Face Recognition Based Smart Attendance System

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1-Development Phases and Tools:

1-Collect User Data(face and name)

- Create a web camera.
- Detect the face of the person using the Haar Cascade classifier.
- Extract the detected face from the webcam frame.
- Store face images in RGB dimensions in a list and then convert it to a single pickle file for data serialization

2-Test Data Using ML Algorithm

- Face Recognition using a machine learning algorithm for face recognition; K-nearest neighbors (KNN) the clustering algorithm, which is available in scikit-learn library.
- KNN for Image Classification to train the KNN algorithm with the stored face images and corresponding names.

3-Use Web App to Store User Attendance in a CSV File:

- Store in CSV: Save the attendance data in a CSV file format for easy management and analysis.
- Web Application: Build a web application using Streamlit (Python library for building interactive web apps).
- Attendance Recording: Record user attendance based on time and date through the web app.

2-Tools:

- Python: The primary programming language used for development.
- OpenCV: An open-source computer vision library.
- Scikit-learn: A machine learning library in Python.
- Streamlit: A web application framework for Python.
- Pickle file: Used for serializing Python objects.

2-Dependencies:

- **OpenCV** (*cv2*): Used for accessing the webcam, face detection, and image manipulation.
- **Pickle** (*pickle*): Utilized for serializing and deserializing Python objects, particularly for storing face data.
- NumPy (*numpy*): Employed for handling numerical arrays and computations used alongside OpenCV for image processing tasks.
- **Streamlit** (*streamlit*): A Python library for building interactive web applications easily.
- **Pandas** (*pandas*): Used for data manipulation and analysis in order to handle CSV files.
- **Time** (*time*) and **Datetime** (*datetime*): Utilized for managing timestamps and time-related operations.
- Scikit-learn (*sklearn.neighbors.KNeighborsClassifier*): A machine learning library in Python, used for implementing the K-nearest neighbors algorithm for face recognition.
- CSV (csv): Python's built-in library for reading and writing CSV files.