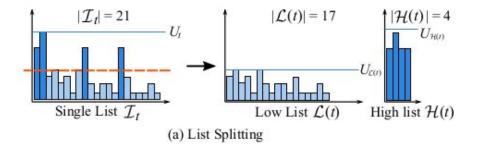
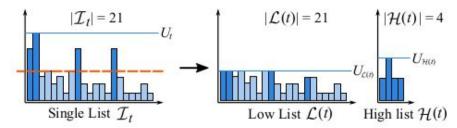
# "Accelerating Sparse Indexes Via Term Impact Decomposition"

Joel Mackenzie, Antonio Mallia, Alistair Moffat et Matthias Petri

Nour BOUCHOUCHI Nolwenn PIGEON

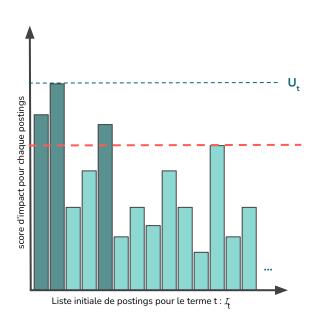
# Deux techniques pour améliorer l'efficiency : list splitting et postings clipping





(b) Postings Clipping

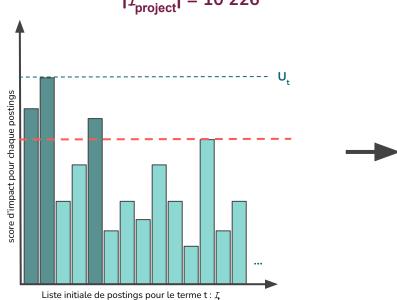
# List splitting



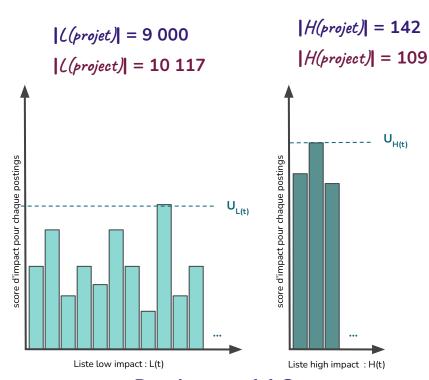
1/64e des postings ont un score d'impact supérieur

# List splitting

$$|I_{project}| = 9 142$$
  
 $|I_{project}| = 10 226$ 

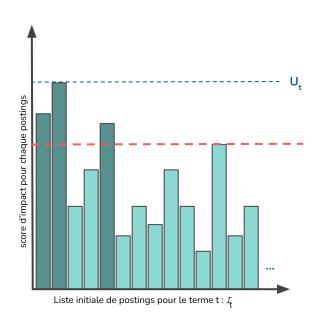


**DeepImpact : 1,1 Go BM25 : 416 M0** 



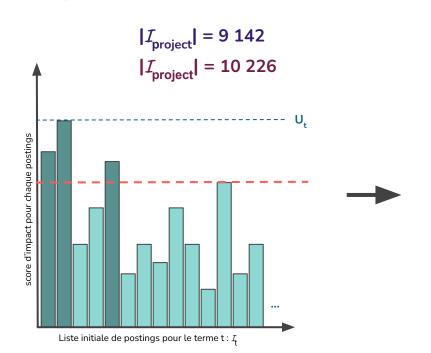
**DeepImpact : 1,1 Go BM25 : 420 M0** 

# Postings clipping



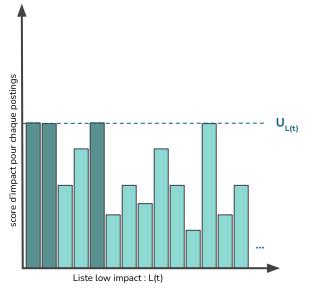
1/64e des postings ont un score d'impact supérieur

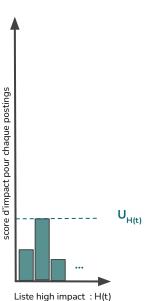
# Postings clipping



**DeepImpact : 1,1 Go BM25 : 420 M0** 







**DeepImpact : 1,2 Go BM25 : 424 M0** 



Smart Bounds : Prise en compte de UL(t) et UH(t). Mise à jour de la borne supérieure devient : UH(t) - UL(t).

```
Algorithm 1 WAND processing.
    function WAND(q, I, k)
         for t \leftarrow 0 to |q| - 1 do
                                                                                                              while t < |q| and c_t = c_{pivot} do
              U[t] \leftarrow \max_d \{w_d \mid (d, w_d) \in \mathcal{I}_t\}
                                                                                                                                          // add contribution to score
                                                                                                                  s \leftarrow s + w_t
              (c_t, w_t) \leftarrow first\_posting(\mathcal{I}_t)
                                                                                          25:
                                                                                                                  (c_t, w_t) \leftarrow next\_posting(\mathcal{I}_t)
         end for
                                                                                                                  t \leftarrow t + 1
                                                         // current threshold
         \theta \leftarrow -\infty
                                                                                                                                   //s is the score of document c_{pivot}
                                                                                                              end while
         Ans \leftarrow \{\}
                                                  // k-set of (d, s_d) values
                                                                                                                                    // and is a possible top-k answer
                                                                                                              if s > \theta then
         while the set of candidates (c_t, w_t) is non-empty do
                                                                                                                  Ans \leftarrow insert(Ans, (c_{pivot}, s))
              permute the candidates so that c_0 \le c_1 \le \cdots c_{|q|-1}
                                                                                           30:
                                                                                                                  if |Ans| > k then
10:
              score\_limit \leftarrow 0
                                                                                                                       Ans \leftarrow delete\_smallest(Ans)
              pivot \leftarrow 0
                                                                                                                       \theta \leftarrow minimum(Ans)
              while pivot < |q| - 1 do
                                                                                                                  end if
                  tmp\_s\_lim \leftarrow score\_limit + U[pivot]
                                                                                                             end if
                  if tmp\_s\_lim > \theta then
                                                                                           35:
                                                                                                                                               // can't score cpivot (yet)
15:
                       break, and continue from step 20
                                                                                                              for t \leftarrow 0 to pivot - 1 do
                  end if
                                                                                                                  (c_t, w_t) \leftarrow seek\_to\_document(I_t, c_{pivot})
                  score\_limit \leftarrow tmp\_score\_lim
                                                                                                              end for // all pointers are now at c_{pivot} or greater
                  pivot \leftarrow pivot + 1
                                                                                                         end if
              end while
20:
                                                                                                     end while
              if c_0 = c_{pivot} then
                  s \leftarrow 0
                                                  // score document capot
                                                                                                     return Ans
                  t \leftarrow 0
                                                                                                end function
```

**Algorithm 1** Standard MaxScore. Input is a set of q postings lists  $\mathcal{I}_t$ , with  $\mathcal{I}_{t,i} = \langle d, w \rangle$  the docnum and impact score of the i th posting for the t th term; and a vector  $U_t = \max_i \{\mathcal{I}_{t,i}.w\}$ , the maximum impact for the t th term.

1:  $active \leftarrow \{0...q-1\}$  // active terms

2: *passive* ← { } 3: *sum\_pass* ← 0

4:  $heap \leftarrow \{\}$ 

// passive terms

// sum of passive  $U_t$ 's

// heap of "best so far"

```
5: c[t] \leftarrow 0 for 0 \le t < q
                                                       // cursors
6: \theta \leftarrow -\infty
                                            // heap threshold
 7: while active postings remain do
          // select next document, match all cursors
          d \leftarrow \min\{\mathcal{I}_{t,c[t]}.d \mid t \in active\}
          for t \in passive do
10:
               c[t] \leftarrow \mathsf{SeekGEQ}(\mathcal{I}_t, d)
11:
          // score document
          score_d \leftarrow \sum \{\mathcal{I}_{t,c[t]}.w \mid \mathcal{I}_{t,c[t]}.d = d\}
          // advance cursors
14:
15:
          for t \in active do
               if \mathcal{I}_{t,c[t]}.d=d then
16:
                    c[t] \leftarrow c[t] + 1
17:
          // check against heap, update if needed
          if score_d > \theta then
19:
               heap \leftarrow heap \cup \{\langle d, score_d \rangle\}
20:
               if |heap| > k then
21:
                    eject the least weight \langle d, score_d \rangle
                           heap item and update \theta
23:
          // try to expand passive set
24:
          y \leftarrow \operatorname{argmax}_{t}\{|\mathcal{I}_{t}| \mid t \in active\}
          if sum\_pass + U_u < \theta then
26:
27:
               // toggle term y from active to passive
               active \leftarrow active - \{y\}
28:
29:
               passive \leftarrow passive \cup \{y\}
```

# Résultats

#### Nos résultats :

Méthode	BM25		DeepImpact	
	K=10	K=1000	K=10	K=1000
MaxScore baseline	31.0	68.3	4 849.0	2 912.6
+ list splitting	21.1	58.2	58 879.6	4 010.4
+ posting clipping	28.2	71.4	2 603.6	3 534.1
Wand baseline	613.8	1 602.9	442.8	464.1
+ list splitting	451.6	1 842.1	121.0	161.7
+ posting clipping	357.1	1 452.3	468.0	692.4

Temps de traitement des requêtes en secondes par requête, deux modèles de recherche et deux approches d'élagage dynamique

# Résultats de l'article :

Méthode	BM25		DeepImpact	
	K=10	K=1000	K=10	K=1000
MaxScore baseline	1.7	5.5	8.1	18.8
+ list splitting	/	/	2.0	7.9
+ posting clipping	1.5	5.0	1.6	5.9
Wand baseline	2.3	7.4	14.9	34.0
+ list splitting	/	/	3.5	13.8
+ posting clipping	1.7	5.6	2.7	10.8

Temps de traitement des requêtes en millisecondes par requête, deux modèles de recherche et deux approches d'élagage dynamique

# **Annexes**



# Structure du code

### create\_index\_deepimpact.py

 Permet de créer un index inversé à partir des index MSMARCOv1 avec Deepimpact et de l'enregistrer en mémoire sous format json. On indexe les 1 million premiers passages pour des raisons de problème de passage à l'échelle.

#### create\_index\_bm25.py

 Permet de créer un index inversé à partir des index MSMARCOv1 avec BM25 et de l'enregistrer en mémoire sous format json. On fait attention à conserver les mêmes passages que ceux qui ont été sélectionnés pour DeepImpact.

## postings\_clipping.py

• Permet de créer les index avec postings clipping pour DeepImpact et BM25 à partir des index inversés préalablement créés et de les enregistrer en mémoire sous format json.

#### list\_splitting.py

• Permet de créer les index avec list splitting pour DeepImpact et BM25 à partir des index inversés préalablement créés et de les enregistrer en mémoire sous format json.

#### wand.py

Permet de calculer le temps moyen des requêtes à l'aide de WAND, pour k=10 et k=1000, à partir des index inversés, avec postings clipping et avec list splitting.

#### maxscore.py

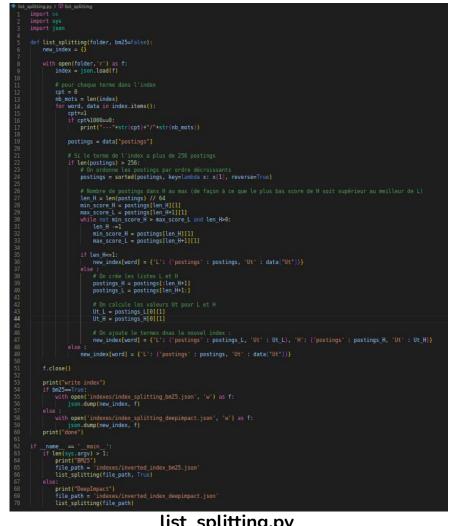
 Permet de calculer le temps moyen des requêtes à l'aide de MaxScore pour k=10 et k=1000, à partir des index inversés, avec postings clipping et avec list splitting.

```
create_index_deepimpact.py > ...
     import os
     def create index(folder):
         inverted index = {}
         # On n'indexe que les deux premiers fichiers (1 000 000 de passages)
         for filename in os.listdir(folder):
             if filename.endswith('.json') and int(filename[-7:-5])<2:
                 with open(os.path.join(folder, filename), 'r') as f:
                     print("start indexing : ", filename)
                     for line in f :
                         passage = json.loads(line)
                         for word, score in passage['vector'].items():
                             if word not in inverted index:
                                 inverted index[word] = {'postings': [], 'Ut': None}
                             inverted index[word]['postings'].append((passage['id'], score))
                     f.close()
         # On ajoute le champ Ut pour chaque word
         print("add Ut")
         cpt = 0
         nb mots = len(inverted index)
         for word in inverted index:
             cpt+=1
             if cpt%10000==0:
                 print("---"+str(cpt)+"/"+str(nb mots))
             postings = inverted index[word]['postings']
             ut = max(postings, key=lambda x: x[1])[1]
             inverted index[word]['Ut'] = ut
         print("write index")
         with open('indexes/inverted index deepimpact.json', 'w') as f:
             json.dump(inverted index, f)
     if name == ' main ':
         create index('collections/msmarco-passage-deepimpact')
```

```
create_index_bm25.py > 0 create_index
     def create index(folder):
         inverted index = {}
         # On parcourt tous les fichiers pour indexer les 1 000 000 de passages
         # qu'on avait indexé avec deeimpact
         nb passages = 0
         for filename in os.listdir(folder):
             if filename.endswith('isonl'):
                 with open(os.path.join(folder, filename), 'r') as f:
                     print("start indexing : ", filename)
                     for line in f :
                         passage = json.loads(line)
                         if int(passage["id"])<1000000:</pre>
                             nb passages+=1
                             if nb passages%10000==0:
                                 print("---"+str(nb passages)+"/1000000")
                             for word, score in passage['vector'].items():
                                 if word not in inverted index:
                                     inverted index[word] = {'postings': [], 'Ut': None}
                                 inverted_index[word]['postings'].append((int(passage['id']), int(score)))
                     f.close()
         print("add Ut")
         cpt = 0
         nb mots = len(inverted index)
         for word in inverted index:
             cpt+=1
             if cpt%10000==0:
                 print("---"+str(cpt)+"/"+str(nb mots))
             postings = inverted index[word]['postings']
             ut = max(postings, key=lambda x: x[1])[1]
             inverted index[word]['Ut'] = ut
         print("write index")
         with open('indexes/inverted index bm25.json', 'w') as f:
             json.dump(inverted index, f)
     if name == ' main ':
         create index('collections/msmarco-passage-bm25-b8')
```

```
ings clipping.py >
   new index = {}
   with open(folder, 'r') as f:
       index = ison.load(f)
        nb mots = len(index)
        for word, data in index.items():
            if cpt%1000==0:
            postings = data["postings"]
                postings = sorted(postings, key=lambda x: x(1), reverse=True)
                len H = len(postings) // 64
                   new index[word] = {'L': ('postings' : postings, 'Ut' : data["Ut']}}
                    for doc, score in postings:
                           postings H.append((doc, score-max score L))
                        postings L.append((doc, min(score, max score L)))
                   # On calcule les valeurs Ut pour L et H
Ut L = postings L[0][1]
                   new index[word] = {'L': ('postings' : postings L, 'Ut' : Ut L), 'H': {'postings' : postings H, 'Ut' : Ut H)}
       with open('indexes/index postings bm25.json', 'w') as f:
            ison.dump(new index, f)
        with open('indexes/index postings deepimpact.json', 'w') as f:
             son.dump(new index. f)
   name == ' main ':
       postings clipping('indexes/inverted index bm25.json', True)
        postings clipping('indexes/inverted index deepimpact.json')
```

postings\_clipping.py



list\_splitting.py

```
wand.py >
    innort time
    def seek to document(postings list; curseur, d):
        for c,posting in enumerate(postings list(curseur:)):
            if posting[\theta] >= d:
                return posting, c+curseur
        return None, len(postings list)
    def candidates(cursors, postings list):
            if cursors[i]<len(postings list[i]):
    def maj_candidats(curseurs, postings_list):
            if curseurs[i] < len(postings list[i]):
                candidats.append(postings list[i][curseurs[i]])
        return candidats
    def WAND(query, index, k, postings_clipping = False, list_splitting=False):
        postings list = []
        liste Ut = []
        if list splitting:
            if term in index :
                    if index[term].get('H')!=None
                        postings list.append(sorted(index[term]["H"]["postings"], key=lambda x: x[0], reverse=False|)
                        liste Ut.append(index[term]["H"]["Ut"])
                        curseurs.append(0)
                        candidats.append(postings_list[-1][0])
                        if list_splitting :
                            Ht_list_split.append(0)
                    if index[term].get("L")!=None :
                        postings list.append(sorted(index|term)| "L")| "postings"), key=lambda x: x[0], reverse=False))
                        liste_Ut.append(index[term]["L"]("Ut"])
                        curseurs.append(0)
                        candidats.append(postings_list[-1][0])
                        if list splitting
                            if index[term].get( H')!=None :
                                Ht list split.append(liste Ut[-2])
                                Ht_list_split.append(0)
                    postings_list.append(sorted(index[term[["postings"], key=lambda x: x(θ], reverse=False))
                    liste Ut.append(index[term]["Ut"])
                    curseurs append(0)
                    candidats.append(postings_list[-1][0])
```

```
doc_pivot=-1
    candidats = maj_candidats(curseurs, postings_list)
        candidats, curseurs, postings list, liste Ut = zip(*sorted(zip(candidats, curseurs, postings list, liste Ut), key=lambda x; x[8]))
    if list splitting :
        if s >= theta: # Réponse possible pour les meilleures k réponses
heapq.heappush(Ans, (doc pivot,s))
            candidats[t], curseurs[t] = seek to document(postings list[t], curseurs[t], doc pivot) # Déplacer le pointeur au document cpivot ou suivant
```

### **Algorithme WAND**

```
def all queries(file, postings clipping=False, list splitting=False):
    queries = read queries()
    with open(file, 'r') as f:
       print("load index")
        index = json.load(f)
        for k in [10,1000]:
           print("--- k =".k)
           start time = time.time()
            cpt=0
            for query in queries:
                cpt+=1
                print(cpt)
                if postings clipping :
                   WAND(query, index, k, postings clipping = True)
                    if list splitting:
                        WAND(query, index, k, list splitting = True)
                        WAND(query, index, k)
            end time = time.time()
            total time = end time - start time
            avg time = total time / len(queries)
           print("---- Le temps moyen par requête est de : ", avg time)
def read queries():
   Permet de lire les 6980 dev queries
    list queries = []
    with open('queries/msmarco-passage/queries.dev.small.tsv', 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
        reader = csv.reader(file, delimiter= \t')
        for row in reader:
            query text = row[1]
           query tokens = query text.split()
           list queries.append(query tokens)
    return list queries[1:50]
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    print("==== DeepImpact ====")
    print("Index inversé sans traitement : "{}
        all_queries("indexes/inverted_index_deepimpact.json")
    print("Postings : ")
        all_queries("indexes/index_postings_deepimpact.json", postings_clipping=True)

    print("List splitting : ")
        all_queries("indexes/index_splitting_deepimpact.json", list_splitting=True)

    print("\n==== BM25 ====")

    print("Index inversé sans traitement : ")
    all_queries("indexes/inverted_index_bm25.json")

    print("Postings : ")
    all_queries("indexes/index_postings_bm25.json", postings_clipping=True)

    print("List splitting : ")
    all_queries("indexes/index_splitting_bm25.json", list_splitting=True)
```

#### **Tests WAND**

```
def seekgeq(postings list, d):
    while position < len(postings list) and postings list[position][0] < d:
def argmax(liste):
             c[t] = seekgeg(postings lists[t], d)
         # Calculer le score du document en additionnant les impacts scores des postings correspondants score = sum[postings lists[t][c[t]][1] for t in active if c[t] < len(postings lists[t]) and postings lists[t][c[t]][0] == d
              heapq, heappush (heap, (score, d))
                  heapq, heappop (heap
                  theta = heap[0][0]
         if cpt%1000==0 :
                  y = argmax(lg postings)
                       active.remove(y)
                       passive add(v)
                           sum pass += (Ut(y) - dico corresp.get(y))
     return heapq.nlargest(k, heap)
```

#### MaxScore

```
def one query list(query, postings, k):
    postings query = []
                postings query.append(sorted(postings[term]["L"]["postings"], key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=False|)
                 liste Ut.append(postings[term]["L"]["Ut"]
            if postings[term].get("H")!=None
                postings query.append(sorted(postings[term]["H"]["postings"], key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=False|)
liste Ut.append(postings[term]["H"]["Ut"])
def all queries(file, postings clipping=False, list splitting=False):
    queries = read queries()
        postings = ison.load(f)
        for k in [10,1000]:
                if postings clipping :
                    one query postings(query, postings, k)
                        one query list(query, postings, k)
            total time = end time - start time
    with open('queries/msmarco-passage/queries.dev.small.tsv', 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
        for row in reader:
            list_queries.append(query_tokens)
if name == ' main ':
    all queries("indexes/inverted index bm25.json")
    all queries("indexes/index postings bm25.json", postings clipping=True)
    print("List splitting : ")
all queries("indexes/index splitting bm25.ison", list splitting=True)
    all queries("indexes/inverted index deepimpact.ison")
    all queries("indexes/index postings deepimpact.json", postings clipping=True)
    all queries("indexes/index splitting deepimpact.json", list splitting=True)
```