

18MAT31

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021 Transform Calculus, Fourier Series and Numerical Techniques

Time: 3 hrs.

USN

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

a. Find the Laplace transform of cos t cos 2t cos 3t.

(06 Marks)

b. If
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t < a \\ 2a - t, & a < t < 2a \end{cases}$$
 and $f(t + 2a) - f(t)$, show that Life(t); $\frac{1}{s^2} \tan h \left(\frac{as}{2} \right)$.

(07 Marks)

c. Find the Inverse I aplace transforms of :

i)
$$\frac{2s+1}{s^2+6s+13}$$

ii)
$$\frac{1}{3}\log\left(\frac{s^2+b^2}{s^2+a^2}\right)$$

(07 Marks)

OR 2 a. Express the function f(t) in terms of unit step function and find its I aplace transform, where

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < 1 \le 1 \\ t, & 1 < t \le 2 \\ t^2; & t > 2 \end{cases}$$

(06 Marks)

b. Find the Inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$ using Convolution theorem. (07 Marks)

c. Solve by the method of Laplace transforms, the equation $y'' + 4y' + 3y = c^{-1}$ given y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0.

(07 Marks)

a. Obtain the Fourier series of the function $f(x) = x^2$ in $-\pi \le x \le \pi$.

(06 Marks)

b. Obtain the Fourier series expansion of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & 0 < x < \pi \\ x - 2\pi & \pi < x < 2\pi \end{cases}$$

(07 Marks)

c. Find the Cosine half range series for f(x) = x(f-x), $0 \le x \le f$.

(07 Marks)

a. Obtain the Fourier series of f(x) = |x| in (-1, 1).

(06 Marks)

Find the sine half range series for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & , & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi - \pi & , & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

(07 Marks)

Obtain the constant term and the coefficients of the first cosine and sine terms in the Fourier expansion of y from the table (07 Marks)

y 9 18 24 28 26 20 Lot 3

Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

18MAT3,1

5 a. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x^2 & |x| < 1 \\ 0 & |x| \ge 1 \end{cases}$. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) and hence find value of

 $\int \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^2} dx$

(96 Marks)

Find the Fourier Cosine transform of

(07 Marks)

c. Find the ℓ -transform of $\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$.

(07 Marks)

a. Solve the Integral equation

 $\int_{0}^{\pi} f(\theta) \cos \alpha \, \theta \, d\theta = \begin{cases} 1 - \alpha & , & 0 \le \alpha \le 1 \\ 0 & , & \alpha > 1 \end{cases} \text{ hence evaluate } \int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{\sin^{2} t}{t^{2}} \, dt.$

(06 Marks)

b. Find the Inverse Z – transform of $\frac{2z^2 + 3z}{(z+2)(z-4)}$

(07 Marks)

e. Using the Z - transform, solve Yn. $-4Y_0 = 0$, given $Y_0 = 0$, $Y_1 = 2$.

(07 Marks)

Using Taylor's series method, solve the Initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x y - 1$$
. $y(0) = 1$ at the point $x = 0.1$. Consider upto 4^{th} degree term.

(06 Marks)

b. Use modified Euler's method to compute y(0.1), given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y$, y(0) = 1 by taking h = 0.05; Consider two approximations in each step (07 Marks)

c. Given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y^2$, find y at x = 0.8 with

By applying Milne's method. Apply corrector formula once.

(07 Marks)

- Solve the following by Modified Euler's method
 - $\frac{1}{dx} = \sqrt{y}$, y(0) = 1 at x = 0.4 by taking h = 0.2. Consider two modifications in each
 - b. Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x + \frac{y}{2}$, y(0) = 1. Compute y(0.2) by taking h = 0.2 using Runge Kutta
 - e. Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = (1+y)x^2$ and y(1) = 1 y(1.1) = 1.233, y(1.2) = 1.548, y(1.3) = 1.979, determine y(1.4) by Adam's Bashforth method. Apply corrector formula once.

18MAT3

- a. Given y'' xy' y = 0 with y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0. Compute y(0.2) using Runge Kutta method. (06 Marks)
 - b. Derive Euler's equation in the form $\frac{\partial I}{\partial y} \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y'} \right) = 0$.

(07 Marks)

c. Prove that the geodesics on a plane are straight lines.

(07 Marks)

10 a. Find the curve on which functional

$$\int_{0}^{1} [(y')^{2} + 12xy] dx \text{ with } y(0) = 0, y(1) = 1 \text{ can be extremized.}$$

(06 Marks)

b. Obtain the solution of the equation $\frac{2d^2y}{dx^2} = 4x + \frac{dy}{dx}$ by computing the value of dependent variable corresponding to the value 1.4 of the independent variable by applying Milne's method using the following data. Apply corrector formula once. (07 Marks)

X	11	1.1	1.2	1.3
У	2	2.2156	2.4649	2.7514
y'	2	2.3178	2.6725	3.0657

c. A heavy cable hangs freely under gravity between two fixed points. Show that the shape of the cable is Catenary $y = c \cosh \frac{x + a}{2}$ (07 Marks)

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