

Programmazione Web



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synesthesia

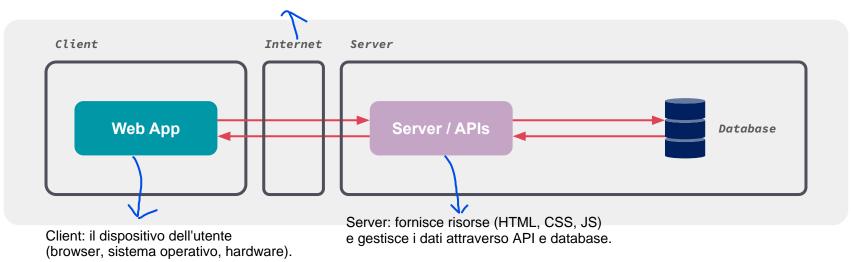


Designing Architectures

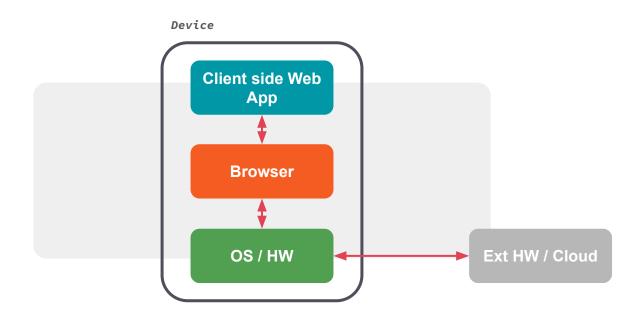


Web architecture

Internet: il canale di comunicazione tra client e server.

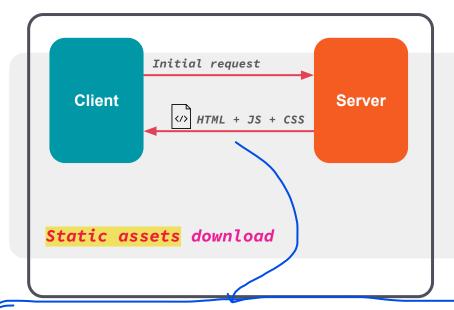


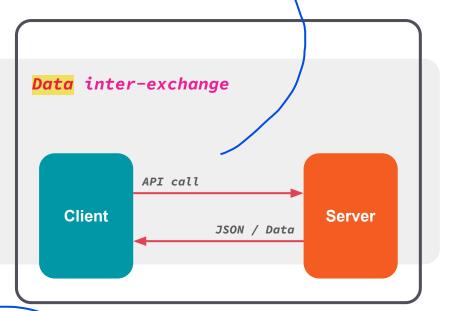
Device stack



Client/Server Interaction

il client invia chiamate API per scambiare dati in formato JSON o altri formati.

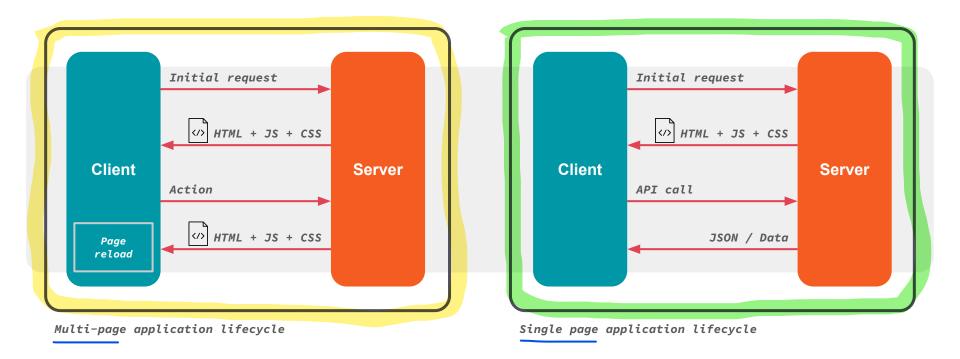




Durante la prima richiesta, il server invia risorse statiche (HTML, JS, CSS) al client.



- MPA: Ogni azione richiede un RICARICAMENTO della pagina, inviando al server una nuova richiesta.
- SPA: Solo la prima richiesta carica risorse statiche; le azioni successive AGGIORNANO DINAMICAMENTE il contenuto tramite API.



Il pattern favorisce la separazione delle responsabilità per migliorare manutenzione e testabilità.

Model Recupera, modifica e salva i dati, collegandoli alle sorgenti (API, JSON, ecc.).

- --> Retrieves, changes, saves the data that feed the application
- → Links the source of data (API, JSON, ...) to the application

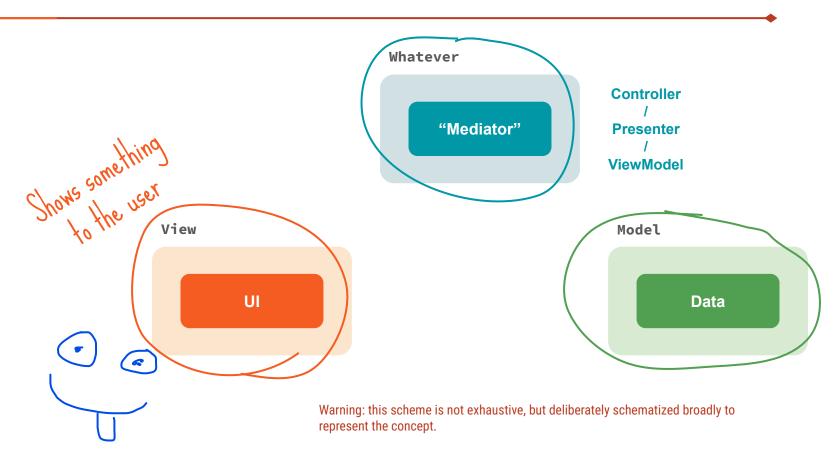
View Rappresenta visivamente i dati e consente interazioni con l'utente.

- --> Allows user interaction
- → It's also a visual representation of models

* (Whatever) (Whatever):

- --> Controller: manipulates models data and serves them to the views Controller: gestisce i dati e li invia alla view.
- --> Presenter: holds the user-interface business logic
- --> ViewModel: transfers data and events between models and views
- Presenter: contiene la logica dell'interfaccia utente.
- ViewModel: media tra i dati e la vista.

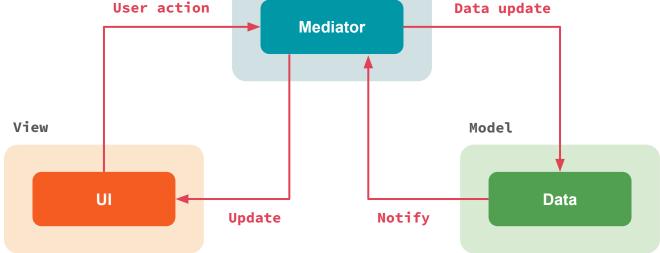




MV* patterns

Whatever

FA DA MEDIATORE PER FARE + OPERAZIONI SIA LATO CLIENT / SERVER User action Data update





- Deve essere modulare, ottimizzata e reattiva.
- Organizzata in componenti riutilizzabili.
- Supporta la separazione delle responsabilità evitando logica interna complessa.

(Interfaccia Utente)

- **Should not contain logic**, to ensure separation of concerns (SoC).
- Should be organised in reusable components.
- Should be responsive to support screen resolutions.
- Should be optimised to be fast.
- Should be tracked to catch errors.
- Could be chunked in micro frontends, useful for large apps across many teams.

UI



- Devono essere strutturati e validati.
- Possono essere centralizzati o temporanei a seconda del caso d'uso.

Data

- Should be defined by data structure, to be inspected.
- Should integrate data validation, to ensure input cleaness.
- Could be disposable, when data is used for a limited time.
- Could be centralised, when data is used across components and pages.



- Contiene la logica della vista (view logic).
- È testabile e tracciabile per garantire affidabilità.

"Mediator"

- Should contain view logic, to ensure separation of concerns (SoC) and centralisation.
- Should be tracked to catch errors.
- Could be easily tested, to support TDD and regression tests.

Designing an application



- 1. Paper and pencil flowchart
- 2. Detect the main **containers** in which happens interaction
- 3. Break the UI in Layouts, Containers and Components, Atoms if needed
- 4. Detect the main **data sources** and their format
- 5. Use data mocks
- 6. Develop the **static version**
- 7. Identify where user interaction has **effects** on the application
- 8. Attach state management and data fetching

