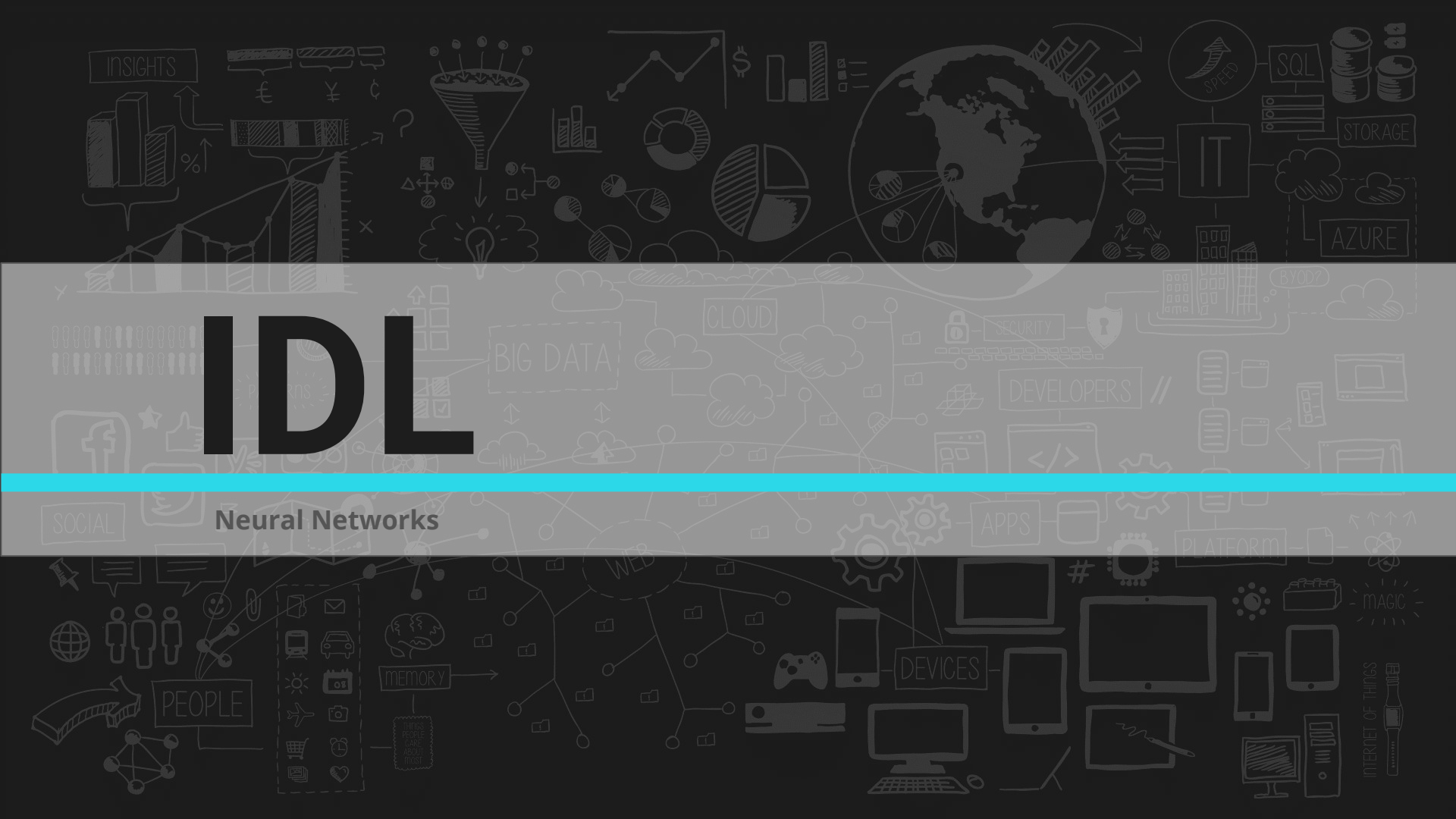
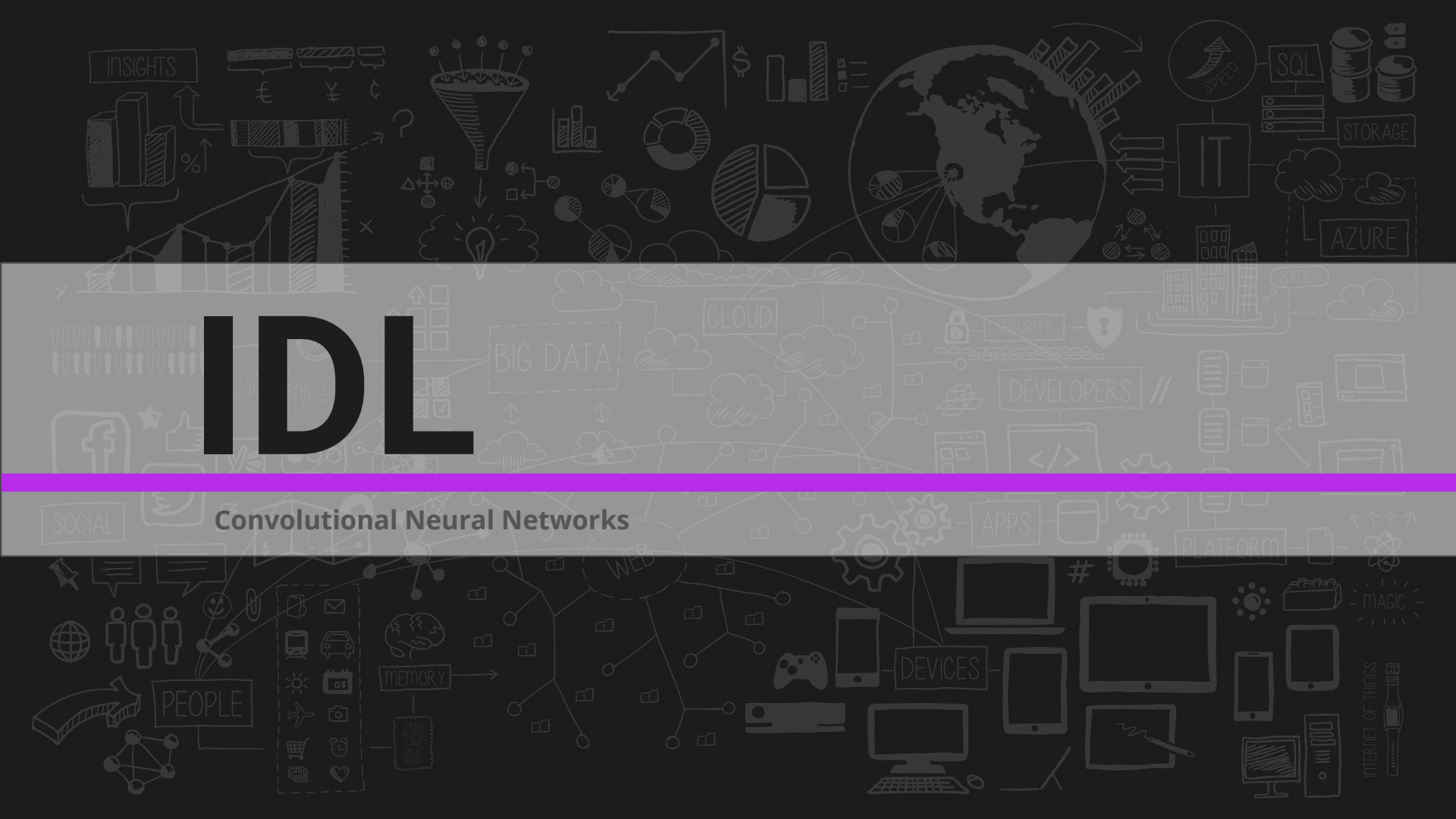
IDL

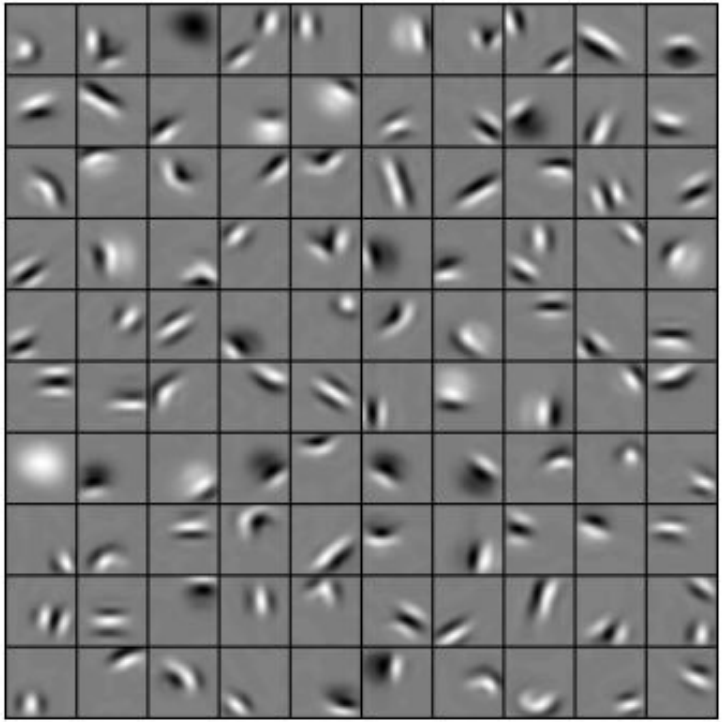
Neural Networks





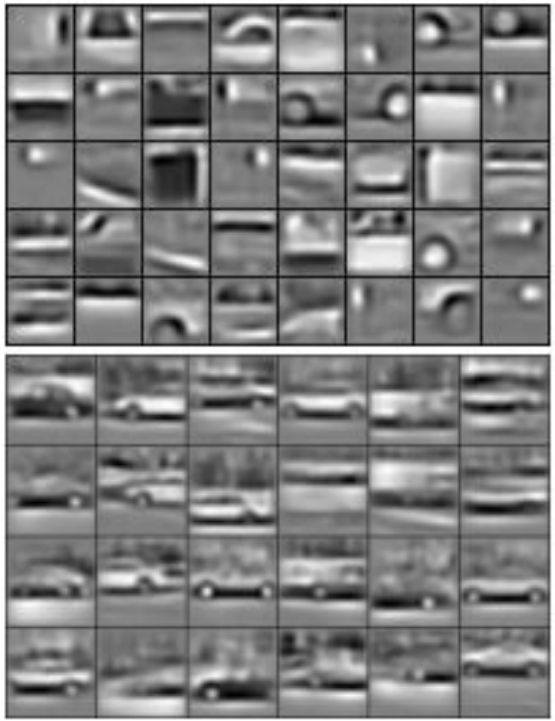
IDL

Convolutional Neural Networks

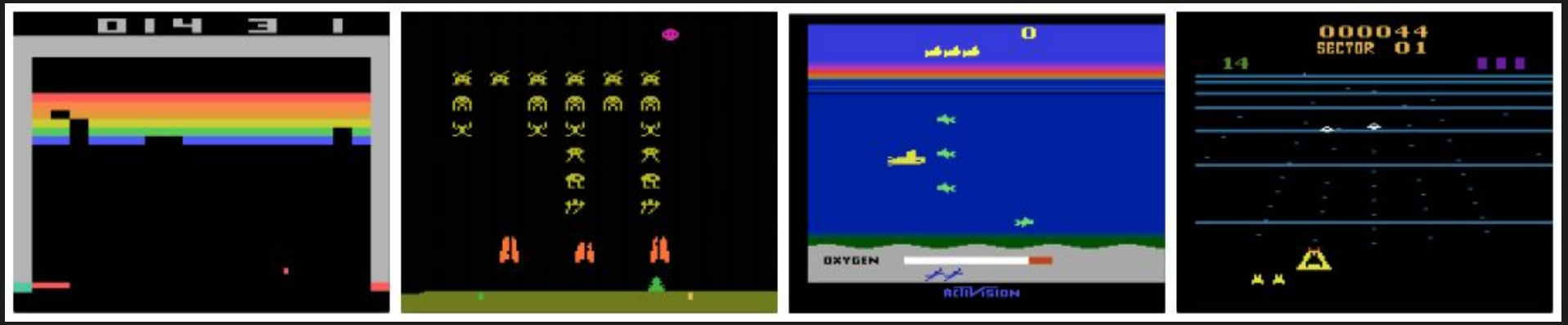


faces

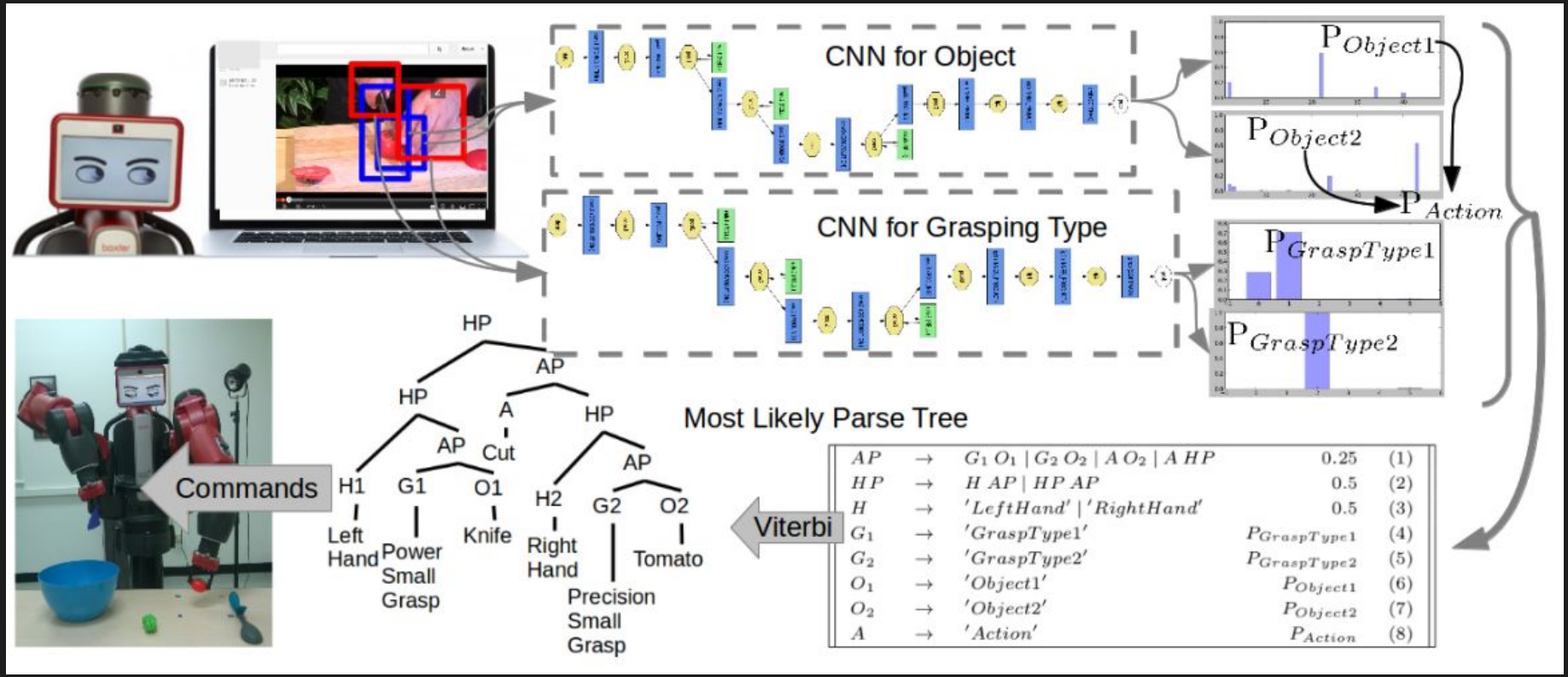
cars



Convolutional Deep Belief Networks for Scalable Unsupervised Learning of Hierarchical Representations
Honglak Lee, Roger Grosse, Rajesh Ranganath, Andrew Y. Ng



[Playing Atari with Deep Reinforcement Learning. Volodymyr Mnih, Koray Kavukcuoglu, David Silver, Alex Graves, Ioannis Antonoglou, Daan Wierstra, Martin Riedmiller]

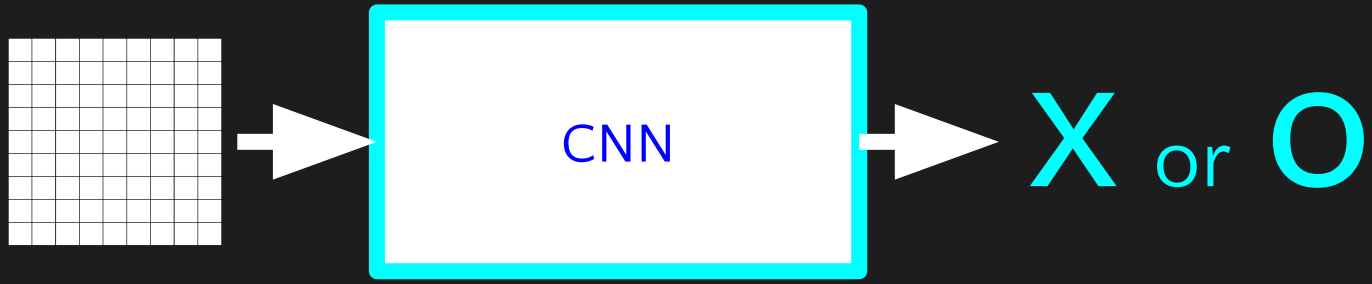


Robot Learning ManipulationAction Plans by “Watching” Unconstrained Videos from the World Wide Web.
Yezhou Yang, Cornelia Fermuller, Yiannis Aloimonos

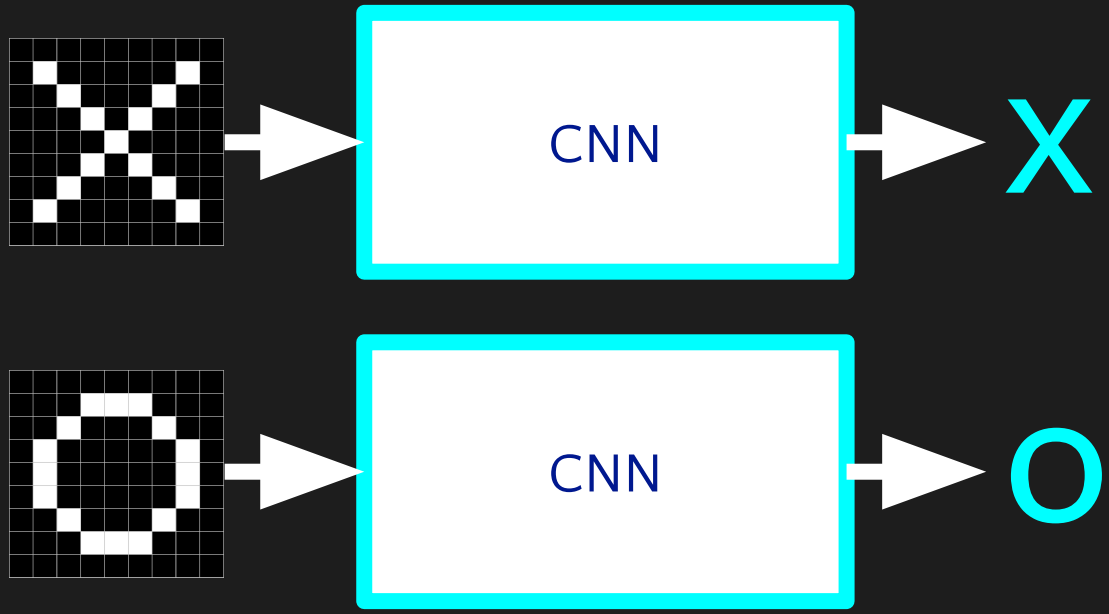
A toy ConvNet: X's and O's

Says whether a picture is of an X or an O

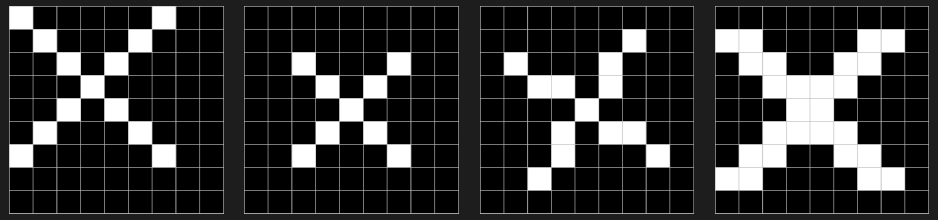
A two-dimensional
array of pixels



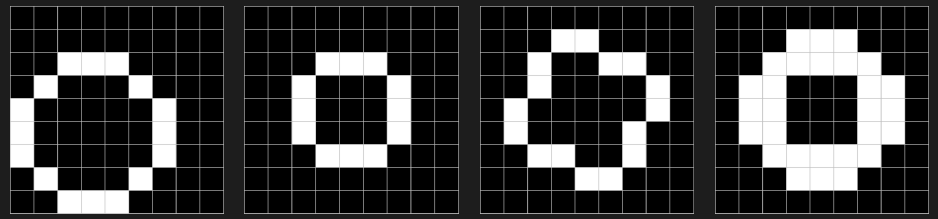
For example

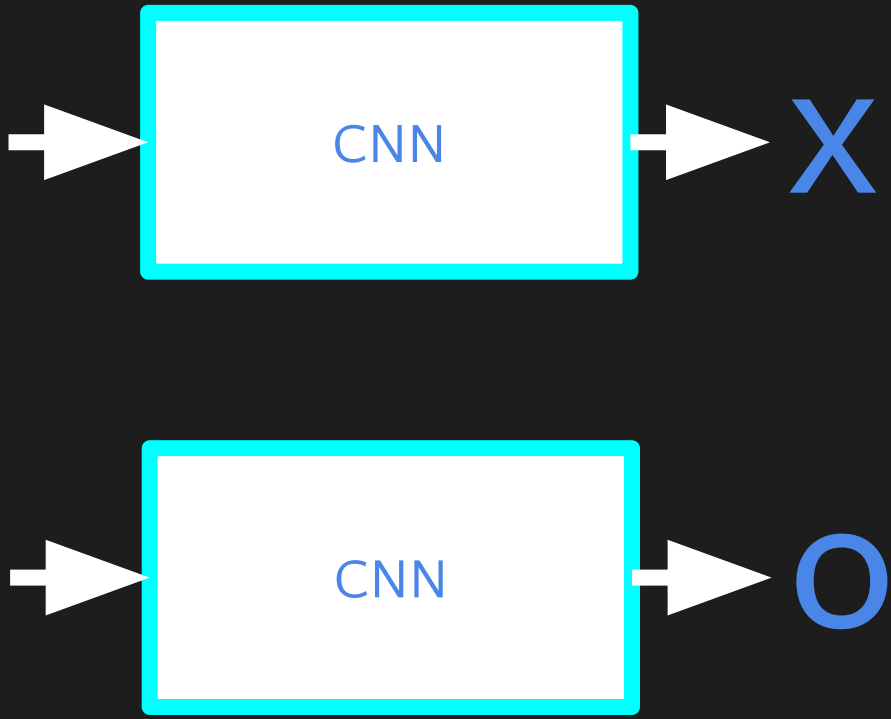


Trickier cases

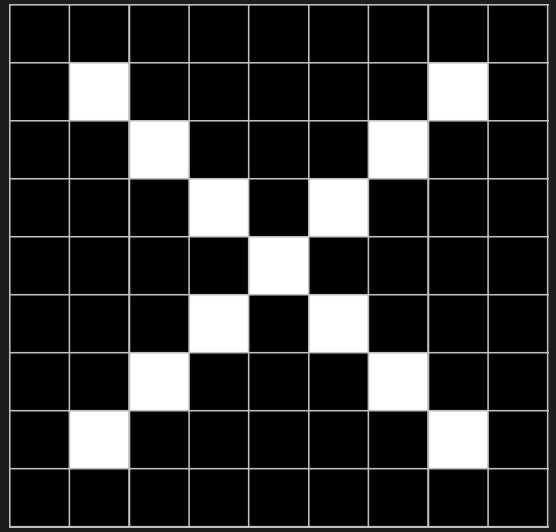


translation scaling rotation weight





Deciding is hard



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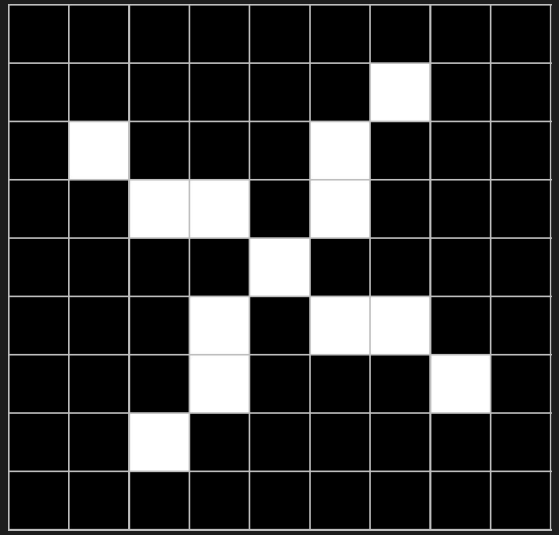

What computers see

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-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
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-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1

-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
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-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1

What computers see

-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	X	-1	-1	-1	-1	X	X	-1
-1	X	X	-1	-1	X	X	-1	-1
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-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	X	-1	-1
-1	-1	X	X	-1	-1	X	X	-1
-1	X	X	-1	-1	-1	-1	X	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1

Computers are literal

-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
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-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
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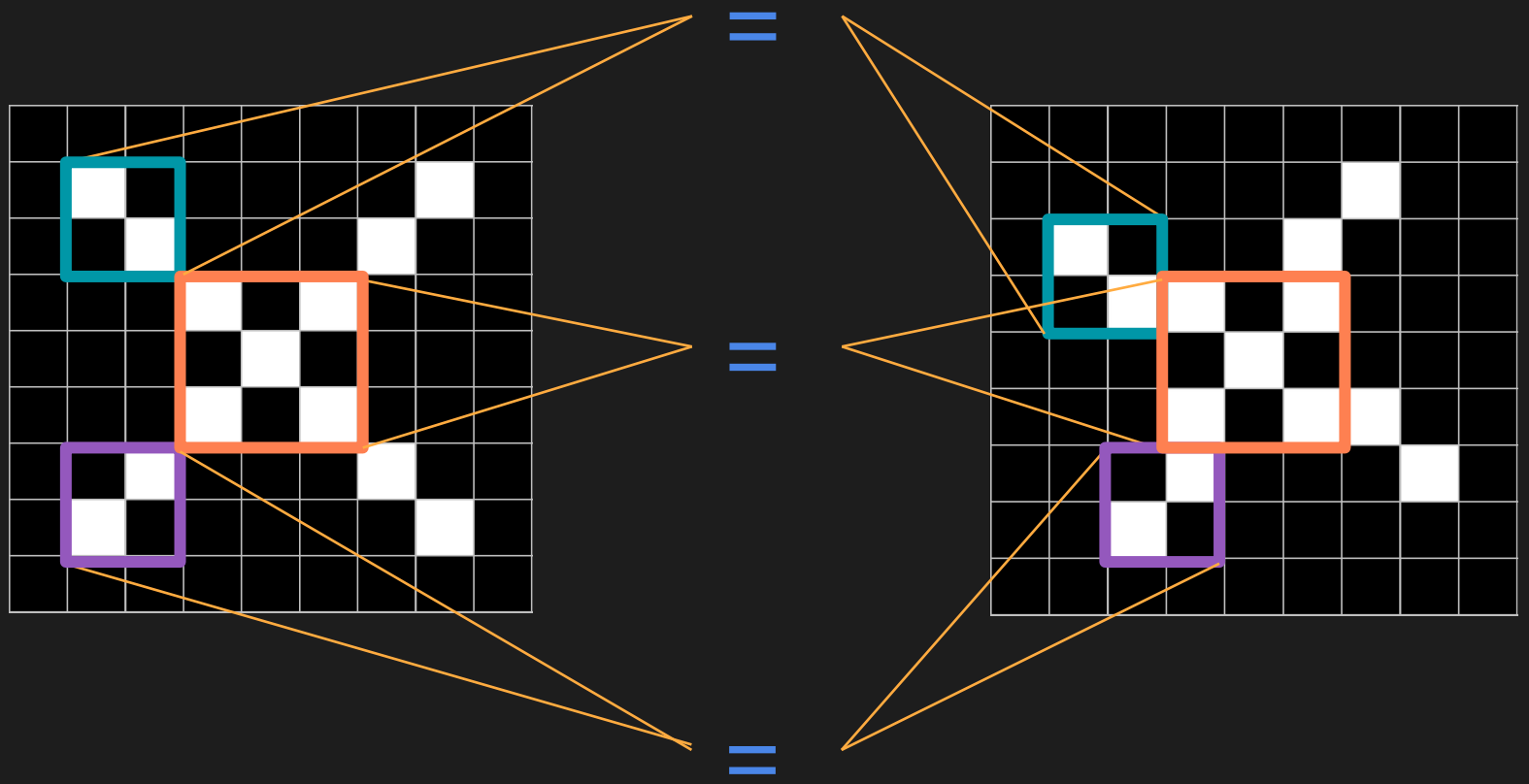
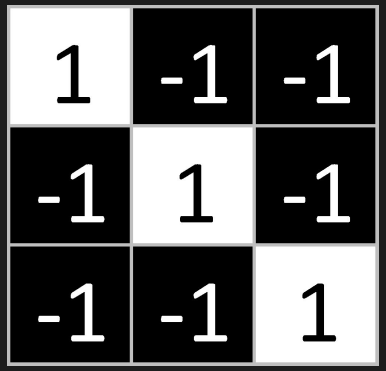
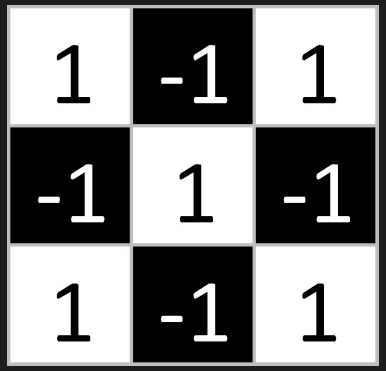
-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1

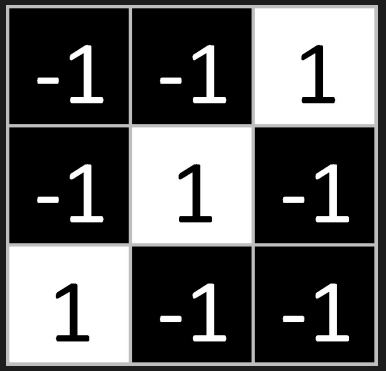
ConvNets match pieces of the image



Features match pieces of the image







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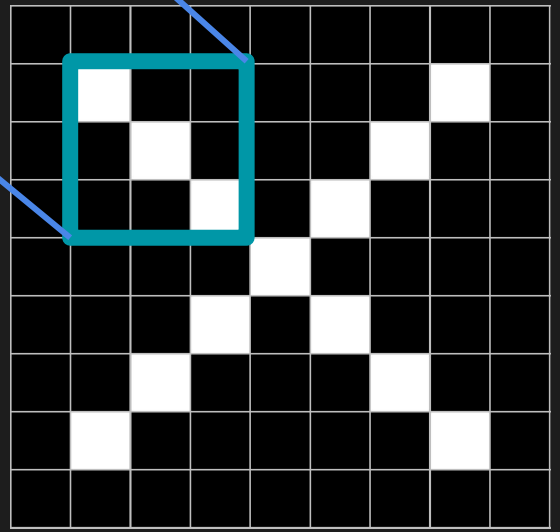

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1	-1	1

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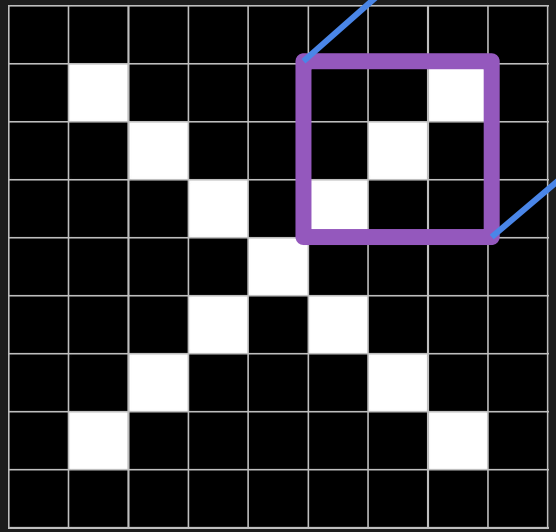
1	-1	-1



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-1	-1	1

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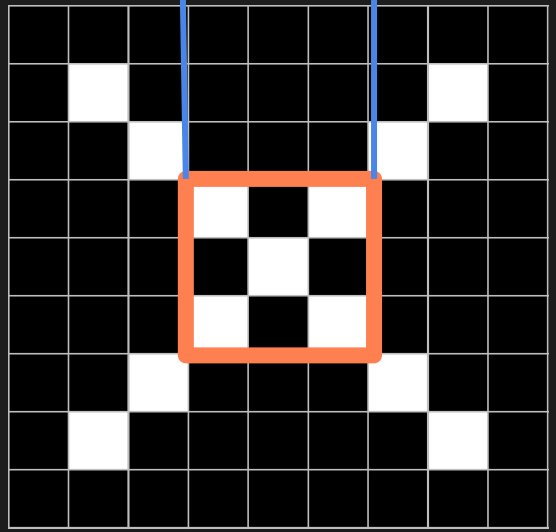

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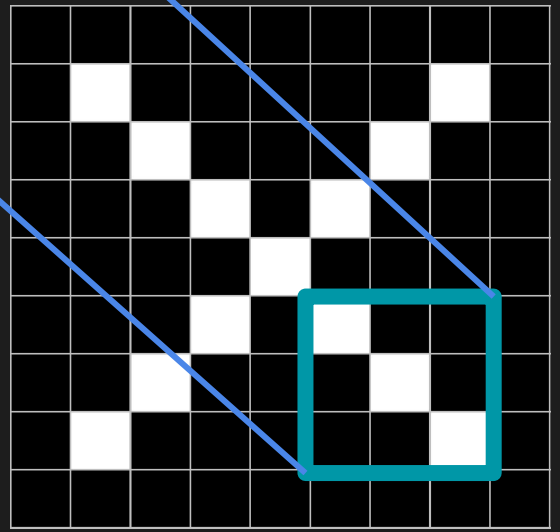

1	-1	-1
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-1	-1	1

1	-1	1
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1	-1	1

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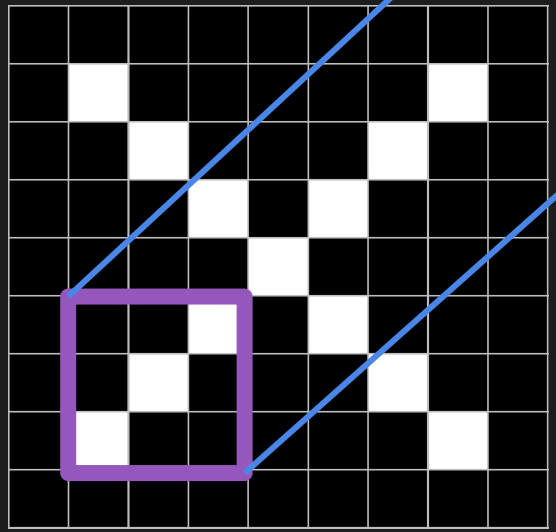
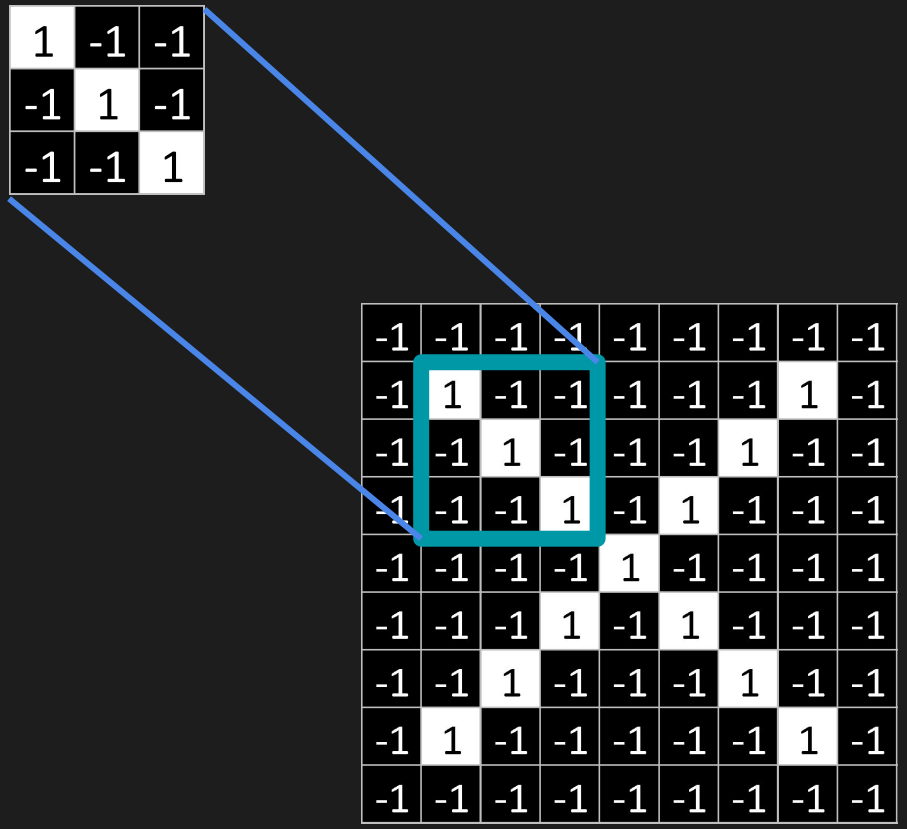


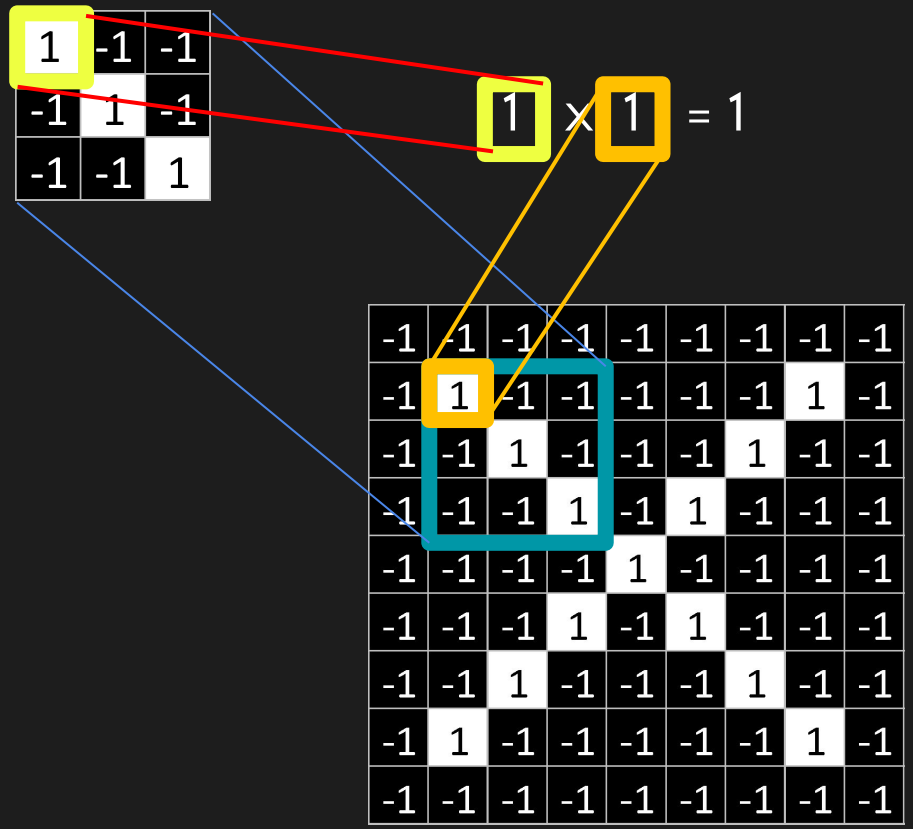
Filtering: The math behind the match



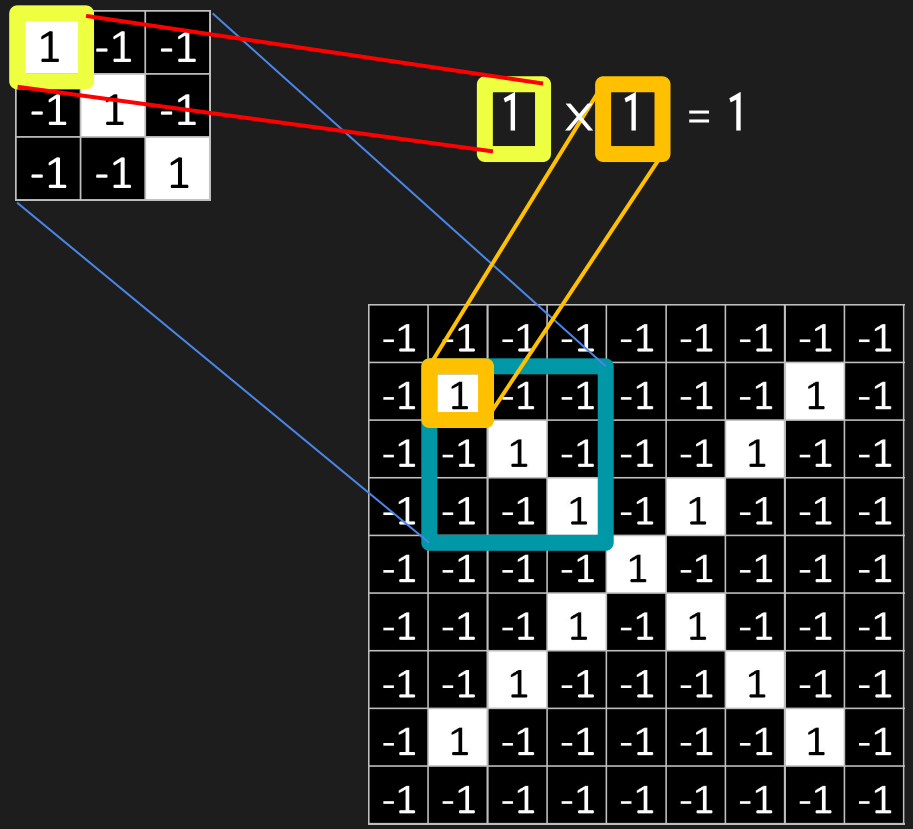
Filtering: The math behind the match

1. Line up the feature and the image patch.
2. Multiply each image pixel by the corresponding feature pixel.
3. Add them up.
4. Divide by the total number of pixels in the feature.

Filtering: The math behind the match



Filtering: The math behind the match



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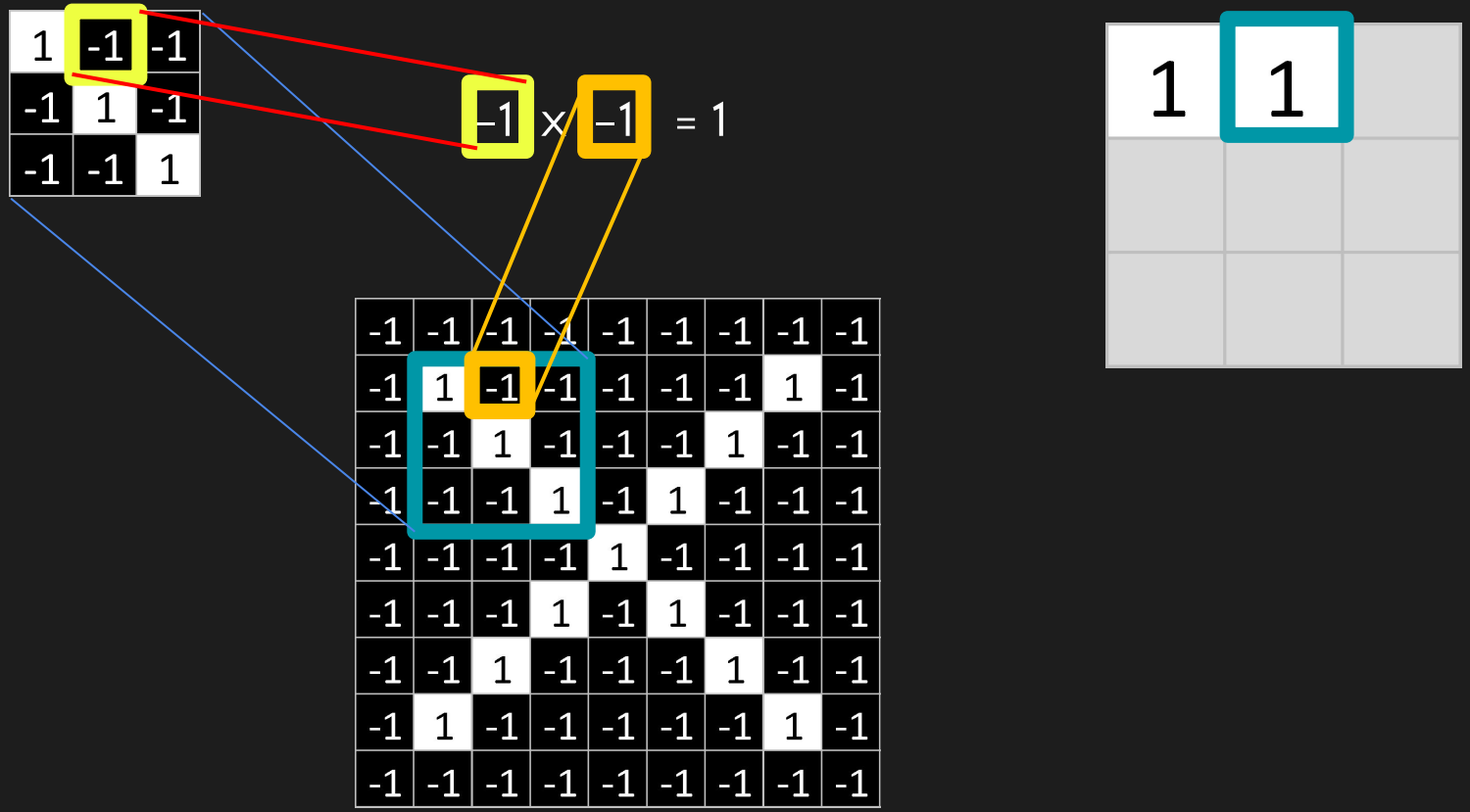

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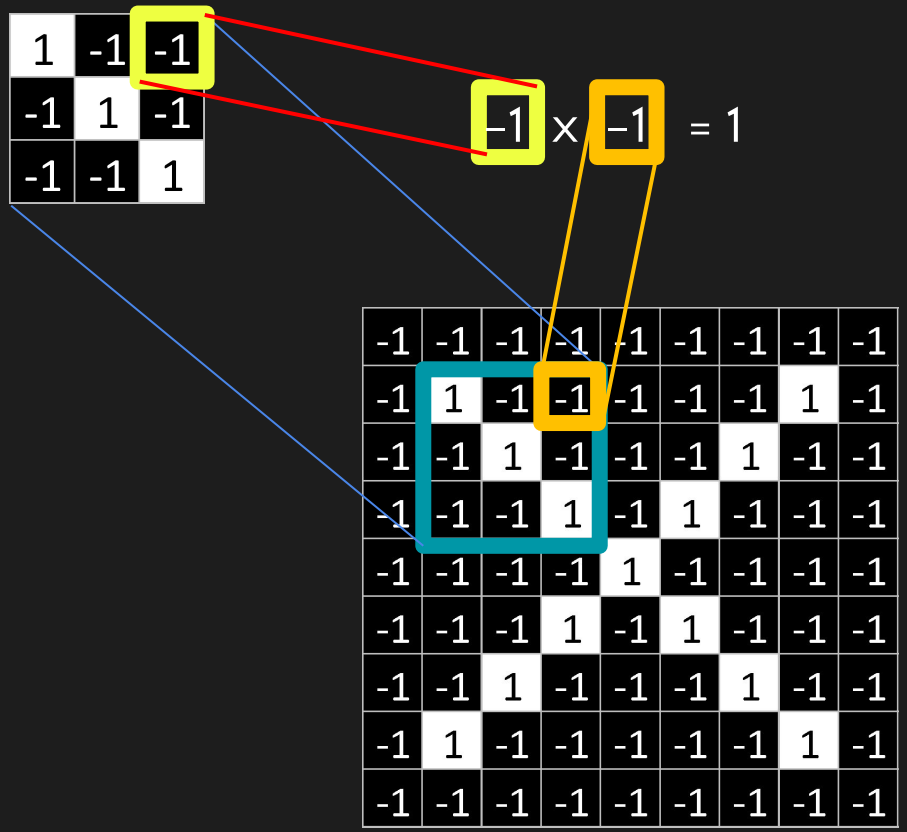

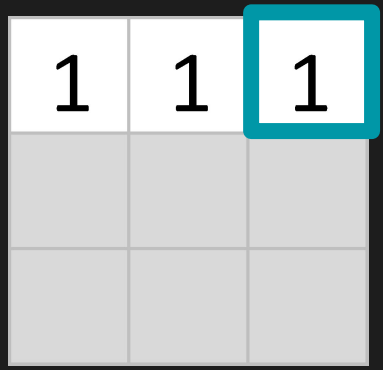

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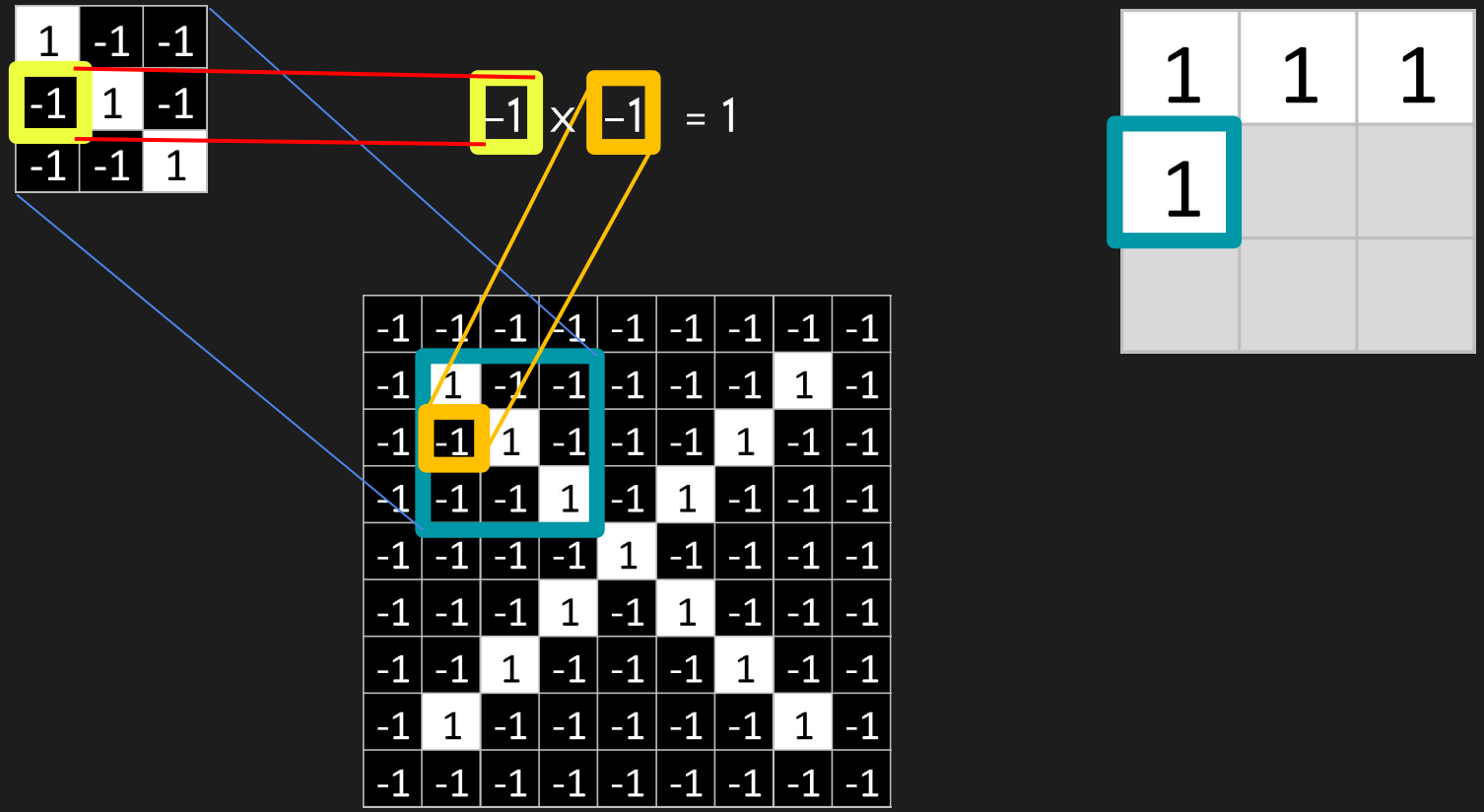

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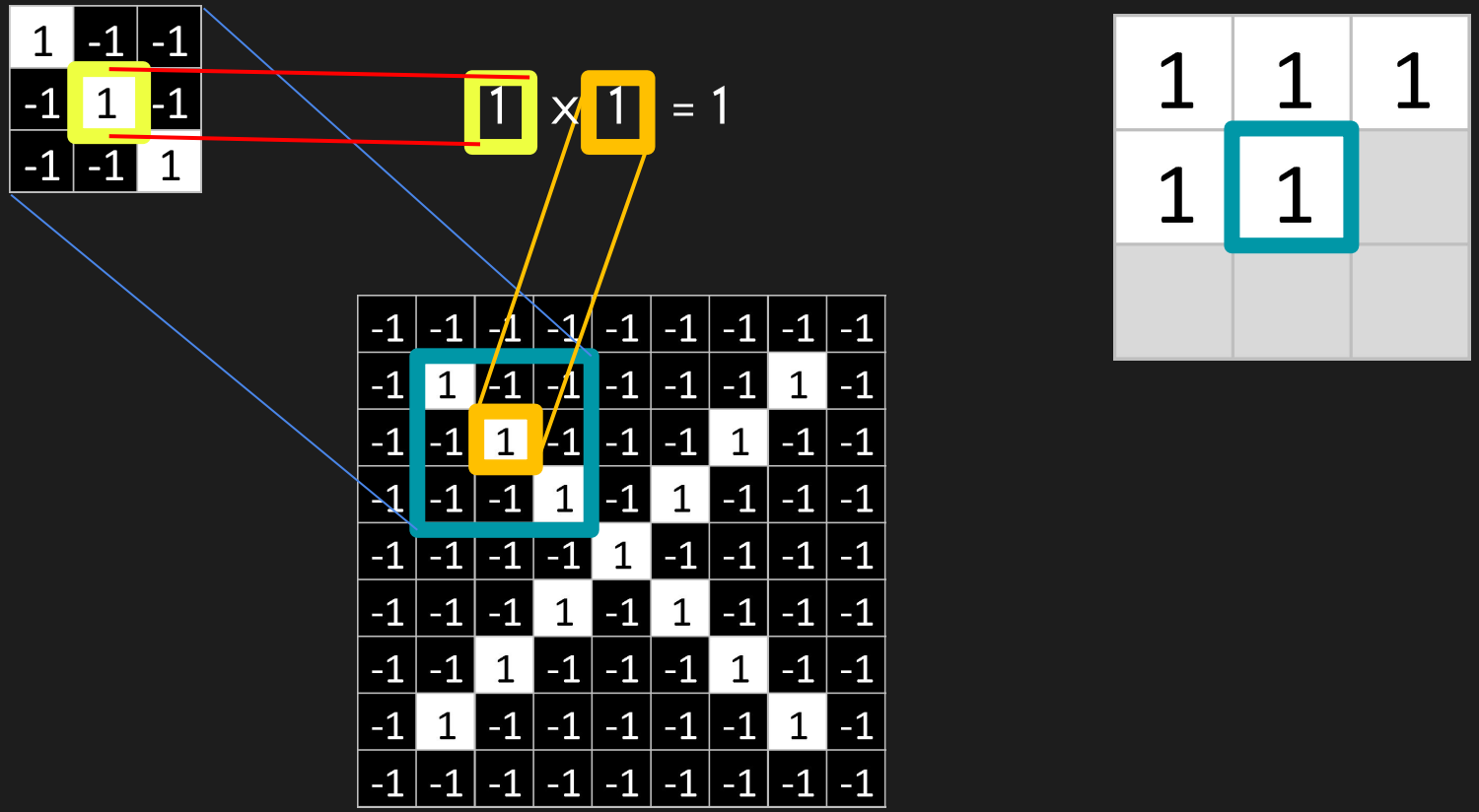

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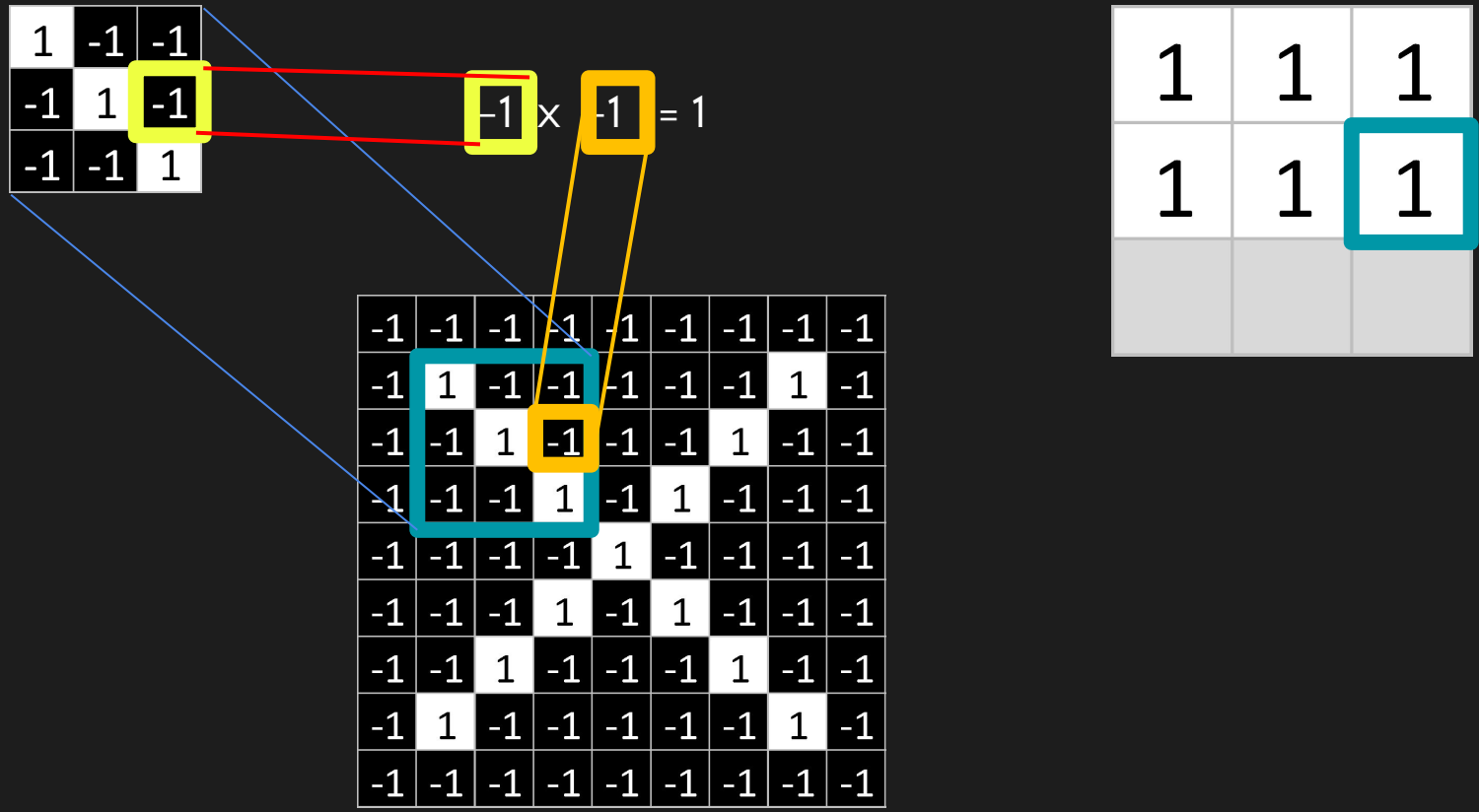

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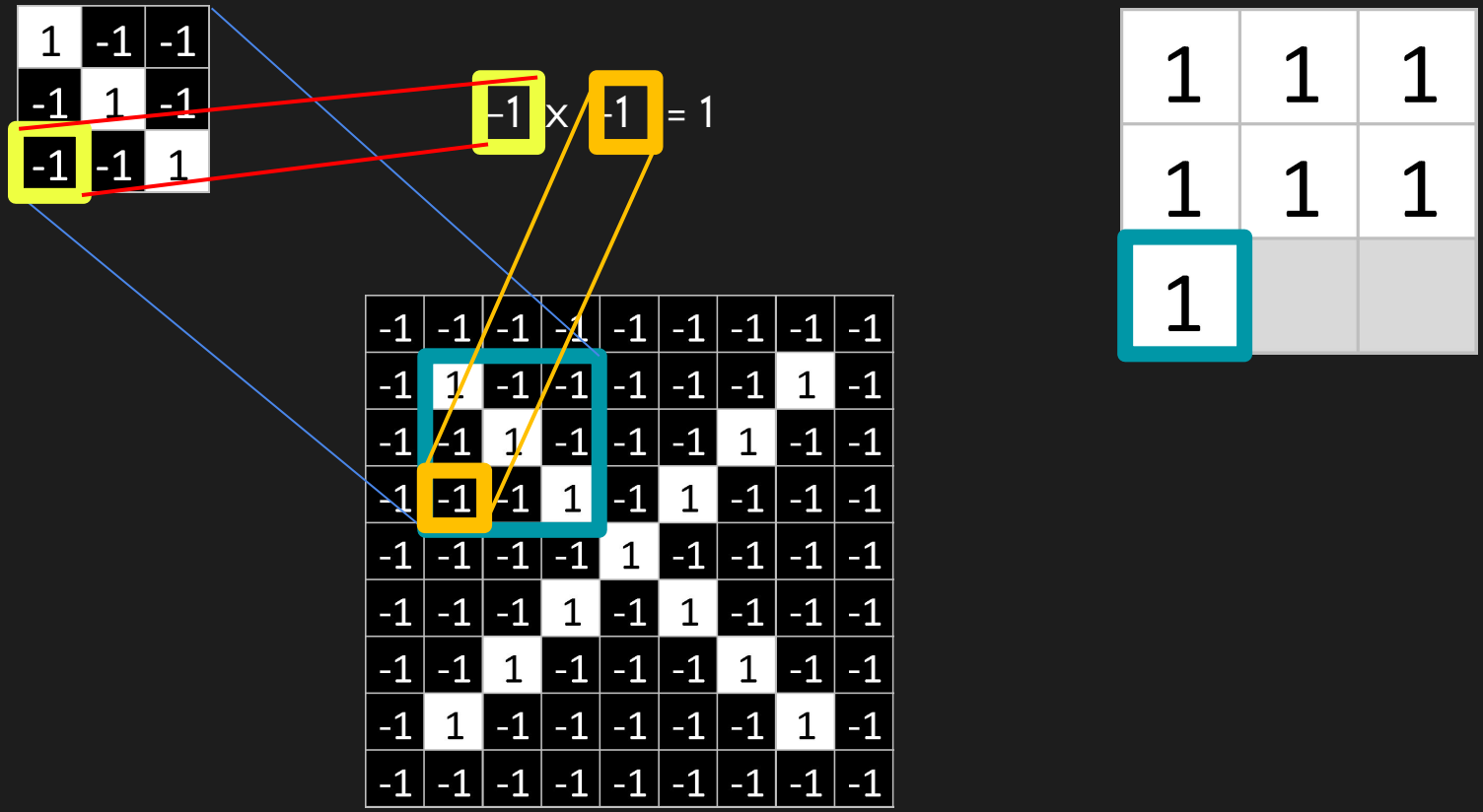

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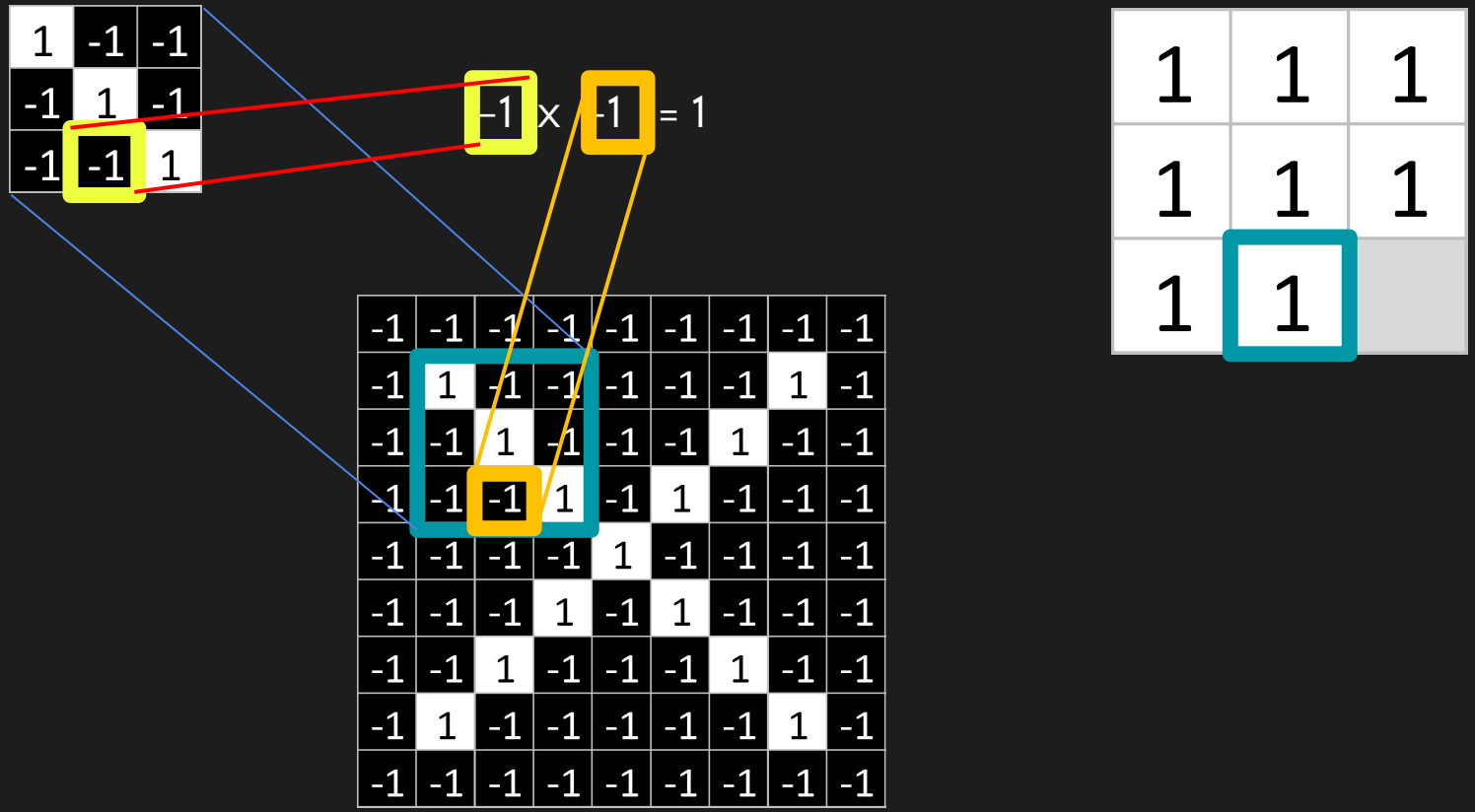

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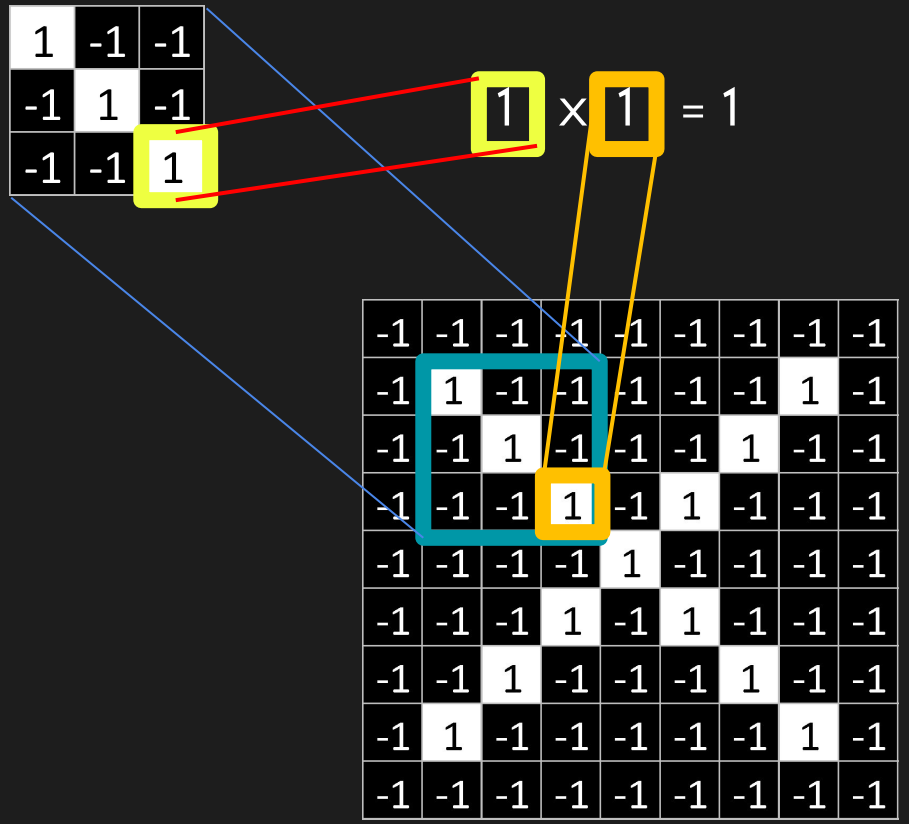
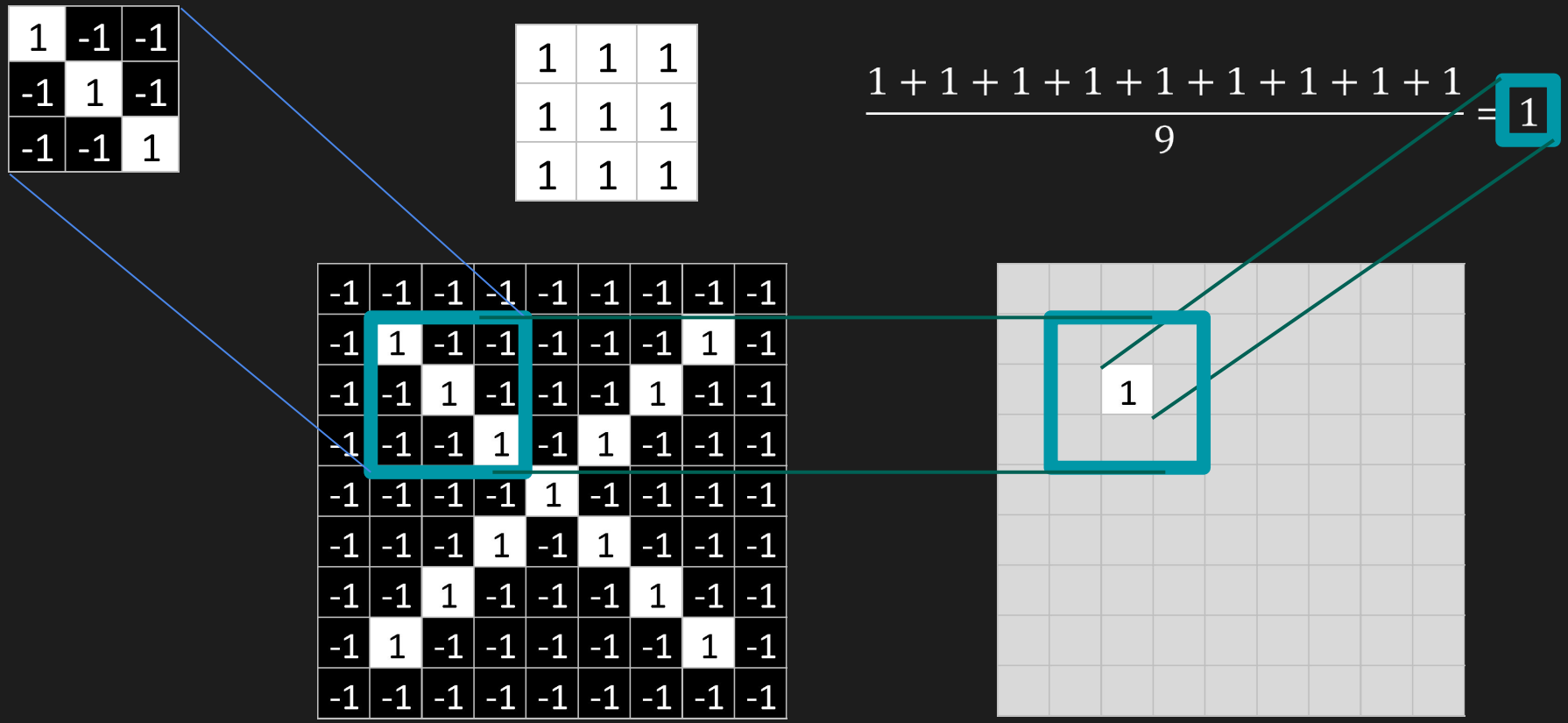


1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

Filtering: The math behind the match



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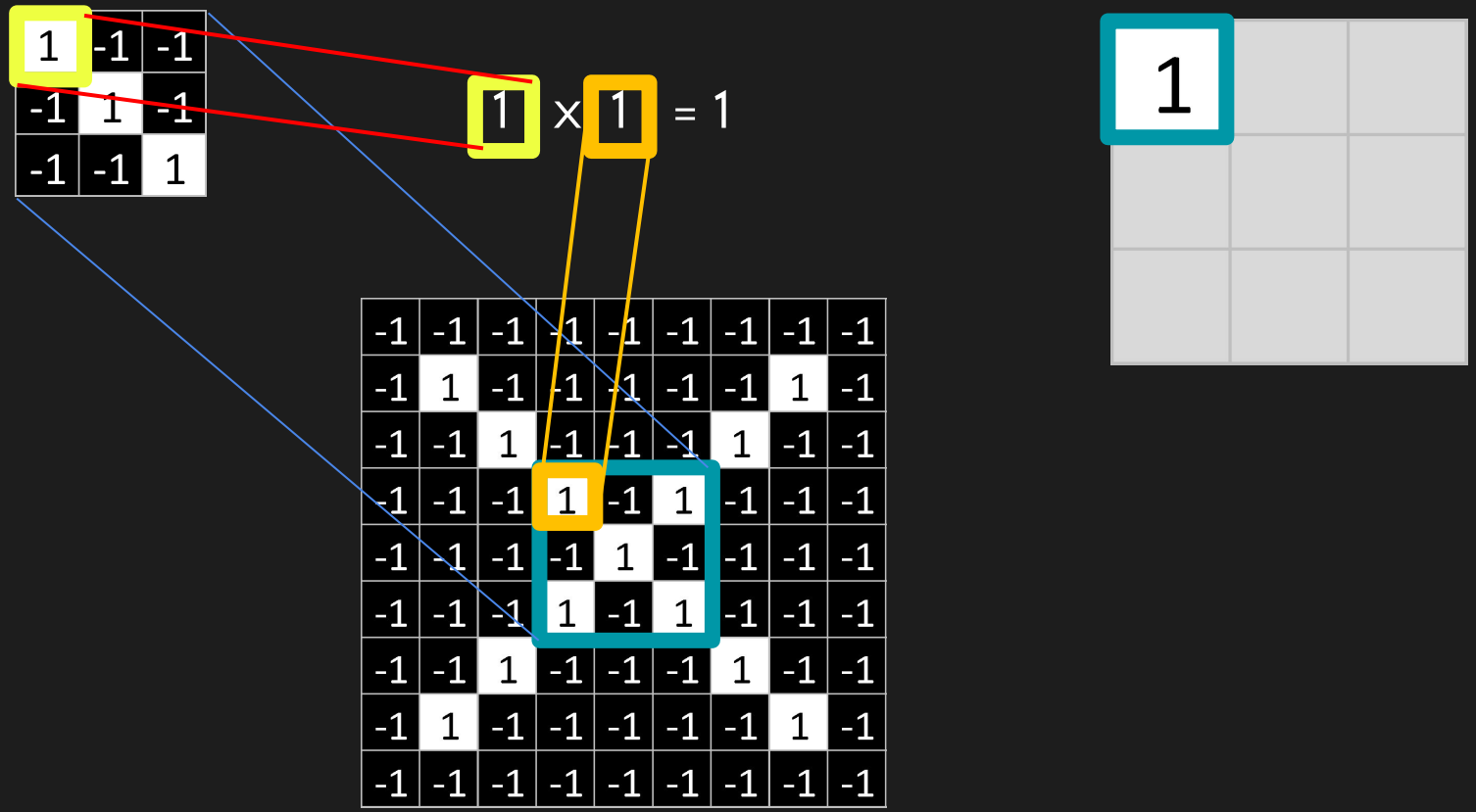

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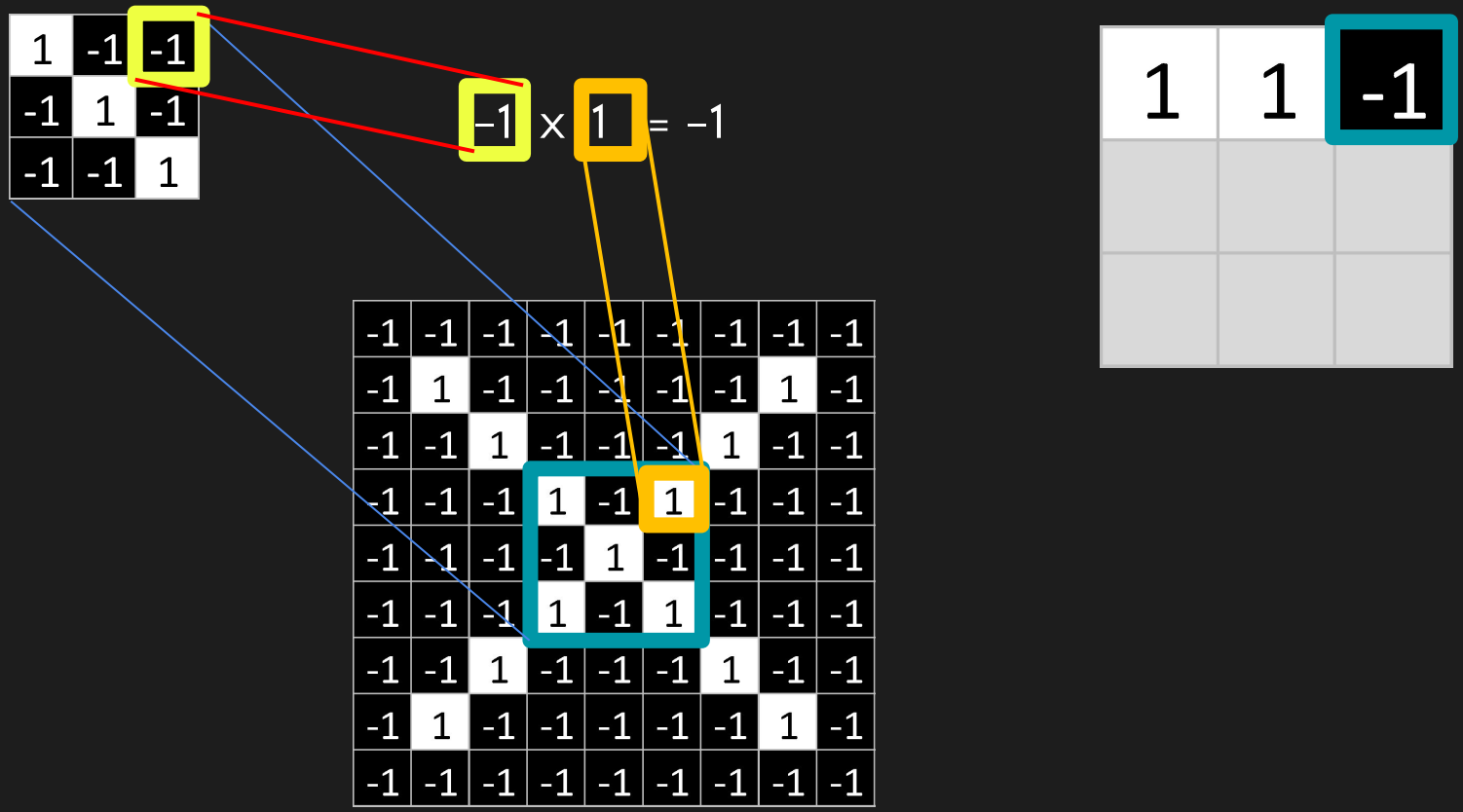
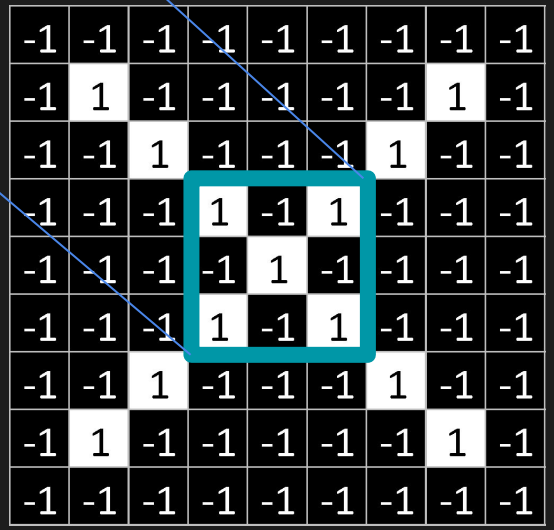


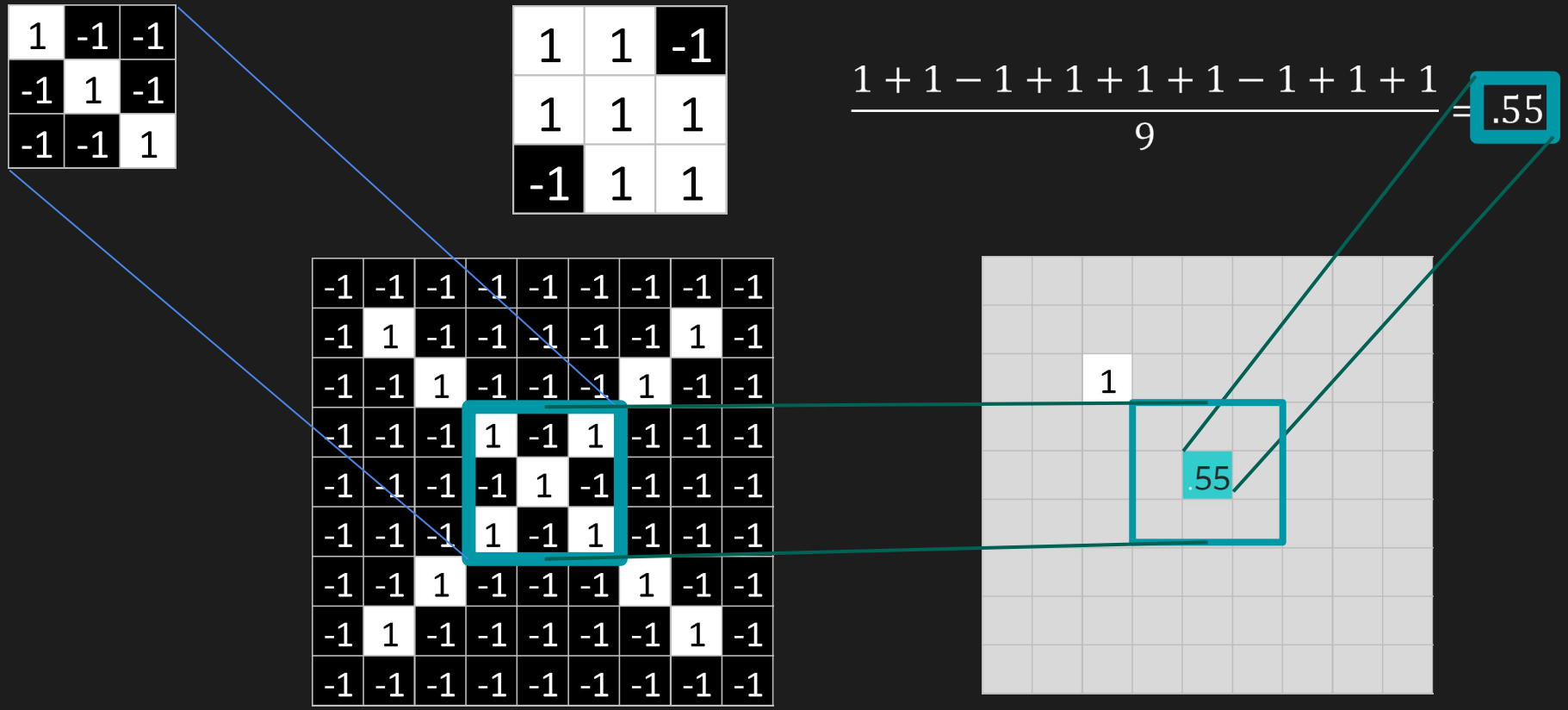
Filtering: The math behind the match

1	-1	-1
-1	1	-1
-1	-1	1



1	1	-1
1	1	1
-1	1	1

Filtering: The math behind the match



Convolution: Trying every possible match

1	-1	-1
-1	1	-1
-1	-1	1

-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1

0.77	-0.11	0.11	0.33	0.55	-0.11	0.33
-0.11	1.00	-0.11	0.33	-0.11	0.11	-0.11
0.11	-0.11	1.00	-0.33	0.11	-0.11	0.55
0.33	0.33	-0.33	0.55	-0.33	0.33	0.33
0.55	-0.11	0.11	-0.33	1.00	-0.11	0.11
-0.11	0.11	-0.11	0.33	-0.11	1.00	-0.11
0.33	-0.11	0.55	0.33	0.11	-0.11	0.77

Convolution: Trying every possible match

-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1

⊗

1	-1	-1
-1	1	-1
-1	-1	1

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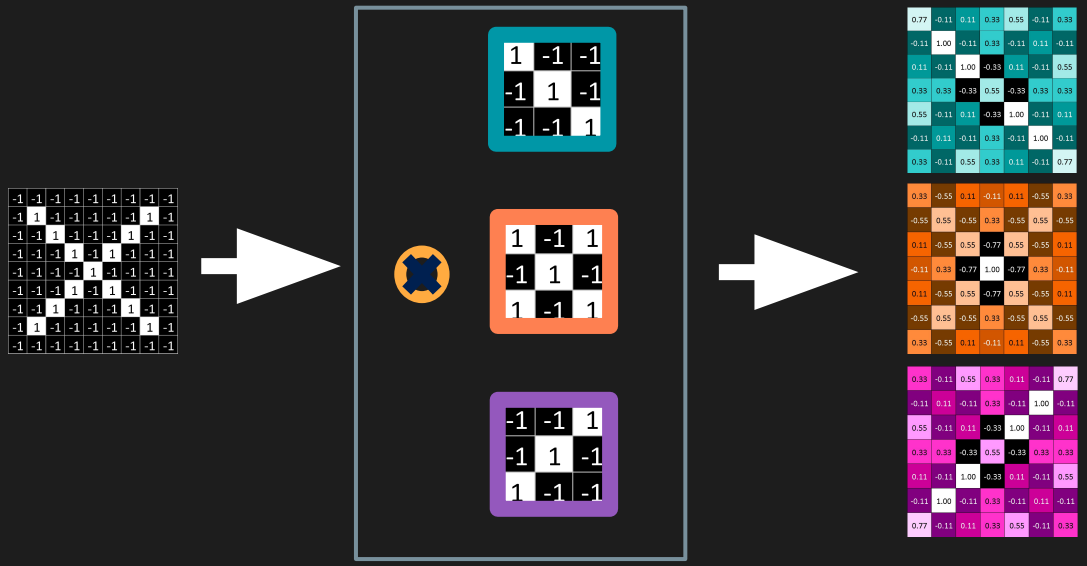
0.77	-0.11	0.11	0.33	0.55	-0.11	0.33
-0.11	1.00	-0.11	0.33	-0.11	0.11	-0.11
0.11	-0.11	1.00	-0.33	0.11	-0.11	0.55
0.33	0.33	-0.33	0.55	-0.33	0.33	0.33
0.55	-0.11	0.11	-0.33	1.00	-0.11	0.11
-0.11	0.11	-0.11	0.33	-0.11	1.00	-0.11
0.33	-0.11	0.55	0.33	0.11	-0.11	0.77


-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1
-1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1
-1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1
-1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1
-1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1
-1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1
-1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1
-1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1
-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1
1 -1 -1
-1 1 -1
-1 -1 1
0.77 -0.11 0.11 0.33 0.55 -0.11 0.33
-0.11 1.00 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 0.11 -0.11
0.11 -0.11 1.00 -0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.55
0.33 0.33 -0.33 0.55 -0.33 0.33 0.33
0.55 -0.11 0.11 -0.33 1.00 -0.11 0.11
-0.11 0.11 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 1.00 -0.11
0.33 -0.11 0.55 0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.77
1 -1 1
-1 1 -1
1 -1 1
0.33 -0.55 0.11 -0.11 0.11 -0.55 0.33
-0.55 0.55 -0.55 0.33 -0.55 0.55 -0.55
0.11 -0.55 0.55 -0.77 0.55 -0.55 0.11
-0.11 0.33 -0.77 1.00 -0.77 0.33 -0.11
0.11 -0.55 0.55 -0.77 0.55 -0.55 0.11
-0.55 0.55 -0.55 0.33 -0.55 0.55 -0.55
0.33 -0.55 0.11 -0.11 0.11 -0.55 0.33
-1 -1 1
-1 1 -1
1 -1 -1
0.33 -0.11 0.55 0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.77
-0.11 0.11 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 1.00 -0.11
0.55 -0.11 0.11 -0.33 1.00 -0.11 0.11
0.33 0.33 -0.33 0.55 -0.33 0.33 0.33
0.11 -0.11 1.00 -0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.55
-0.11 1.00 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 0.11 -0.11
0.77 -0.11 0.11 0.33 0.55 -0.11 0.33

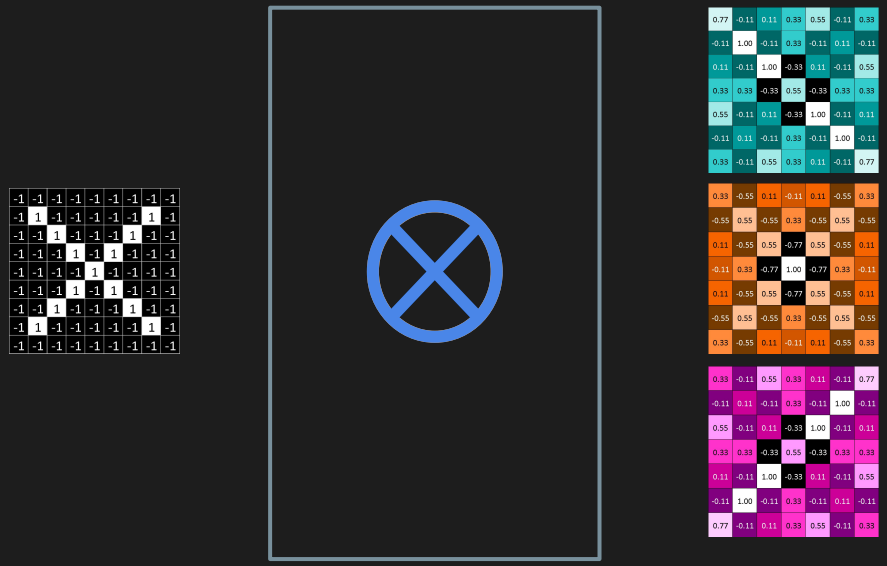
Convolution layer

One image becomes a stack of filtered images



Convolution layer

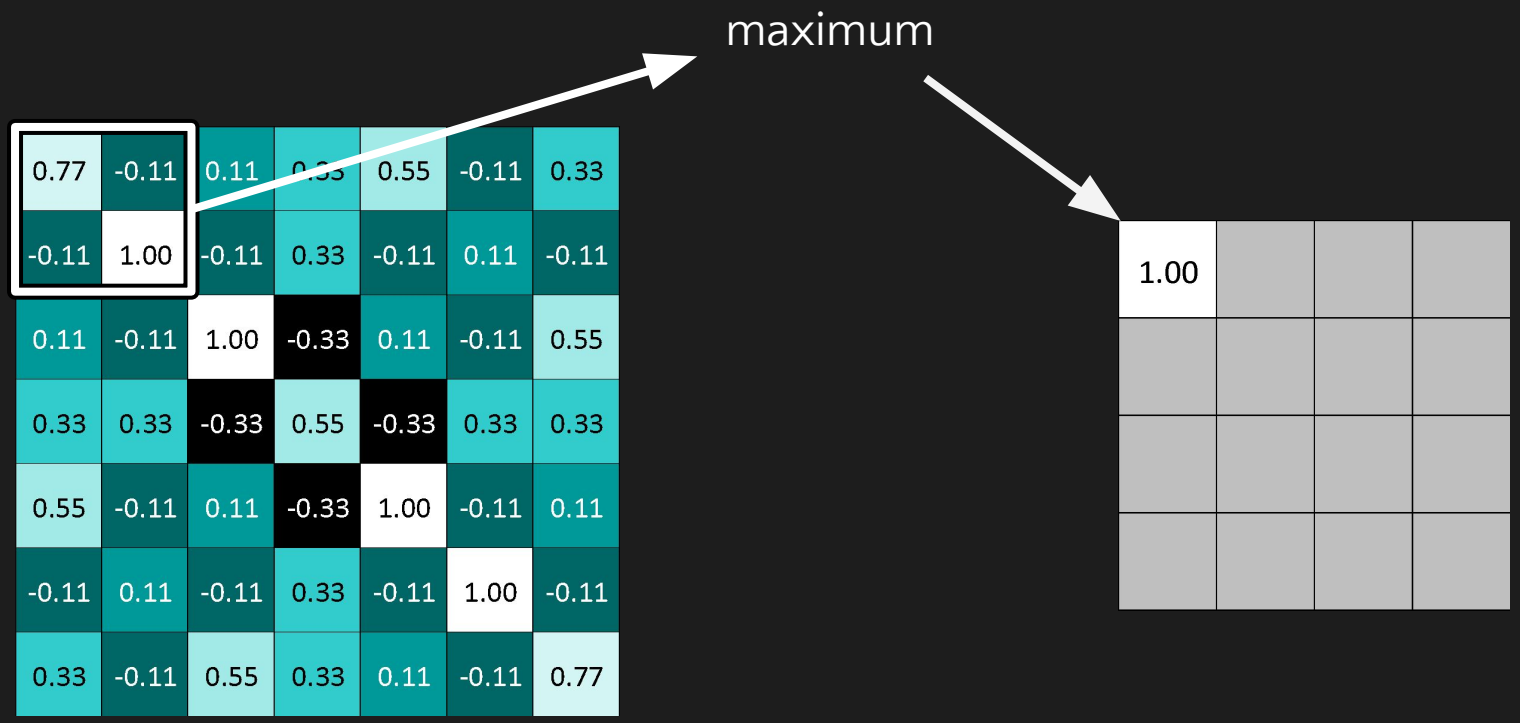
One image becomes a stack of filtered images



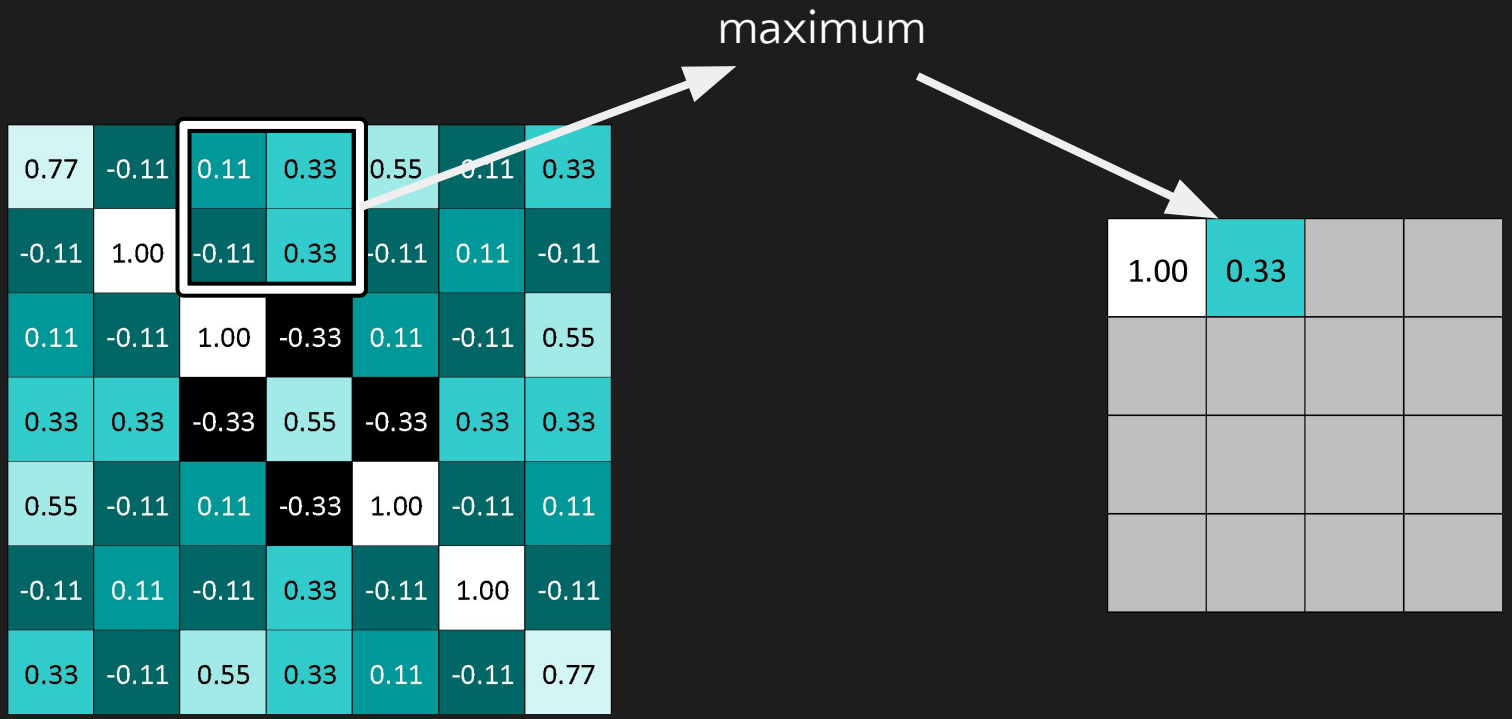
Pooling: Shrinking the image stack

1. Pick a window size (usually 2 or 3).
2. Pick a stride (usually 2).
3. Walk your window across your filtered images.
4. From each window, take the maximum value.

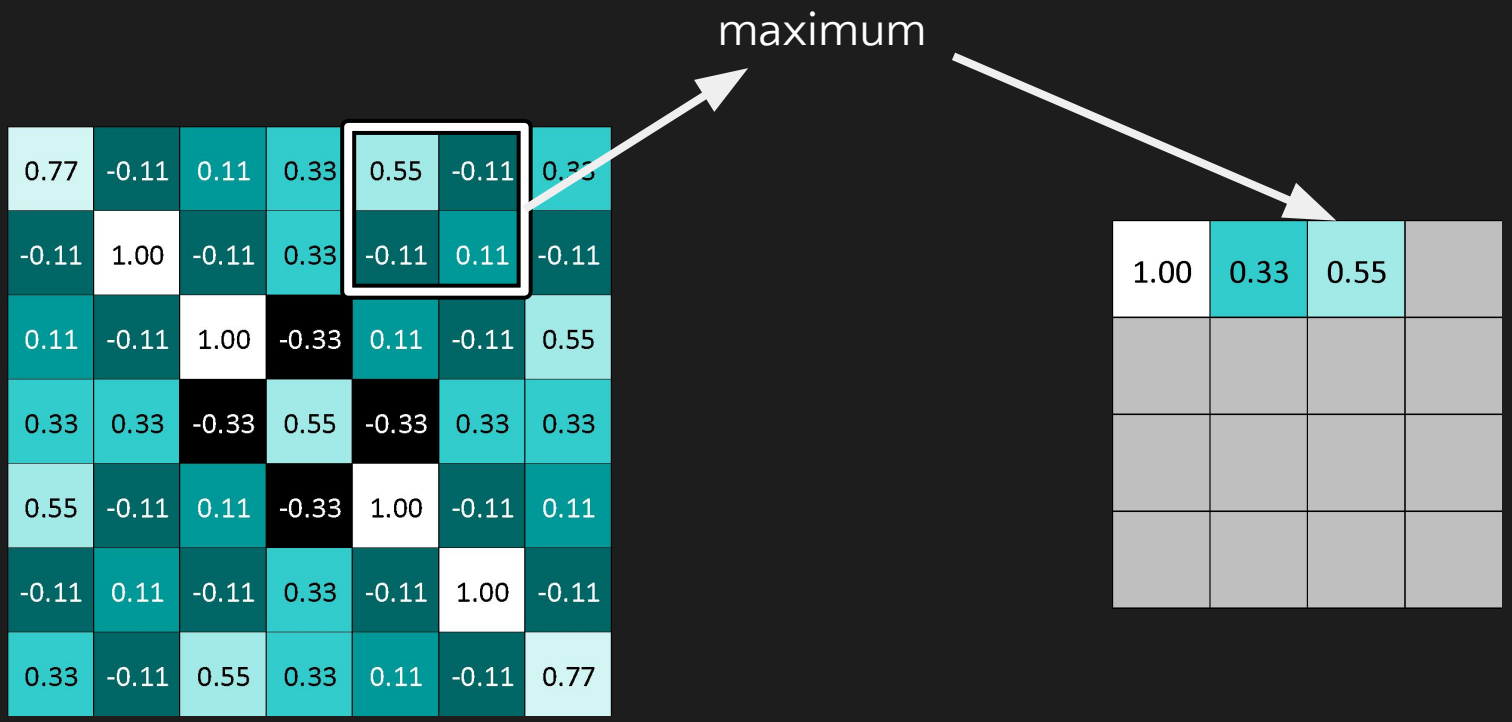
Pooling


maximum
0.77
-0.11
0.11
0.55
-0.11
0.33
-0.11
1.00
-0.11
0.33
-0.11
0.11
-0.11
0.11
-0.11
1.00
-0.33
0.11
-0.11
0.55
0.33
0.33
-0.33
0.55
-0.33
0.33
0.33
0.55
-0.11
0.11
-0.33
1.00
-0.11
0.11
-0.11
0.11
-0.11
0.33
-0.11
1.00
-0.11
0.33
-0.11
0.55
0.33
0.11
-0.11
0.77
1.00

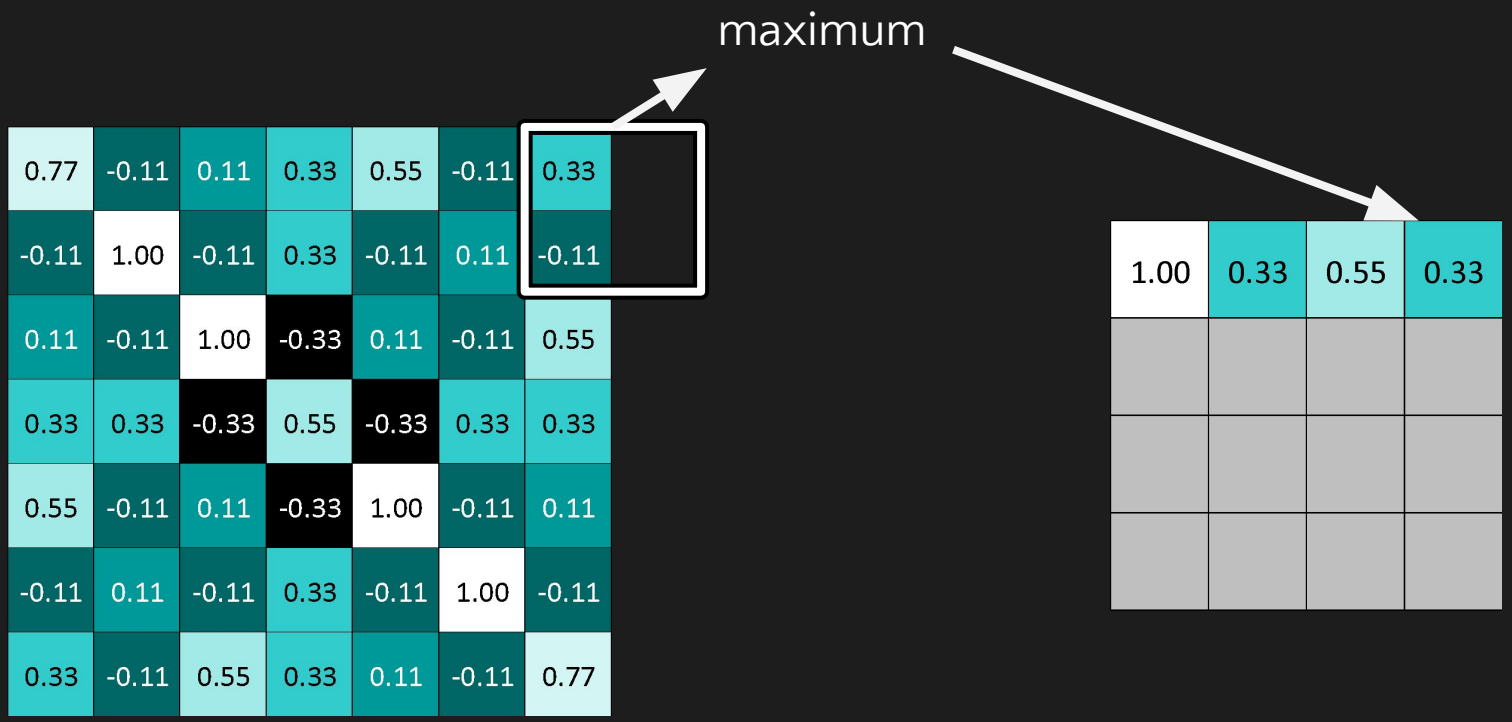
Pooling


maximum
0.77 -0.11 0.11 0.33 0.55 0.11 0.33
-0.11 1.00 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 0.11 -0.11
0.11 -0.11 1.00 -0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.55
0.33 0.33 -0.33 0.55 -0.33 0.33 0.33
0.55 -0.11 0.11 -0.33 1.00 -0.11 0.11
-0.11 0.11 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 1.00 -0.11
0.33 -0.11 0.55 0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.77
1.00 0.33

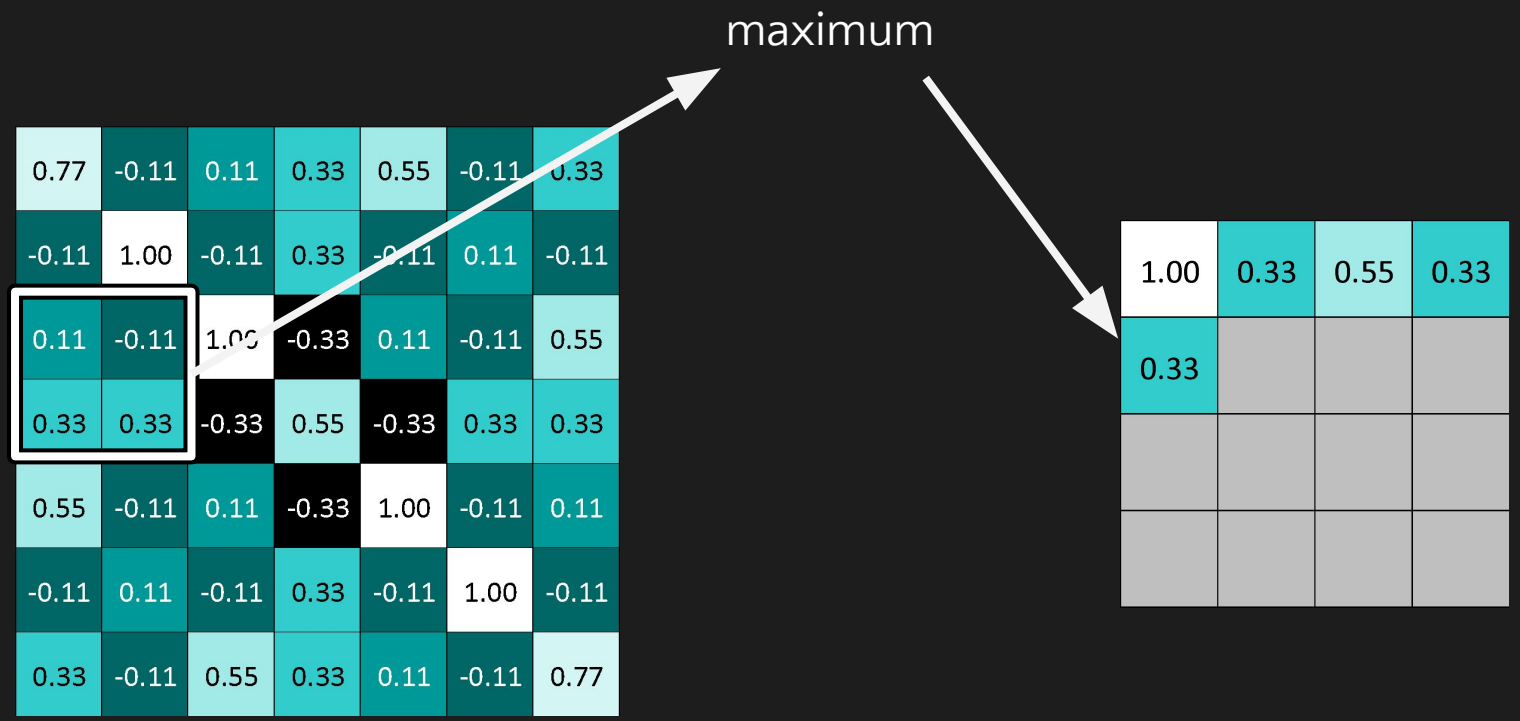
Pooling


maximum
0.77 -0.11 0.11 0.33 0.55 -0.11 0.33
-0.11 1.00 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 0.11 -0.11
0.11 -0.11 1.00 -0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.55
0.33 0.33 -0.33 0.55 -0.33 0.33 0.33
0.55 -0.11 0.11 -0.33 1.00 -0.11 0.11
-0.11 0.11 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 1.00 -0.11
0.33 -0.11 0.55 0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.77
1.00 0.33 0.55

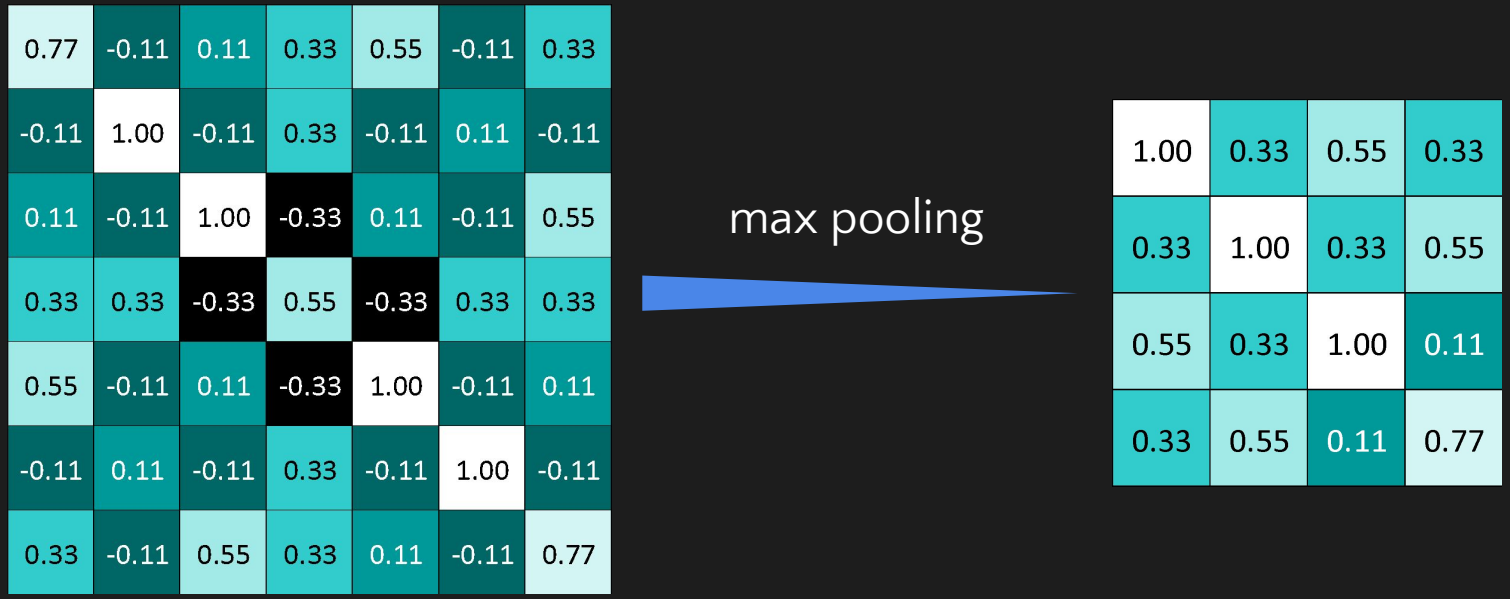
Pooling

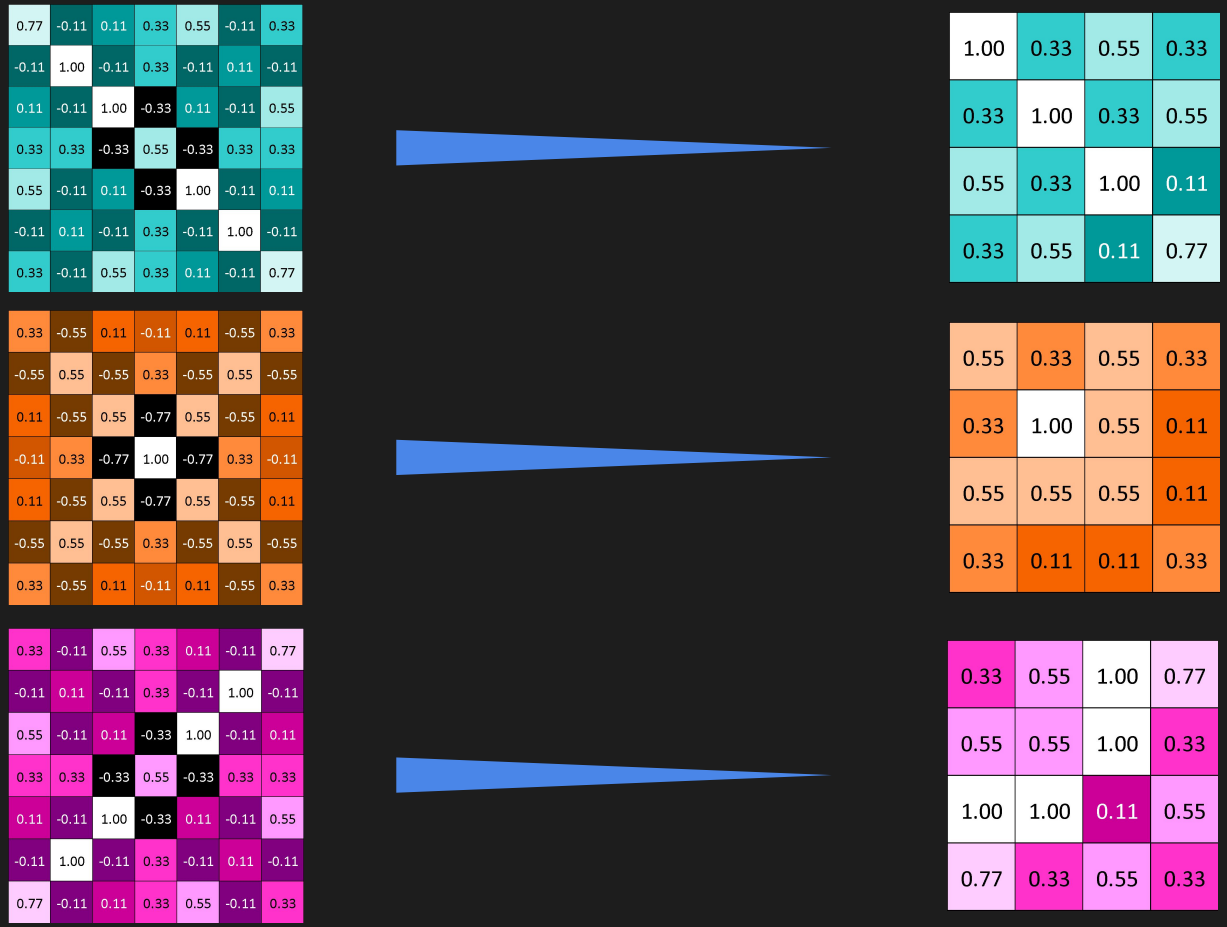

maximum
0.77 -0.11 0.11 0.33 0.55 -0.11 0.33
-0.11 1.00 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 0.11 -0.11
0.11 -0.11 1.00 -0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.55
0.33 0.33 -0.33 0.55 -0.33 0.33 0.33
0.55 -0.11 0.11 -0.33 1.00 -0.11 0.11
-0.11 0.11 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 1.00 -0.11
0.33 -0.11 0.55 0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.77
1.00 0.33 0.55 0.33

Pooling


maximum
0.77 -0.11 0.11 0.33 0.55 -0.11 0.33
-0.11 1.00 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 0.11 -0.11
0.11 -0.11 1.00 -0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.55
0.33 0.33 -0.33 0.55 -0.33 0.33 0.33
0.55 -0.11 0.11 -0.33 1.00 -0.11 0.11
-0.11 0.11 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 1.00 -0.11
0.33 -0.11 0.55 0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.77
1.00 0.33 0.55 0.33
0.33

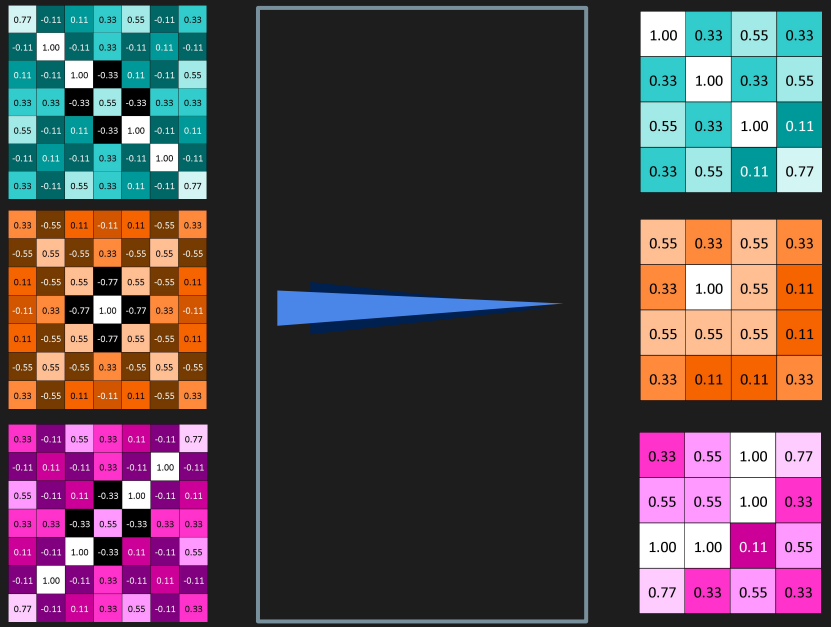
Pooling


0.77 -0.11 0.11 0.33 0.55 -0.11 0.33
-0.11 1.00 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 0.11 -0.11
0.11 -0.11 1.00 -0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.55
0.33 0.33 -0.33 0.55 -0.33 0.33 0.33
0.55 -0.11 0.11 -0.33 1.00 -0.11 0.11
-0.11 0.11 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 1.00 -0.11
0.33 -0.11 0.55 0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.77
max pooling
1.00 0.33 0.55 0.33
0.33 1.00 0.33 0.55
0.55 0.33 1.00 0.11
0.33 0.55 0.11 0.77


0.77 -0.11 0.11 0.33 0.55 -0.11 0.33
-0.11 1.00 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 0.11 -0.11
0.11 -0.11 1.00 -0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.55
0.33 0.33 -0.33 0.55 -0.33 0.33 0.33
0.55 -0.11 0.11 -0.33 1.00 -0.11 0.11
-0.11 0.11 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 1.00 -0.11
0.33 -0.11 0.55 0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.77
1.00 0.33 0.55 0.33
0.33 1.00 0.33 0.55
0.55 0.33 1.00 0.11
0.33 0.55 0.11 0.77
0.33 -0.55 0.11 -0.11 0.11 -0.55 0.33
-0.55 0.55 -0.55 0.33 -0.55 0.55 -0.55
0.11 -0.55 0.55 -0.77 0.55 -0.55 0.11
-0.11 0.33 -0.77 1.00 -0.77 0.33 -0.11
0.11 -0.55 0.55 -0.77 0.55 -0.55 0.11
-0.55 0.55 -0.55 0.33 -0.55 0.55 -0.55
0.33 -0.55 0.11 -0.11 0.11 -0.55 0.33
0.55 0.33 0.55 0.33
0.33 1.00 0.55 0.11
0.55 0.55 0.55 0.11
0.33 0.11 0.11 0.33
0.33 -0.11 0.55 0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.77
-0.11 0.11 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 1.00 -0.11
0.55 -0.11 0.11 -0.33 1.00 -0.11 0.11
0.33 0.33 -0.33 0.55 -0.33 0.33 0.33
0.11 -0.11 1.00 -0.33 0.11 -0.11 0.55
-0.11 1.00 -0.11 0.33 -0.11 0.11 -0.11
0.77 -0.11 0.11 0.33 0.55 -0.11 0.33
0.33 0.55 1.00 0.77
0.55 0.55 1.00 0.33
1.00 1.00 0.11 0.55
0.77 0.33 0.55 0.33

Pooling layer

A stack of images becomes a stack of smaller images.

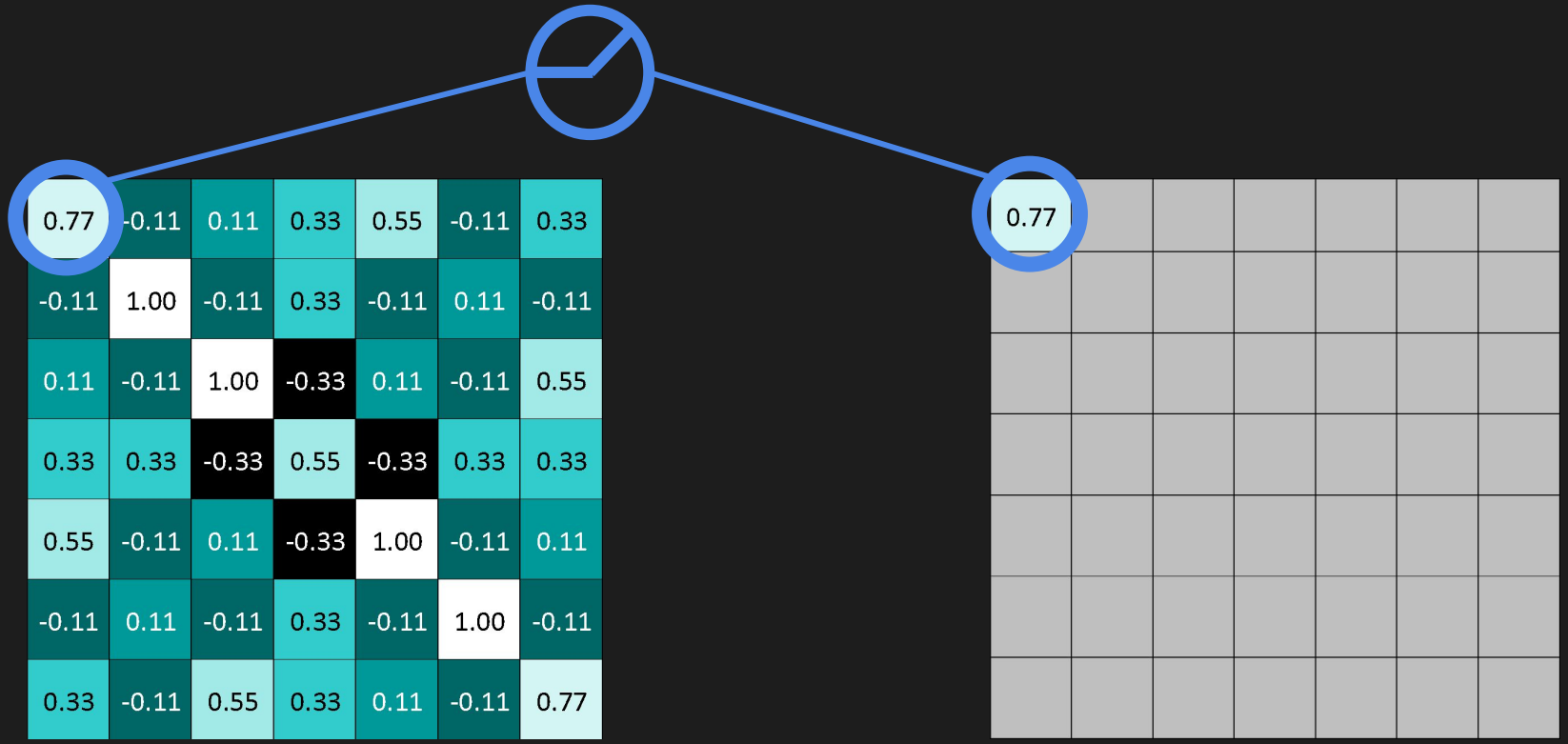


Normalization

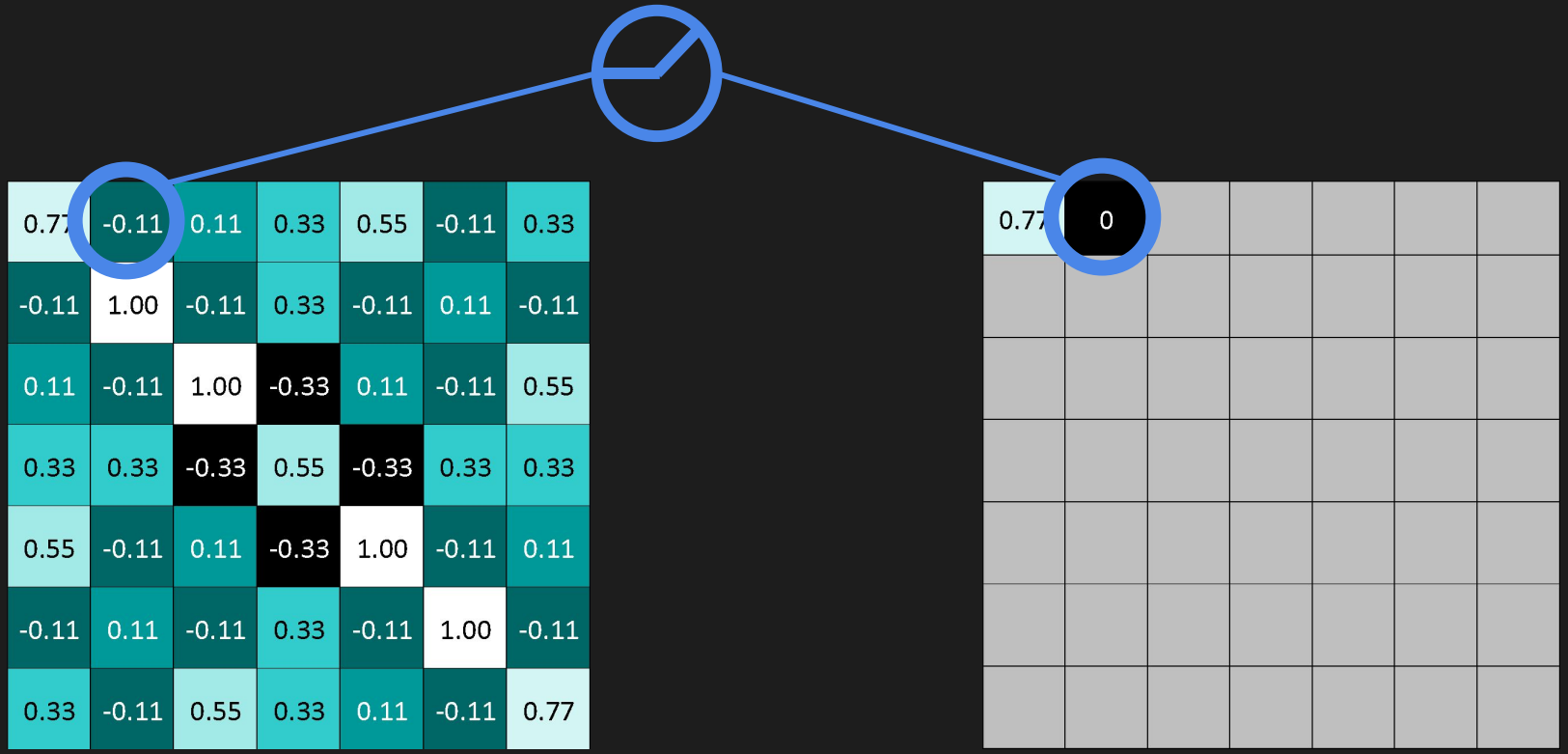
Keep the math from breaking by tweaking each of the values just a bit.

Change everything negative to zero.

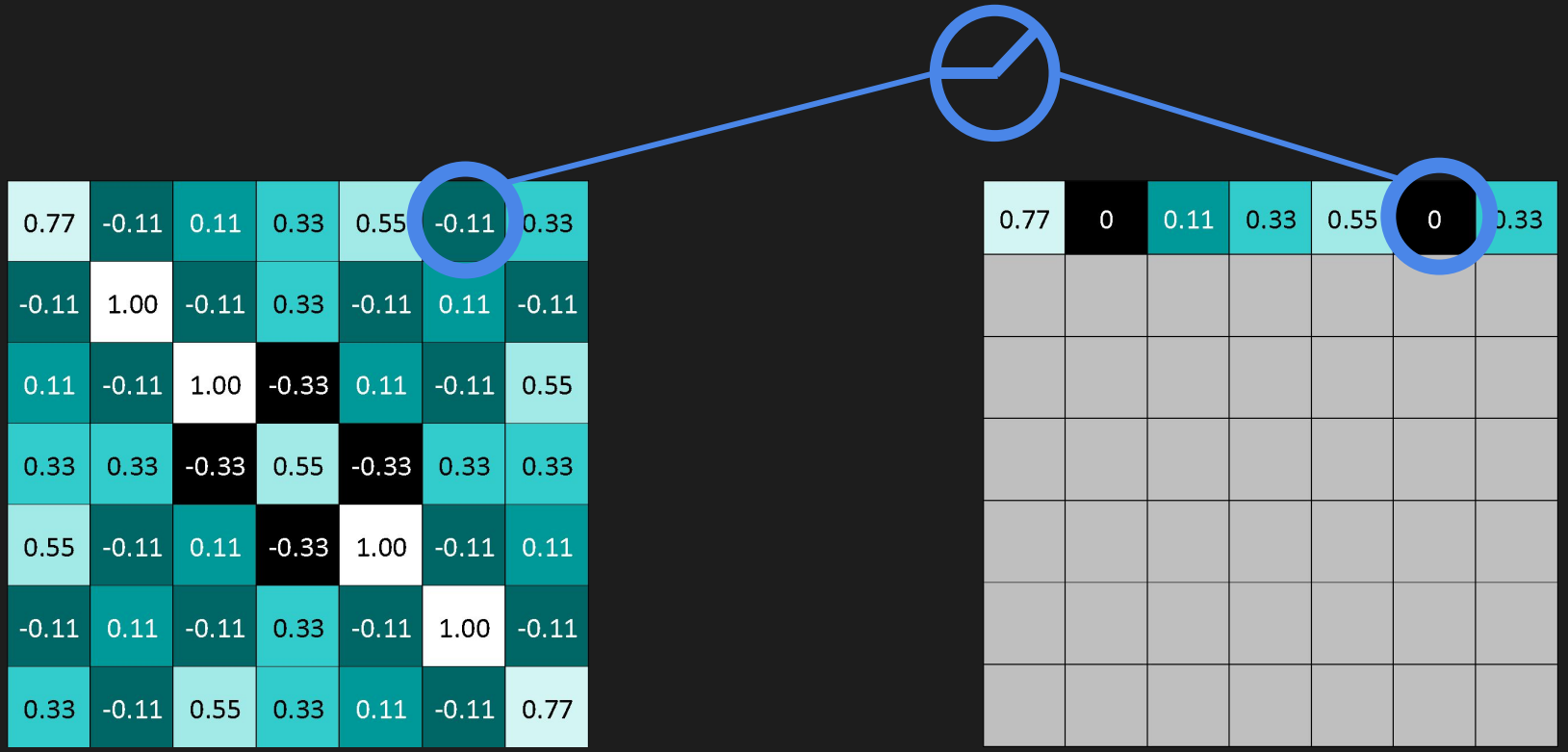
Rectified Linear Units (ReLUs)



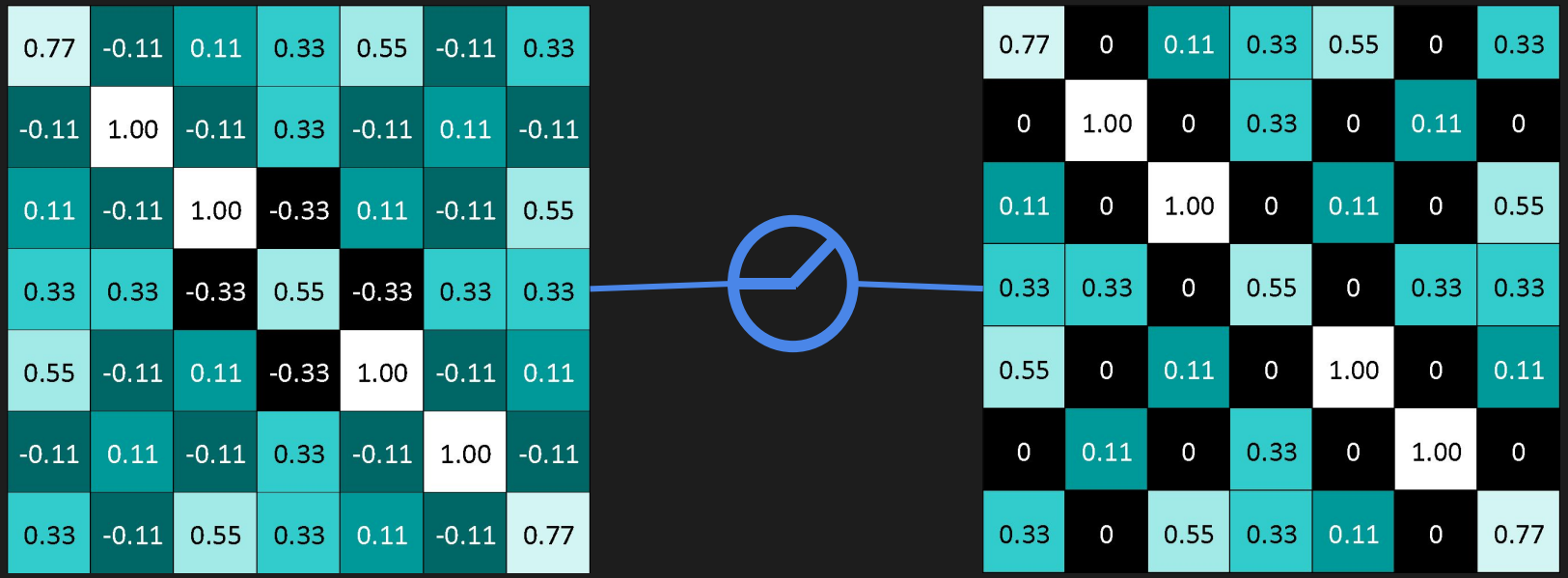
Rectified Linear Units (ReLUs)



Rectified Linear Units (ReLUs)

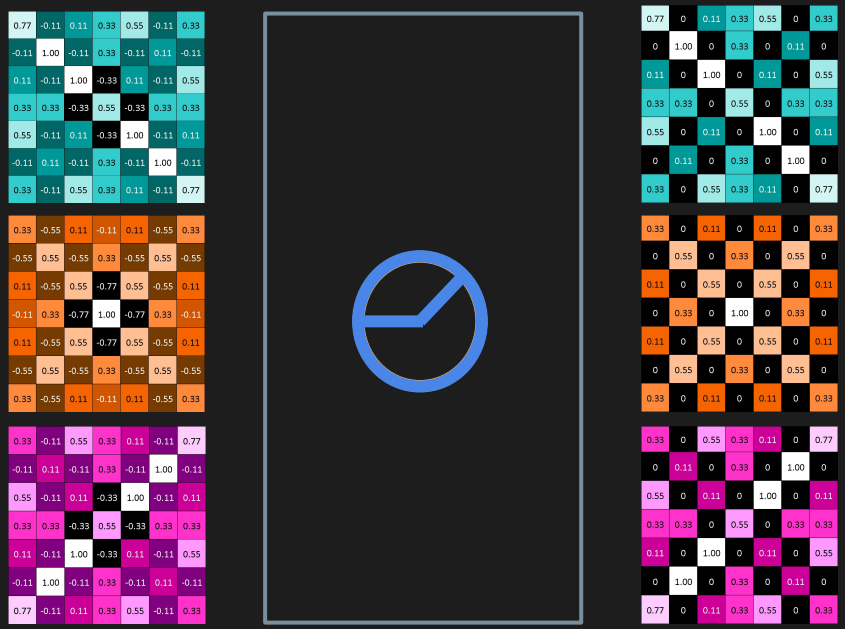


Rectified Linear Units (ReLUs)



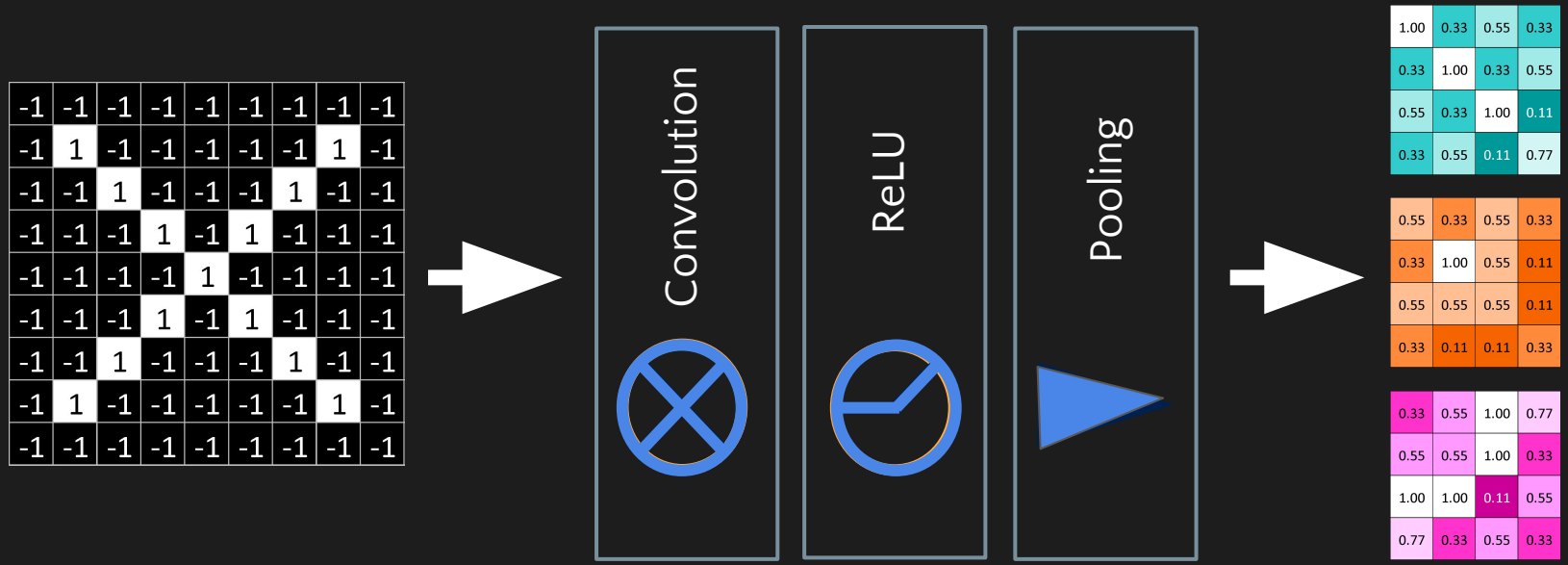
ReLU layer

A stack of images becomes a stack of images with no negative values.



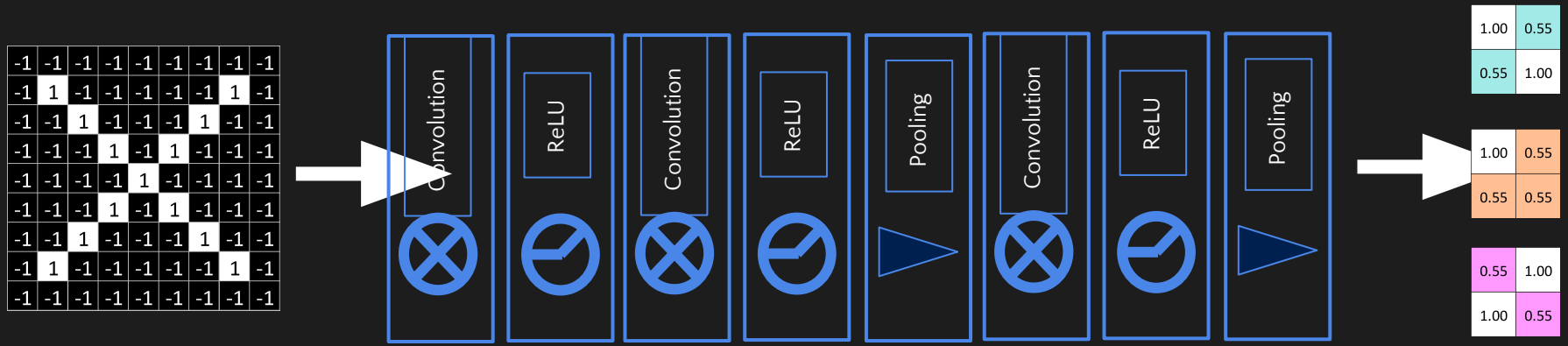
Layers get stacked

The output of one becomes the input of the next.



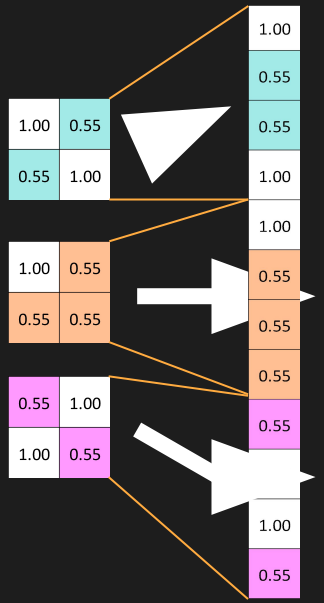
Deep stacking

Layers can be repeated several (or many) times.



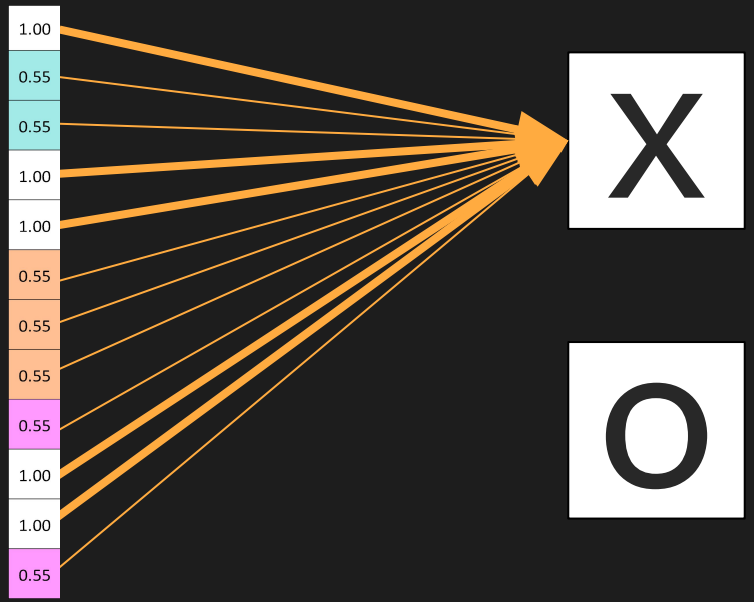
Fully connected layer

Every value gets a vote



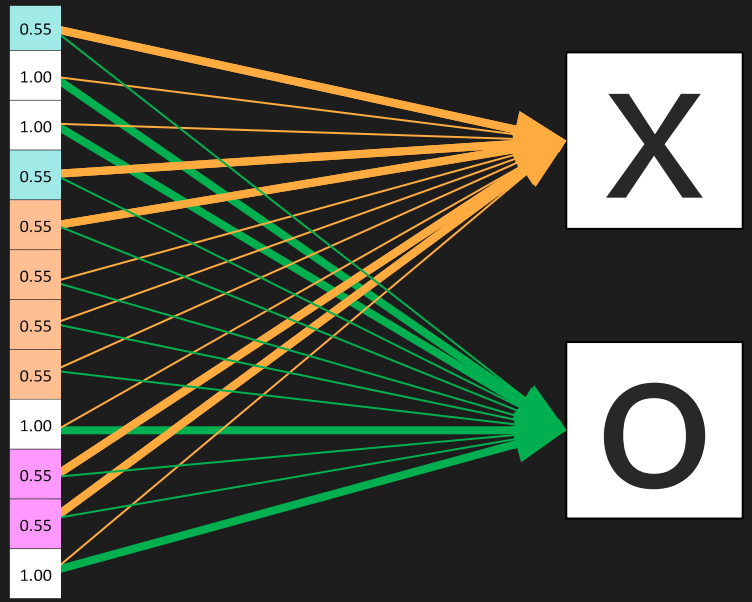
Fully connected layer

Vote depends on how strongly a value predicts X or O



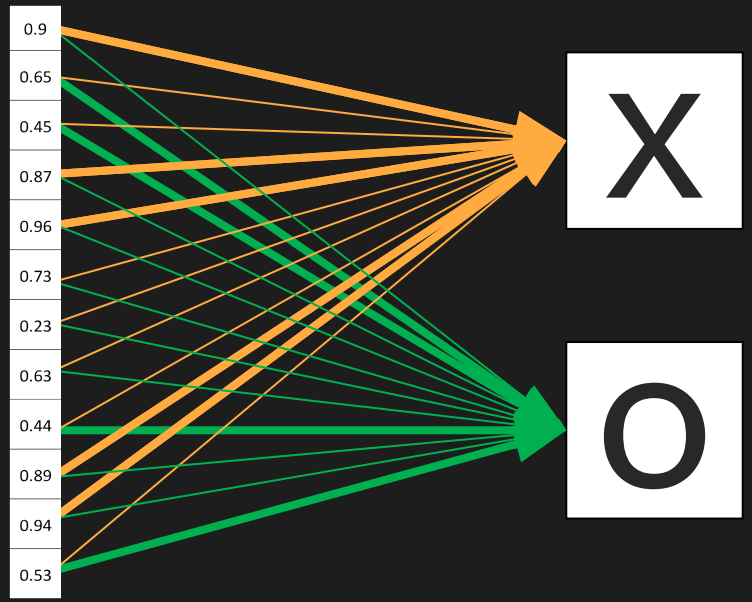
Fully connected layer

Vote depends on how strongly a value predicts X or O



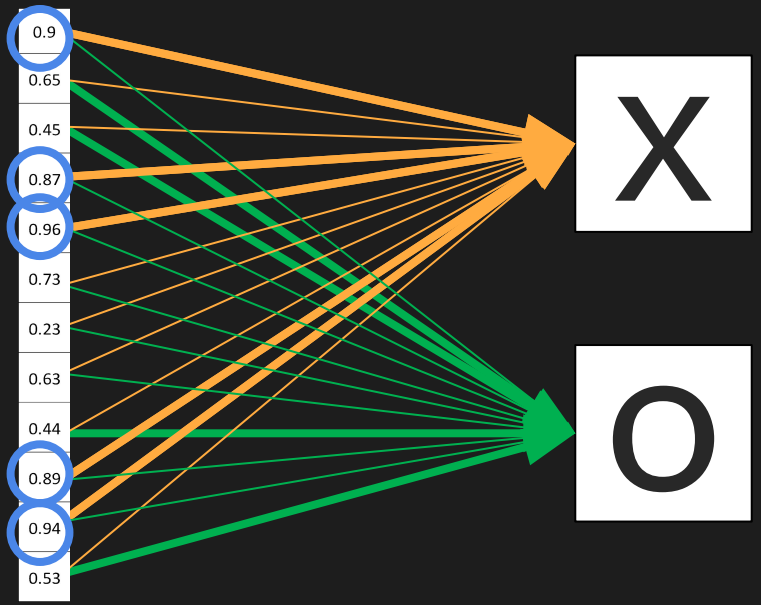
Fully connected layer

Future values vote on X or O



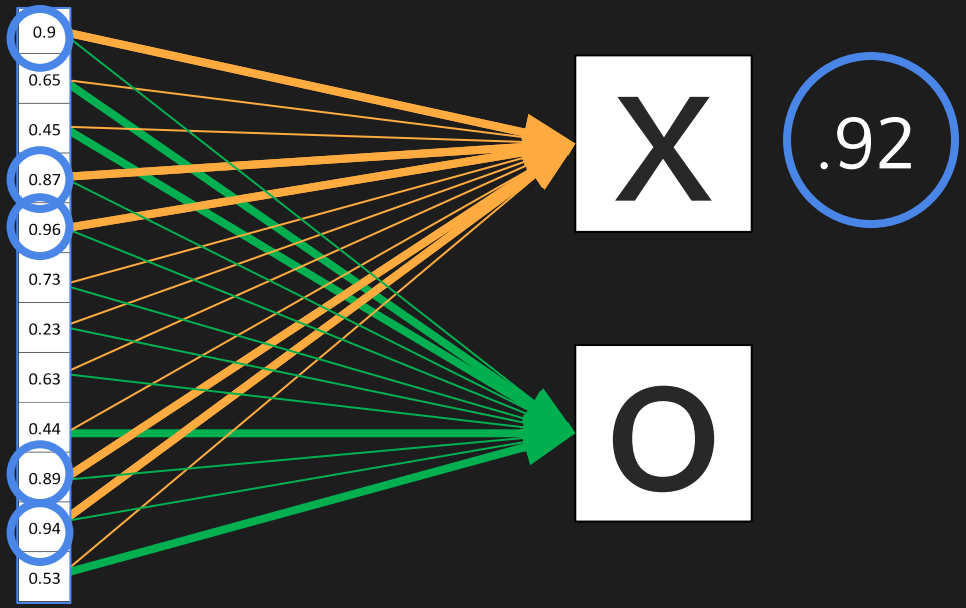
Fully connected layer

Future values vote on X or O



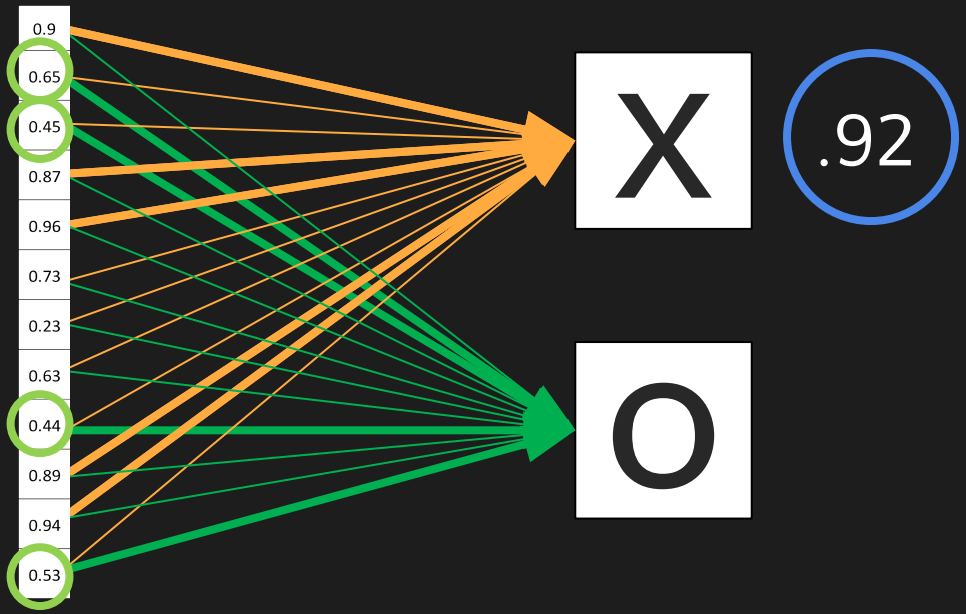
Fully connected layer

Future values vote on X or O



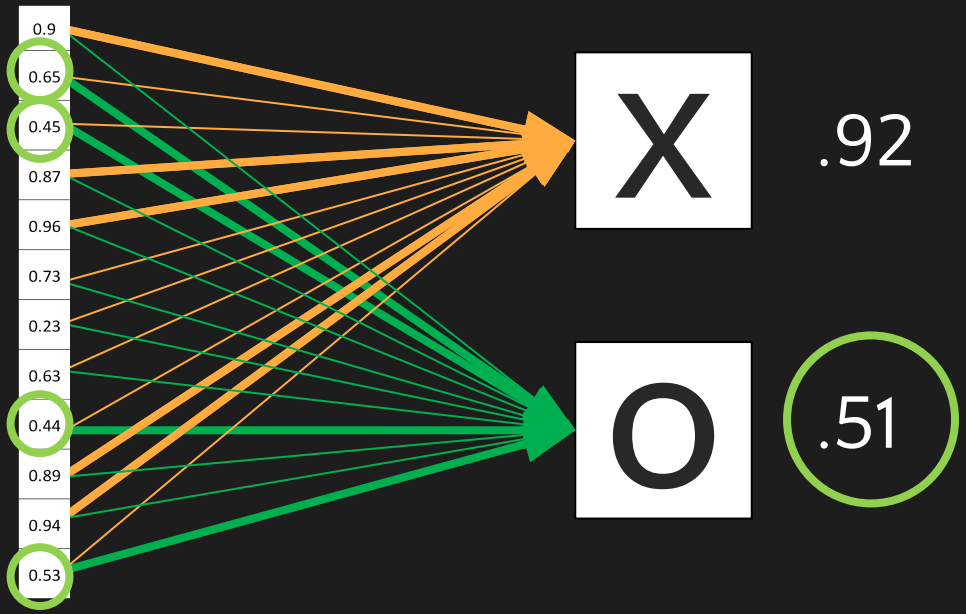
Fully connected layer

Future values vote on X or O



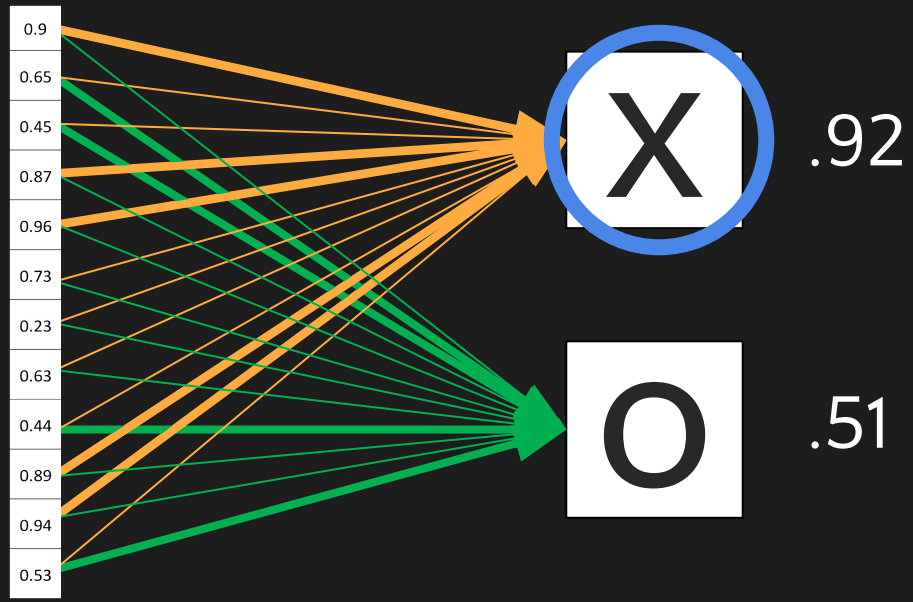
Fully connected layer

Future values vote on X or O



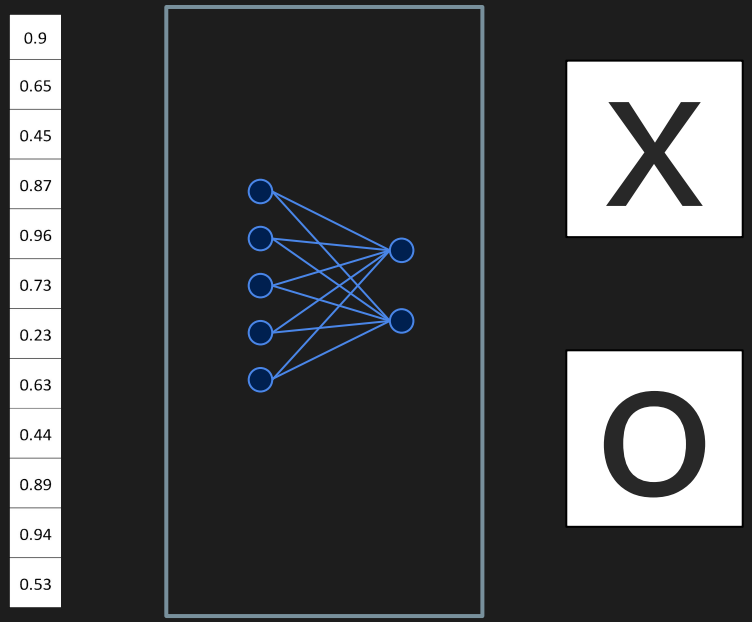
Fully connected layer

Future values vote on X or O



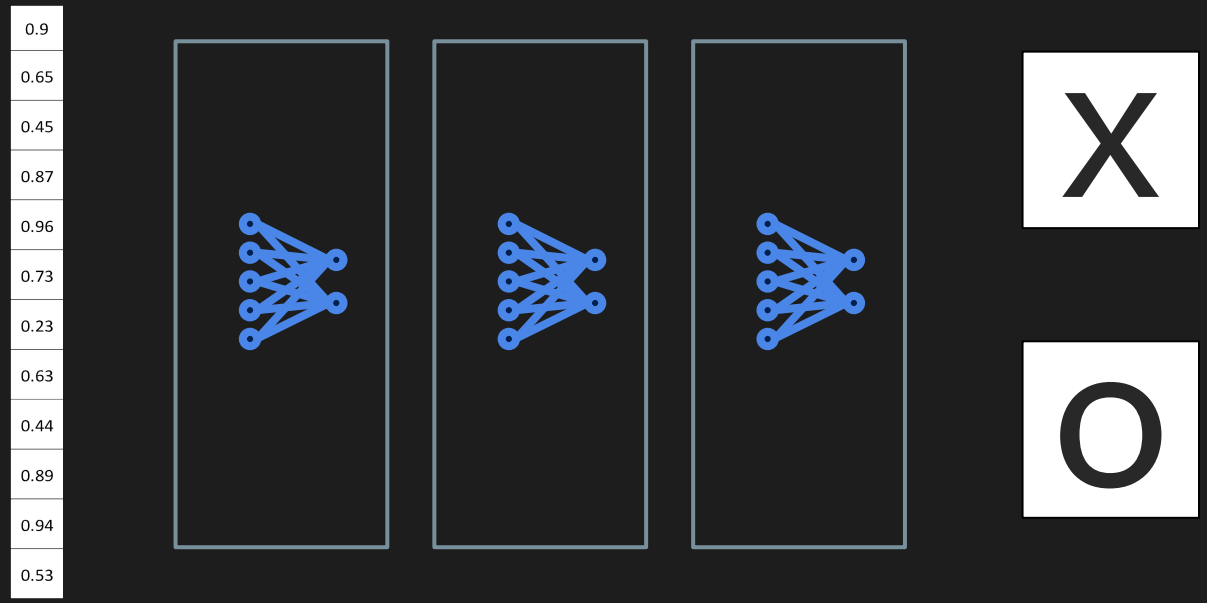
Fully connected layer

A list of feature values becomes a list of votes.



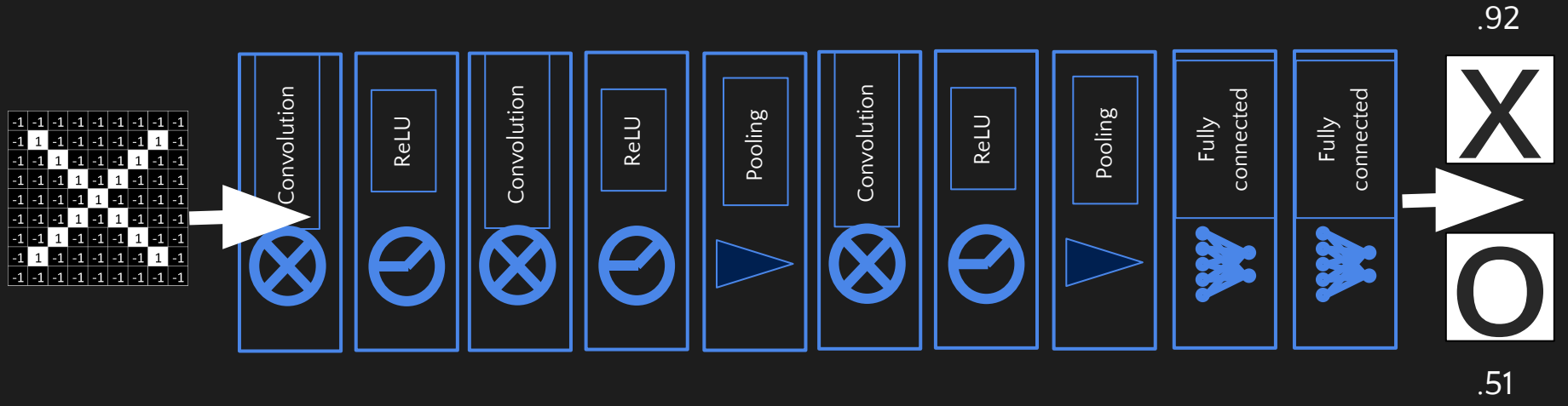
Fully connected layer

These can also be stacked.



Putting it all together

A set of pixels becomes a set of votes.



Hyperparameters (knobs)

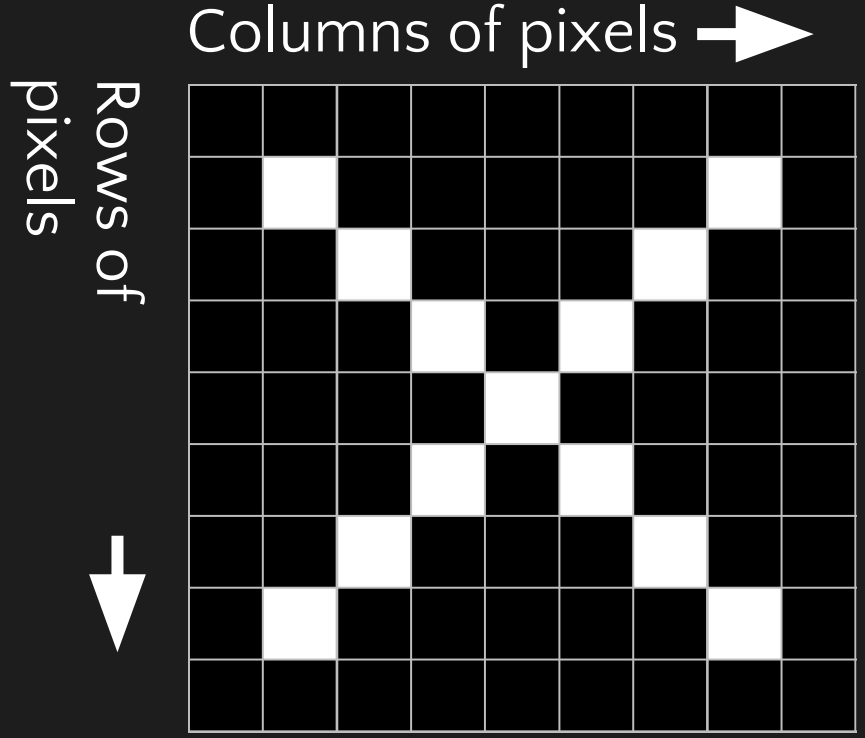
- Convolution
  - Number of features
  - Size of features
- Pooling
  - Window size
  - Window stride
- Fully Connected
  - Number of neurons

Architecture

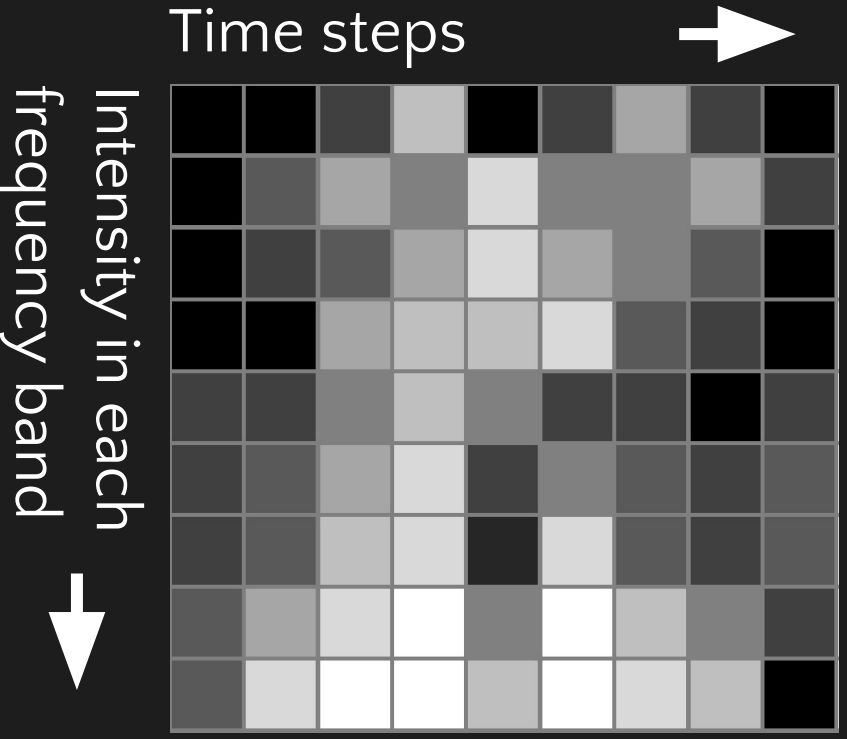
How many of each type of layer?

In what order?

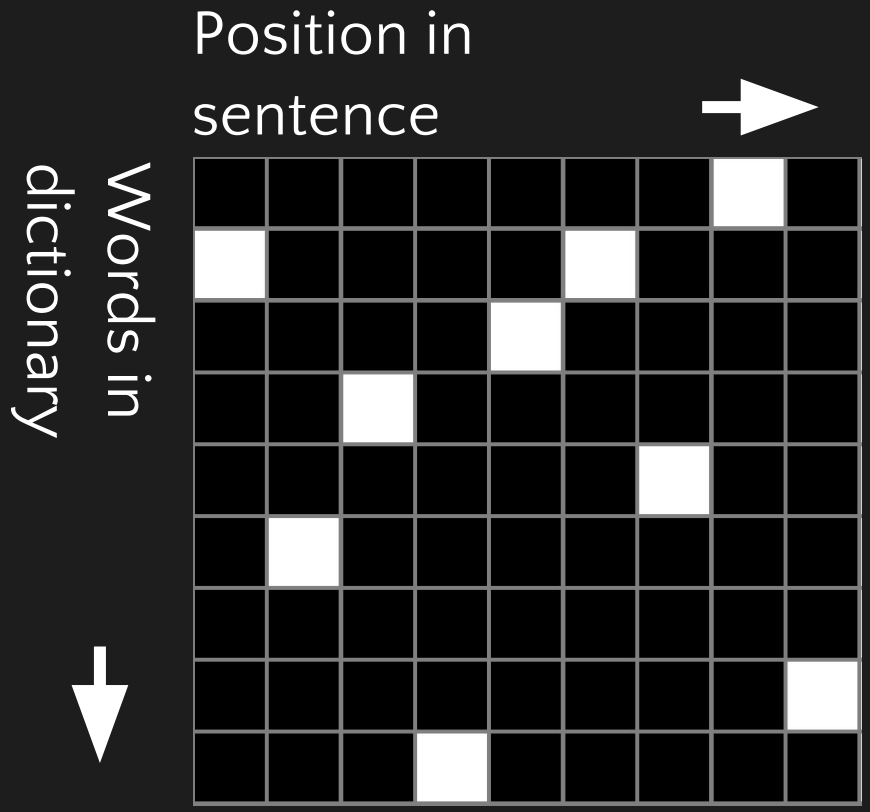
Images



Sound



Text



Limitations

ConvNets only capture local “spatial” patterns in data.

If the data can’t be made to look like an image, ConvNets are less useful.

Customer data

Name, age,
address, email,
purchases,
browsing activity,...

Customers

A	22	1A	a@a	1	aa	a1.a	123	aa1
B	33	2B	b@b	2	bb	b2.b	234	bb2
C	44	3C	c@c	3	cc	c3.c	345	cc3
D	55	4D	d@d	4	dd	d4.d	456	dd4
E	66	5E	e@e	5	ee	e5.e	567	ee5
F	77	6F	f@f	6	ff	f6.f	678	ff6
G	88	7G	g@g	7	gg	g7.g	789	gg7
H	99	8H	h@h	8	hh	h8.h	890	hh8
I	111	9I	i@i	9	ii	i9.i	901	ii9

Rule of thumb

If your data is just as useful after swapping any of your columns with each other, then you can't use Convolutional Neural Networks.

In a nutshell

ConvNets are great at finding patterns and using them to classify images.

</CNN>