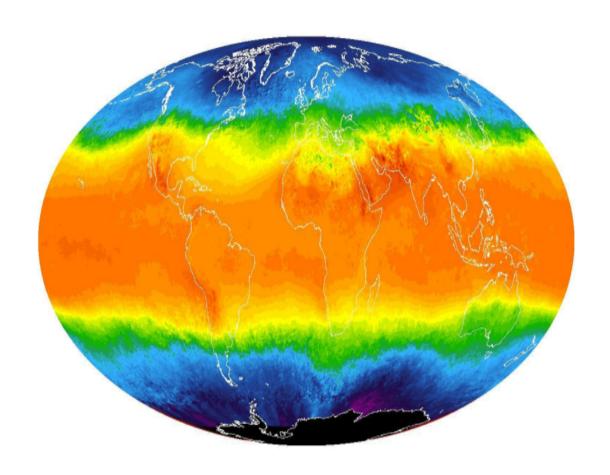
# Project 1

# **Exploring Weather Trends Project**

Student name:

## **Nouf Alfayez**



#### - SQL query used to extract the city level data:

First, I quired about cities in Saudi Arabia, to determine the city closest to me by using this query:

```
select *
from city_list
where country IN ('Saudi Arabia');
```

Then I extracted the data for the city closest to me (Riyadh) including (year, average temperature), and then exported the file to a CSV file and converted it to an Excel file. by using this query:

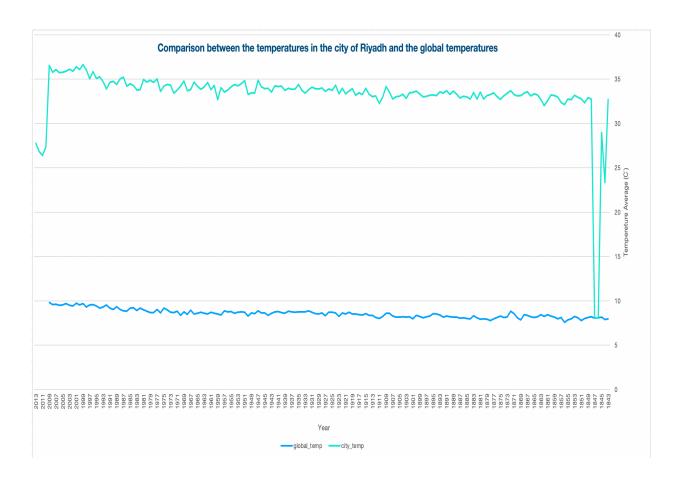
```
select year, avg_temp
from city_data
     where city in ('Riyadh');
```

### - SQL query used to extract the Global level data:

To extract data globally, I simply used this query, after that I downloaded a CSV file, and then converted it to an Excel file.

```
select * from global_data;
```

### Chart



This chart shows a comparison between the average temperatures in Riyadh, the capital of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and the global average temperatures, and I will discuss several observations that this chart shows:

- 1- We note that the city of Riyadh has very high temperatures compared to global temperatures.
- 2- Global temperatures are nearly constant and are increasing slowly over time.
- 3- Temperatures in the city of Riyadh are increasing slowly over time.
- 4- The level of fluctuation in the average temperature of Riyadh is higher than the level of fluctuation in the average global temperature.