

Exception Handling

Agenda

Introduction to Exception Handling

Sensitivity: Internal & Restricted

Exception Handling Keywords

Introduction to **Exception Handling**





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What is an Exception?

- An exception is an event that occurs during the execution of a program that disrupts the normal flow of instructions
- The ability of a program to intercept run-time errors, take corrective measures and continue execution is referred to as exception handling
- There are various situations when an exception could occur:
 - Attempting to access a file that does not exist
 - Inserting an element into an array at a position that is not in its bounds
 - Performing some mathematical operation that is not permitted
 - Declaring an array using negative values

What is an Exception? (Contd.).

- The following exceptions have to be addressed by the programmer.
- They are frequently encountered in java programs.
 - NPE -- NullPointerException
 - NFE -- NumberFormatException
 - AIOOBE -- ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
 - SIOOBE -- StringIndexOutOfBoundsException
 - AE -- ArithmeticException
- Can You list under which situation, these exceptions occur?

- Can You say, **How to avoid them**?
- Can You list some exceptions?

Uncaught Exceptions

```
class
       Demo {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
   int x = 0;
   int y = 50/x;
   System.out.println("y = " + y);
    Will compile, but when you execute it, displays:
    java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
   at Demo.main(Demo.java:4)
```

At What Line Exception occurred? Can you see?

Exception Handling Techniques

• There are several built-in exception classes that are used to handle the very fundamental errors that may occur in your programs

- You can create your own exceptions also by extending the **Exception** class
- These are called User-defined Exceptions.
- Can you say some example situations, where you will create User-defined Exceptions?

Handling Runtime Exceptions

- Whenever an exception occurs in a program, an object representing that exception is created and thrown in the method in which the exception occurred
- Either you can handle the exception, or ignore it
- In the latter case, the exception is handled by the Java run-time-system and the program terminates
- Handling the exceptions will avoid abnormal program termination!

Exception Handling Keywords





Exception Handling Keywords

Java's exception handling is managed using the following keywords: try, catch, throw, throws and finally.

```
try {
  // code comes here
catch (TypeofException obj) {
  //handle the exception
finally {
            //code to be executed before the program ends
```

Summary

In this session, you were able to:

- Learn brief introduction on exception and techniques to handle exception
- Learn about exception handling keywords



Thank You

