PS kūrimo procesas

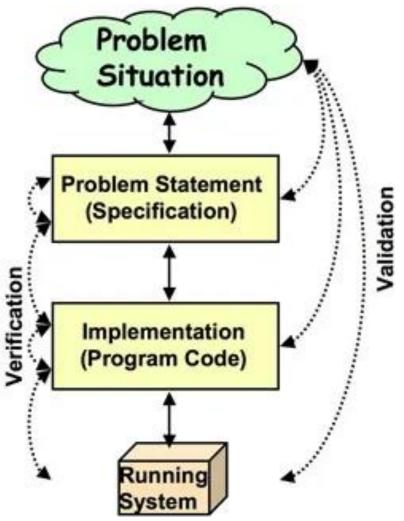
Dr. Asta Slotkienė

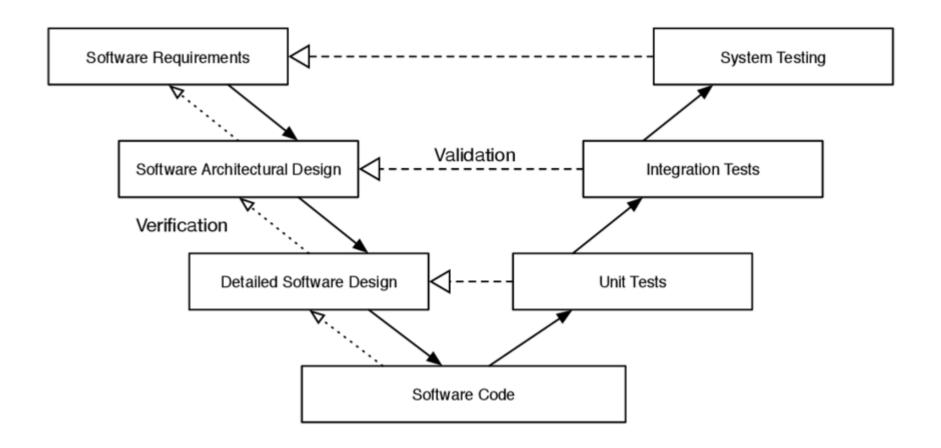
CMMI-DEV Engineering PAs

- Requirements Development (RD):
 - understanding what stakeholders think they need and documenting that understanding for the people who will be designing solutions
- Product Integration (PI):
 - putting together all the product components so that the overall product has expected behaviors and characteristics
- Technical Solution (TS):
 - using effective engineering to build solutions that meet end user needs
- Verification (VER):
 - making sure that the solution you ended up with meets your agreement about the needs
- Validation (VAL):
 - making sure that the solution actually meets the needs of users in the service environment

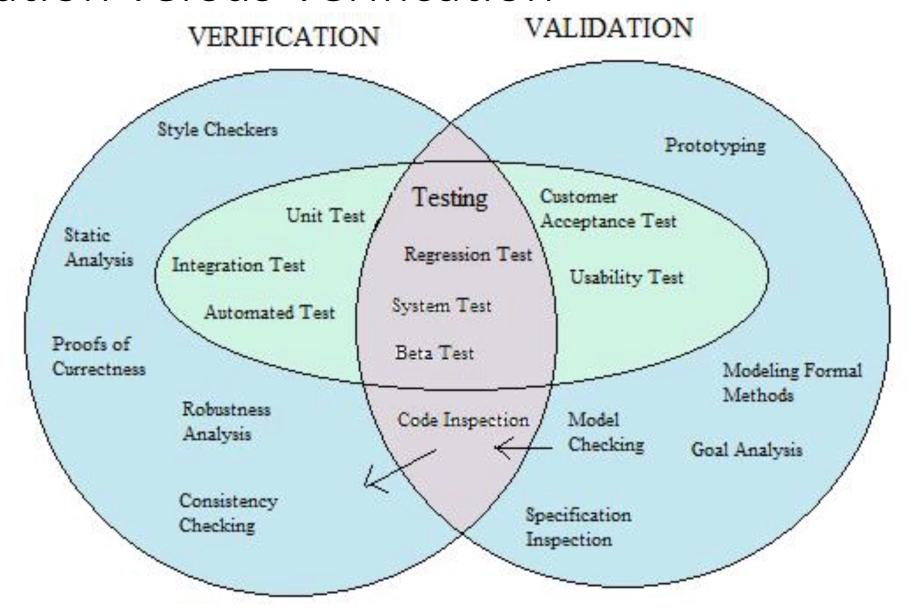
Validation versus Verification







Validation versus Verification



CMMI-DEV ->Verification

- The purpose of Verification is to ensure that selected work products meet their specified requirements.
- The process area involves the following:
 - verification preparation,
 - verification performance
 - identification of corrective action.

Validation definition

• The process of evaluating software during or at the end of the development process to determine whether it satisfies specified (or implicit) business requirements.

- To ensure that the product actually meets the user's needs,
- To ensure that the requirements were correct in the first place.

Validation definition

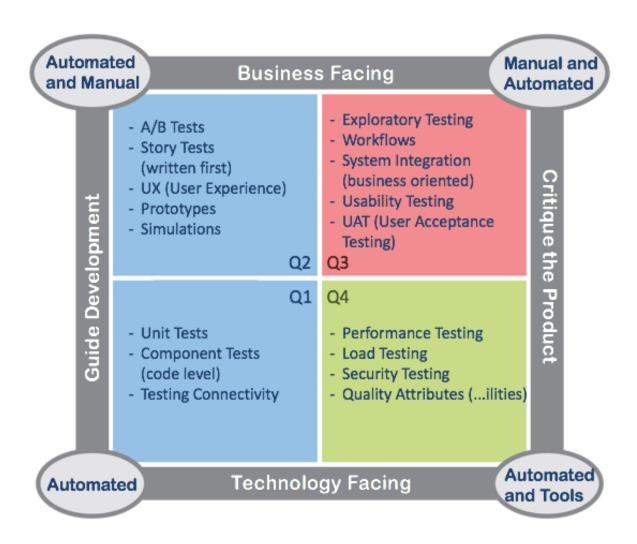
 Confirmation by examination and through provision of objective evidence that the requirements for a specific intended use or application have been fulfilled.

CMMI-DEV -> Validation

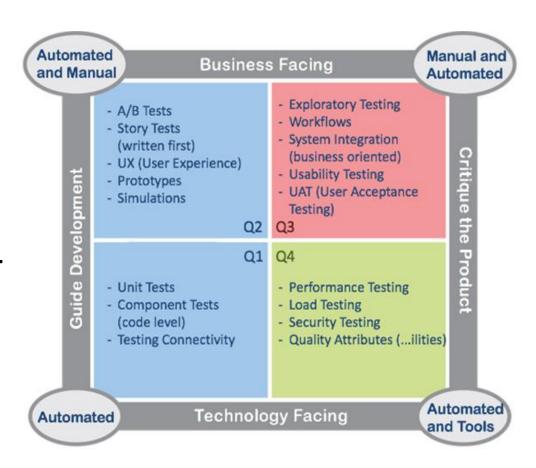
• The purpose of Validation is to demonstrate that a product or product component fulfills its intended use when placed in its intended environment.

CMMI-DEV -> Verification and Validation

In Engineering (DEV)					
VER - Verification VAL - Validation					
VER SG 1 Preparation for verification is conducted. VAL SG 1 Prepare for validation is conducted.	VER SP 1.1 Select Work Products for Verification VER SP 1.2 Establish the Verification Environment VER SP 1.3 Establish Verification Procedures and Criteria VAL SP 1.1 Select Products for Validation VAL SP 1.2 Establish the Validation Environment VAL SP 1.3 Establish Validation Procedures and Criteria				
VER SG 2 Peer reviews are performed on selected work products.	VER SP 2.1 Prepare for Peer Reviews VER SP 2.2 Conduct Peer Reviews VER SP 2.3 Analyze Peer Review Data				
VER SG 3 Selected work products are verified against their specified requirements.	VER SP 3.1 Perform Verification VER SP 3.2 Analyze Verification Results				
VAL SG 2 The product or product components are validated to ensure they are suitable for use in their intended operating environment.	VAL SP 2.1 Perform Validation VAL SP 2.2 Analyze Validation Results				

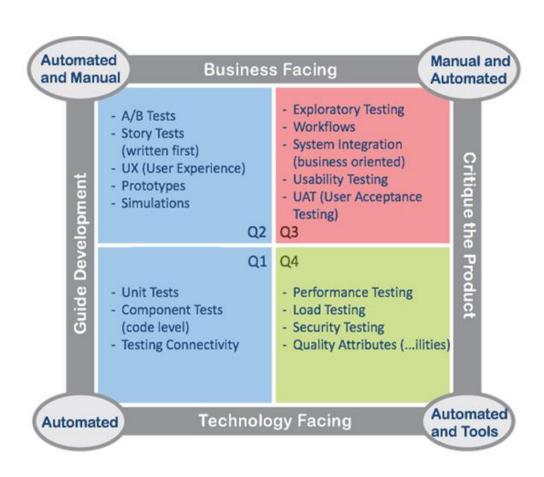


- Q1 Contains unit and component tests.
 - To confirm that the system works as agreed,
 - Tests are written to run before and after code changes.
 - In software, this is largely the home of **Test- Driven Development** (TDD).



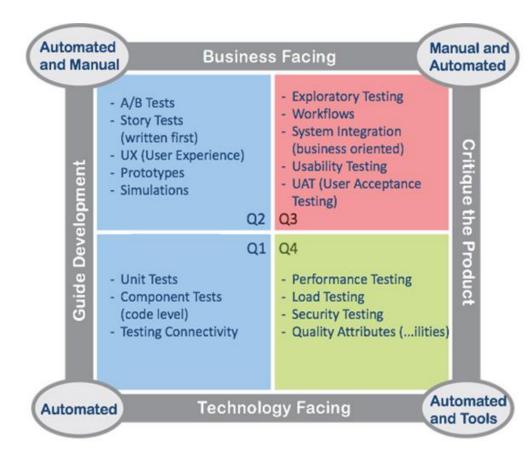
Q2

- Contains functional tests:
 - user acceptance tests) for stories, features, and capabilities, to validate that they work the way the Product Owner (or Customer/user) intended.
- Feature-level and capability-level acceptance tests confirm the aggregate behavior of many user stories.



Q3

- Contains system-level acceptance tests to validate that the behavior of the whole system meets usability and functionality requirements, including scenarios that are often encountered during system use.
 - They involve users and testers engaged in real or simulated deployment scenarios, these tests are often manual.
- They're frequently the final system validation before delivery of the system to the end-user.



Q4

- Contains system qualities testing to verify the system meets its Nonfunctional Requirements (NFRs),
 - Typically, they're supported by a suite of automated testing tools (such as load and performance) designed specifically for this purpose.
- Since any system changes can violate conformance with NFRs, they must be run continuously, or at least whenever it's practical.

