{pdftex}}}% $$
                                                         494 \define@key{Gm}{vtex}[true]{%
                                                                         \Gm@doifelse{vtex}{#1}{\Gm@setdriver{vtex}}}\Gm@unsetdriver{vtex}}}%
                           'verbose'
                                                          The verbose mode.
                                                         The option cancels all the options specified before reset, except pass. mag (\neq 1000) with truedimen
                                 'reset'
                                                            cannot be also reset.
                                                          497 \define@key{Gm}{reset}[true]{\Gm@doifelse{reset}{#1}%
                                                                        {\Gm@init\Gm@dorg\ProcessOptionsKV[c]{Gm}\Gm@setdefaultpaper}{}}%
                  'resetpaper'
                                                            If resetpaper is set to true, the paper size redefined in the package is discarded and the original one
                                                            is restored. This option may be useful to print nonstandard sized documents with normal printers and
                                                            papers.
                                                         499 \end{fine@key} Gm\end{fine@key} {\tt fresetpaper} [true] {\tt Gm@setbool{resetpaper}} {\tt #1}} \%
                                                           mag is expanded immediately when it is specified. So reset can't reset mag when it is set with
                                       'mag'
                                                            truedimen.
                                                          500 \define@key{Gm}{mag}{\mag=\#1}\%
                      'truedimen'
                                                           If truedimen is set to true, all of the internal explicit dimensions is changed to true dimensions, e.g.,
                                                            1in is changed to 1truein.
                                                         501 \end{fine} \label{lem:condition} true imen \end{fine} \label{lem:condition} \label{lem:condition} \end{fine} \label{lem:condition} \end{fine} \label{lem:condition} \end{fine} \end{f
                                                                         {\let\Gm@truedimen\Gm@true}{\let\Gm@truedimen\@empty}}%
                                                          The option makes all the options specified ineffective except verbose switch.
                                                         503 \end{fine} \end{fine} \fill{fine} \f
                                                           The showframe option.
                     'showframe'
                                                         The option sets the old default options for compatibility with version 2. compat2=false does nothing.
                                                         505 \define@key{Gm}{compat2}[true]{%
                                                                         \Gm@doifelse{compat2}{#1}{\Gm@compatiitrue
                                                                         \setkeys{Gm}{scale={0.8,0.9},centering,includeheadfoot}}{}}}%
                                                            Option twosideshift has been obsoleted.
                                                                                                                                                                                                   But for compatibility with version 2, one can use
                                                            twosideshift when compat2 is set to true.
                                                         508 \define@key{Gm}{twosideshift}{\%}
                                                                         \ifGm@compatii\@twosidetrue\@mparswitchtrue\Gm@defbylen{twosideshift}{#1}%
                                                         510
                                                                         \else\Gm@warning{'twosideshift' is obsolete}%
```

511

\fi}%

```
\Gm@setdefaultpaper The macro stores paper dimensions. This macro should be called after \ProcessOptionsKV[c]{Gm}.
                     512 \def\Gm@setdefaultpaper{%
                          \ifx\Gm@paper\@undefined
                     514
                            \Gm@setpaper(\strip@pt\paperwidth,\strip@pt\paperheight){pt}%
                     515
                            \Gm@sworientfalse
                          \fi}%
                     516
                     517 \@onlypreamble\Gm@setdefaultpaper
                     The macro checks if paperwidth/height is larger than 0pt, which is used in \Gm@process.
     \Gm@checkpaper
                     518 \def\Gm@checkpaper{%
                          \ifdim\paperwidth>\p@\else
                     519
                     520
                            \PackageError{geometry}{%
                            You must set \string\paperwidth\space properly}{%
                     521
                     522
                            Set your paper type (e.g., 'a4paper' for A4) as a class option^^J%
                     523
                            or as a geometry package option.}%
                     524
                     525
                          \ifdim\paperheight>\p@\else
                            \PackageError{geometry}{%
                            You must set \string\paperheight\space properly}{%
                     527
                     528
                            Set your paper type (e.g., 'a4paper' for A4) as a class option^^J%
                     529
                            or as a geometry package option.}%
                     530
                          \fi}%
                    The macro checks if marginpars fall off the page.
        \Gm@checkmp
                     531 \def\Gm@checkmp{%}
                     532
                          \ifGm@includemp\else
                     533
                            \@tempcnta\z@\@tempcntb\@ne
                            \if@twocolumn
                     534
                               \@tempcnta\@ne
                     535
                             \else
                     536
                               \if@reversemargin
                     537
                                 \@tempcnta\@ne\@tempcntb\z@
                     538
                     539
                     540
                            \fi
                     541
                            \@tempdima\marginparwidth
                     542
                            \advance\@tempdima\marginparsep
                            \ifnum\@tempcnta=\@ne
                     543
                               \@tempdimc\@tempdima
                     544
                               \setlength\@tempdimb{\Gm@lmargin}%
                     545
                               \advance\@tempdimc-\@tempdimb
                     546
                     547
                               \ifdim\@tempdimc>\z@
                                 \Gm@warning{The marginal notes would fall off the page.^^J
                     548
                                    \@spaces Add \the\@tempdimc\space and more to the left margin}%
                     549
                              \fi
                     550
                            \fi
                     551
                     552
                            \ifnum\@tempcntb=\@ne
                              \@tempdimc\@tempdima
                     553
                               \setlength\@tempdimb{\Gm@rmargin}%
                     554
                               \advance\@tempdimc-\@tempdimb
                     555
                               \ifdim\@tempdimc>\z@
                     556
                     557
                                 \Gm@warning{The marginal notes would fall off the page.^^J
                     558
                                    \@spaces Add \the\@tempdimc\space and more to the right margin}%
                     559
                               \fi
                            \fi
                     560
                          \fi}%
                     561
                     562 \@onlypreamble\Gm@checkmp
   \Gm@checkdrivers
                    The macro checks the typeset environment and changes the driver option if necessary. To make the
                      engine detection more robust, the macro is rewritten in version 4 with packages ifpdf and ifvtex.
                     563 \def\Gm@checkdrivers{%
                      If the driver option is not specified explicitly, then driver auto-detection works.
```

\ifx\Gm@driver\@empty

\typeout{*geometry auto-detecting driver*}%

564

```
\ifpdf is defined in ifpdf package in 'oberdiek' bundle.
                    \ifpdf
             567
                       \Gm@setdriver{pdftex}%
             568
                     \else
             569
                       \Gm@setdriver{dvips}%
                    \fi
             570
              XeT<sub>F</sub>X supports the same page size parameter as pdfT<sub>F</sub>X.
                    \@ifundefined{XeTeXrevision}{}{\Gm@setdriver{pdftex}}%
              \ifvtex is defined in ifvtex package in 'oberdiek' bundle.
             572
                     \ifvtex
             573
                       \Gm@setdriver{vtex}%
              When the driver option is set by the user, check if it is valid or not.
                  \else
             575
                    \ifx\Gm@driver\Gm@pdftex
             576
                       \ifpdf\else
             577
                          \@ifundefined{XeTeXrevision}{\Gm@warning{%
             578
             579
                             Wrong driver setting: 'pdftex'; using default driver}%
             580
                             \Gm@setdriver{dvips}}{}%
             581
                       \fi
                    \fi
             582
                     \ifx\Gm@driver\Gm@vtex
             583
                       \ifvtex\else
             584
             585
                         \Gm@warning{Wrong driver setting: 'vtex'; using default driver}%
                         \Gm@setdriver{dvips}%
             586
             587
                       \fi
                    \fi
             588
                  \fi}%
             590 \Conlypreamble\GmCcheckdrivers
  \Gm@mpfix
              The macro sets marginpar correction when includemp is set, which is used in \Gm@process. Local
              variables \Gm@wd@mp, \Gm@odd@mp and \Gm@even@mp are set here. Note that \Gm@even@mp should be
              used only for twoside layout.
             591 \def\Gm@mpfix{%}
             592
                  \@tempdimb\marginparwidth
                  \advance\@tempdimb\marginparsep
             593
                  \Gm@wd@mp\@tempdimb
             594
                  \Gm@odd@mp\z@
             595
                  \Gm@even@mp\z@
             596
                  \if@twocolumn
             597
                    \Gm@wd@mp2\@tempdimb
             598
                    \Gm@odd@mp\@tempdimb
             599
                    \Gm@even@mp\@tempdimb
             600
             601
                  \else
             602
                    \if@reversemargin
                       \Gm@odd@mp\@tempdimb
             603
                       \if@mparswitch\else
             604
                         \Gm@even@mp\@tempdimb
             605
                       \fi
             606
             607
                     \else
                       \if@mparswitch
             608
             609
                         \Gm@even@mp\@tempdimb
                       \fi
             611
                    \fi
             612
                  \fi}%
             613 \@onlypreamble\Gm@mpfix
\Gm@process
             The main macro processing specified layout dimensions is defined.
             614 \def\Gm@process{%
              If pass is set, the original dimensions and switches are restored and process is ended here.
```

\ifGm@pass

```
616
       \Gm@dorg
     \else
617
 The stored native dimension settings are processed here.
     \Gm@processdimlist
 The margin ratios are set to the default if not specified.
     \ifx\Gm@hmarginratio\@undefined
619
       \if@twoside
620
         \edef\Gm@hmarginratio{\Gm@Dhratiotwo}%
621
622
       \else
623
          \edef\Gm@hmarginratio{\Gm@Dhratio}%
       \fi
624
     \fi
625
     \ifx\Gm@vmarginratio\@undefined
626
627
       \edef\Gm@vmarginratio{\Gm@Dvratio}%
628
 The paper size is checked here.
     \Gm@checkpaper
The paper dimensions can be swapped when paper orientation is changed over by landscape and
portrait options.
     \ifGm@sworient
630
631
       \setlength\@tempdima{\paperwidth}%
632
       \setlength\paperwidth{\paperheight}%
633
       \setlength\paperheight{\@tempdima}%
634
       \Gm@setpaper(\strip@pt\paperwidth,\strip@pt\paperheight){pt}%
       \Gm@sworientfalse
635
     \fi
636
 The binding offset value is removed from the paper width, which will be set back after auto-completion
 calculation.
     \addtolength\paperwidth{-\Gm@bindingoffset}%
 The local variables are set here for marginpar correction \Gm@wd@mp, \Gm@codd@mp and \Gm@even@mp
 when includemp is set.
638
     \ifGm@includemp
639
       \Gm@mpfix
If the horizontal dimension of body is specified by user, \Gm@width is set properly here.
     \ifGm@hbody
641
       \ifx\Gm@width\@undefined
642
643
          \ifx\Gm@hscale\@undefined
644
            \edef\Gm@width{\Gm@Dhscale\paperwidth}%
645
            \edef\Gm@width{\Gm@hscale\paperwidth}%
646
         \fi
647
648
       \fi
       \ifx\Gm@textwidth\@undefined\else
649
         \setlength\@tempdima{\Gm@textwidth}%
650
651
         \ifGm@includemp
            \advance\@tempdima\Gm@wd@mp
652
653
          \edef\Gm@width{\the\@tempdima}%
654
655
       \fi
     \fi
656
If the vertical dimension of body is specified by user, \Gm@height is set properly here.
     \ifGm@vbody
658
       \ifx\Gm@height\@undefined
659
          \ifx\Gm@vscale\@undefined
            \edef\Gm@height{\Gm@Dvscale\paperheight}%
660
661
          \else
            \edef\Gm@height{\Gm@vscale\paperheight}%
662
```

\fi

```
664
       \fi
       \ifx\Gm@lines\@undefined\else
665
 \topskip has to be adjusted so that the formula "\textheight = (lines - 1) \times \text{baselineskip} +
 \topskip" to be correct even if large font sizes are specified by users. If \topskip is smaller than
 \ht\strutbox, then \topskip is set to \ht\strutbox.
          \ifdim\topskip<\ht\strutbox
            \setlength\@tempdima{\topskip}%
667
            \setlength\topskip{\ht\strutbox}%
668
            \Gm@warning{\noexpand\topskip was changed from \the\@tempdima\space
669
670
            to \the\topskip}%
671
          \fi
          \setlength\@tempdima{\baselineskip}%
          \multiply\@tempdima\Gm@lines
          \addtolength\@tempdima{\topskip}%
674
675
          \addtolength\@tempdima{-\baselineskip}%
676
          \edef\Gm@textheight{\the\@tempdima}%
677
       \ifx\Gm@textheight\@undefined\else
678
          \setlength\@tempdima{\Gm@textheight}%
679
          \ifGm@includehead
680
            \addtolength\@tempdima{\headheight}%
681
            \addtolength\@tempdima{\headsep}%
682
683
684
          \ifGm@includefoot
685
            \addtolength\@tempdima{\footskip}%
686
          \fi
687
          \edef\Gm@height{\the\@tempdima}%
       \fi
688
     \fi
689
 The auto-completion calculation is executed for each direction.
     \Gm@detall{h}{width}{lmargin}{rmargin}%
     \label{lem:condition} $$ \operatorname{Cm}\operatorname{Cdetall}\{v\}\{height\}\{tmargin\}\{bmargin\}\|
691
 The real dimensions are set properly according to the result of the auto-completion calculation.
692
     \setlength\textwidth{\Gm@width}%
693
     \setlength\textheight{\Gm@height}%
694
     \setlength\topmargin{\Gm@tmargin}%
     \setlength\oddsidemargin{\Gm@lmargin}%
695
     \addtolength\oddsidemargin{-1\Gm@truedimen in}%
If includemp is set to true, \textwidth and \oddsidemargin are adjusted.
     \ifGm@includemp
697
       \advance\textwidth-\Gm@wd@mp
698
699
       \advance\oddsidemargin\Gm@odd@mp
700
 Determining \evensidemargin. In the twoside page layout, the right margin value \Gm@rmargin is
 used. If the marginal note width is included, \evensidemargin should be corrected by \Gm@even@mp.
701
     \if@mparswitch
702
       \setlength\evensidemargin{\Gm@rmargin}%
703
       \addtolength\evensidemargin{-1\Gm@truedimen in}%
704
       \ifGm@includemp
          \advance\evensidemargin\Gm@even@mp
705
       \fi
706
       \ifGm@compatii
707
708
          \ifx\Gm@twosideshift\@undefined
709
            \def\Gm@twosideshift{20\Gm@truedimen pt}%
710
711
          \addtolength\oddsidemargin{\Gm@twosideshift}%
712
          \addtolength\evensidemargin{-\Gm@twosideshift}%
713
       \fi
714
     \else
       \evensidemargin\oddsidemargin
715
```

\fi

The binding offset correction for \oddsidemargin.

717 \advance\oddsidemargin\Gm@bindingoffset

\topmargin is adjusted here.

718 \addtolength\topmargin{-1\Gm@truedimen in}%

If the head of the page is included in *total body*, \headheight and \headsep are removed from \textheight, otherwise from \textheight.

- 719 \ifGm@includehead
- 720 \addtolength\textheight{-\headheight}%
- 721 \addtolength\textheight{-\headsep}%
- 722 \else
- 723 \addtolength\topmargin{-\headheight}%
- 724 \addtolength\topmargin{-\headsep}%
- 725 \fi

If the foot of the page is included in total body, \footskip is removed from \textheight.

- 726 \ifGm@includefoot
- 727 \addtolength\textheight{-\footskip}%
- 728 \fi

If heightrounded is set, \textheight is rounded.

- 729 \ifGm@heightrounded
- 730 \setlength\@tempdima{\textheight}%
- 731 \addtolength\@tempdima{-\topskip}%
- 732 \@tempcnta\@tempdima
- 733 \@tempcntb\baselineskip
- 734 \divide\@tempcnta\@tempcntb
- 735 \setlength\@tempdimb{\baselineskip}%
- 736 \multiply\@tempdimb\@tempcnta
- 737 \advance\@tempdima-\@tempdimb
- 738 \multiply\@tempdima\tw@
- 739 \ifdim\@tempdima>\baselineskip
- 741 \fi
- 742 \addtolength\@tempdimb{\topskip}%
- 743 \textheight\@tempdimb
- 744 \fi

The paper width is set back by adding \Gm@bindingoffset.

- 745 \addtolength\paperwidth{\Gm@bindingoffset}%
- 746 \fi}%
- 747 $\colon{1}{\colon{1}\$

\Gm@showparam The macro for typeout of geometry status and native dimensions for page layout.

```
748 \def\Gm@showparams{%
```

- 749 ----- Geometry parameters^1%
- 750 \ifGm@pass
- 751 'pass' is specified!! (disables the geometry layouter)^^J%
- 752 \else
- 753 paper: $\infty Gm@paper\oundefined class default\else\Gm@paper\fi^^J\%$
- 754 \Gm@checkbool{landscape}%
- 755 twocolumn: \if@twocolumn\Gm@true\else--\fi^^J%
- 756 twoside: \if@twoside\Gm@true\else--\fi^^J%
- 757 asymmetric: \if@mparswitch --\else\if@twoside\Gm@true\else --\fi\fi^J%
- 758 h-parts: \Gm@lmargin, \Gm@width, \Gm@rmargin%
- 759 \ifnum\Gm@cnth=\z@\space(default)\fi^^J%
- 760 v-parts: \Gm@tmargin, \Gm@height, \Gm@bmargin%
- 761 \ifnum\Gm@cntv=\z@\space(default)\fi^^J%
- 762 hmarginratio: $\footnote{Month<5 \leftarrow Gm@cnth=3--}else\%$
- 763 \Gm@hmarginratio\fi\else--\fi^^J%
- 764 vmarginratio: \ifnum\Gm@cntv<5 \ifnum\Gm@cntv=3--\else%
- 765 \Gm@vmarginratio\fi\else--\fi^3\%
- 766 lines: $\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt Cifundefined}{\mbox{\tt Gm@lines}}^-J\%}$
- 767 \Gm@checkbool{heightrounded}%

```
bindingoffset: \the\Gm@bindingoffset^^J%
768
    truedimen: \ifx\Gm@truedimen\@empty --\else\Gm@true\fi^^J%
769
    \Gm@checkbool{includehead}%
770
    \Gm@checkbool{includefoot}%
771
    \Gm@checkbool{includemp}%
772
    driver: \if\Gm@driver\relax --\else\Gm@driver\fi^^J%
773
774
     ----- Page layout dimensions and switches ^ J%
775
     \string\paperwidth\space\space\the\paperwidth^^J\%
776
777
     \string\paperheight\space\the\paperheight^^J%
     \string\textwidth\space\space\the\textwidth^^J%
778
     \string\textheight\space\the\textheight^^J%
779
    \string\oddsidemargin\space\space\the\oddsidemargin^^J\%
780
781
    \string\evensidemargin\space\the\evensidemargin^
782
    \string\topmargin\space\space\the\topmargin^^J\%
    \string\headheight\space\the\headheight^
783
    \string\headsep\@spaces\the\headsep^^J%
784
    \string\footskip\space\space\the\footskip^^J\%
785
    \string\marginparwidth\space\the\marginparwidth^^J\%
786
787
     \string\marginparsep\space\space\the\marginparsep^^J\%
788
     \string\columnsep\space\space\the\columnsep^^J%
    \string\skip\string\footins\space\space\the\skip\footins^^J\%
    \string\hoffset\space\the\hoffset^^J%
    \string\voffset\space\the\voffset^^J%
791
792
    \string\mag\space\the\mag^^J%
    793
    \if@twoside\string\@twosidetrue\space\fi%
794
    \if@mparswitch\string\@mparswitchtrue\space\fi%
795
    \if@reversemargin\string\@reversemargintrue\space\fi^^J%
796
797
    (1in=72.27pt, 1cm=28.45pt)^^J%
     -----}%
799 \@onlypreamble\Gm@showparams
```

\ProcessOptionsKV

This macro can process class and package options using 'key=value' scheme. Only class options are processed with an optional argument 'c', package options with 'p', and both of them by default.

```
800 \def\ProcessOptionsKV{\@ifnextchar[%]
     {\@ProcessOptionsKV}{\@ProcessOptionsKV[]}}%
802 \def\@ProcessOptionsKV[#1]#2{%
     \let\@tempa\@empty
     \@tempcnta\z@
805
     \if#1p\@tempcnta\@ne\else\if#1c\@tempcnta\tw@\fi\fi
806
     \ifodd\@tempcnta
807
      \edef\@tempa{\@ptionlist{\@currname.\@currext}}%
808
     \else
       \@for\CurrentOption:=\@classoptionslist\do{%
809
         \@ifundefined{KV@#2@\CurrentOption}%
810
         {}{\edef\@tempa{\@tempa,\CurrentOption,}}}%
811
812
       \ifnum\@tempcnta=\z@
         \edef\@tempa{\@tempa,\@ptionlist{\@currname.\@currext}}%
813
       \fi
814
     \fi
815
     \edef\@tempa{\noexpand\setkeys{#2}{\@tempa}}%
816
817
     \@tempa
     \AtEndOfPackage{\let\@unprocessedoptions\relax}}%
819 \@onlypreamble\ProcessOptionsKV
820 \@onlypreamble\@ProcessOptionsKV
```

Geometry parameters are initialized here. \Gm@init can be called by reset or pass options.

821 \Gm@init

The optional arguments to \documentclass are processed here.

822 \ProcessOptionsKV[c]{Gm}%

Paper dimensions given by class default are stored.

 $823 \verb|\Gm@setdefaultpaper||$

```
\ExecuteOptions is replaced with \Gm@setkey to make it possible to deal with \langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle as its
 argument.
824 \def\Gm@setkeys{\setkeys{Gm}}%
825 \@onlypreamble\Gm@setkeys
826 \let\Gm@origExecuteOptions\ExecuteOptions
827 \let\ExecuteOptions\Gm@setkeys
 A local configuration file may define more options. To set A4 paper as default, geometry.cfg gg to
 contain \ExecuteOptions{a4paper}.
828 \InputIfFileExists{geometry.cfg}{}{}%
 The original definition for \ExecuteOptions macro is restored.
829 \let\ExecuteOptions\Gm@origExecuteOptions
 The optional arguments to \usepackage are processed here.
830 \ProcessOptionsKV[p]{Gm}%
 Actual settings and calculation for layout dimensions are processed.
831 \Gm@process
    verbose, showframe and driver options are processed at \begin{document}.
832 \AtBeginDocument{%
Paper size is temporally adjusted according to \mag for printing devices.
     \ifGm@resetpaper
834
       \edef\Gm@pw{\Gm@orgpw}%
835
       \edef\Gm@ph{\Gm@orgph}%
     \else
836
       \edef\Gm@pw{\the\paperwidth}%
837
       \edef\Gm@ph{\the\paperheight}%
838
839
If pass is set to true, no adjustment for page dimensions is done.
     \ifGm@pass\else
841
       \ifnum\mag=\@m\else
842
          \Gm@magtooffset
          \divide\paperwidth\@m
844
          \multiply\paperwidth\the\mag
845
         \divide\paperheight\@m
846
          \multiply\paperheight\the\mag
847
       \fi
848
     \fi
Checking the driver options.
     \Gm@checkdrivers
     \ifx\Gm@driver\relax
850
       \typeout{*geometry detected driver: <none>*}%
851
852
853
       \typeout{*geometry detected driver: \Gm@driver*}%
     \fi
854
 If pdftex is set to true, pdf-commands are set properly. To avoid pdftex magnification problem,
 \pdfhorigin and \pdfvorigin are adjusted for \mag.
     \ifx\Gm@driver\Gm@pdftex
855
       \setlength\pdfpagewidth{\Gm@pw}%
856
       \setlength\pdfpageheight{\Gm@ph}%
857
       \int \mbox{ ifnum\mag=\0m\else }
858
          \@tempdima=\mag sp%
859
          \divide\pdfhorigin\@tempdima
860
          \multiply\pdfhorigin\@m
861
862
          \divide\pdfvorigin\@tempdima
          \multiply\pdfvorigin\@m
864
          \ifx\Gm@truedimen\Gm@true
865
            \setlength\paperwidth{\Gm@pw}%
866
            \setlength\paperheight{\Gm@ph}%
         \fi
867
       \fi
868
```

\fi

```
With VT<sub>E</sub>X environment, VT<sub>E</sub>X variables are set here.
```

```
870 \ifx\Gm@driver\Gm@vtex
871 \mediawidth=\paperwidth
872 \mediaheight=\paperheight
873 \ifvtexdvi
874 \AtBeginDvi{\special{papersize=\the\paperwidth,\the\paperheight}}%
875 \fi
876 \fi
```

If dvips or dvipdfm is set to true, paper size is embedded in dvi file with \special. For dvips, a landscape correction is added because a landscape document converted by dvips is upside-down in PostScript viewers.

```
877 \ifx\Gm@driver\Gm@dvips
878 \AtBeginDvi{\special{papersize=\the\paperwidth,\the\paperheight}}%
879 \ifx\Gm@driver\Gm@dvips\ifGm@landscape
880 \AtBeginDvi{\special{! /landplus90 true store}}%
881 \fi\fi
```

When dvipdfm option is set and atbegshi package in 'oberdiek' bundle is loaded, \AtBeginShipoutFirst is used instead of \AtBeginDvi for compatibility with hyperref and dvipdfm program.

```
\else\ifx\Gm@driver\Gm@dvipdfm
882
883
       \ifcase\ifx\AtBeginShipoutFirst\relax\@ne\else
884
            \ifx\AtBeginShipoutFirst\@undefined\@ne\else\z@\fi\fi
885
         \AtBeginShipoutFirst{\special{papersize=\the\paperwidth,\the\paperheight}}%
886
       \or
887
         \AtBeginDvi{\special{papersize=\the\paperwidth,\the\paperheight}}%
       \fi
888
     \fi\fi
889
```

If showframe=true, page frames and lines are showed on the first page.

```
\ifGm@showframe
890
      \AtBeginDvi{%
891
        \moveright\@themargin%
892
        \vbox to\z@{\baselineskip\z@skip\lineskip\z@skip\lineskiplimit\z@%
893
        \vskip\topmargin\vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
894
895
        \vskip\headheight\vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
        \vskip\headsep\vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
896
        \hbox to\textwidth{\llap{\vrule height\textheight}\hfil%
897
898
        \vrule height\textheight}%
        \vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
        \vskip\footskip\vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
900
        \vss}}%
901
902
      \AtBeginDvi{%
        903
        \vskip-1\Gm@truedimen in\rlap{\hskip-1\Gm@truedimen in%
904
        905
        \hbox to \paperwidth{\llap{\vrule height\paperheight}\hfil%
906
907
        \vrule height\paperheight}%
908
        \vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\paperwidth}%
        \vss}}\vss}}%
    \fi
910
```

If verbose=true and pass=false, the system checks if marginpars fall off the page.

911 \ifGm@verbose\ifGm@pass\else\Gm@checkmp\fi\fi

If verbose=true the parameter results are displayed on the terminal. verbose=false (default) still puts them into the log file.

```
912 \ifGm@verbose\expandafter\typeout\else\expandafter\wlog\fi
913 {\Gm@showparams}\%

save memory.

914 \let\Gm@cnth\relax
915 \let\Gm@cntv\relax
916 \let\c@Gm@tempcnt\relax
917 \let\Gm@bindingoffset\relax
918 \let\Gm@wd@mp\relax
```

```
\let\Gm@odd@mp\relax
     \let\Gm@even@mp\relax
920
     \let\Gm@orgpw\relax
921
922
     \let\Gm@orgph\relax
     \let\Gm@pw\relax
923
     \let\Gm@ph\relax
924
     \let\Gm@dimlist\relax}%
The user-interface macro \geometry is defined here. This command should be used in the preamble.
926 \def\geometry#1{%
927
     \Gm@clean
     \setkeys{Gm}{#1}%
928
     \Gm@process}%
929
930 \@onlypreamble\geometry
931 (/package)
```

Config file 13

919

In the configuration file geometry.cfg, one can use \ExecuteOptions to set the site or user default settings.

```
932 (*config)
933 %<<SAVE_INTACT
935 \% Uncomment and edit the line below to set default options.
936 %\ExecuteOptions{a4paper}
938 %SAVE_INTACT
939 (/config)
```

14 Sample file

Here is an executable sample tex file.

```
940 (*samples)
941 %<<SAVE_INTACT
942 \documentclass{article}% uses letterpaper by default
943\ \%\ \c) at icle}\% for A4 paper
944 %-----
945\;\text{\%} Edit and uncomment one of the settings below
947 % \usepackage{geometry}
948 % \usepackage[centering]{geometry}
949 % \usepackage[width=10cm, vscale=.7] {geometry}
950 % \usepackage[margin=1cm, papersize={12cm,19cm}, resetpaper]{geometry}
951 % \usepackage [margin=1cm,includeheadfoot] {geometry}
952 \usepackage [margin=1cm,includeheadfoot,includemp] {geometry}
953 % \usepackage [margin=1cm, bindingoffset=1cm, twoside] {geometry}
954 % \usepackage[hmarginratio=2:1, vmargin=2cm]{geometry}
955 % \usepackage[hscale=0.5,twoside]{geometry}
956 % \usepackage[hscale=0.5,asymmetric]{geometry}
957 % \usepackage[hscale=0.5,heightrounded] {geometry}
958 % \usepackage[left=1cm,right=4cm,top=2cm,includefoot]{geometry}
959 % \usepackage[lines=20,left=2cm,right=6cm,top=2cm,twoside] {geometry}
960 % \usepackage[width=15cm, marginparwidth=3cm, includemp]{geometry}
961 % \usepackage[hdivide={1cm,,2cm}, vdivide={3cm,8in,}, nohead]{geometry}
962 % \usepackage[headsep=20pt, head=40pt,foot=20pt,includeheadfoot]{geometry}
963 % \usepackage[text={6in,8in}, top=2cm, left=2cm]{geometry}
964 % \usepackage[centering,includemp,twoside,landscape]{geometry}
965 % \usepackage[mag=1414,margin=2cm]{geometry}
966 % \usepackage[mag=1414,margin=2truecm,truedimen]{geometry}
967 % \usepackage[compat2,marginpar=50pt,twosideshift=50pt]{geometry}
968 % \usepackage[a5paper, landscape, twocolumn, twoside,
```

```
left=2cm, hmarginratio=2:1, includemp, marginparwidth=43pt,
969 %
                                       bottom=1cm, foot=.7cm, includefoot, textheight=11cm, heightrounded,
970 %
                                       columnsep=1cm,verbose]{geometry}
971 %
972 %-----
973\ \% No need to change below
974 %-----
975\ \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc yerbose,showframe}}\% options appended.
976 \newcommand\mynote{\marginpar%
977 [\raggedright\rule{\marginparwidth}{.7pt}\\A left side note.]%
978 {\raggedright\rule{\marginparwidth}{.7pt}\\A side note.}}%
979 \def\fox{A quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. }
981 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mboxes\mbox{\mboxes\mbox{\mboxes\mboxes\mbox{\mboxes\mbox{\mboxes\mbox{\mboxes\mbox{\mboxes\mbox{\mboxes\mbox{\mbox{\mboxes}\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mboxes}\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\m}\mbox{\mbox{\m
982\ \%\ \text{let}\ notes.
983 \begin{document}
984 \mbox{manyfoxes}\mbox{manyfoxes}
985 \mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{manyfoxes}$}} ny foxes \mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{manyfoxes}$}} ny foxes \mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{}\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbo
986 \manyfoxes\manyfoxes\manyfoxes
987 \end{document}
988 %SAVE_INTACT
989 (/samples)
```