Table 1: Continuity Equation for Incompressible Flow in Different Coordinate Systems

| Coordinate System | Continuity Equation |
|-------------------|---|
| Cartesian | $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0$ |
| Cylindrical | $\frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial(ru_r)}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} = 0$ |

Table 2: Momentum Equations for Incompressible Flow in Different Coordinate Systems

| Momentum Equation | | |
|---|--|--|
| Cartesian | | |
| $\left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2}\right) + g_x$ | | |
| $\left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial z^2}\right) + g_y$ | | |
| $\left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial z^2}\right) + g_z$ | | |
| Cylindrical | | |
| | | |
| $\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} - \frac{u_r}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u_r}{\partial \theta^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial^2 u_r}{\partial z^2} \right]$ | | |
| $\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(ru_r)$ | | |
| θ | | |
| $r\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial r}$ $-\frac{u_{\theta}}{r^2}$ $+\frac{1}{r^2}\frac{\partial^2 u_{\theta}}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{2}{r^2}\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial^2 u_{\theta}}{\partial z^2}$ | | |
| $rac{1}{r}rac{\partial}{\partial r}(ru_{	heta}) igg)$ | | |
| $-g_z$ | | |
| $\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial z^2} \right]$ | | |
| | | |

Table 3: Streamline Equations

| Coordinate System | Streamline Equations |
|---------------------------|--|
| Cartesian | $u = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} v = -\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x}$ |
| Cylindrical, Planar | $u_r = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \theta} u_\theta = -\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial r}$ |
| Cylindrical, Axisymmetric | $u_r = -\frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z}$ $u_z = \frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial r}$ |