11: mv draft draft.remove

drwxrwxr-x vboxuser

13 : find . -printf "%M %-20u %-20g %p\n"

1.x. Command Line Tasks Linux System:

Assignment 1

https://github.com/notnatedavis/ser321-spring25B-ndavispe)

1: mkdir cli_assignment 2 : cd cli_assignment 3: touch stuff.txt 4: cat > stuff.txt << EOF > test > text > here > EOF 5:3 words 4 lines (extra line added automatically at the end) 6: cat >> stuff.txt << EOF > more > text > here 7: xubuntu@xubuntu:~/Desktop/cli_assignment\$ mkdir draft 8: mv stuff.txt draft 9: cd draft, touch.secret.txt

10 : cp -a ~/Desktop/cli_assignment/draft/. ~/Desktop/cli_assignment/final

vboxuser

12: mv ~/Desktop/cli_assignment/draft.remove ~/Desktop/cli_assignment/final

drwxrwxr-x vboxuser vboxuser ./final

-rw-rw-r-- vboxuser vboxuser ./final/stuff.txt

drwxrwxr-x vboxuser vboxuser ./final/draft.remove

-rw-rw-r-- vboxuser vboxuser ./final/draft.remove/stuff.txt

-rw-rw-r-- vboxuser vboxuser ./final/draft.remove/.secret.txt

-rw-rw-r-- vboxuser vboxuser ./final/.secret.txt

14 : zcat NASA_access_log_Aug95.gz (or) gunzip -c NASA_access_log_Aug95.gz

15: gunzip -k NASA_access_log_Aug95.gz

16: mv NASA_access_log_Aug95 logs.txt

17: mv logs.txt ~/Desktop/cli_assignment

18: head -n 100 ~/Desktop/cli_assignment/logs.txt

19: head -n 100 ~/Desktop/cli assignment/logs.txt >

~/Desktop/cli_assignment/logs_top_100.txt

20: tail -n 100 ~/Desktop/cli assignment/logs.txt

21 : tail -n 100 ~/Desktop/cli_assignment/logs.txt >

~/Desktop/cli_assignment/logs_bottom_100.txt

22: cat ~/Desktop/cli_assignment/logs_top_100.txt

~/Desktop/cli_assignment/logs_bottom_100.txt >

~/Desktop/cli_assignment/logs_snapshot.txt

23 : echo "ndavispe: This is a great assignment" >> logs_snapshot.txt

echo "3/24/2025" >> logs snapshot.txt

24 : cd ~/Desktop/cli_assignment

less logs.txt

25: tail -n +2 ~/Desktop/marks.csv

cut -d '%' -f 2 ~/Desktop/marks.csv | tail -n +2 > ~/Desktop/student_names.txt

26: cut -d '%' -f 3 ~/Desktop/marks.csv | tail -n +2 | sort -n

27 : awk -F '%' 'NR>1 {sum += \$3; count++} END {print "Average:", sum/count}'

~/Desktop/marks.csv

28 : awk -F '%' 'NR>1 {sum += \$3; count++} END {print "Average:", sum/count}' ~/Desktop/marks.csv > ~/Desktop/cli_assignment/done.txt

29: cd cli_assignment

mv done.txt ~/Desktop/cli_assignment/final

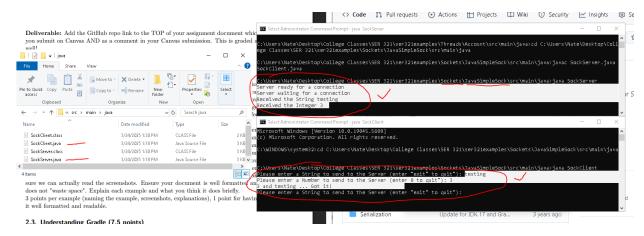
30 : cd final

mv done.txt average.txt

2.2 Examples:

2.2.1: SockClient & SockServer

SockServer is responsible for attempting to establish a connection along with input/output streams and SockClient is responsible for maintaining a connection to established SockServer passing input/output streams.



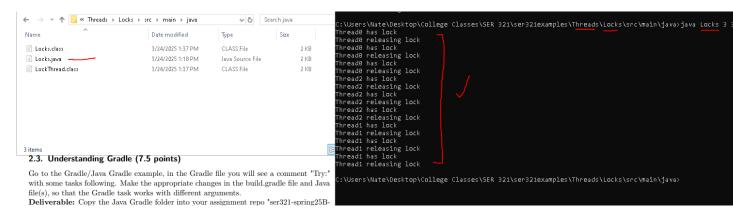
2.2.2: SynchExample

Handles creating a thread for each 'transaction' and printing associated (passed) values for each thread.



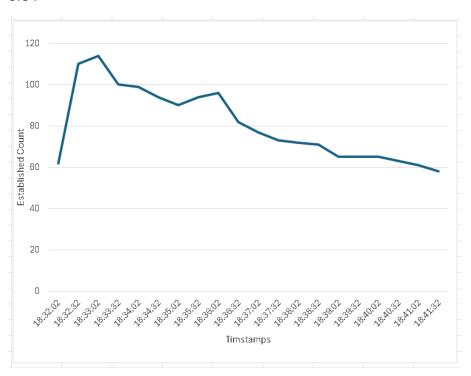
2.2.3: Locks

Handles creating new LockThread mutexs with passed parameters and printing status'



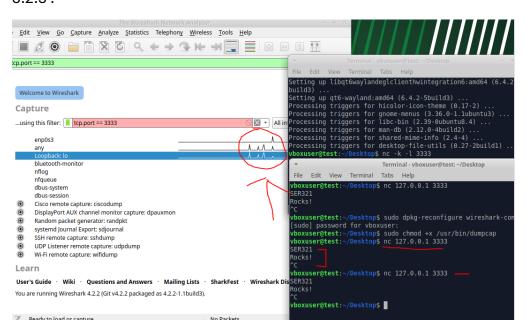
2.4: (youtube.com/watch?v=tvg6ELQT_Dg)

3.3:

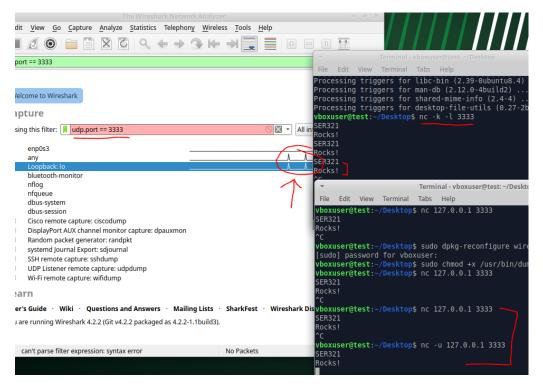


```
Nathaniel Davis-Perez
3/24/25
SER 321
# monitor_sockets.ps1 script for socket states of 10 min
$duration = 10 * 60 # 10 min in seconds
$interval = 30
                # check every 30 seconds
$endTime = (Get-Date).AddSeconds($duration)
while ((Get-Date) -lt $endTime) {
 # get current timestamp
 $timestamp = Get-Date -Format "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss"
 # count ESTABLISHED and LISTEN connections
 $netstatOutput = netstat -ano | Select-String -Pattern "ESTABLISHED|LISTEN"
 $listenCount = ($netstatOutput | Select-String -Pattern "LISTEN").Count
 $establishedCount = ($netstatOutput | Select-String -Pattern "ESTABLISHED").Count
 # output to CSV
 "$timestamp, LISTEN=$listenCount, ESTABLISHED=$establishedCount" | Out-File -
Append -FilePath "socket_data.csv"
 Start-Sleep -Seconds $interval
}
```

3.2.5:



- a. commands used (nc -k -l 3333) and (nc 127.0.0.1 3333). The first command is responsible for -listening on port 3333 and maintain listening -k even after disconnection
 - b. 4 frames for 2 lines
 - c. 2 Packets for 2 lines, 1 for SER321 and 1 for Rocks!
 - d. 9 Packets for whole process
 - e. 12 bytes sent (SER321+ $\n = 7$, Rocks!+ $\n = 6$, -1 for the header ?)
 - f. 498 bytes, 54 bytes for 9 packets + 12 from data
 - g. ((498-12) / 12) * 100 = ~97% overhead



- a. commands used (nc -k -l -u 3333) and (nc -u 127.0.0.1 3333). The first command is responsible for -listening on port 3333 and maintain listening -k even after disconnection specifically using -u UDP
 - b. 2 frames for 2 lines
 - c. 2 Packets for 2 lines, 1 for SER321 and 1 for Rocks!
 - d. 2 Packets for whole process since UDP is connectionless
 - e. 70 bytes total sent (SER321+\n = 7, Rocks!+\n = 7), 20+8+7 = 35*2(data sent) = 70
 - f. 14 bytes (SER321+ $\n = 7$, Rocks!+ $\n = 7$)

Nathaniel Davis-Perez 3/24/25 SER 321

g. 70 - 14 = 56, 56 / 14 = 400% overhead

3.3.1: (https://youtu.be/Uw18U0ofp1k)

- 3.3.2 : On wireshark the needed changes were updating the filter to isolate AWS traffic using ip.addr == AWS_IP. This was because previously loopback was used for local interface. For Gradle calls the changes were within the build gradle file within the AWS ec2 client to set the server IP/port manually.
- 3.3.3 : This doesn't work without issues and can't be done the same way as in 3.3.2. This is because local servers hold a private IP and are typically hidden behind NAT.
- 3.3.4: You can easily reach your server on AWS with a client running in your local network but not as easily in the other direction because of how dynamic IP's change in intervals. The 'issue' if you wanted to run your server locally and reach it remotely would be that common ports get blocked and the IP is constantly changing.