

# Lecture-1

#  $n$  equation,  $n$  unknown  $\leftarrow$  Fundamental problem of Linear Algebra

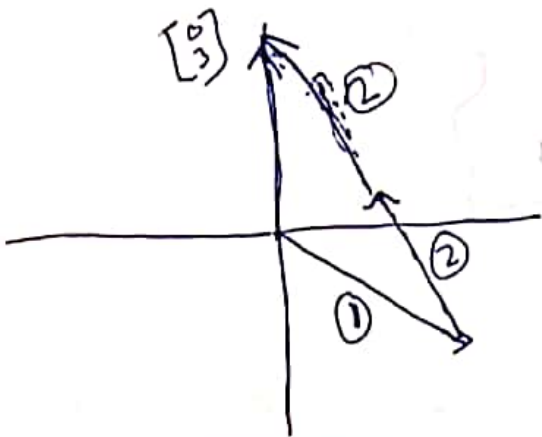
- $\rightarrow$  Row picture
- $\rightarrow$  Column picture
- $\rightarrow$  Matrix form

Matrix  $\Rightarrow$  It is just a rectangular array of numbers

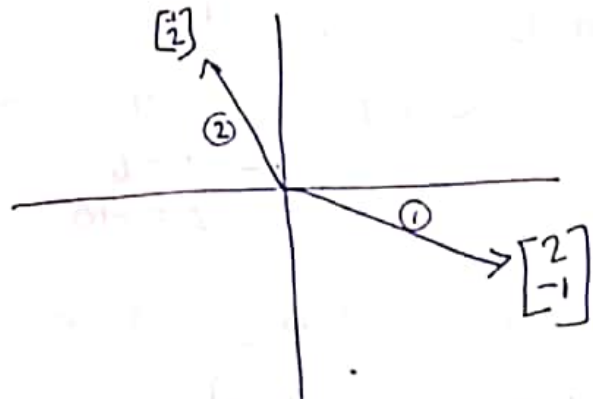
Example

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - y &= 0 \\ -x + 2y &= 3 \end{aligned} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + y \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \text{Linear Combination of Column}$$



Singular



Non-Invertible

$AX=b$   $\leftarrow$  Matrix form

