

Technical Test DEV - D

Date:	City/State: Recite/Pernambuco
Course:_	22/12/2024 Information Systems Educational Institution: UFRPE - Universidade Federal Rural de Pernambu
Course D	Ouration (in years): 4.5 Current Semester: 4th Graduation Year (expected): 2026.2
Availabilit	ty to work: 20h 30h x 40h Estimated Start Date: immediately after confirmation
Instruct	ions:
technica	t consists of 8 multiple choice questions, 1 algorithm implementation and 1 non- I question. The algorithm is worth 60% of the total score. The non-technical must be answered in Portuguese.
You may	use any blank space on this test as a draft.
Use the	table below to record your answers.
Good luc	ck!

Answer Sheet

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
А							X	×
В				×				
С	×	×	×			×		
D					×			

Given:

```
public class A {
1.
    public void print() { System.out.println("x"); } 3.
2.
    public class B extends A {
4.
    public void print() { System.out.println("y"); } 6.
5.
7.
    public class Main{
8.
        public static void main(String[] args) {
9.
           B test = new A();
10.
            test.print();
11.
        }
12. }
```

What's the output?

- **A.** x
- B. v
- X Runtime or Compilation error on line 9
- D. Runtime or Compilation error on line 10

Question 2

Given:

```
//********
1.
2.
   // file A.java
   //********
3.
4. package a;
5.
  public class A {
6.
    private int x;
7.
      protected int y;
8.
      public int m1() {return x;}
9. }
10. //*************
11. // file B.java
12. //***************
13. package b;
14. import a.A;
15. public class B extends A {
16.
      private int z;
17.
     public void m2(A a) {
18.
          z = y;
19.
          z = a.x;
20.
          z = a.m1();
21.
      }
22. }
```

Consider the following statements:

- I. Line 18 is not valid because y is protected on A
- II. Line 19 is not valid because x is privateIII. Line 20 is valid because m1() is public
- A. Only I and II are correct
- B. Only I and III are correct
- Q. Only II and III are correct
- D. I, II and III are correct

What are the major elements in an object model?

- A. Abstraction, encapsulation and persistence
- B. Hierarchy, persistence and typing
- **ℰ**. Abstraction, encapsulation and hierarchy
- D. Hierarchy, concurrency and typing

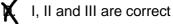
Question 4

Suppose the keys $\{1,2,3,4,6,9\}$ are inserted into a hash table with collisions resolved by chaining. Let the table have 3 slots, and the hash function be h(k) = k % 3, that is, h(k) returns the remainder of the Euclidean division of k by 3. How will the keys be organized into this hash table?

Question 5

Consider the following statements:

- A Binary Tree is a tree data structure in which each node has at most two child nodes, usually distinguished as "left" and "right", and a tree with *n* nodes has exactly *n*–1 branches.
- A Hash Map is a data structure in which, if there's no collision among the keys, you can always find an element in O(1) time, even in the worst case.
- In a doubly linked list data structure, each item is linked to both the previous and the next items in the list, allowing easy access of list items backwards as well as forwards.
- A. Only II and III are correct
- B. Only II is correct
- C. Only III is correct



A. (1)

In the following code, assume that Queue is not thread-safe, there is more than one Producer thread and more than one Consumer thread running and this program is crashing on runtime. In order to fix the code below how should you fill in lines (1), (2), (3) and (4)?

```
Global variables
Queue q;
(1)
Producer thread
                                        Consumer thread
runProducer() {
                                        runConsumer() {
  while(true) {
                                          while(true) {
    item = new item();
                                            (2)
    (2)
                                            if (q is not empty) {
    if (q is not full) {
                                              item = q.dequeue();
      q.enqueue(item);
                                               (3)
      (3)
                                             (4)
    (4)
                                          }
                                        }
  }
}
```

```
(2)
(3) if(Consumer) sleep(1); else sleep(2);
(4)

B. (1) mutex m;
(2)
(3) m.lock();
(4) m.unlock();

(1) semaphore guard;
(2) wait(guard);
(3)
(4) signal(guard);
```

D. Alternatives A, B and C are all correct.

Considering the following tables and data information, what would be the correct result of the SQL command below?

Salesperson					
ID	Name	Age	Salary		
1	Abe	61	140,000		
2	Bob	34	44,000		
5	Chris	34	40,000		
7	Dan	41	52,000		
8	Ken	57	115,000		
11	Joe	38	38,000		

		Customer	
ID	Name	City	Industry_Type
4	Samsonic	Pleasant	G
6	Panasung	Oaktown	N
7	Samony	Jackson	N
9	Ornange	Hayward	G
8	Hepoul	Cupertino	I

		Orders		
Number	Order_Date	cust_id	salesperson_id	Amount
10	8/2/2010	4	2	540
20	5/6/2012	9	7	150
30	3/12/2012	8	5	1,500
40	1/30/2013	4	*	1,800
50	7/14/2009	9	1	460
60	1/29/2012	7	2	2,400
70	2/3/2012	6	7	600
80	4/1/2013	8	2	2,300
90	3/2/2012	6	7	720

```
SELECT Salesperson.Name from Salesperson
WHERE Salesperson.ID NOT IN(
    SELECT Orders.salesperson_id FROM Orders
    INNER JOIN Customer ON Orders.cust_id = Customer.ID
    WHERE Customer.Name = 'Samsonic')
AND Salesperson.ID IN
    (SELECT DISTINCT Orders.salesperson_id FROM Orders);
```

X .	Abe
. ,	Chris
	Dan

B. Abe
Bob
Chris
Dan

C. Abe Chris Dan Joe D. Bob Ken

Given this output on a Linux terminal:

```
$ cat unix_like_systems.txt
MINIX operating system
UNIX operating system
Linux operating system
MINIX and UNIX operating system
MINIX and Linux operating system
UNIX and Linux operating system
```

What will be the correct result of the command below?

\$ cat unix_like_systems.txt | grep UNIX | sort



MINIX and UNIX operating system UNIX and Linux operating system UNIX operating system

- B. operating system UNIX and MINIX operating system UNIX and Linux operating system UNIX
- C. and MINIX operating system UNIX and Linux operating system UNIX operating system UNIX
- D. UNIX operating system MINIX and UNIX operating system UNIX and Linux operating system

Infinite Coins

Given an infinite number of quarters (25 cents), dimes (10 cents), nickels (5 cents) and pennies (1 cent), write a method **makeChange()** to calculate and return a Set containing the ways of representing n cents using those coins. Each element of the returned Set should represent the number of coins to compose the entry value, an array like this: [quarters, dimes, nickels, pennies].

The method **makeChange()** can use a Set data structure to store each representation of n cents, and then, return it. A **Set** is a collection that contains no duplicate elements and the order of elements is irrelevant. Consider the following interface defined for Set:

Method signature	Method description
boolean add(Element e)	Adds the specified element to this set if it is not already present (optional operation).
boolean addAll(Set s)	Adds all elements from s that are not already present in this set.
boolean contains (Element e)	Returns true if this set contains the specified element.
boolean equals(Set s)	Compares the specified set s with this set for equality.
<pre>Iterator<element> iterator()</element></pre>	Returns an iterator over the elements in this set.
boolean remove(Element e)	Removes the specified element from this set if it is present (optional operation).
int size()	Returns the number of elements in this set (its cardinality).
Element[] toArray()	Returns an array containing all of the elements in this set.

Table: Set interface

Input example:

n = 12

Output for the given example:

```
[[0,0,0,12], [0,0,1,7], [0,0,2,2], [0,1,0,2]]*
```

* this is the content of the **Set** which should be returned by the function.

Your proposed solution can be written in **pseudo-code** or any well-known language (C, C++, Java, etc) and you are free to implement any auxiliary functions. Besides, write down a comment to the implemented function, explaining how your function will work like the one below.

```
/**
* The function below will ...
* - Obtain the input
* - Iterate over the elements
* ...
* - Print the output and return ...
*/
```

Algorithm Solution

```
def makeChange():
cents using
  Tonissfuri 255011 0 a 15 July 18 adethte weaves the mapries protegraval unenig.
  How it works:
 - Gets the user input for the value in cents.
  - Creates a DP table where dp[i] contains all
combinations to form the value i.
resulterates over each coin type and updates dp[i] based
on previously solved subproblems.
  n Printsidped (d'Endecohebarations iancentsurh)s the
  # Define the coin values
coins = [25, 10, 5, 1]
  # Initialize the DP table with empty sets to store combinations
= [det()] for _ in range(n + 1)]
  dp[0].add((0, 0, 0, 0))
ea#huppdate the combinations in dp for
  for coin idx, coin in enumerate(coins):
     for i in range(coin, n + 1):
for comb in dp[i - coin]:
          # Update the combination by adding 1 coin of the current
type
          new comb = list(comb)
          new comb[coin idx] += 1
dp[i].add(tuple(new comb))
  # Convert the set of combinations into a list of lists
  result =
first (control inforcted (beisudt) [n]]
  pript(flt(combinations to make {n} cents are:")
  return result
makeChange()
```

Qual a disciplina que você mais gostou de cursar na faculdade e por quê? (Responder em português)

A disciplina que eu mais gostei é uma que eu ainda estou cursando, a de Modelagem Matemático-Computacional para Epidemiologia Computacional. Pois integrou conceitos de matemática, biologia e computação de forma prática e interdisciplinar. Durante o curso, trabalhei com ferramentas como autômatos celulares e algoritmos geniétimos, apilibadas à ilidades gempde graidação seces tautália edeclados sos, o que A introdução a

conceitos avançados, como máquinas de Turing e computação universal, expandiu minha visão sobre algoritmos, enquanto os algoritmos genéticos reforçaram meu conhecimento em otimização e inteligência artificial. Essa cadeira me aprimorou em competências como análise de dados, simulações dinâmicas, algoritmos de classificação e clusterização, permitindo-me integrar habilidades técnicas em programação com fundamentos teóricos sólidos, além de fortalecer minha capacidade de resolver problemas complexos e de trabalhar com dados e modelos aplicados a cenários reais.