# Ros Controllers

⇒ The ros_control package provide a set of Controller Plugins in order to interact in different ways with the joints of your robot.

1. effort_controllers
   - ↳ joint you want to control accept effort commands.
   - Joint_effort_controller
     - ↳ accepts effort as input value
   - joint_position_controller
     - ↳ accepts position as input value
   - joint_velocity_controller
     - ↳ accepts velocity as input.
2. Position_controllers
   - ↳ joint you want to control accepts position commands.
   - joint_position_Controller
3. Velocity_controllers
   - ↳ joint you want to control accepts Velocity commands.
   - joint_velocity controller
4. joint_state_controllers
   - ↳ This plugin provides the state of the joints, Publishing them into a topic called /joint_states.
   - joint_state_controller

## * Configration file

### robotname_control.yaml

```
robotname:
    joint_State_Controller:
        type: joint-State_Controller / JointStateController
        Publish_rate: 50

    joint1_position_Controller:
        type: effort_Controllers/ JointPosition Controller
        Joint: Jointname
        Pid: {P:100.0, i:0.01, d: 10.0}
```

## * Launch file

```
<launch>
    <include file="$(find my_package)/launch/Robotname
                _world.launch"/>
    <rosparam file="$(find my-package)/config/
                Robotname_gazebo_Control.yaml"
                Command="load"/>
    <node name="Controller_Spawner" pkg="controllermanager"
        type="Spawner" respawn="false" output="screen"
        ns="/Robotname args="joint_State Controller
            joint1_Position_Controller
                :  :  :  :
                />
```

```
<node name = "srobot_state_publisher" pkg = "srobot_state_publisher"
    type = "srobot_state_publisher"
    respawn = "false" output = "screen">
    <remap from="/joint_states" to="/srobotname/joint_states" />
</node>

</launch>
```

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★ Transmission tag

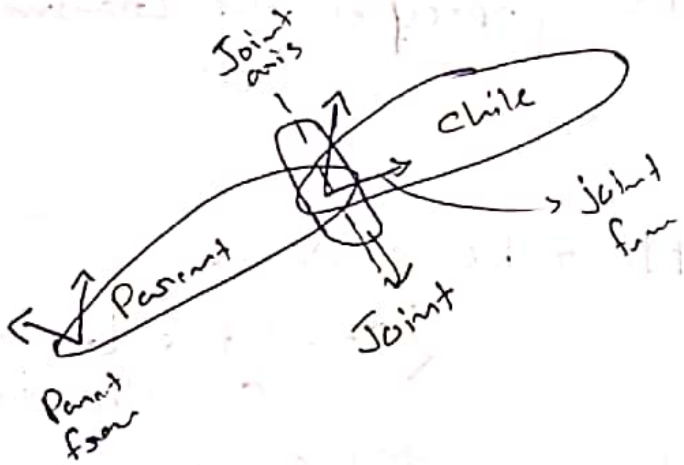
- Attribute name (required).
- Elements
  - <type> {Specifies the transmission type}
  - <joint>
    - Attribute name {Joint the transmission is connected to}
    - <hardwareInterface> {Specify a supported joint-space hardware interface}
  - <actuator> {The actuator the transmission is connected to}

*

* → Attribute name {name of the actuator}
→ <mechanicalReduction> {Specifies a mechanical reduction at the joint/actuator transmission

★ Joint tag

⇒ The joint describe the Kinematics and dynamics of the joint and also specifies the safety limits of the joint.




# Attributes

→ name {Unique name for the joint}

→ type {Specifies the type of joint}

*

* → revolute { hinge joint with limited range.
→ continuous { hinge joint with no limit on range
→ prismatic { Sliding joint that slides along the axis, and has a limited range
→ fixed { This is not really a joint because it cannot move
→ floating { Have all 6 DOF }
→ planar { Allows motion in a plane ⊥ to the axis }

# Elements

→ <origin>
  { This is the transform from the Parent link to the child link }
  → xyz { Represents xyz offset }
  → rpy { Represents rotation about the corresponding axis. }

→ <parent>
  → link { Parent link name }

→ <child>
  → link { child link name }

* → <axis> → xyz

→ <calibration>
{The reference positions of the joint, used to calibrate the absolute position of the joint}

→ rising
{when the joint moves in a positive direction, this reference position will trigger a rising edge}

→ falling
{When the joint move in a positive direction, this reference position will trigger a falling edge}

→ <dynamic>
{for specifying physical properties of joint}

→ damping

→ friction

→ <limit> (required for revolute and prismatic joint)

→ lower

→ upper

→ effort {for enforcing max joint effort}

→ velocity {for enforcing max joint velocity}

→ <mimic>

→ Attribute joint (to mimic)

→ multiplier

→ offset

⇒ This tag is used to specify that the defined joint mimics another existing joint.

⇒ The value of the joint can be computed as

$$\text{Value} = (\text{multiplier} \times \text{other\_joint\_value}) + \text{offset}$$

→ <Safety_Controller>

→ soft_lower_limit

→ soft_upper_limit

→ k_position

→ k_velocity