



AUDIO FINGERPRINTING

PRACTICAL EXPERIMENT

NOUR SAFFAF – [15/MAR/2018]

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- ▶ Theory Quick Sketch
- ▶ First Experiment
- ▶ Stage 1: Extract Raw Audio Data
- ▶ Stage 2: Fast Fourier Transform
- ▶ Stage 2 Challenges
- ▶ Stage 3 - Frequency Bands
- ▶ Stage 4 - Fingerprinting
- ▶ Stage 5 - Database
- ▶ Frontend & Backend
- ▶ Server-less Development In Mobile
- ▶ Experiment Results
- ▶ Business Perspective



INTRODUCTION

THE JOURNEY BEGINS

THEORY QUICK SKETCH

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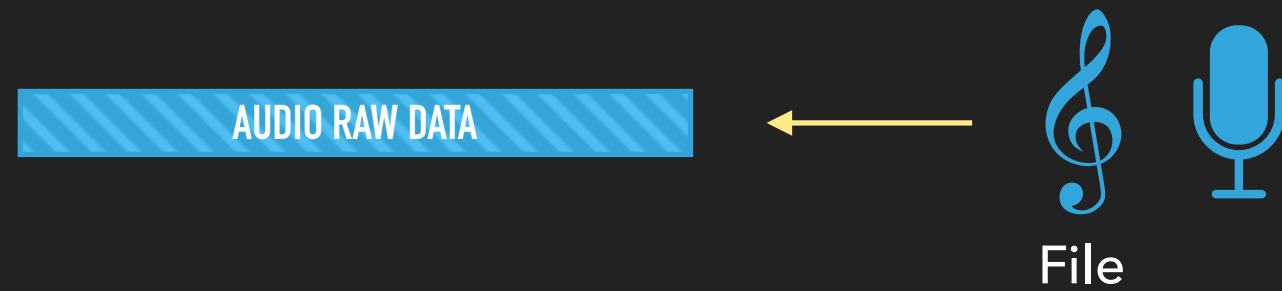
File

THEORY QUICK SKETCH

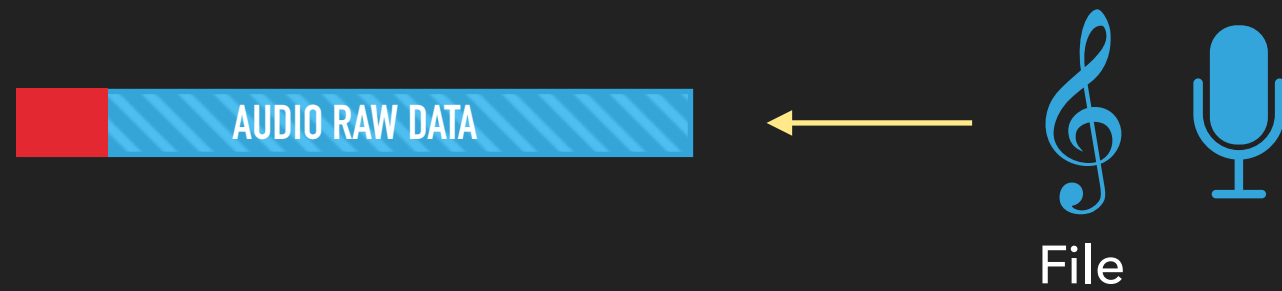


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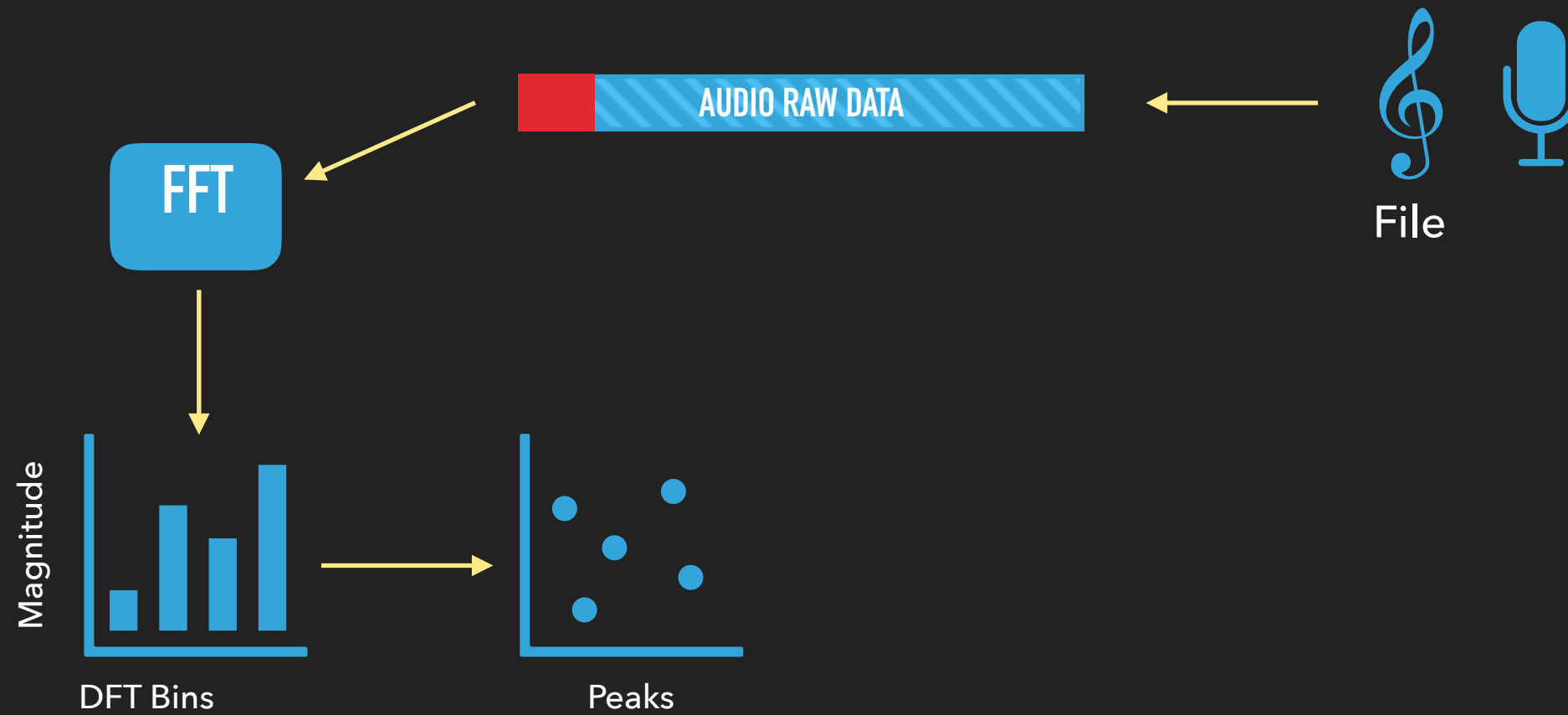
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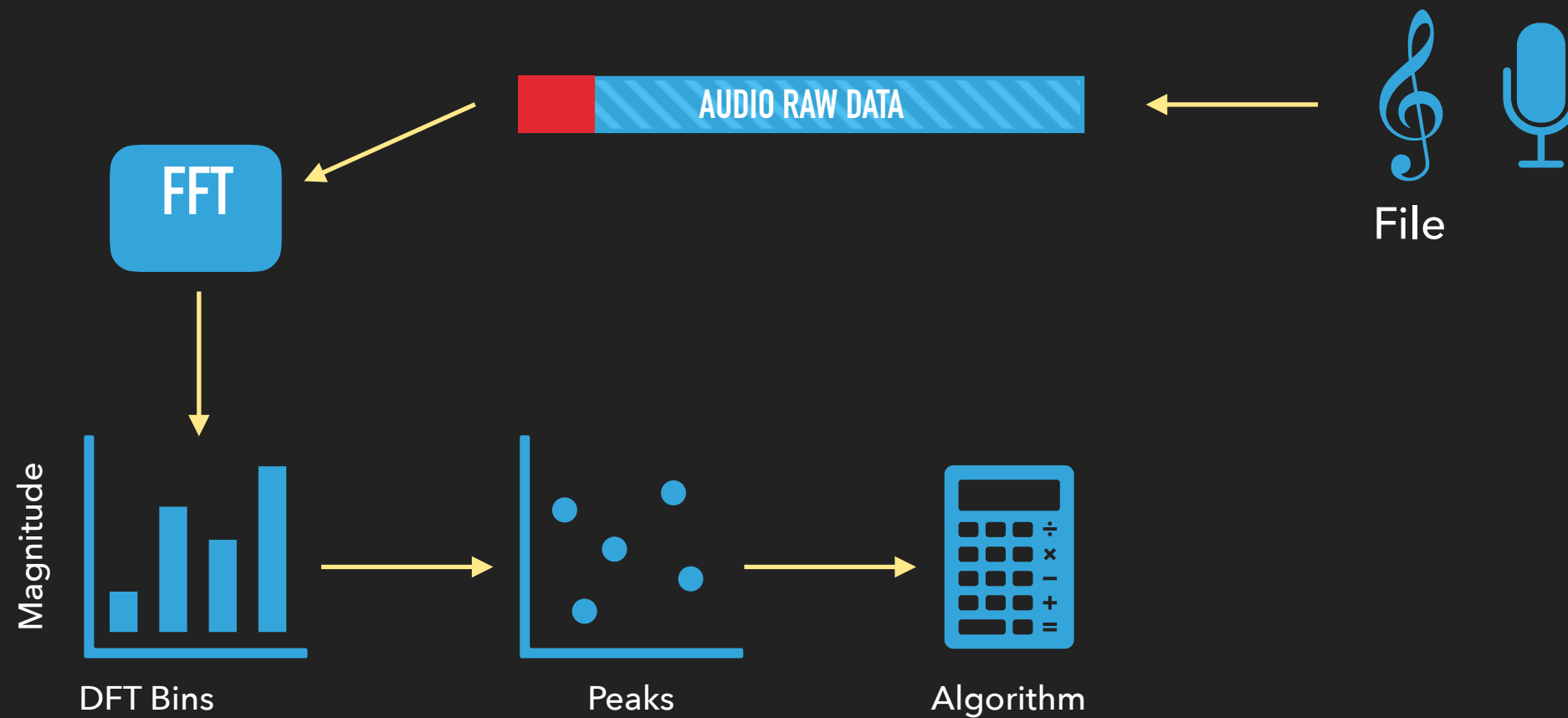
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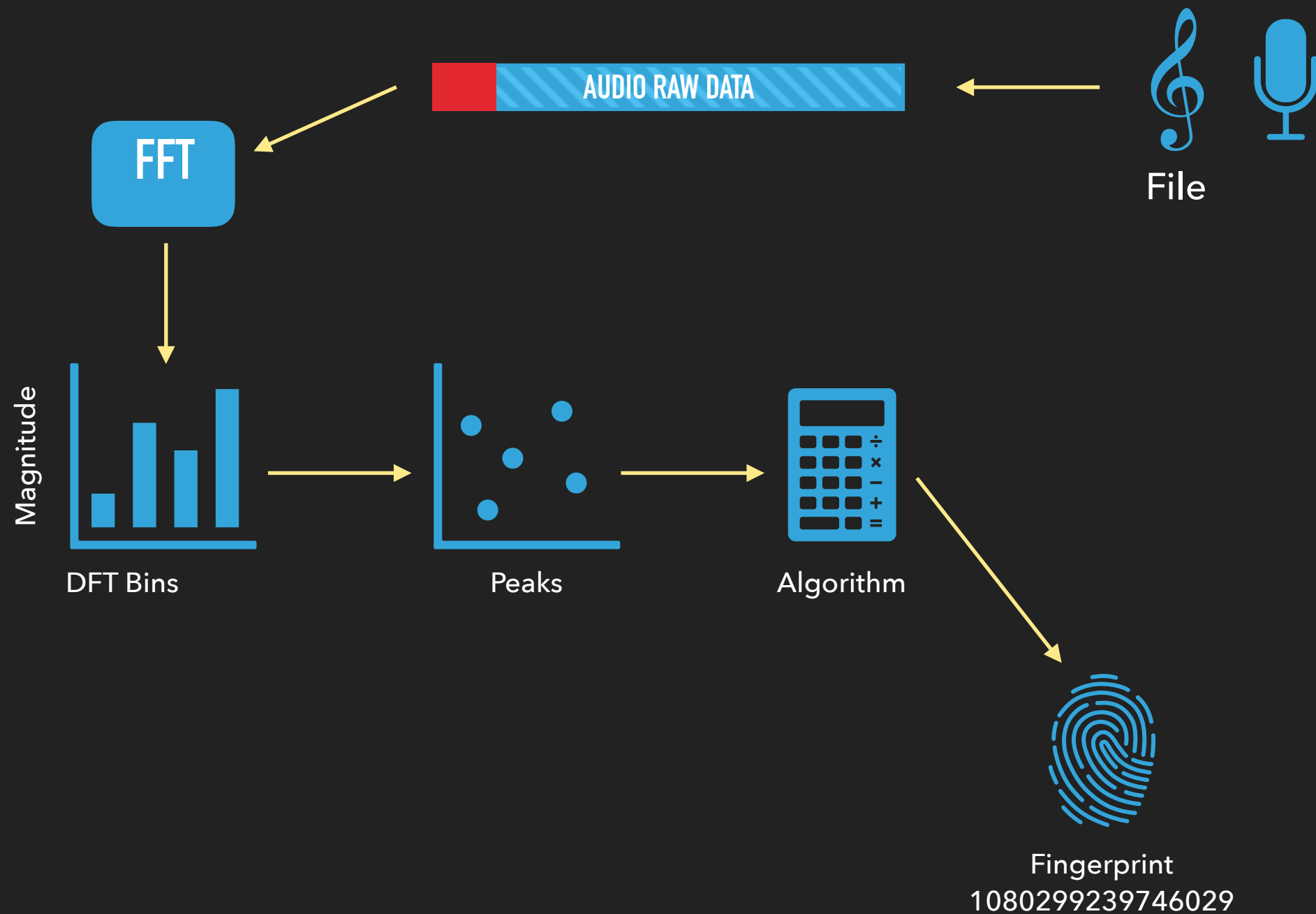
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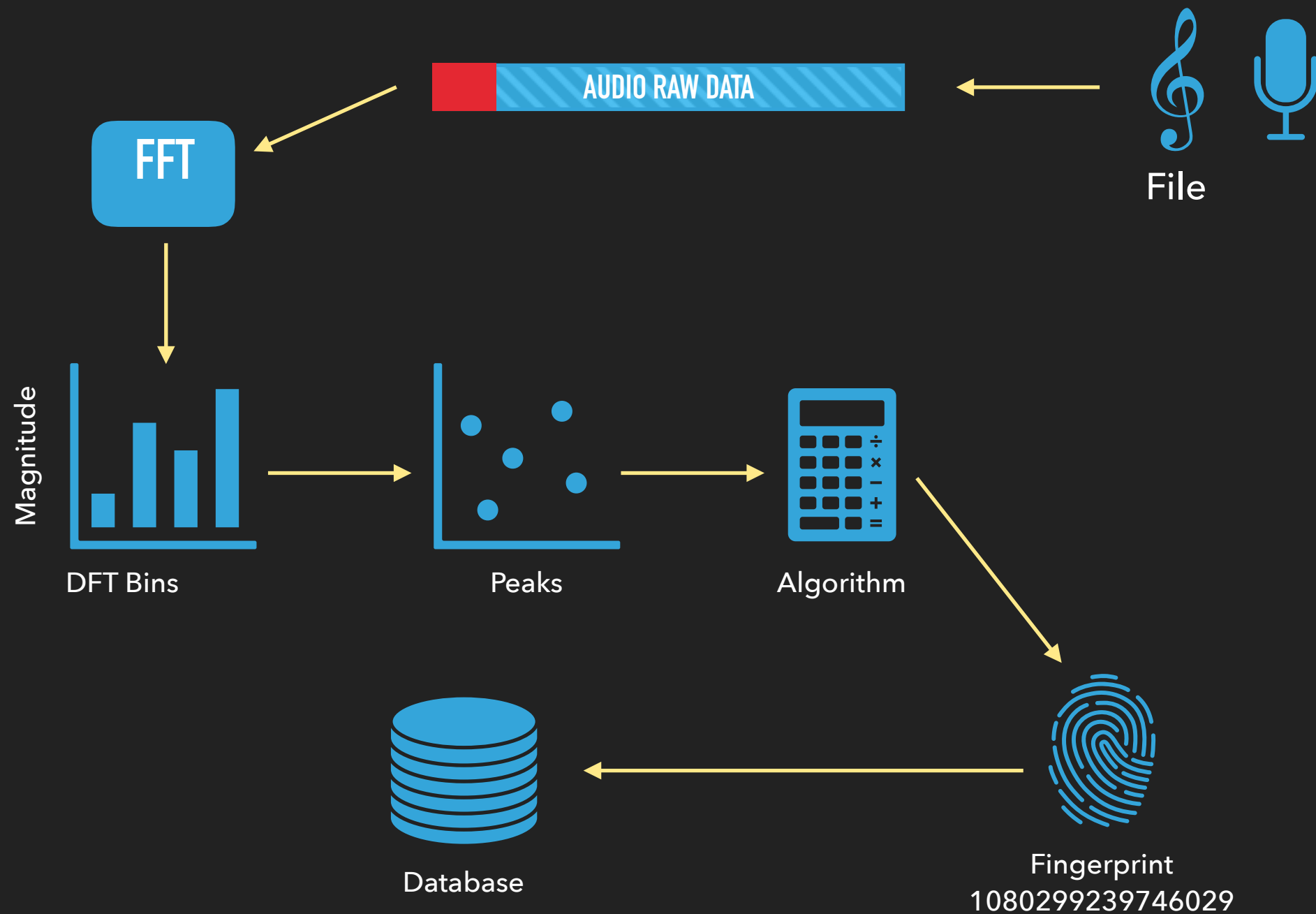
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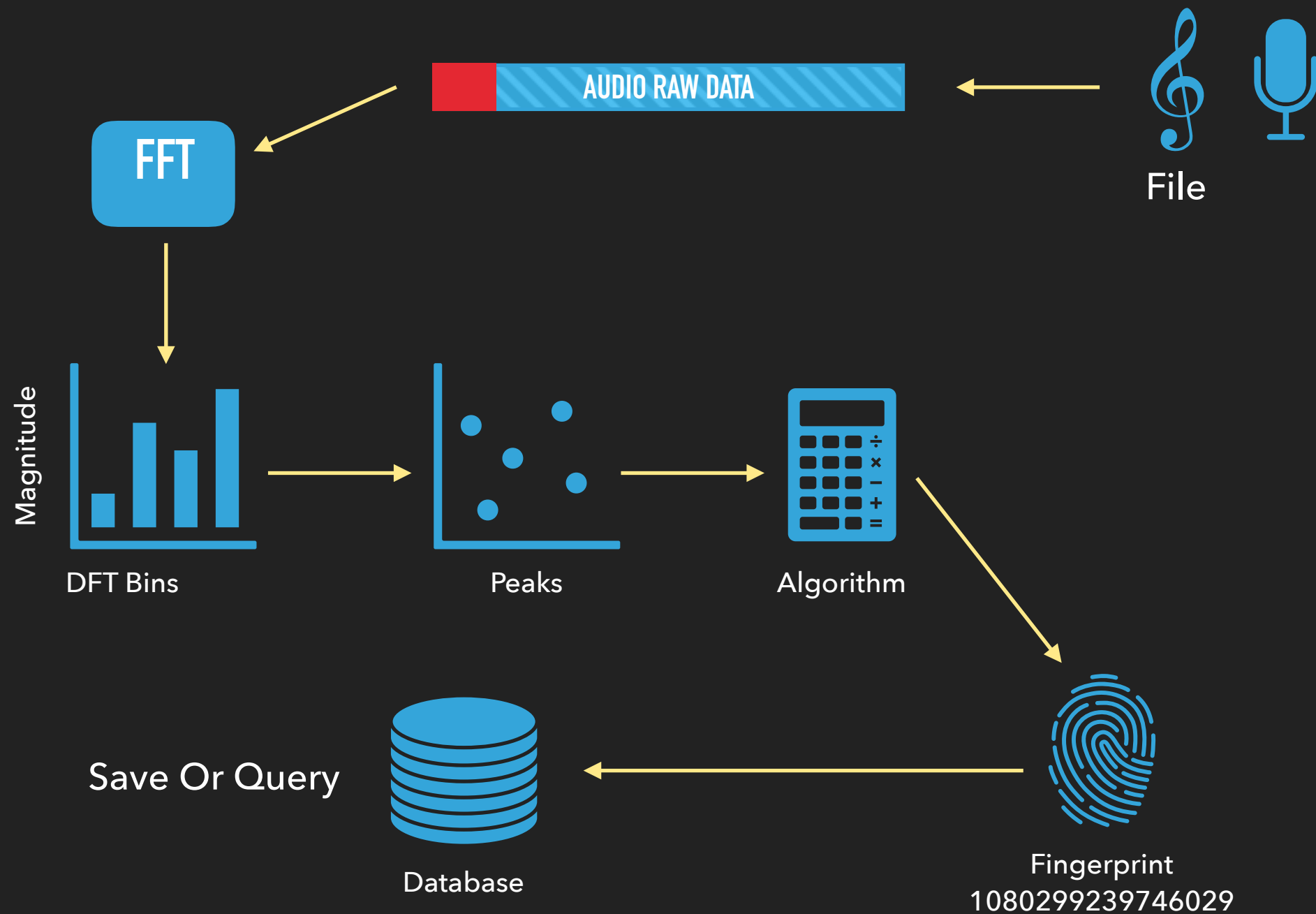
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- ▶ Why the experiment has failed?!!

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- ▶ Why the experiment has failed?!!
- ▶ What to present now?

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Sampling Frequency - 44100

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- ▶ Tip: work on wav audio files



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STAGE 2 – FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM

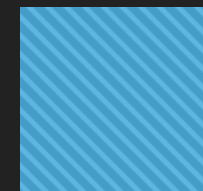
- ▶ Only one chunk at a time [4, 8, 16 , 32 ...] kb
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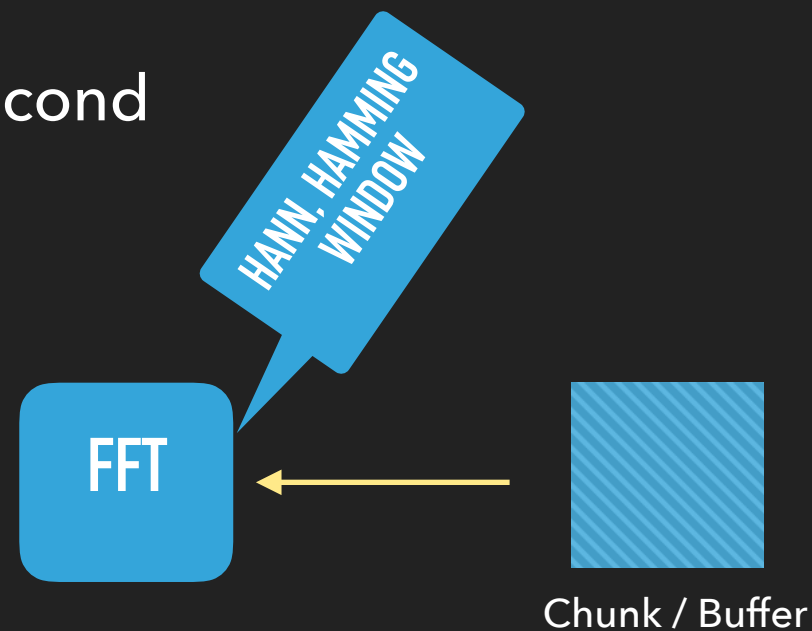
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Chunk / Buffer

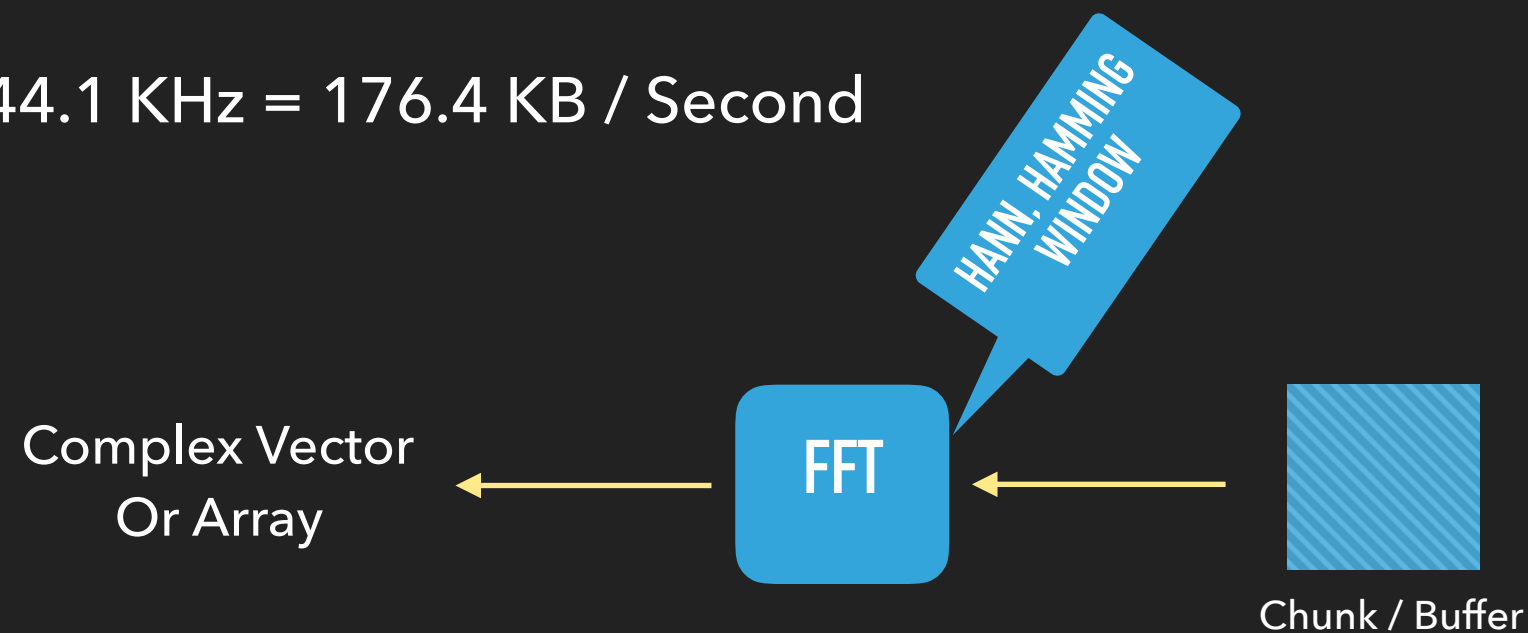
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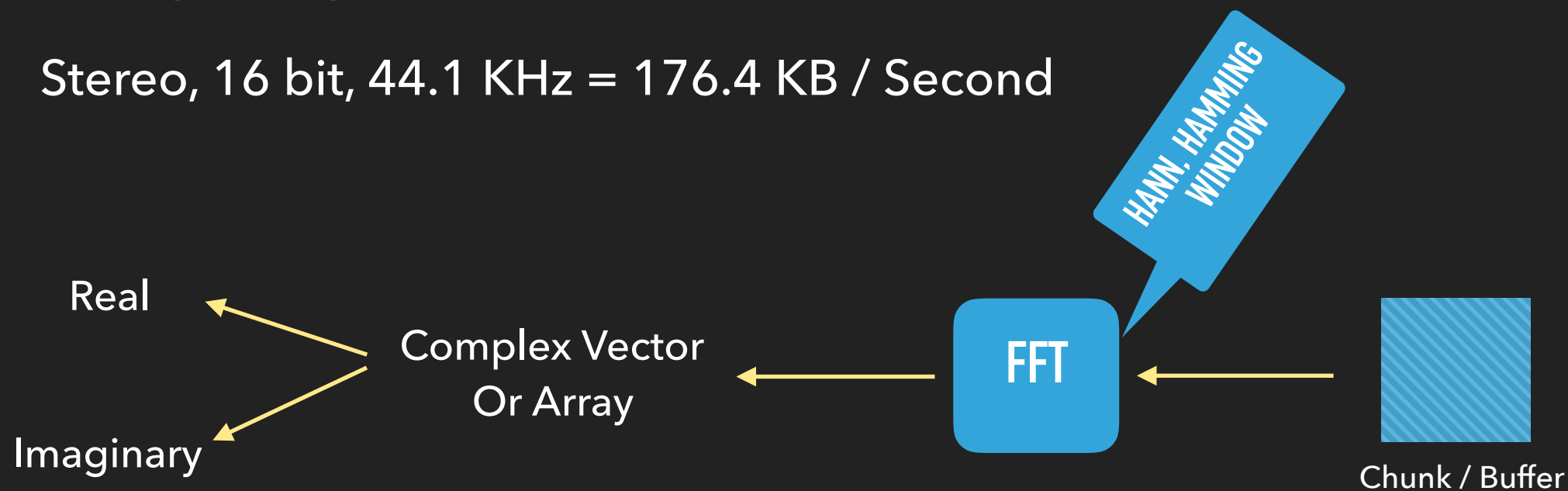
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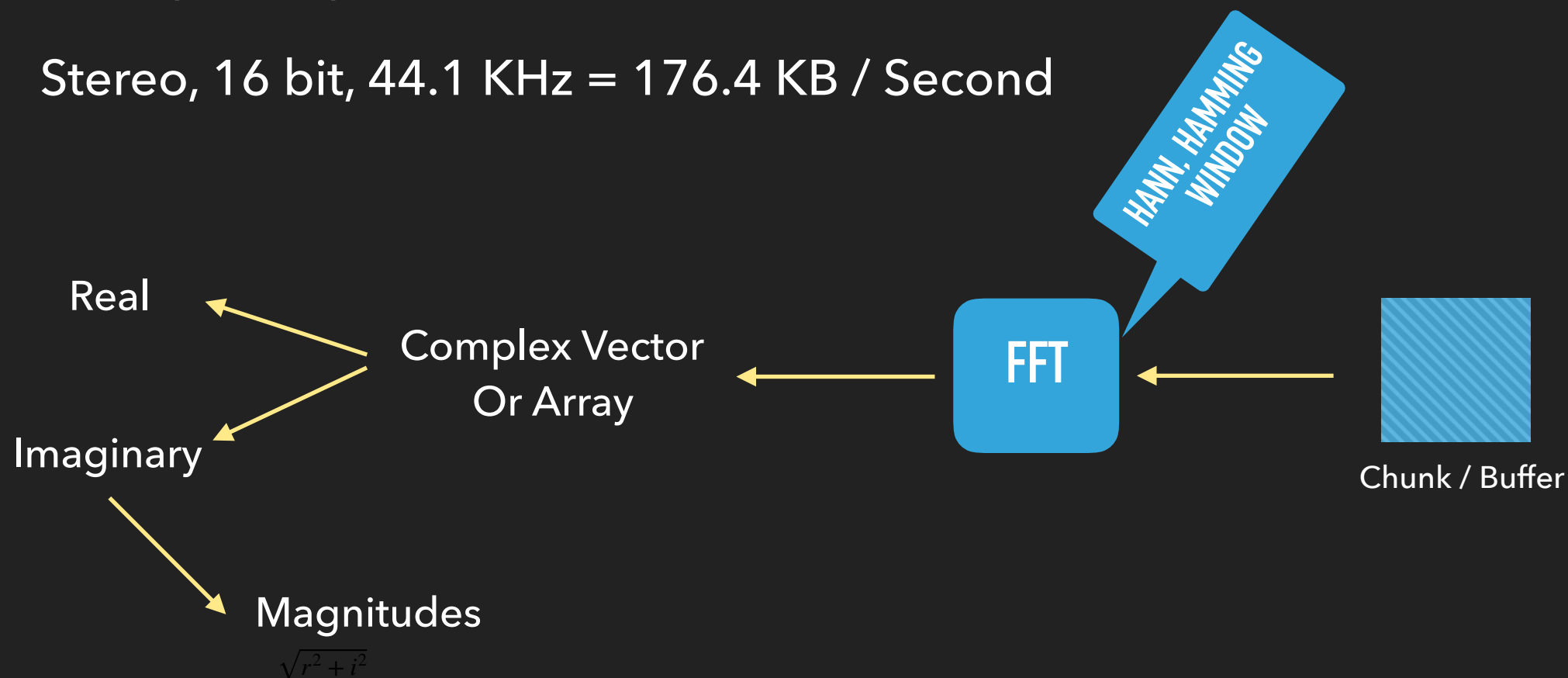
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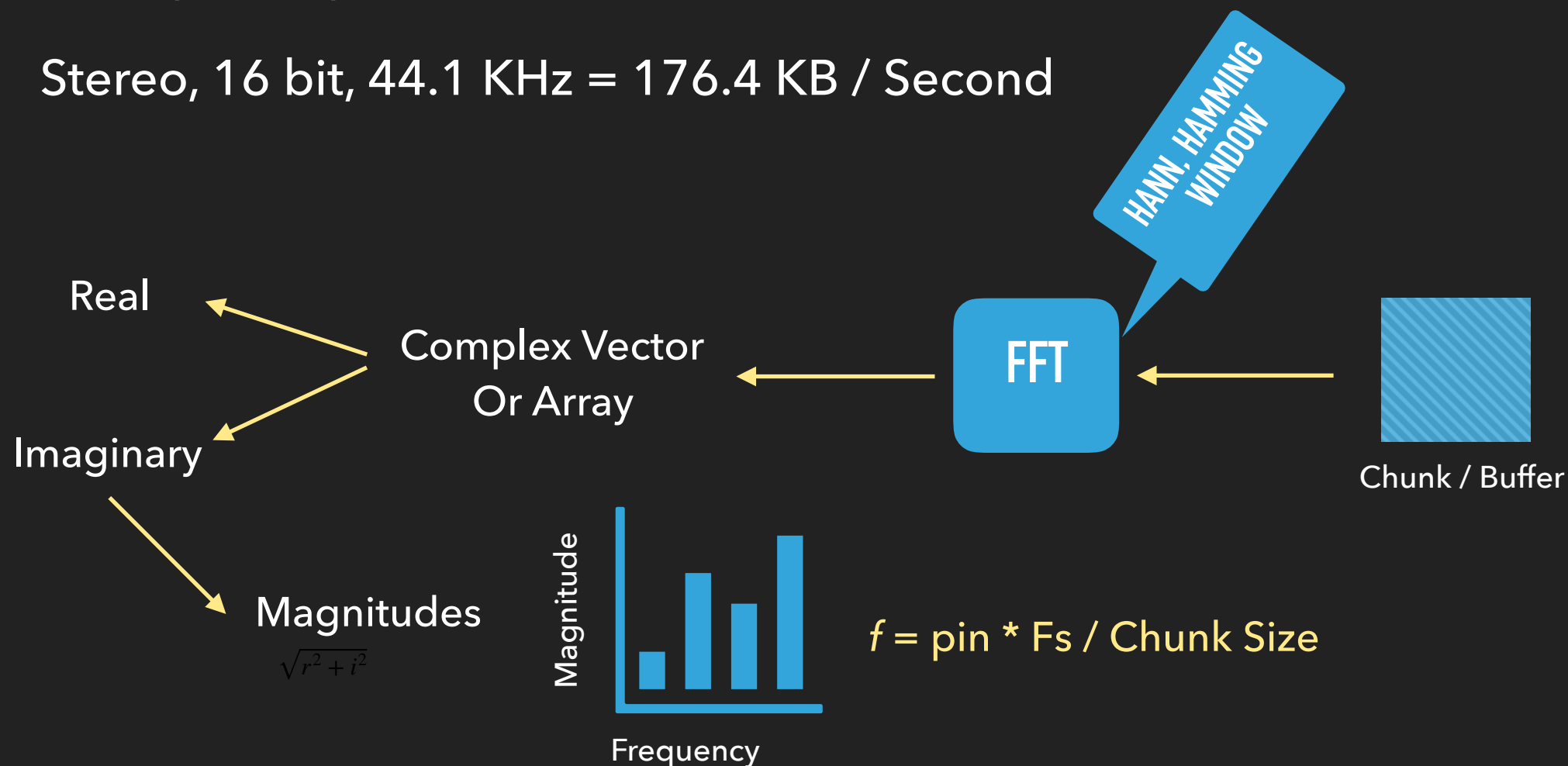
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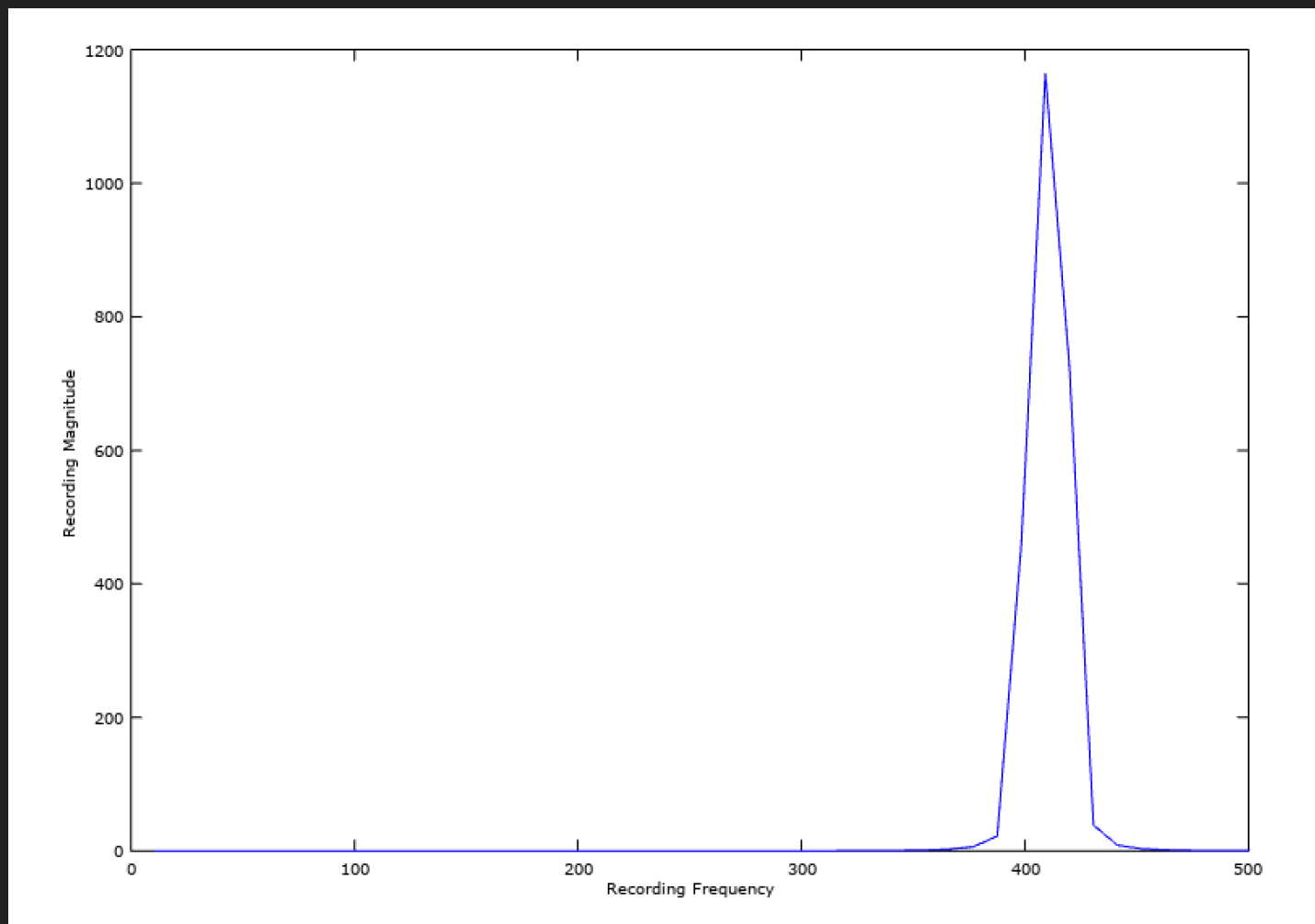
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- ▶ Test single pure tone (for example 400 Hz)

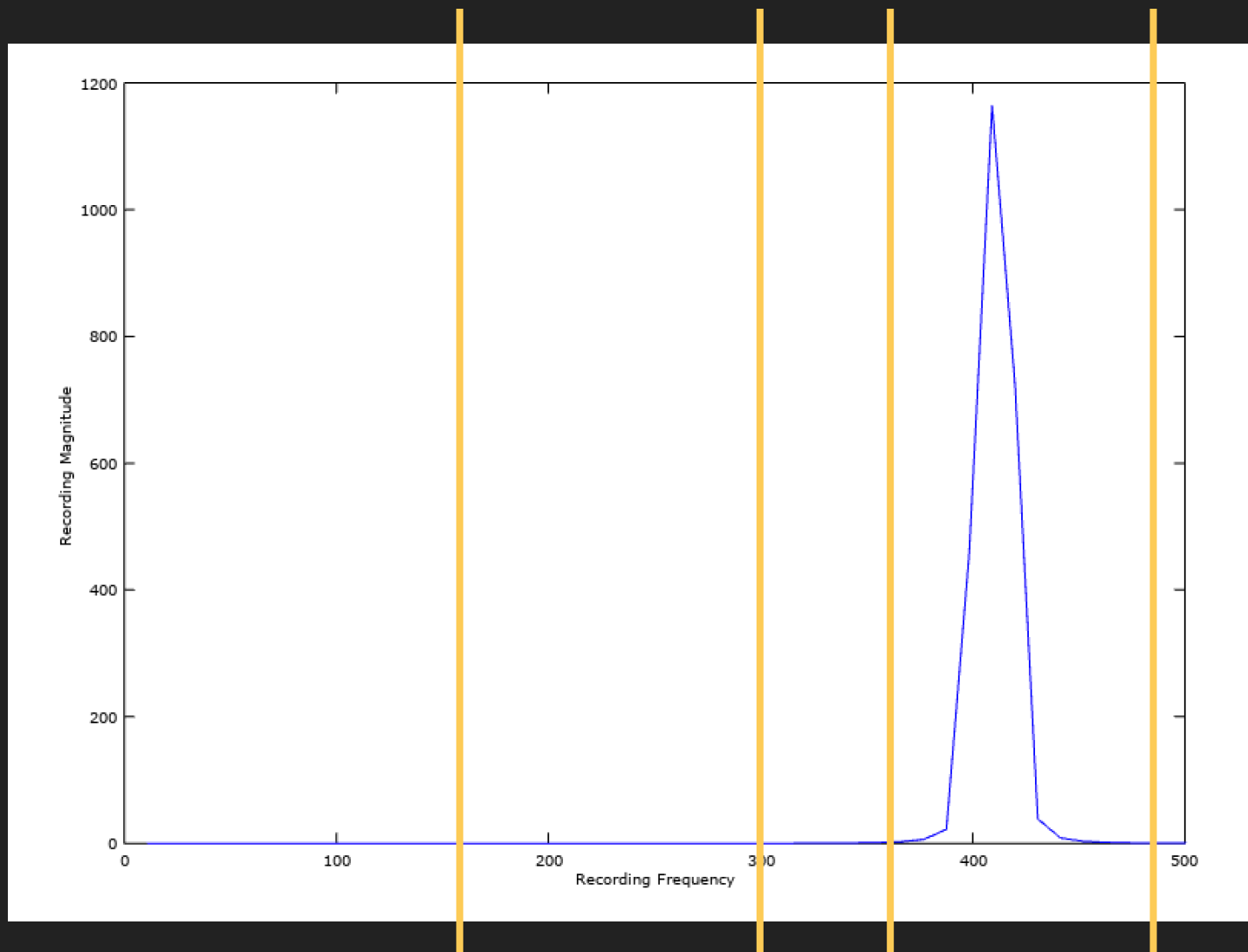
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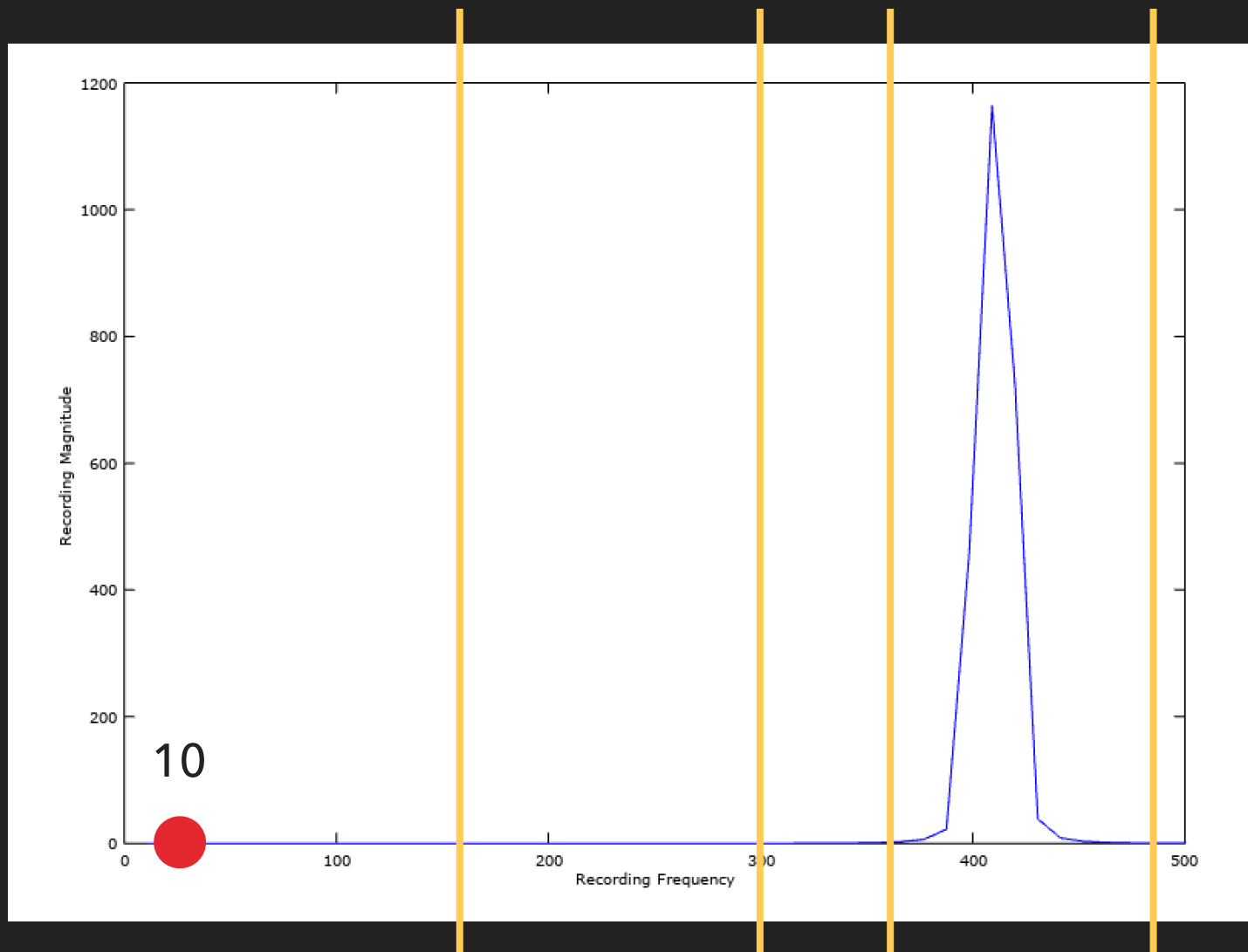
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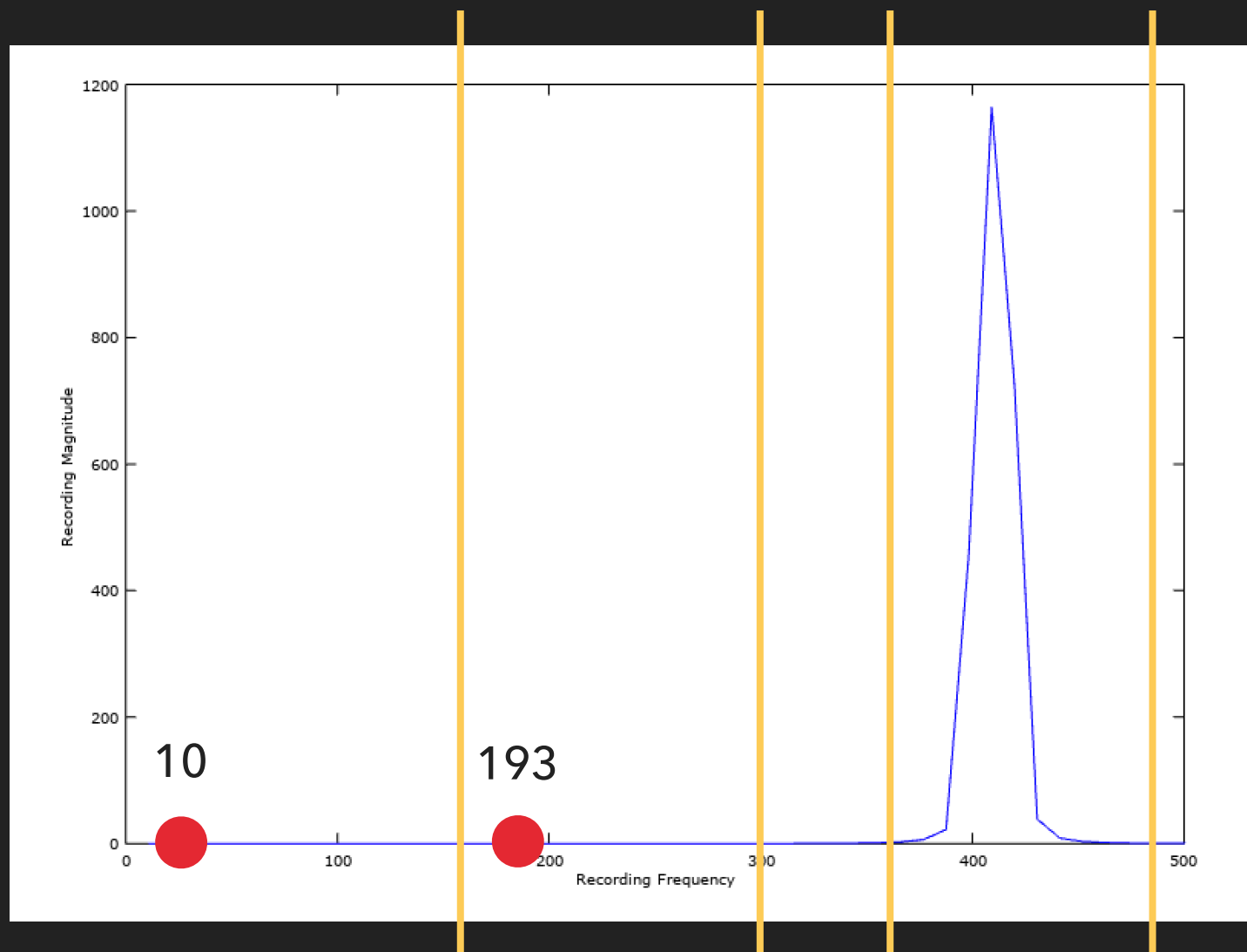
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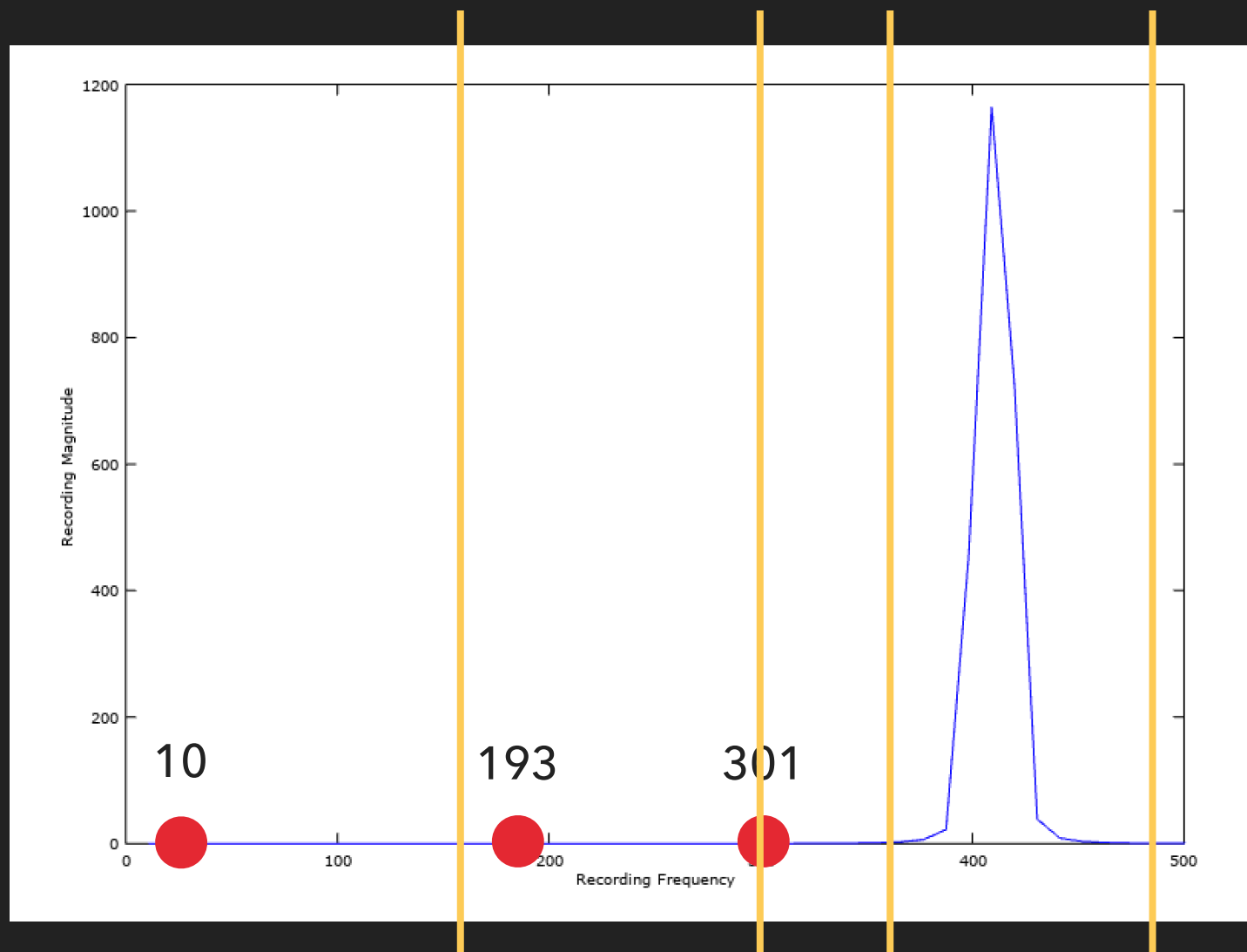
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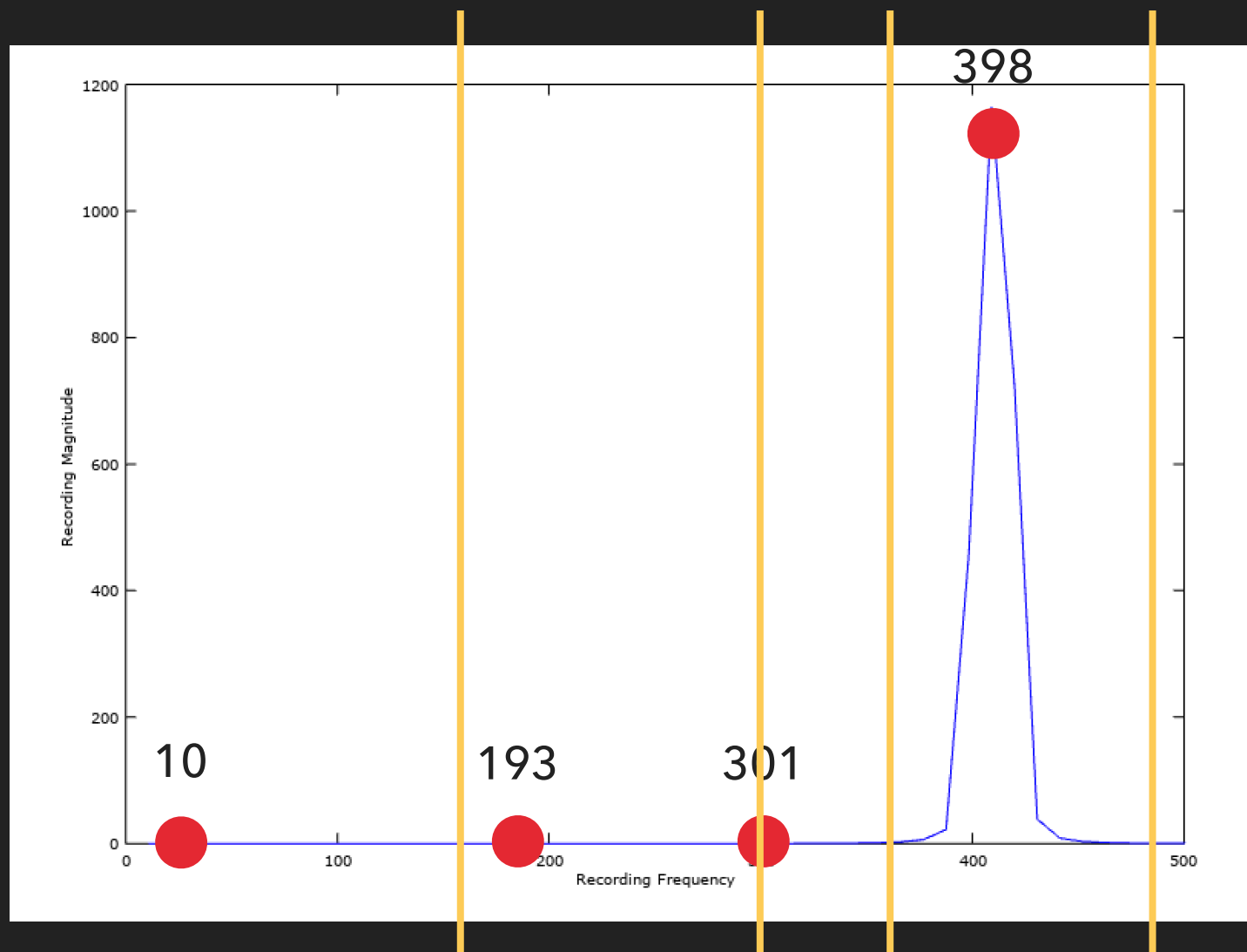
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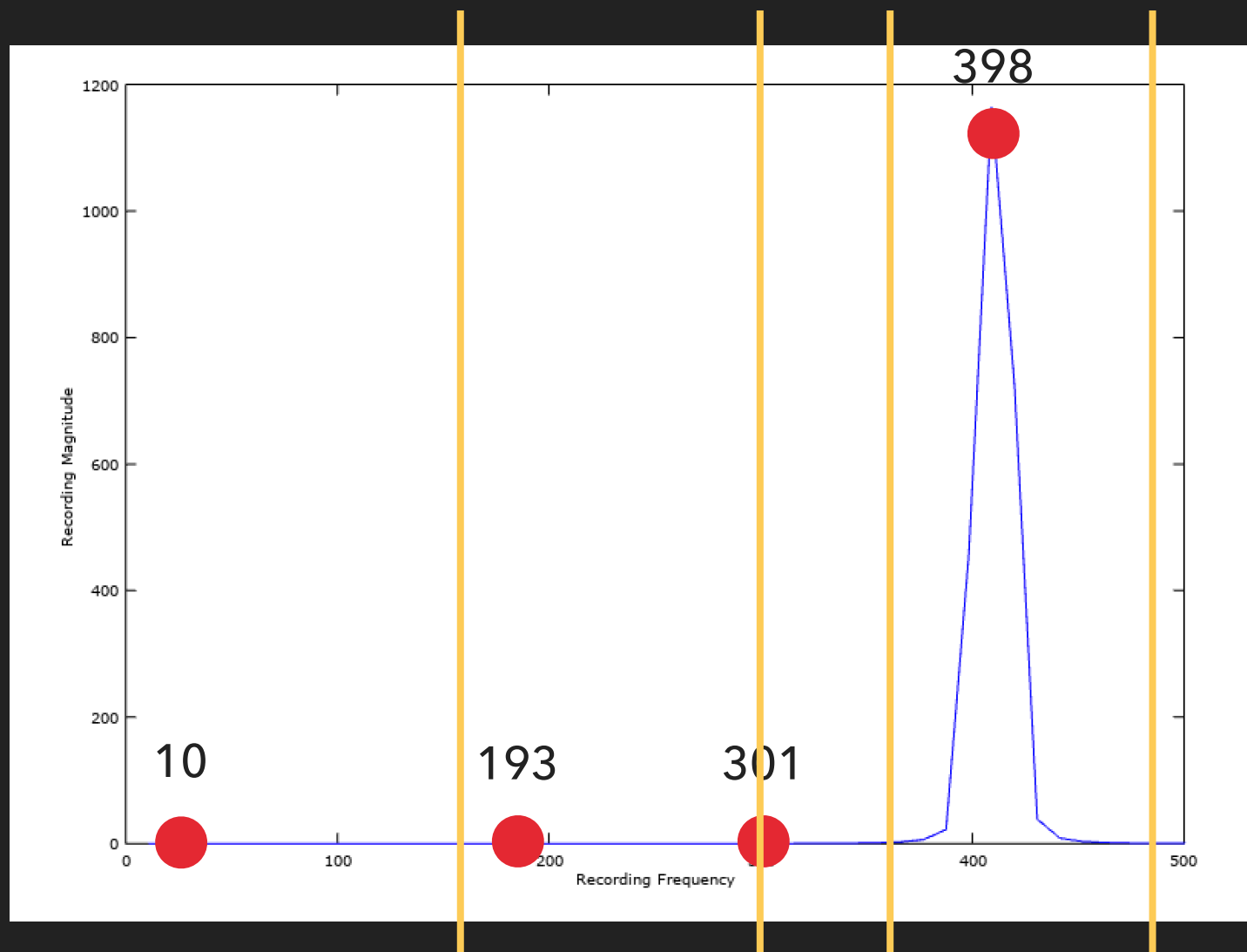
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[10, 193, 301, 398]
for all chunks



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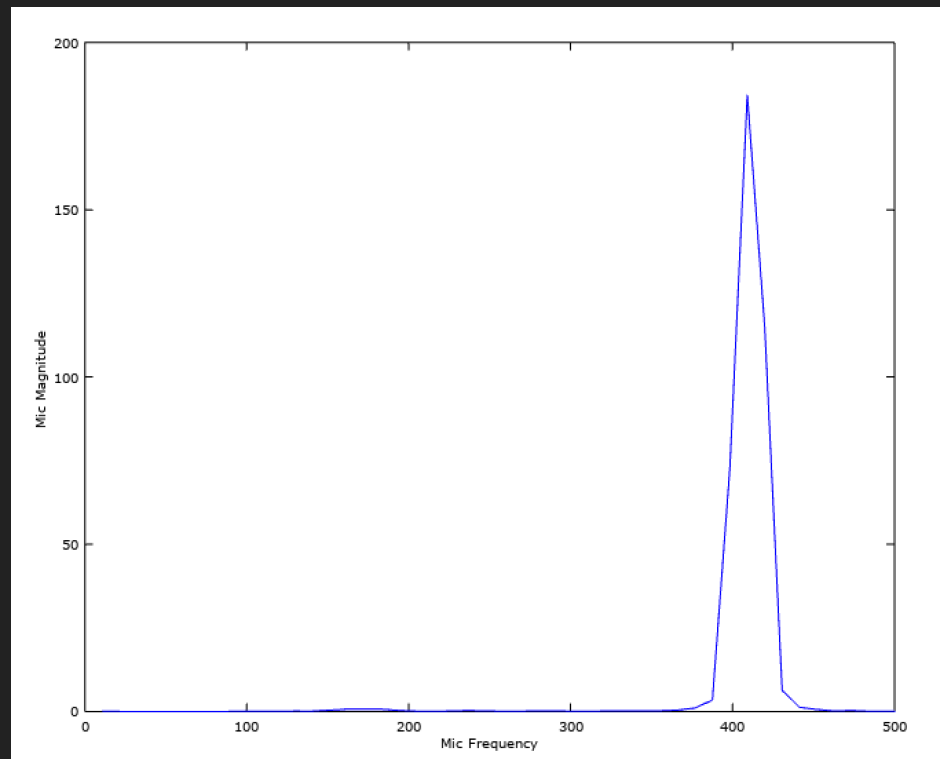
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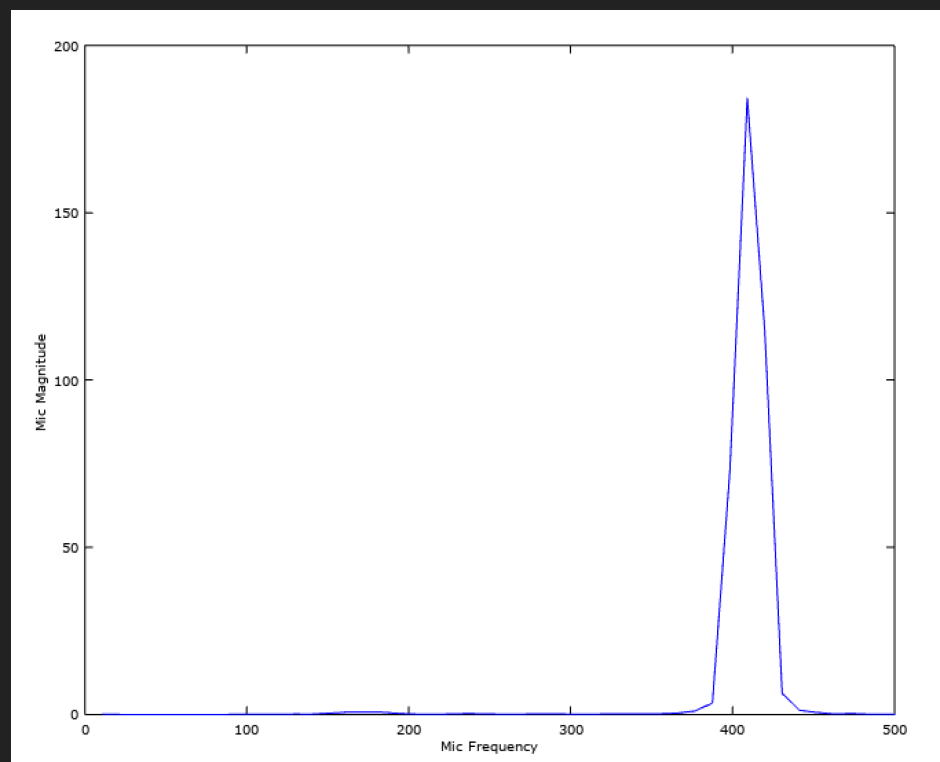
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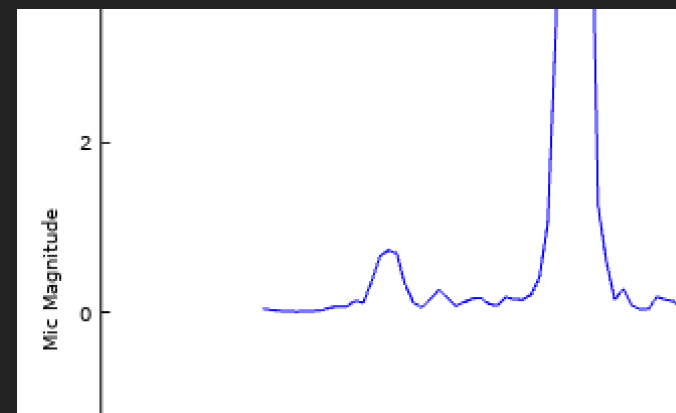


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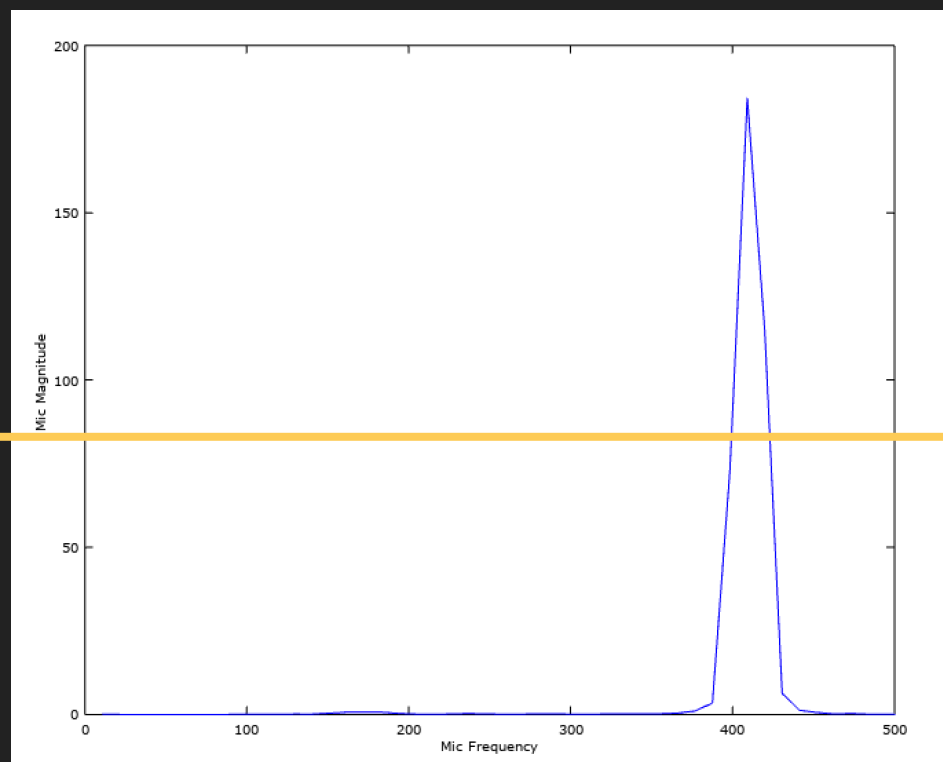
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Normalisation/Silence
Threshold

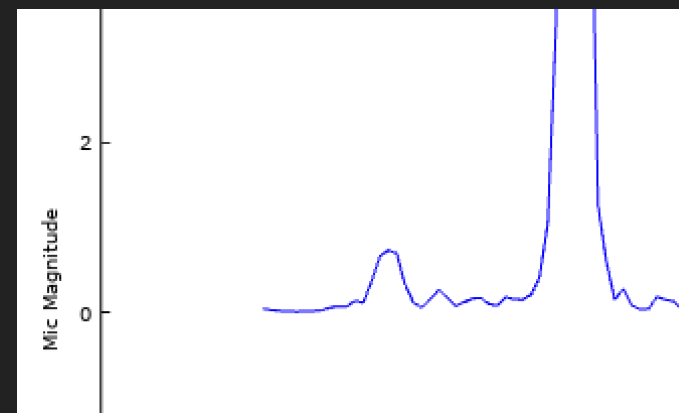


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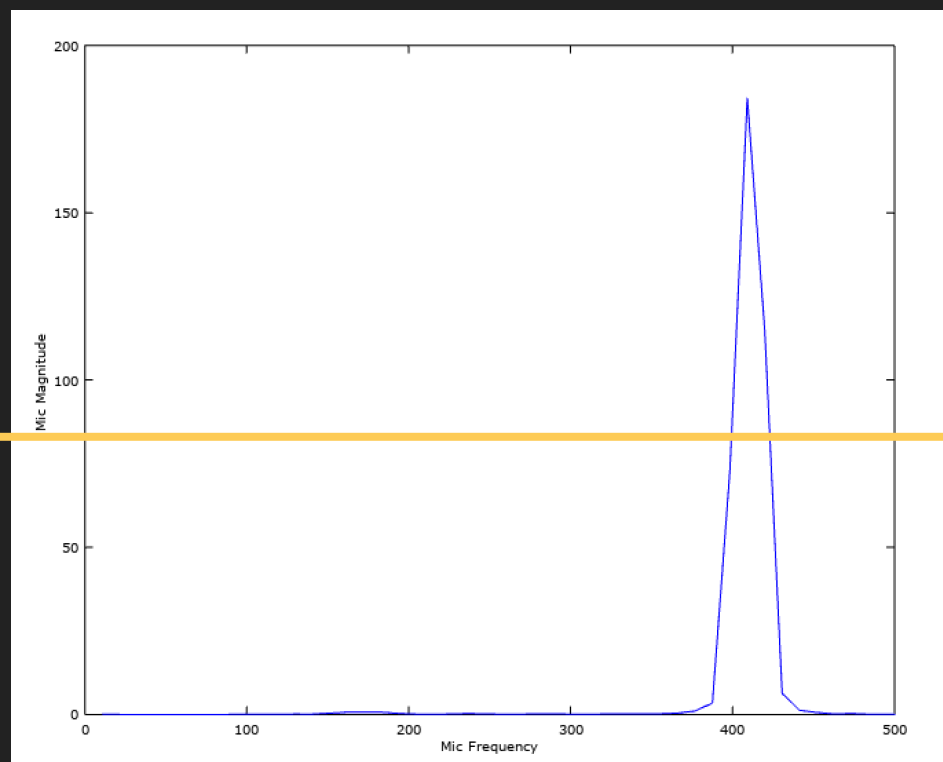
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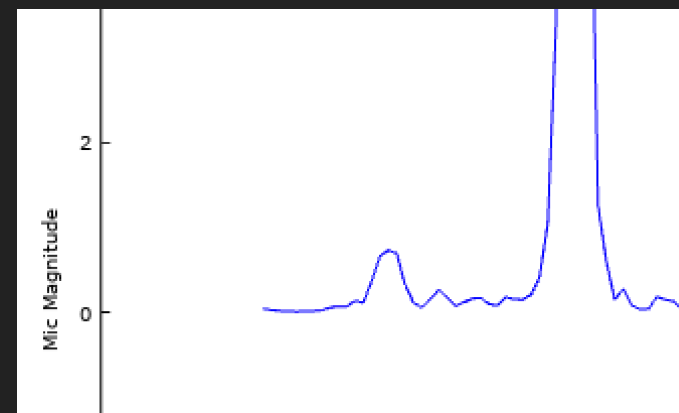
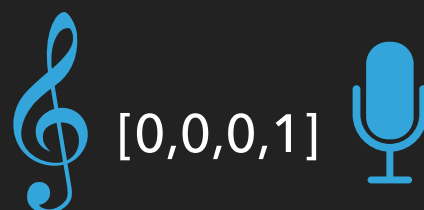


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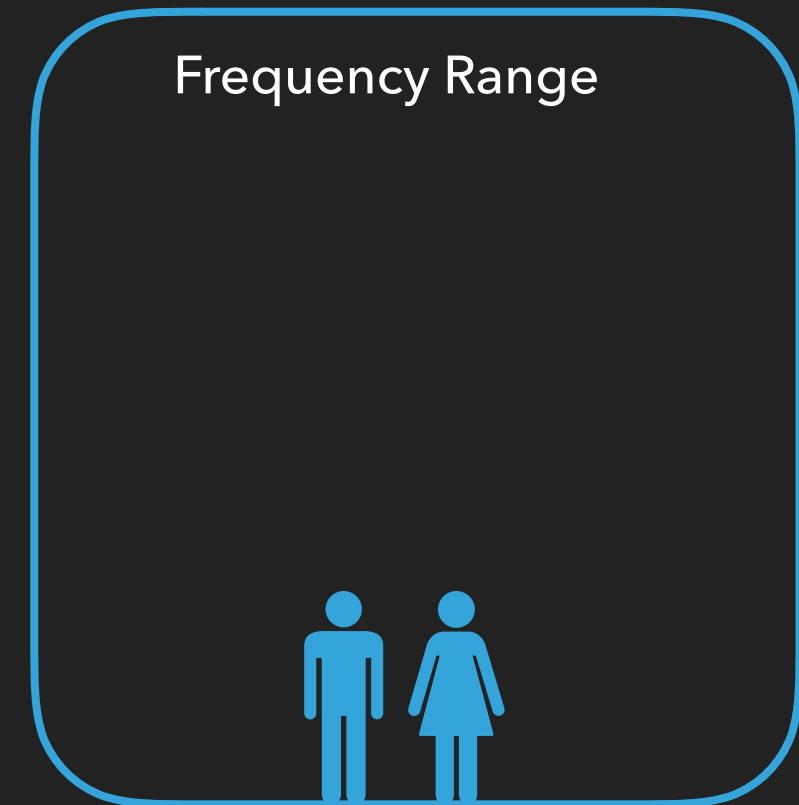


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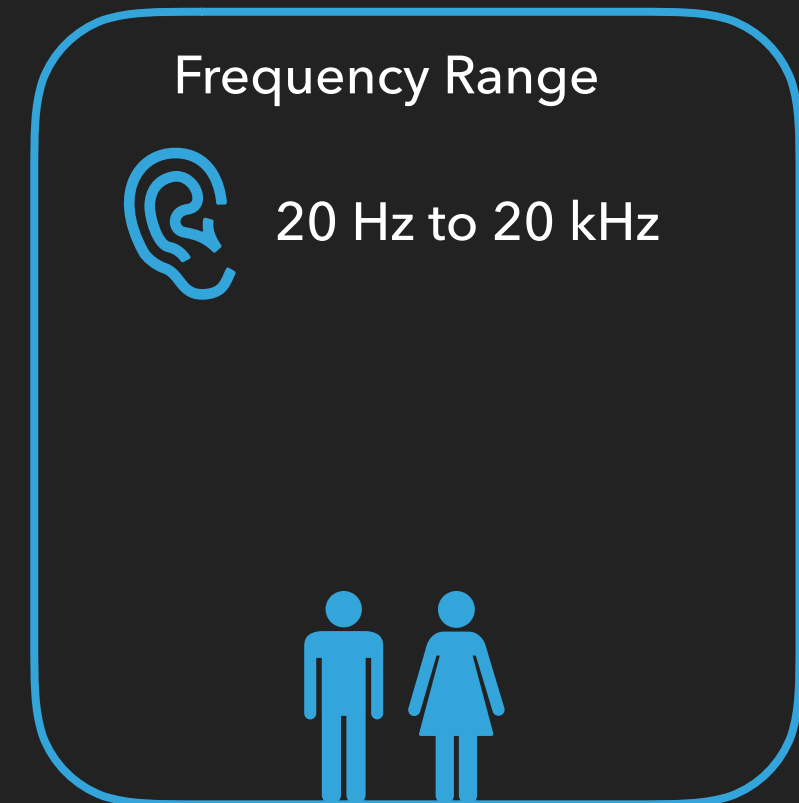
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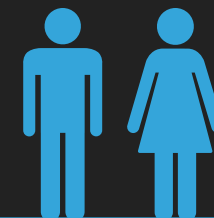
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20 Hz to 20 kHz



C4 = 261.6 Hz



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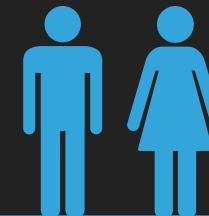
20 Hz to 20 kHz



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300 Hz to 3.4 kHz



STAGE 3 – FREQUENCY BANDS

- ▶ What frequency bands should I choose?
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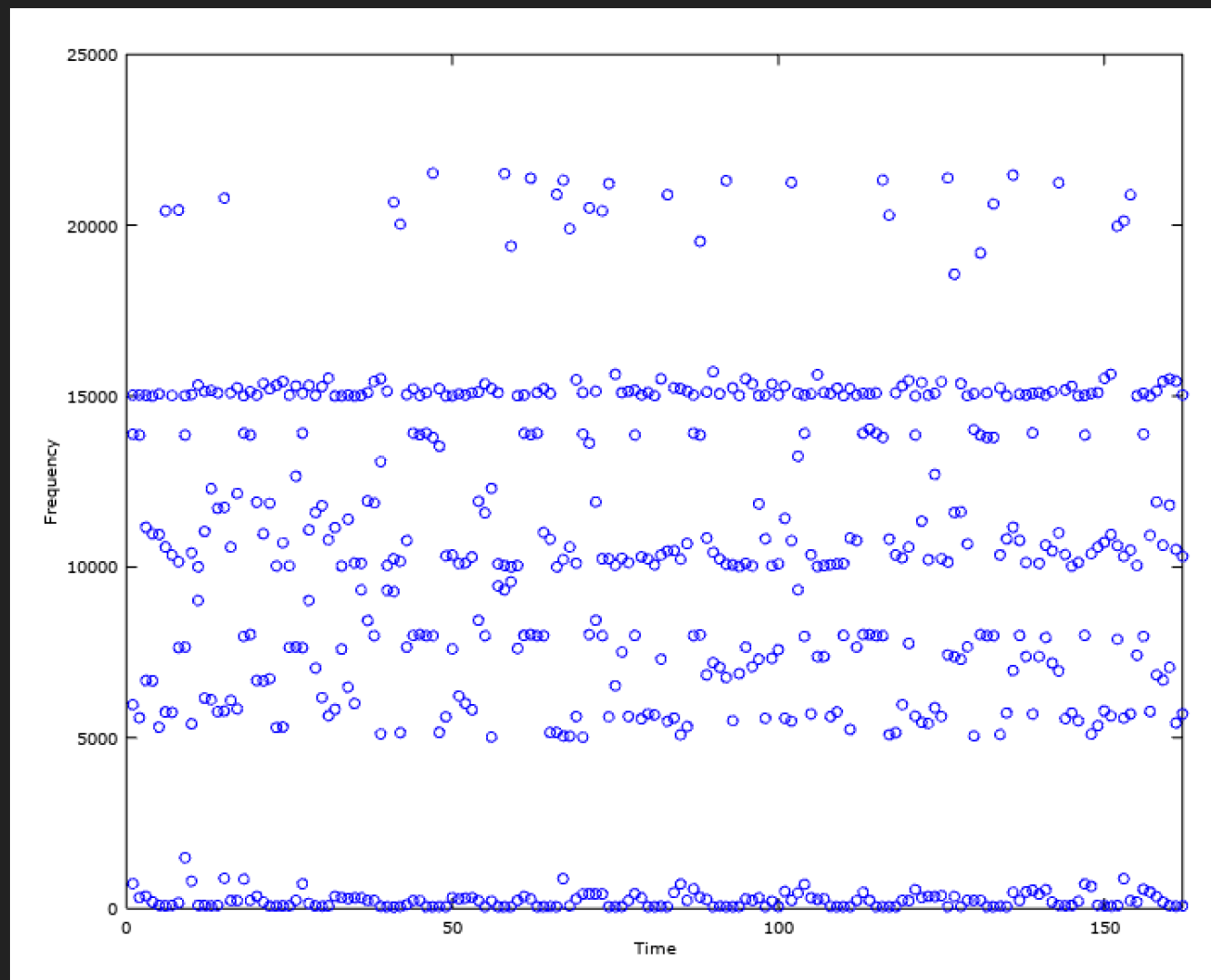


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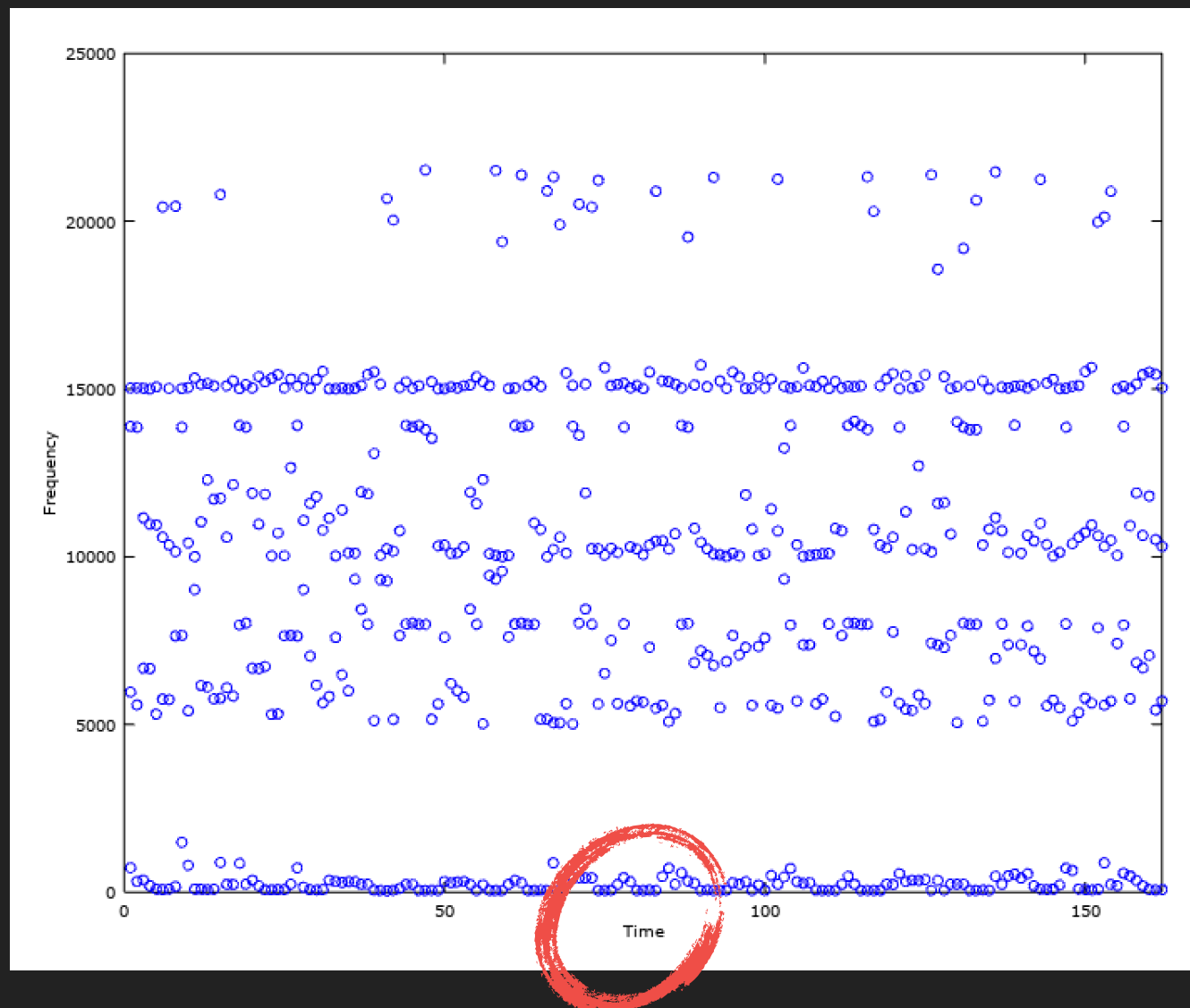


300 Hz to 3.4 kHz



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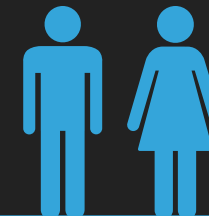
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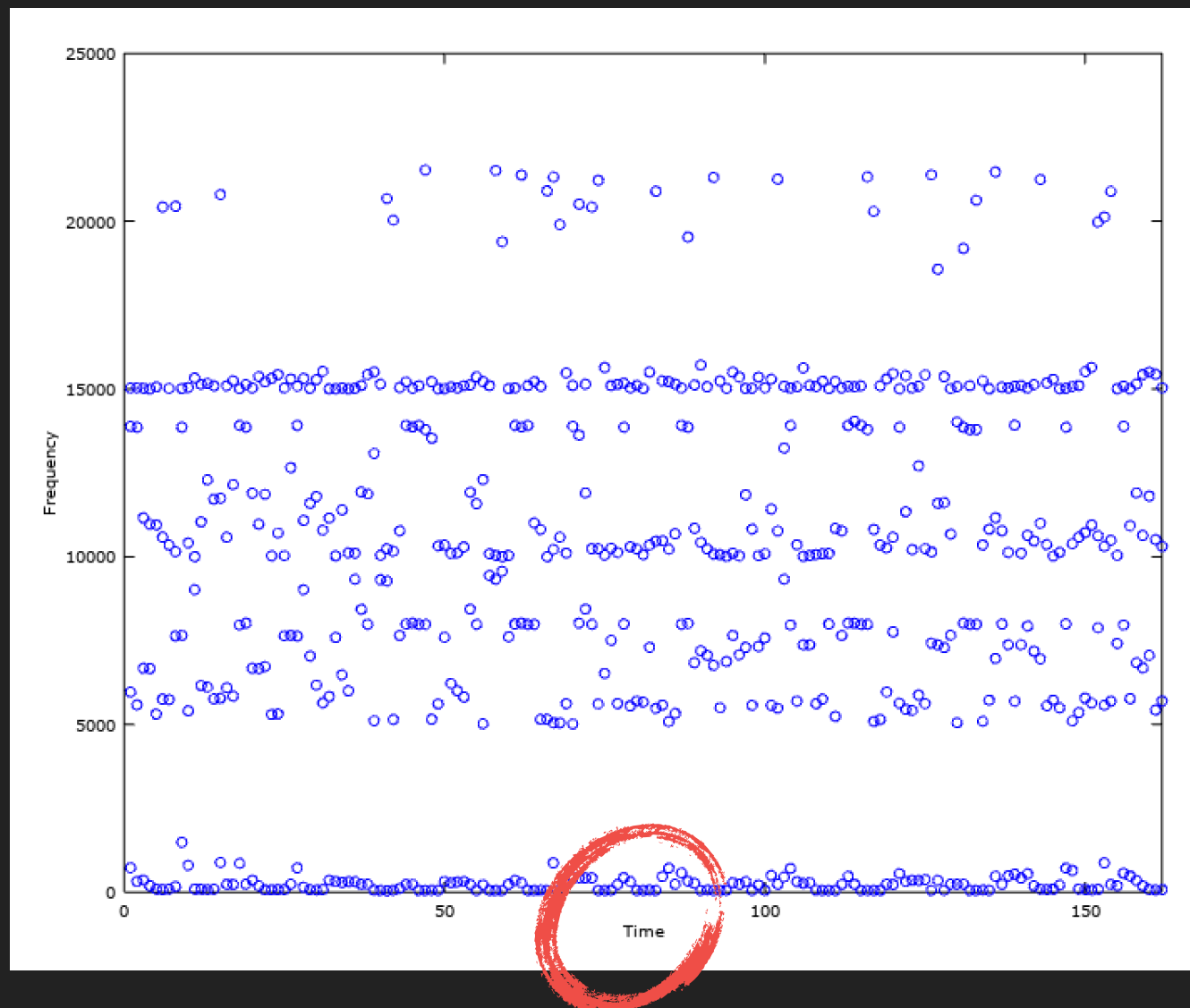


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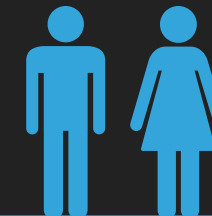
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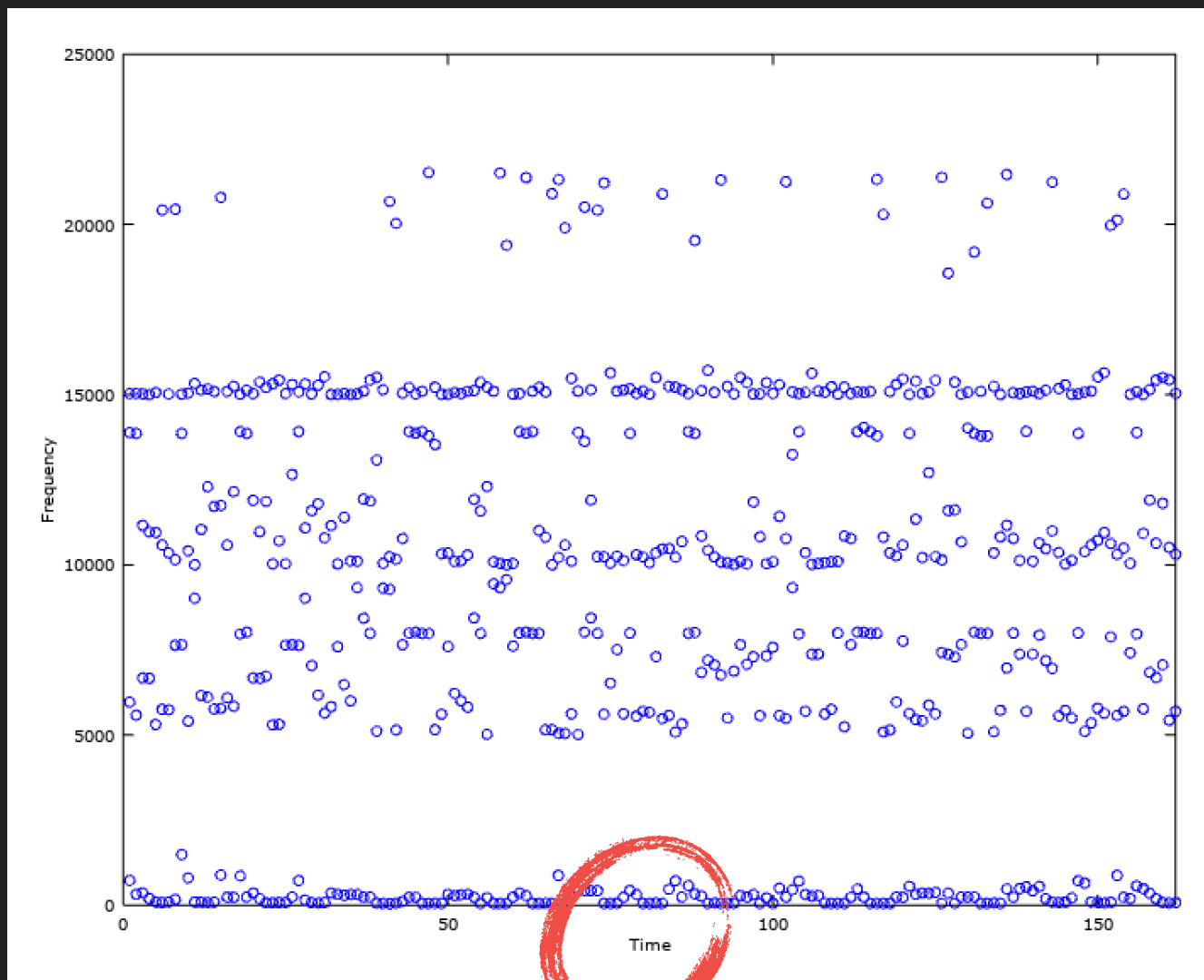
300 Hz to 3.4 kHz



Compare To Your Mic

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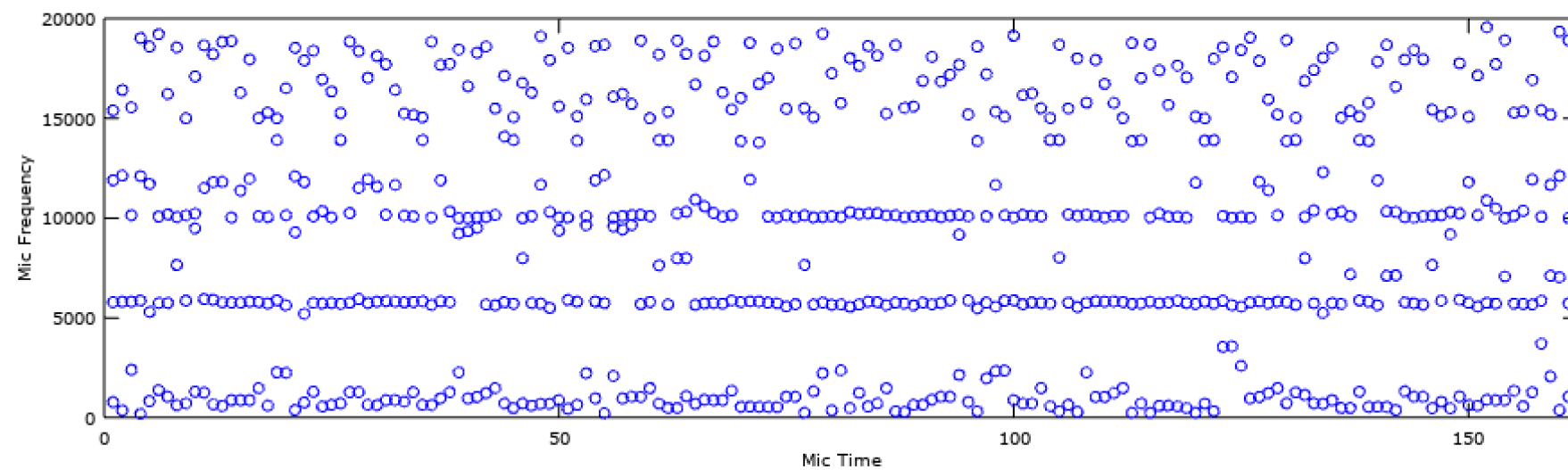
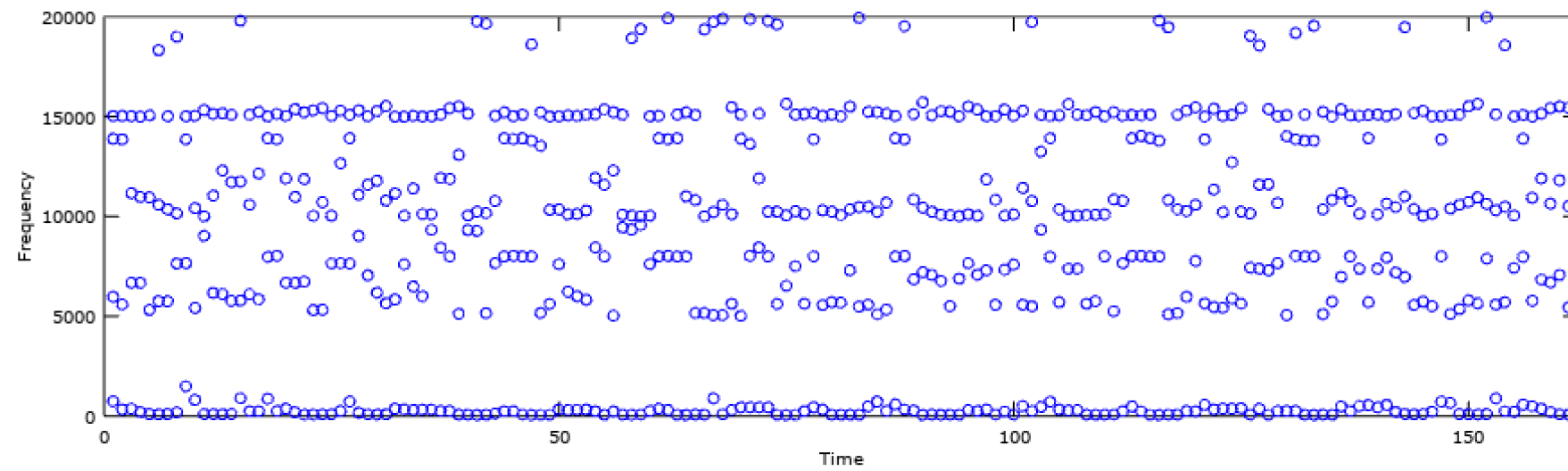
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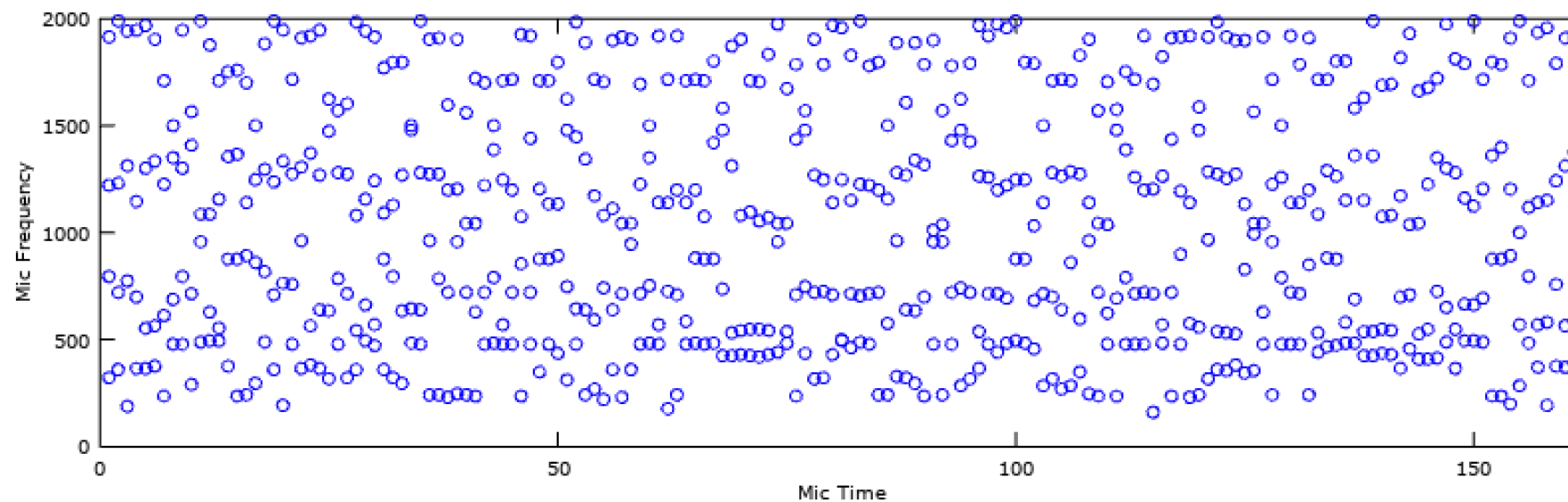
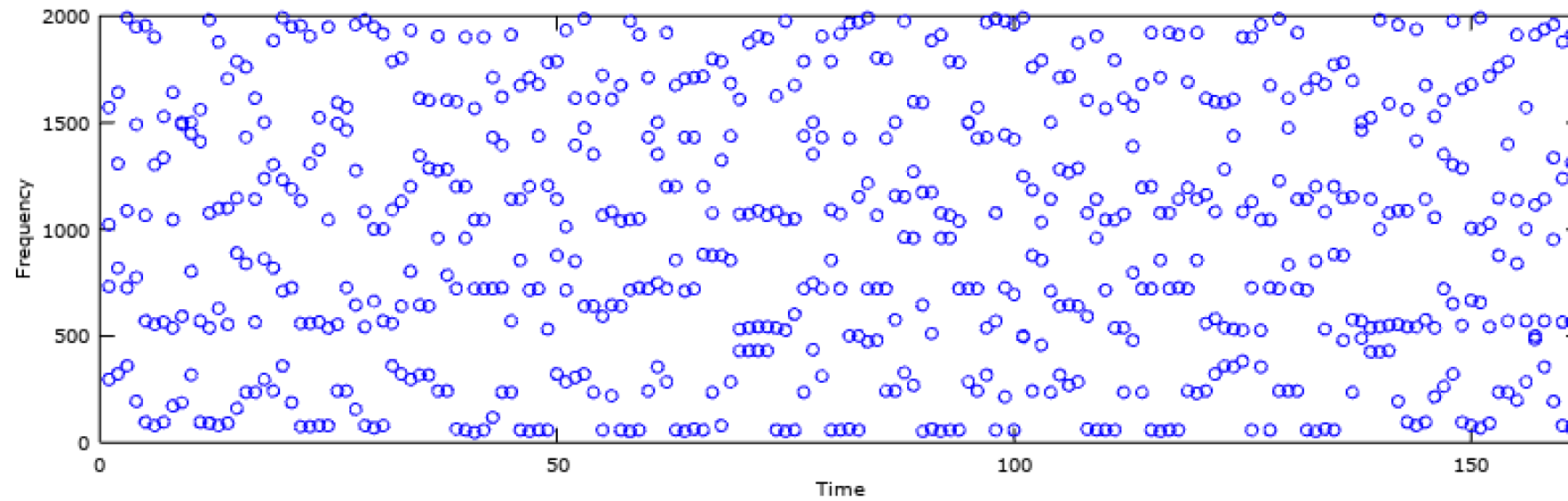
Your will get different results

STAGE 3 – AUDIO VS MIC PEAKS MAP – 5K BANDS



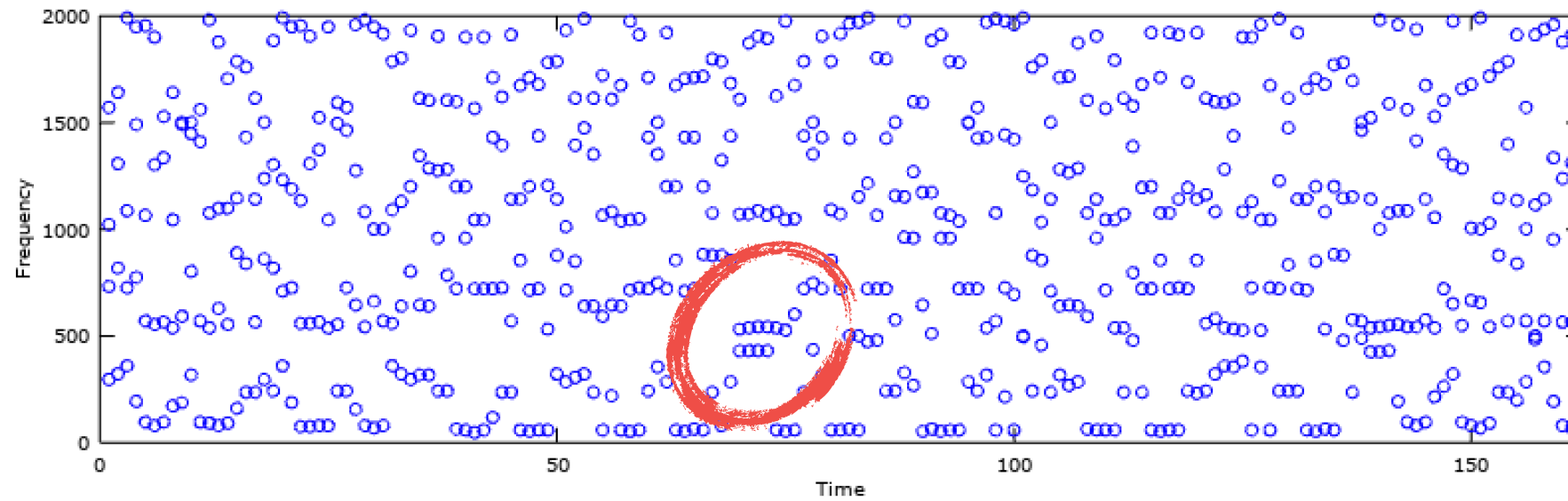
Bands
~5k Hz

STAGE 3 – AUDIO VS MIC PEAKS MAP – 500 BANDS

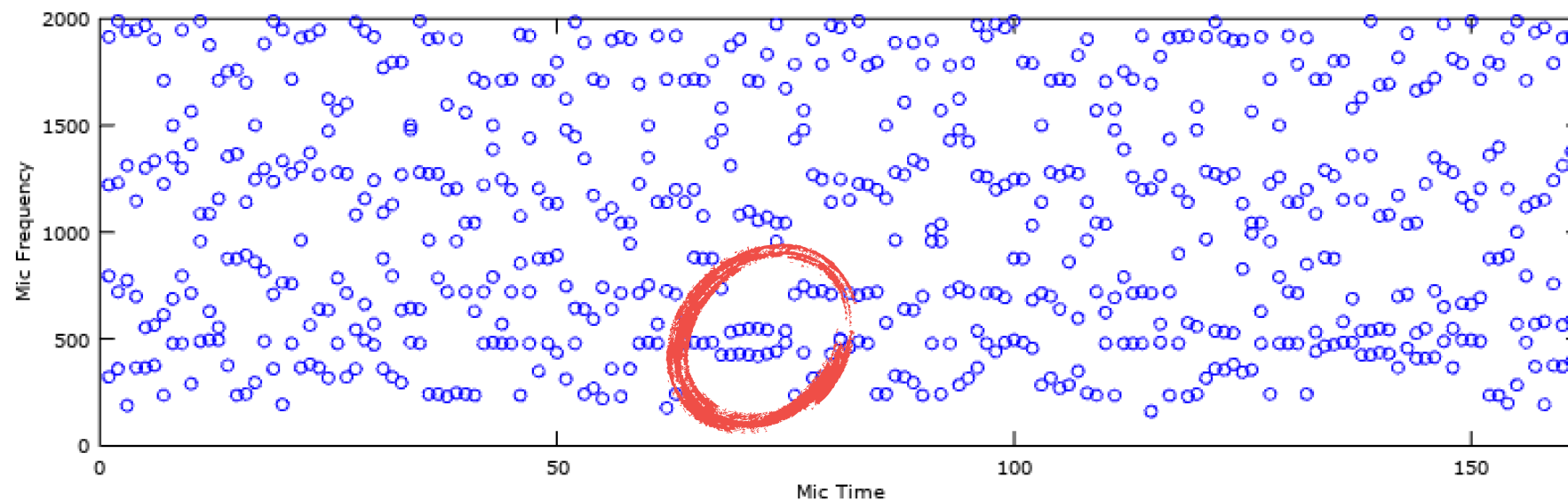


Bands
~500 Hz

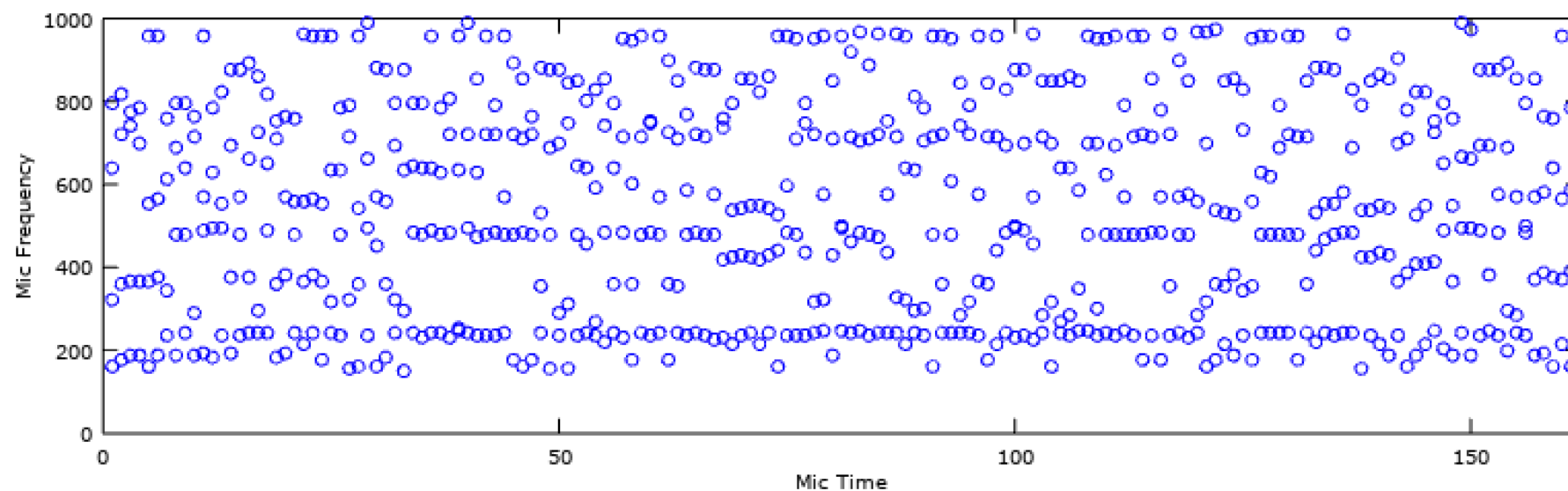
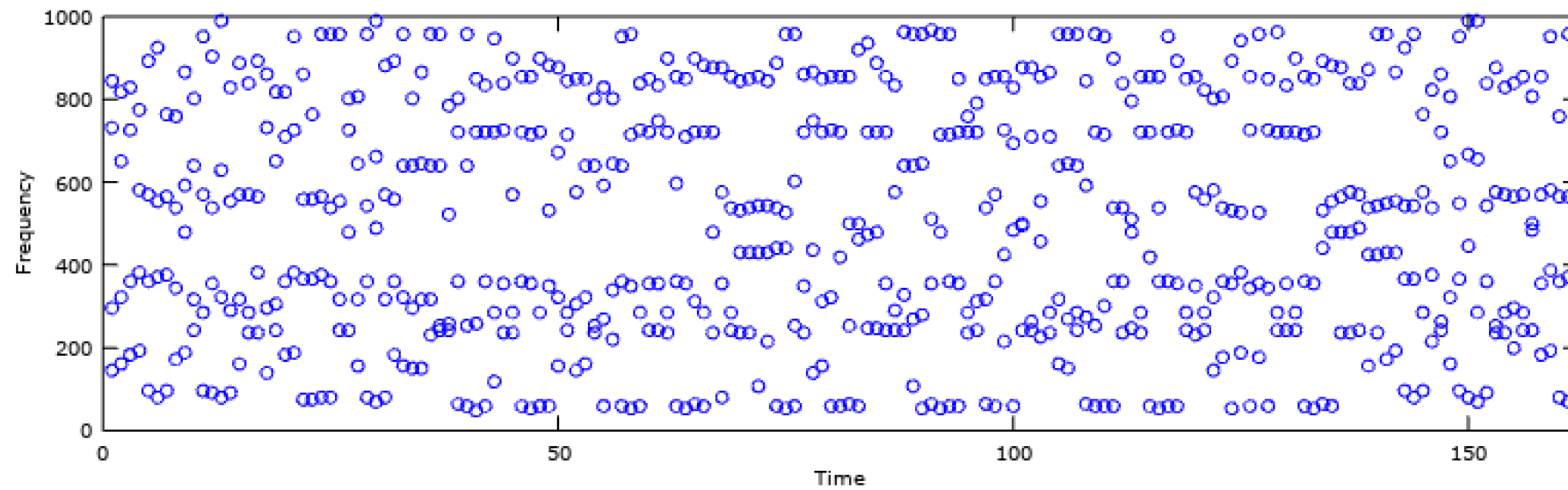
STAGE 3 – AUDIO VS MIC PEAKS MAP – 500 BANDS



Bands
~500 Hz

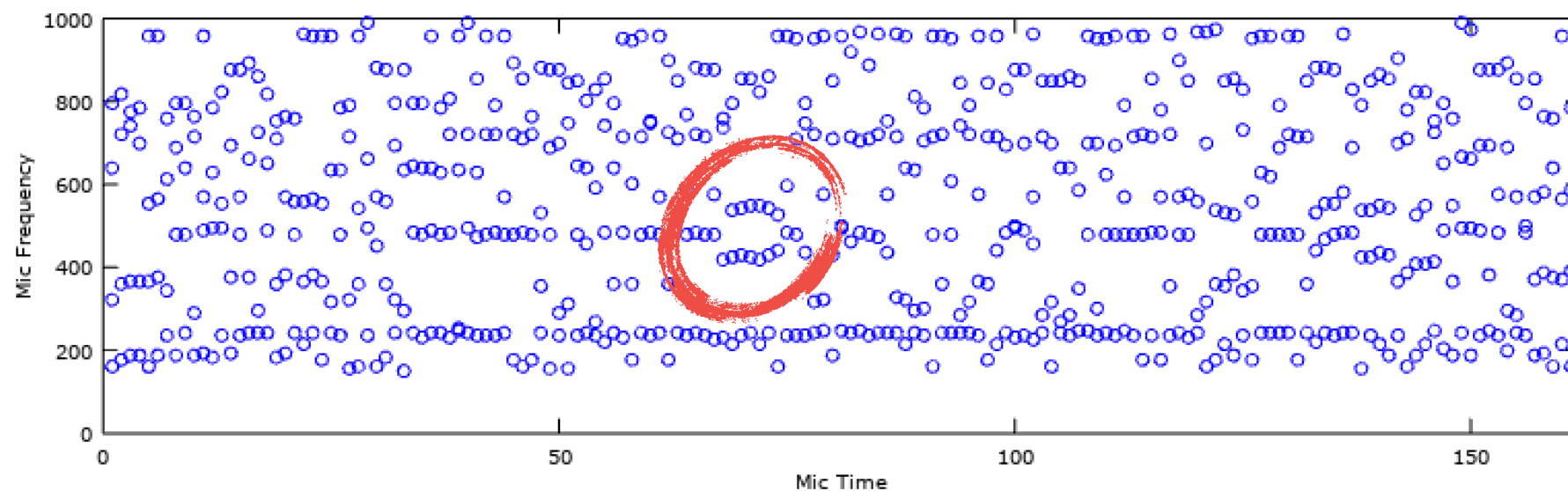
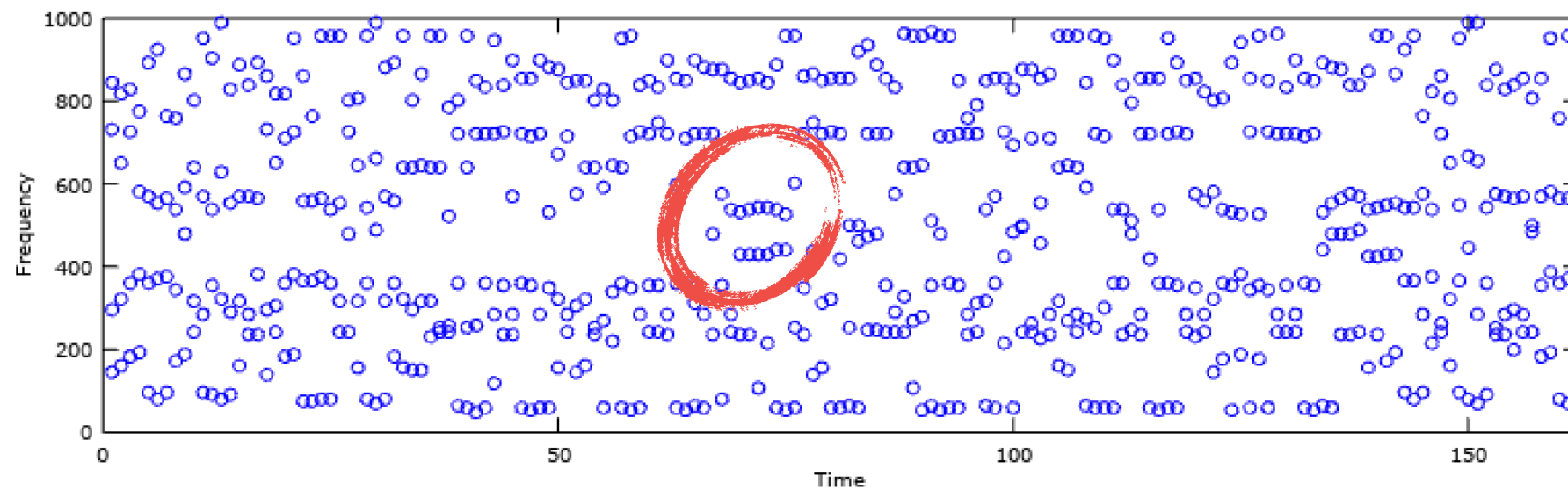


STAGE 3 – AUDIO VS MIC PEAKS MAP – 250 BANDS



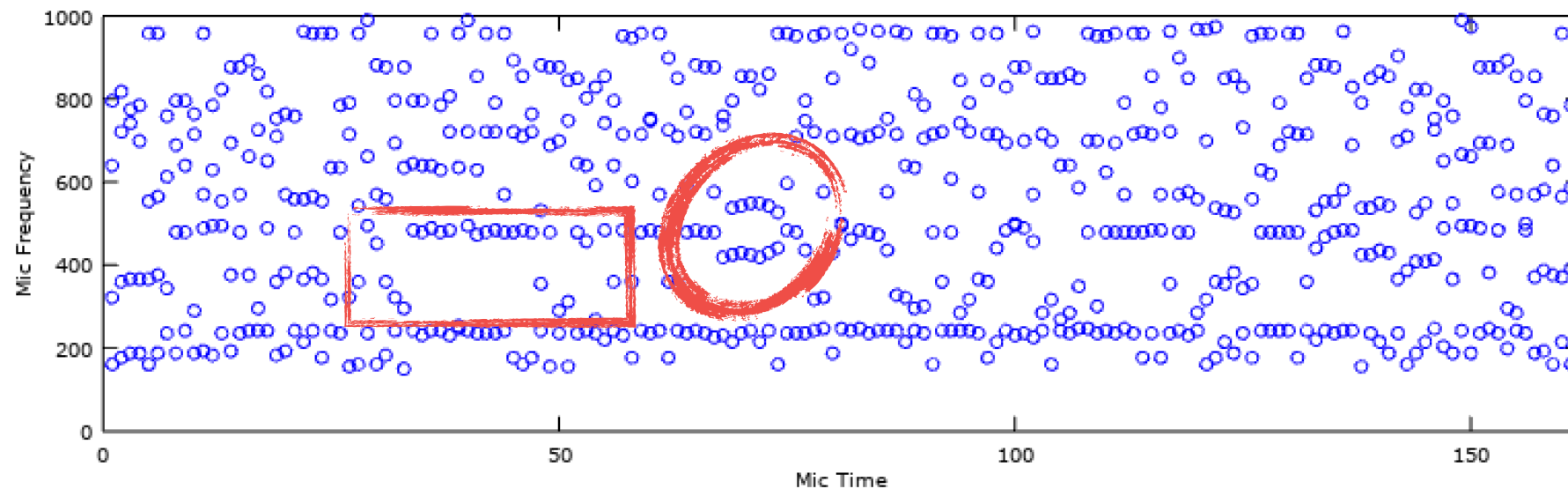
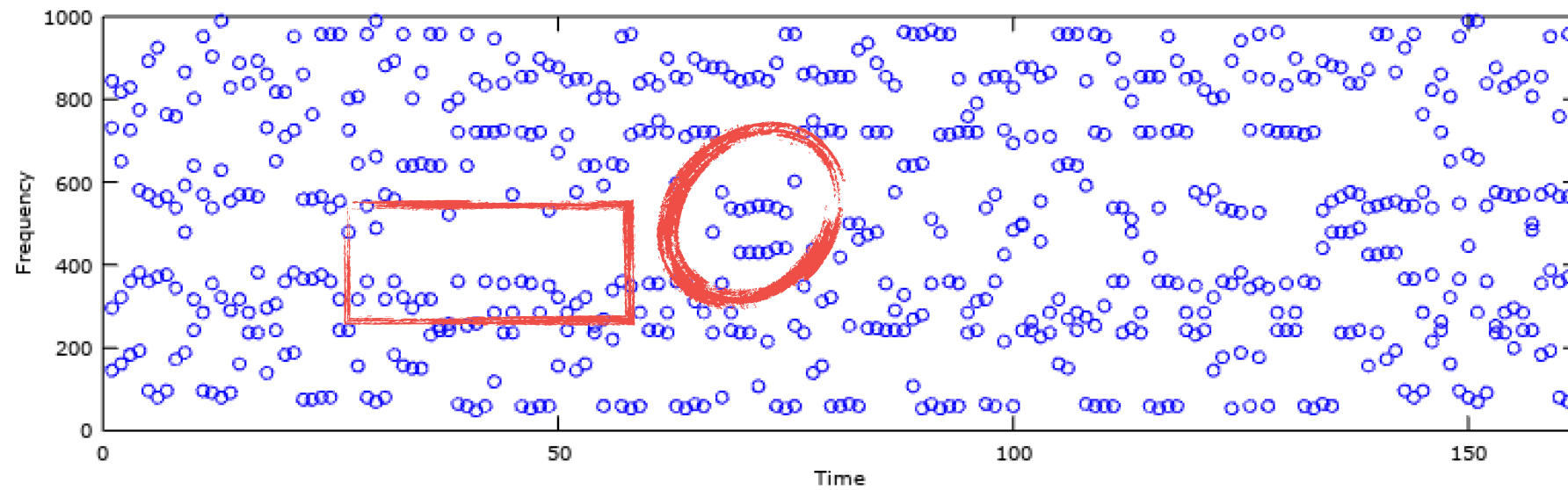
Bands
~250 Hz

STAGE 3 – AUDIO VS MIC PEAKS MAP – 250 BANDS



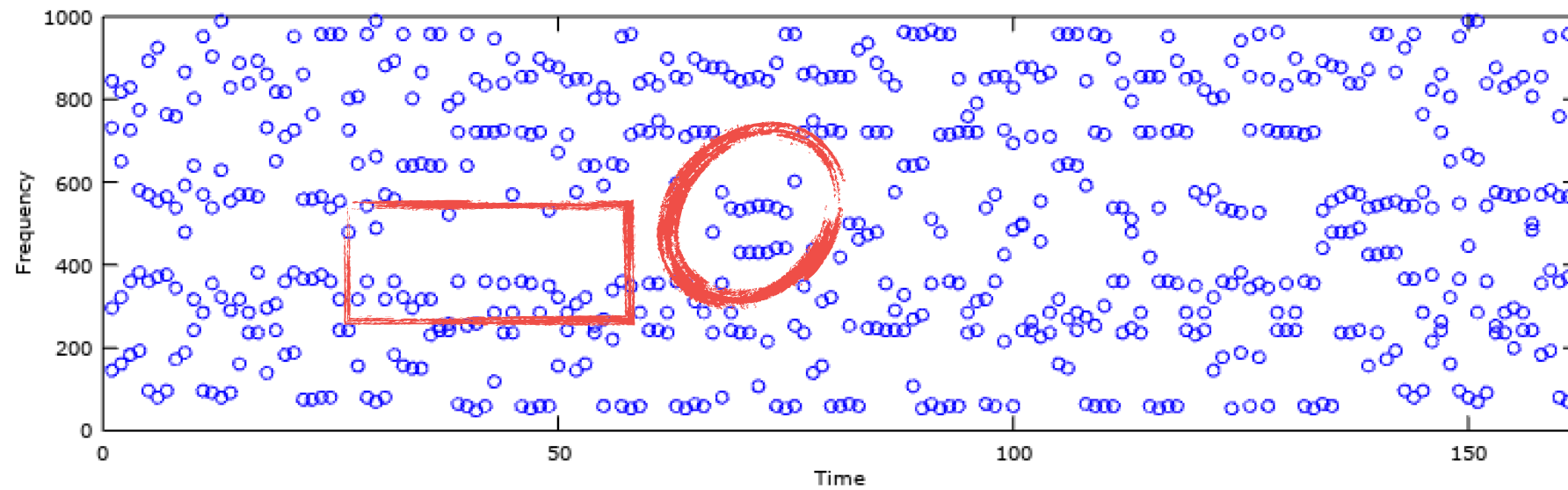
Bands
~250 Hz

STAGE 3 – AUDIO VS MIC PEAKS MAP – 250 BANDS

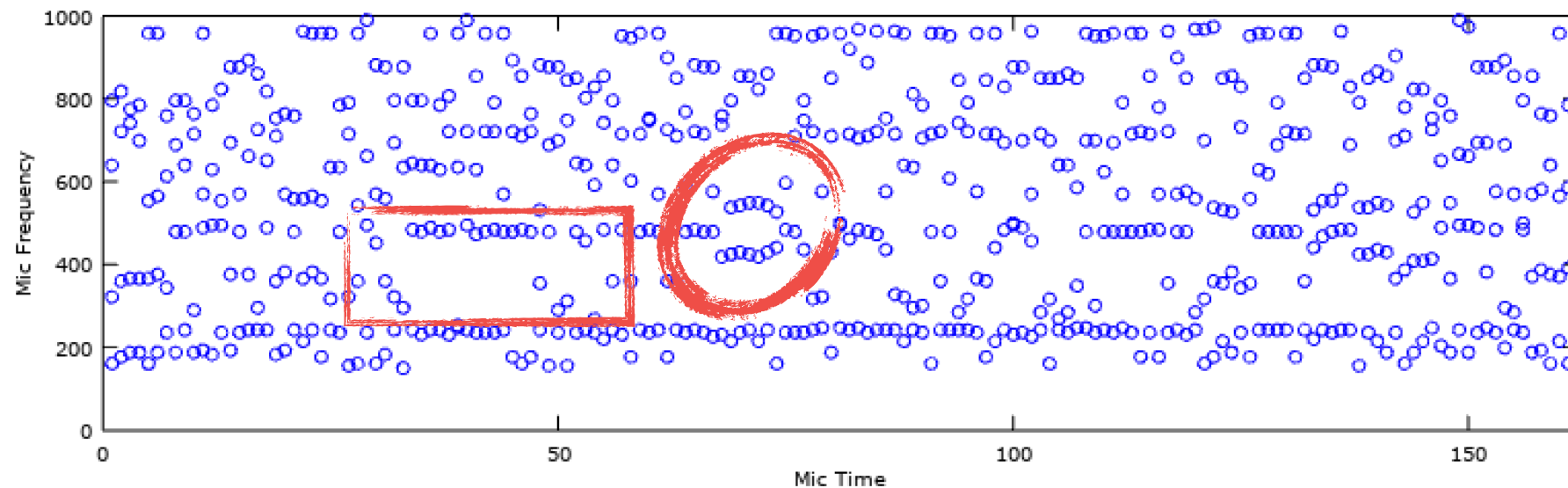


Bands
~250 Hz

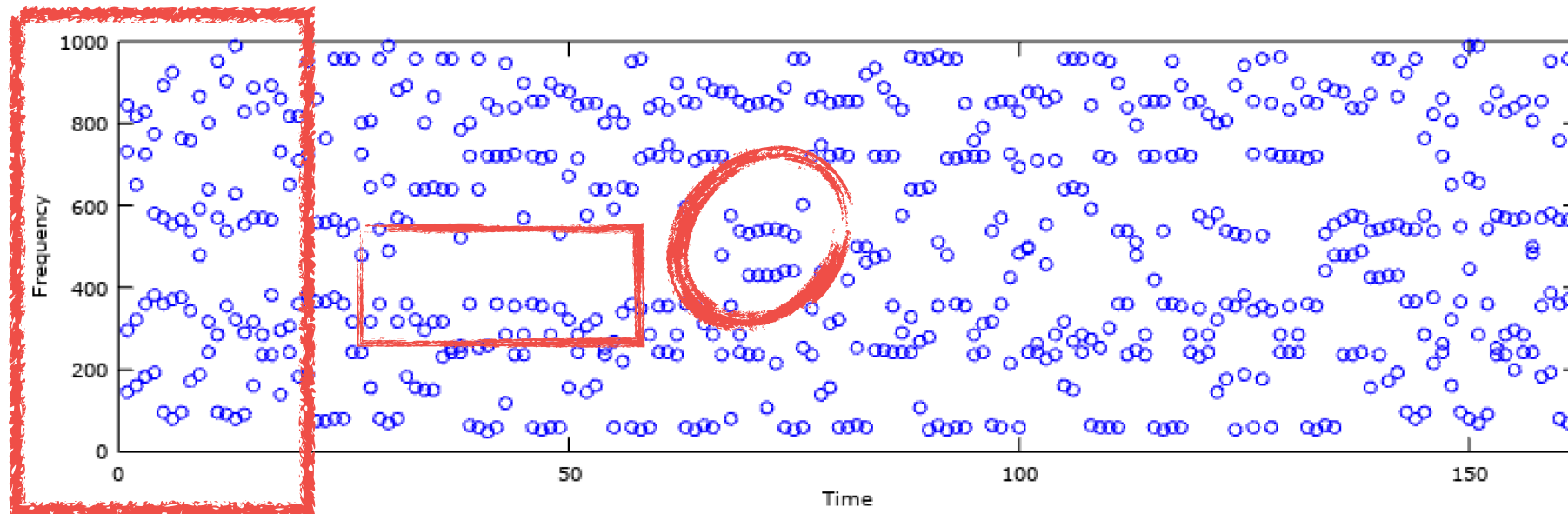
STAGE 3 – AUDIO VS MIC PEAKS MAP – 250 BANDS



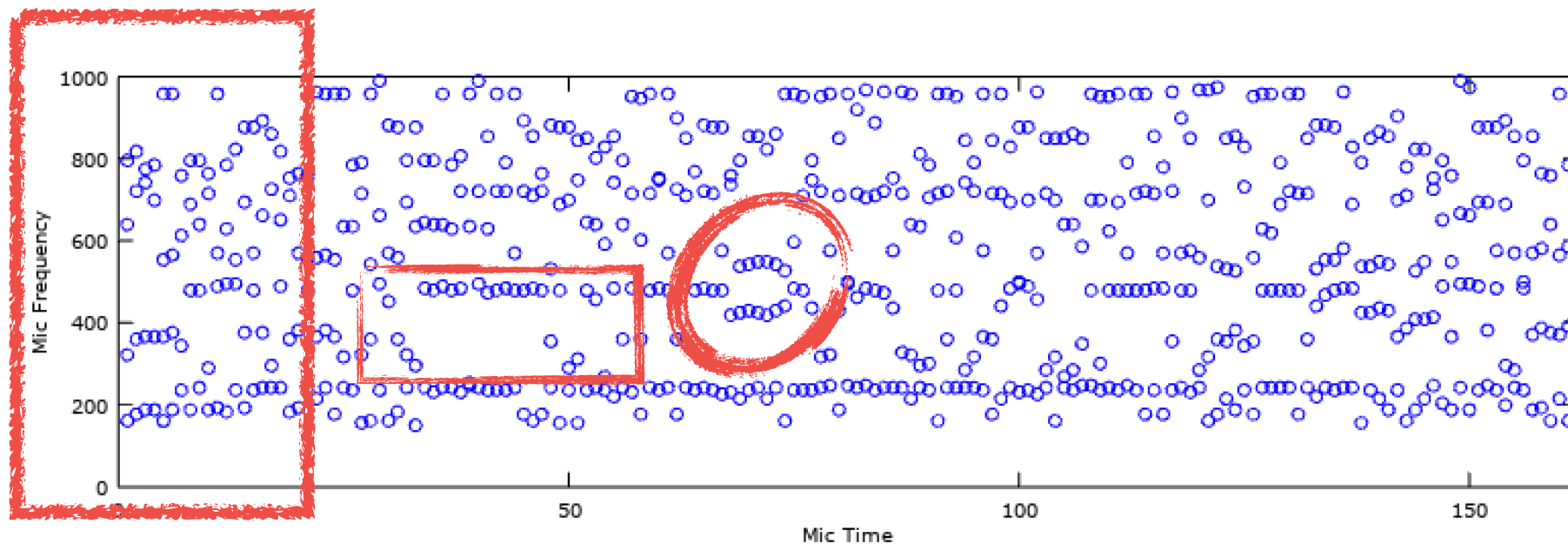
Bands
~250 Hz



STAGE 3 – AUDIO VS MIC PEAKS MAP – 250 BANDS



Bands
~250 Hz



STAGE 3 – FREQUENCY BANDS SELECTION

- ▶ From the visualisations we conclude:
- ▶ Narrowing the frequency bands results in more peak matches
- ▶ Narrowing the frequency bands may result in higher duplicate peaks (smaller DFT bins)
- ▶ Narrow frequency band is needed for Mic recording to capture peaks at specific low frequencies, for example 170 Hz
- ▶ In my opinion, better detection and less duplicates could be achieved using dynamic frequency bands based on the chunk magnitude's average
- ▶ The choice of the fingerprinting algorithm may influence the bands selection
- ▶ For this experiment, I selected fixed 4 frequency bands between 20 Hz and 1k Hz

STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

- ▶ Now we selected the bands, so what next?

STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

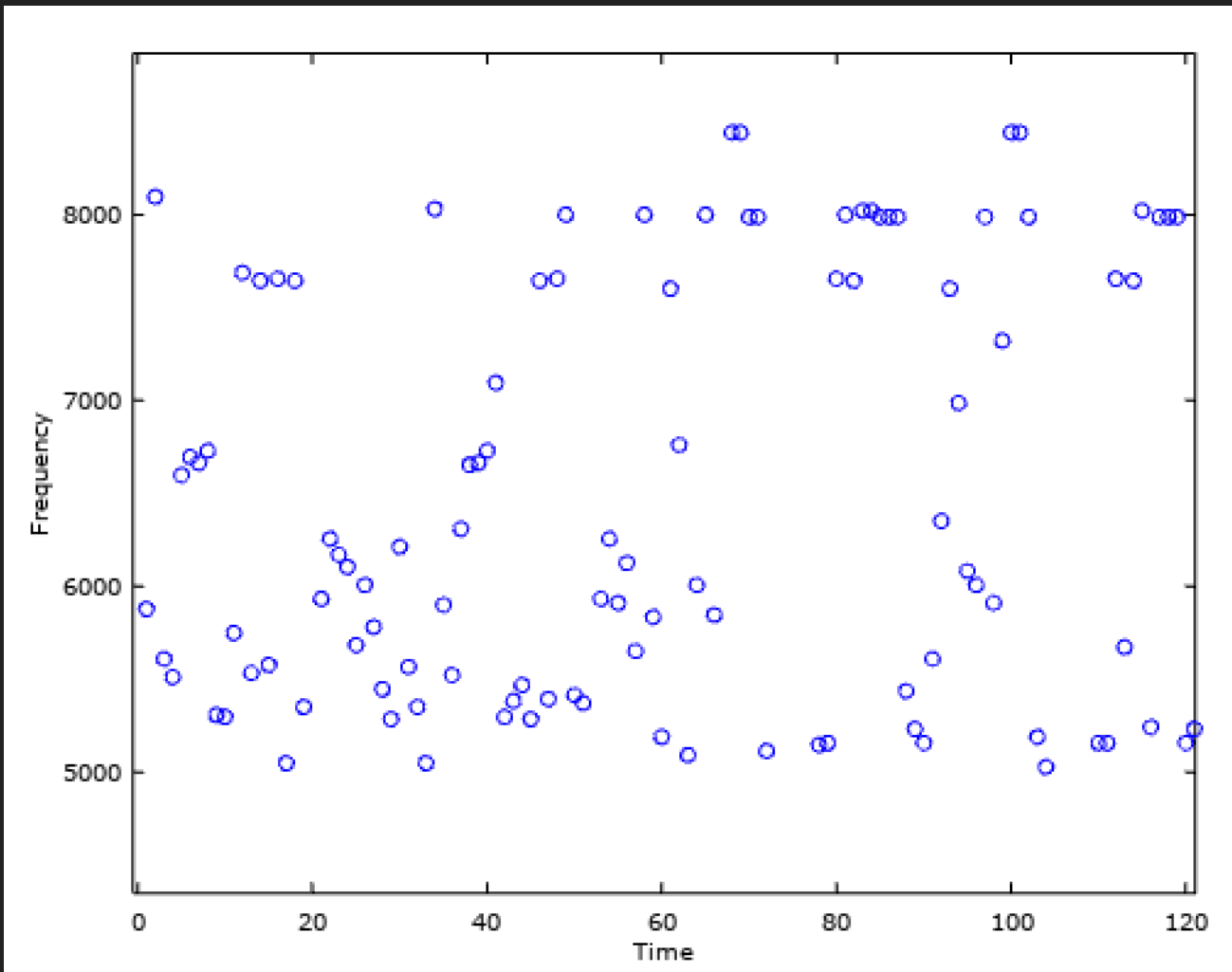
- ▶ Now we selected the bands, so what next?
- ▶ Algorithm? Technique?

STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

- ▶ Now we selected the bands, so what next?
- ▶ Algorithm? Technique?
- ▶ Uniqueness or Duplicates?

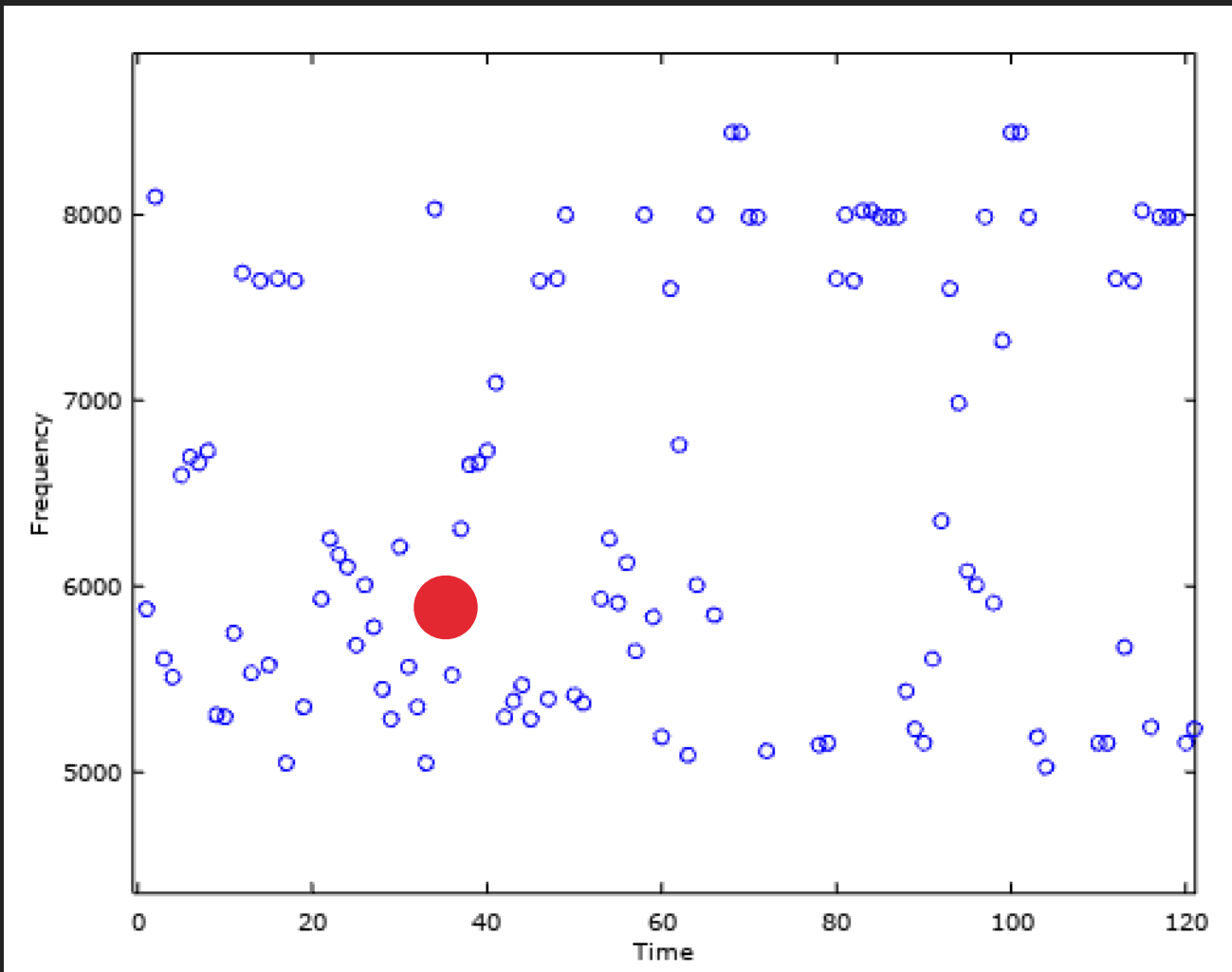
STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

- ▶ Now we selected the bands, so what next?
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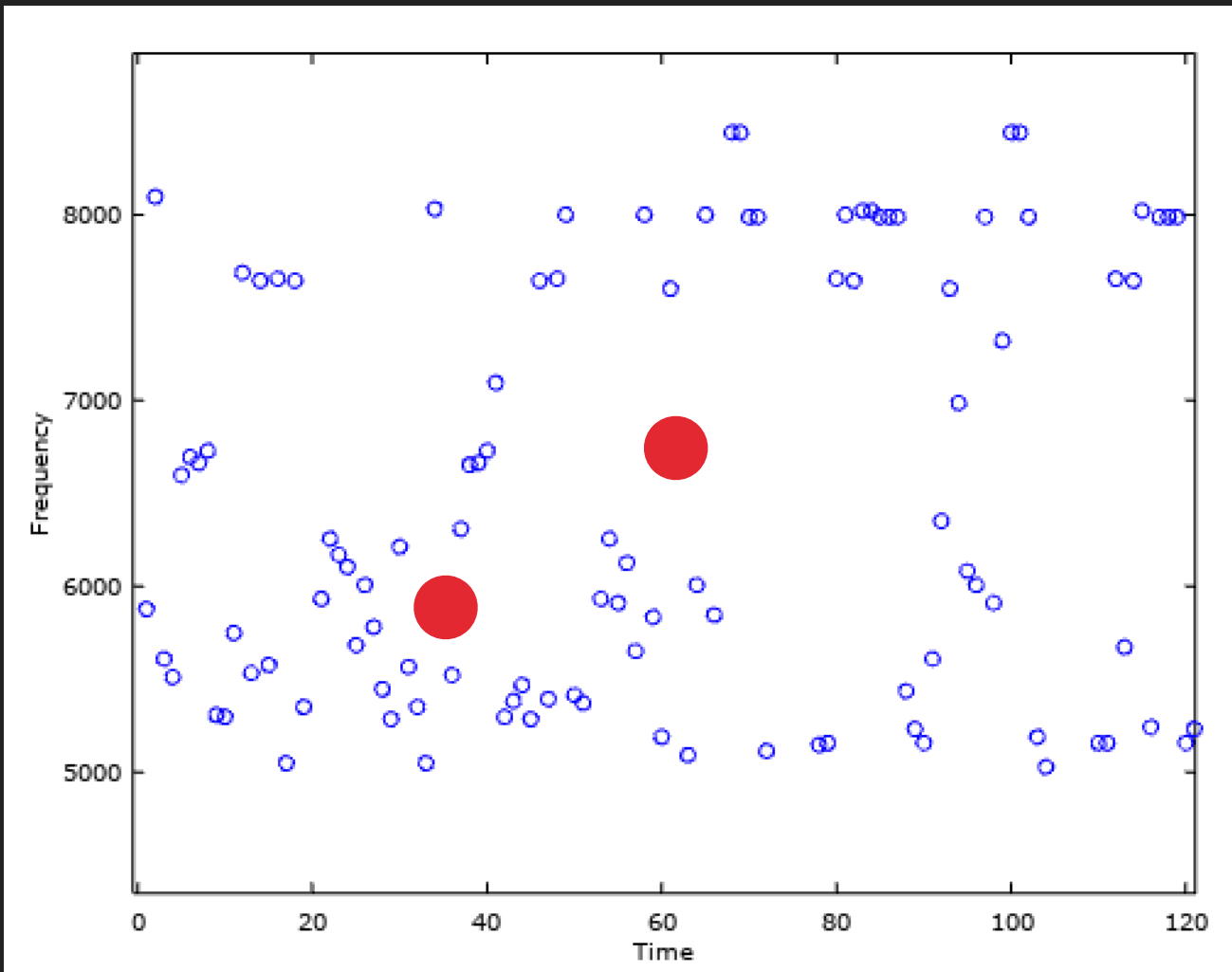
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- ▶ Now we selected the bands, so what next?
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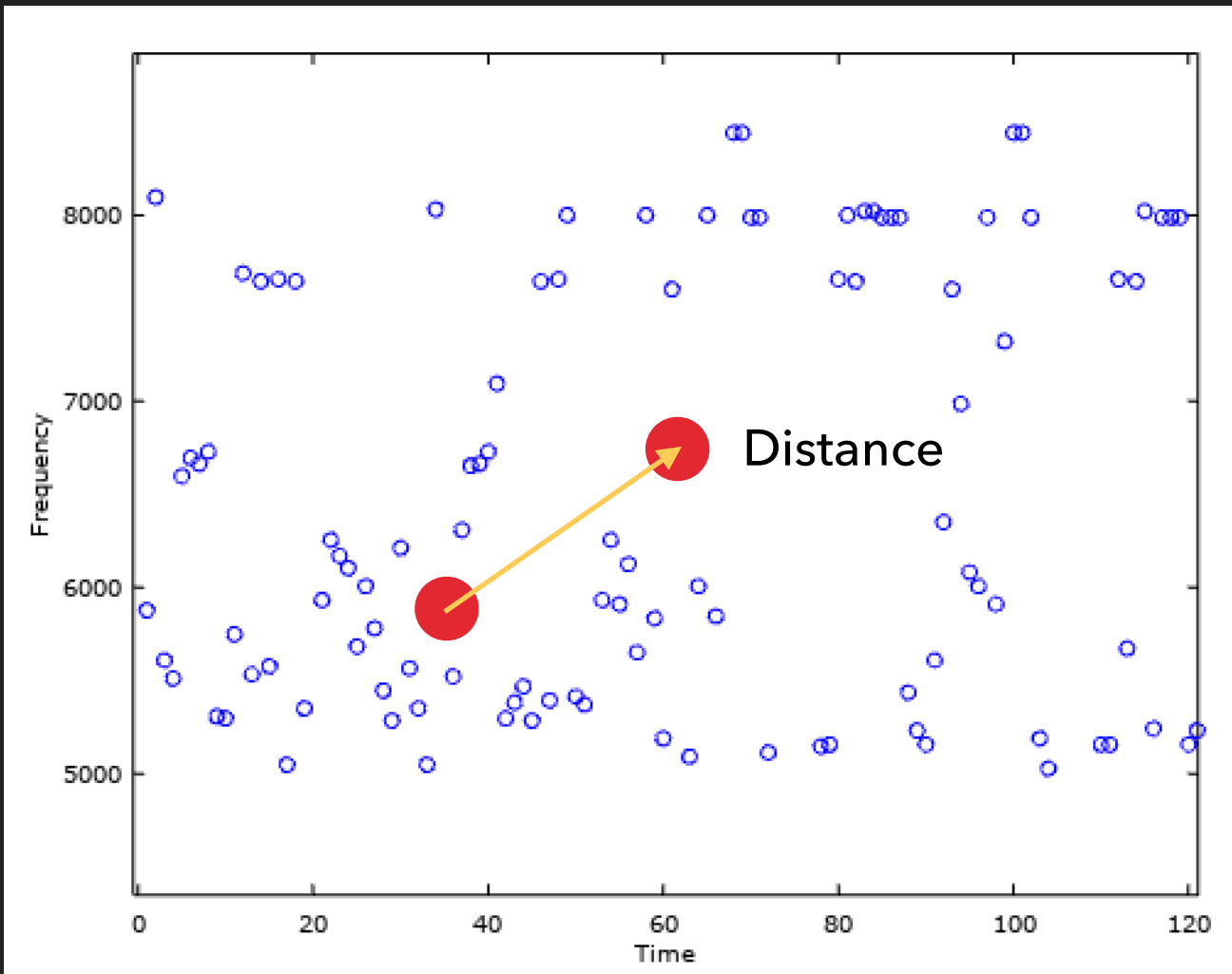
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- ▶ Now we selected the bands, so what next?
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STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

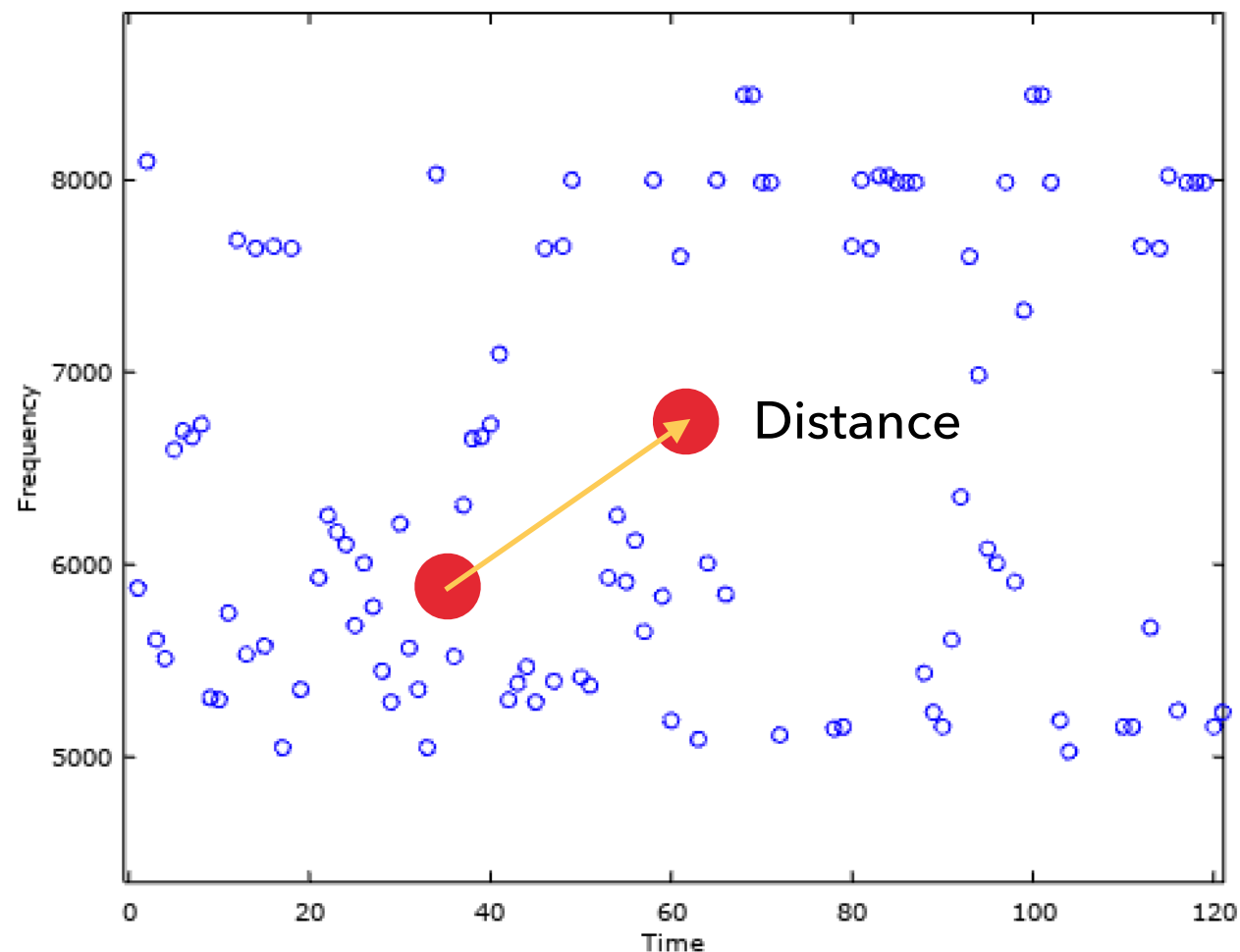
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STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

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Information



STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

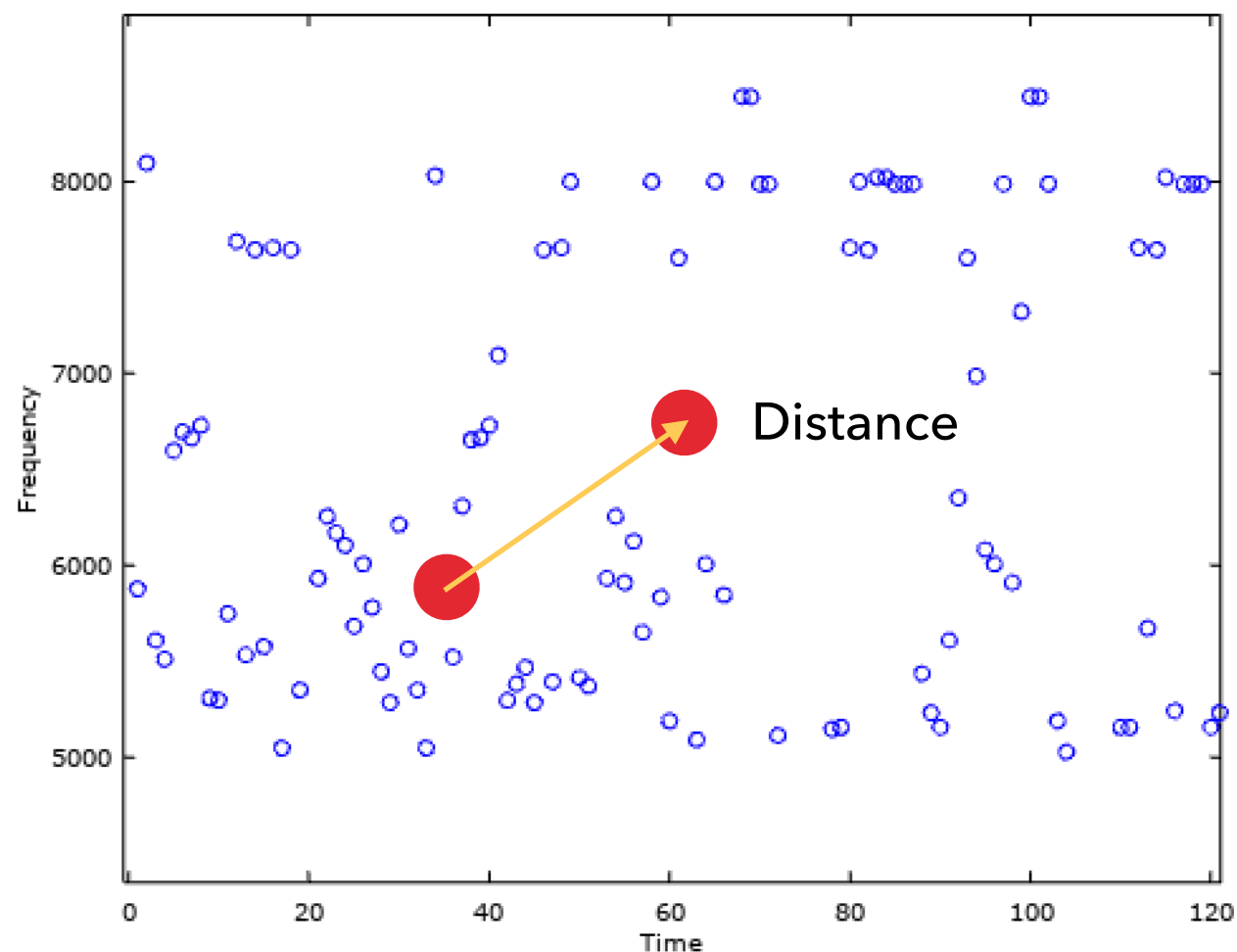
- ▶ Now we selected the bands, so what next?
- ▶ Algorithm? Technique?
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Information

Point 1 Frequency 5800 Hz

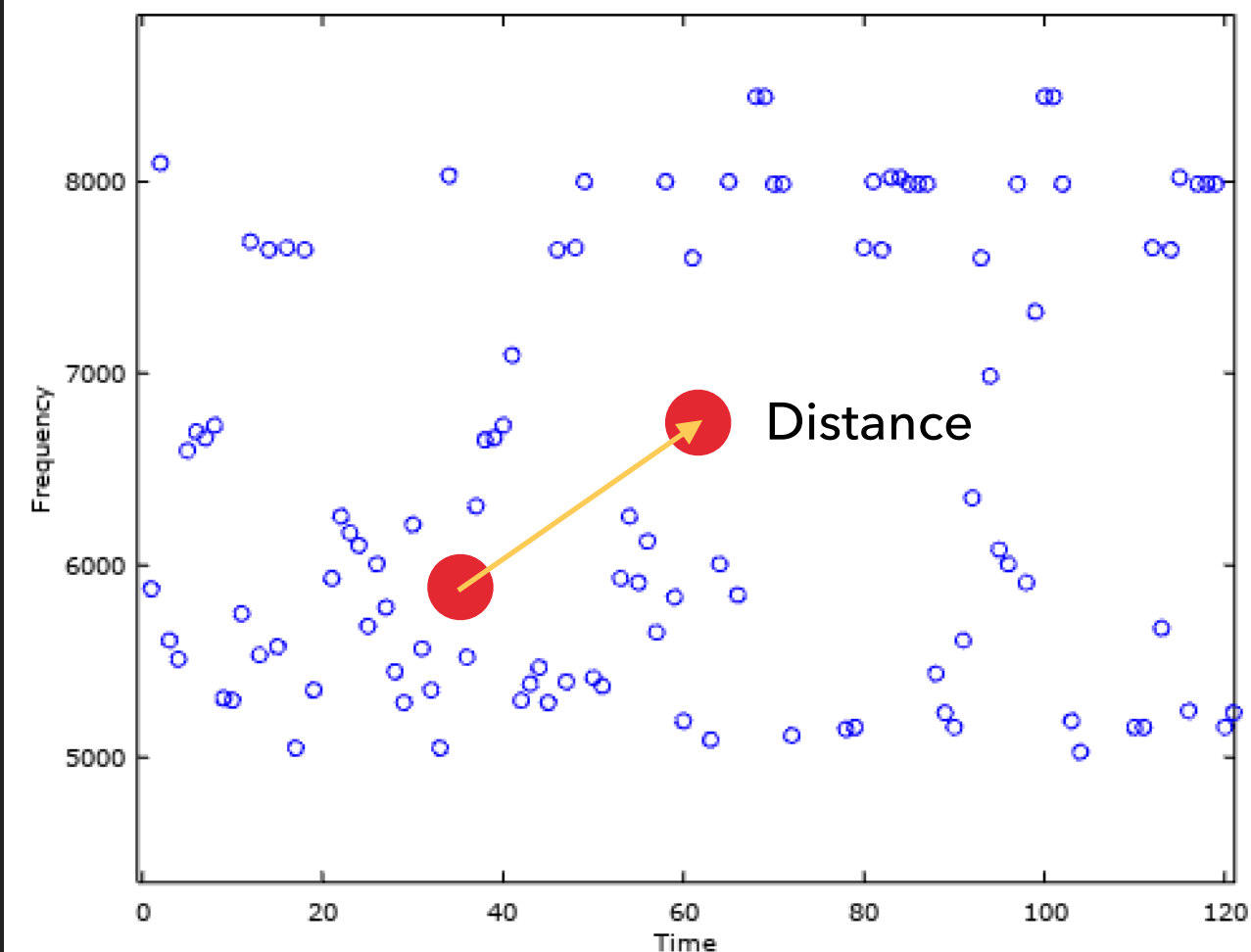
Point 2 Frequency 6700 Hz

Distance $60 - 35 = 25$ ms



STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

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- ▶ Algorithm? Technique?
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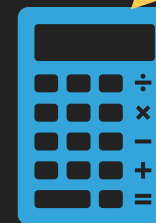


Information

Point 1 Frequency 5800 Hz

Point 2 Frequency 6700 Hz

Distance $60 - 35 = 25$ ms

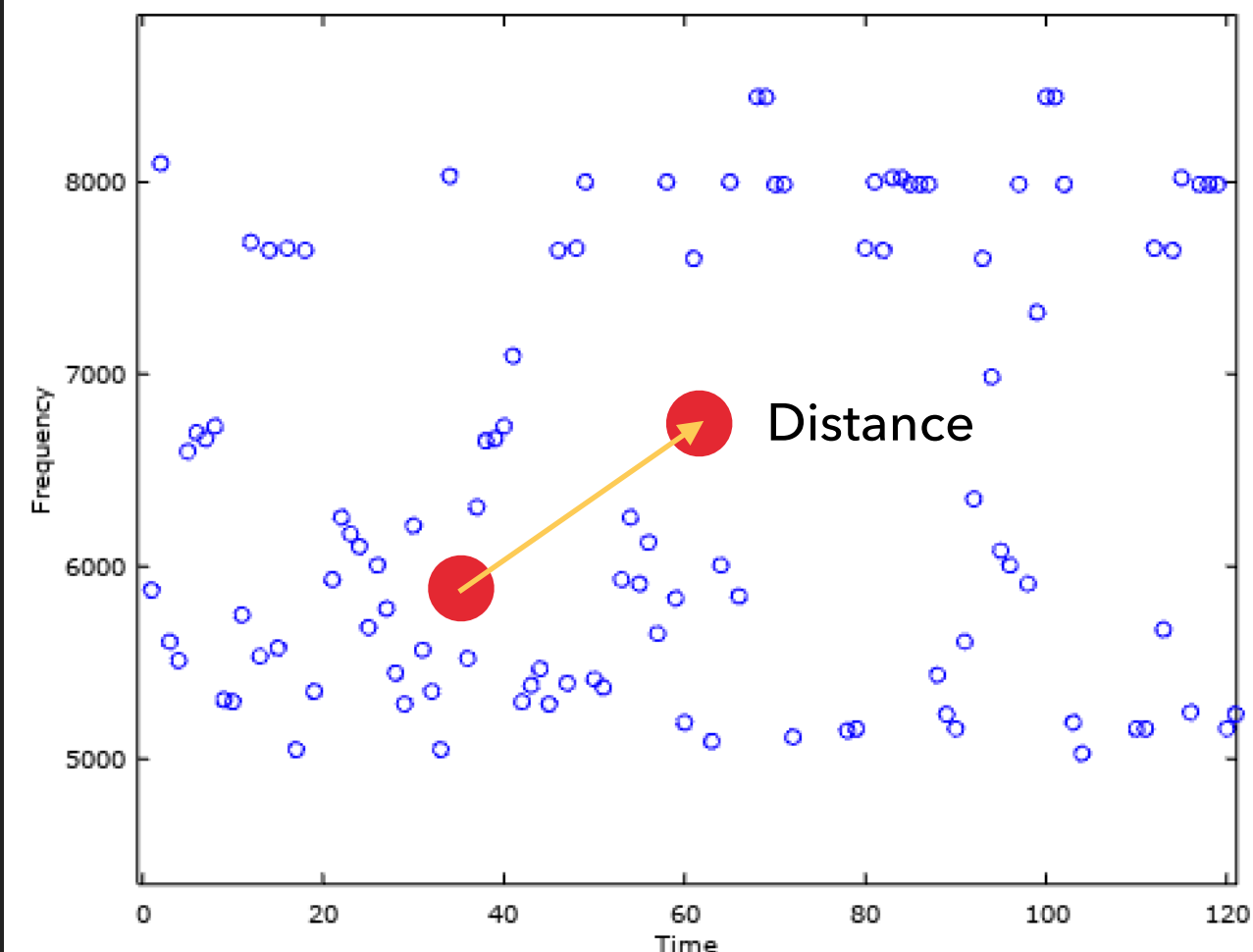


Algorithm

Hashing Technique

STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

- ▶ Now we selected the bands, so what next?
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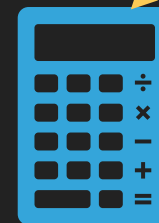


Information

Point 1 Frequency 5800 Hz

Point 2 Frequency 6700 Hz

Distance $60 - 35 = 25$ ms



Algorithm

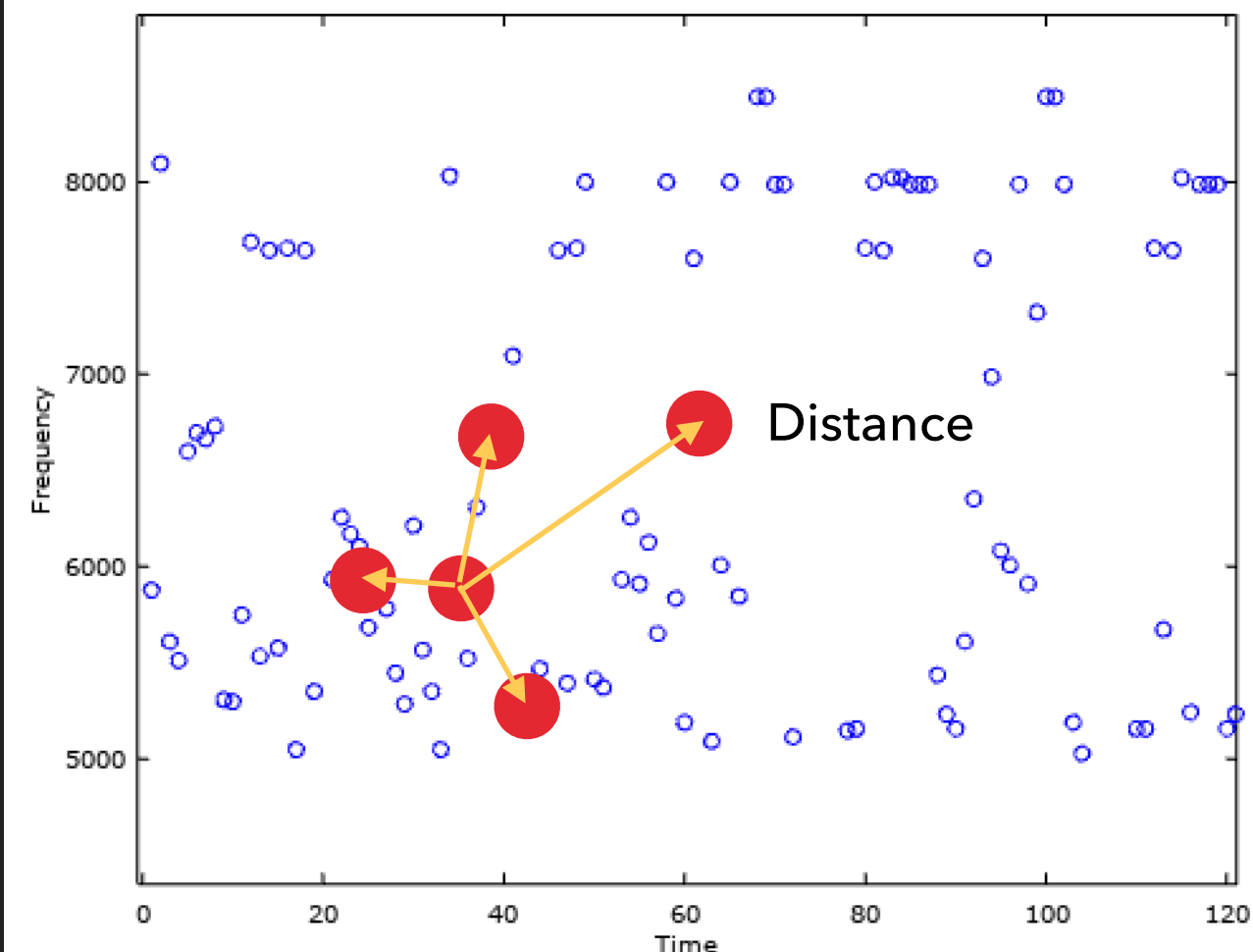
Hashing Technique

10902398493209094380

Fingerprint

STAGE 4 – FINGERPRINTING

- ▶ Now we selected the bands, so what next?
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Information

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Point 2 Frequency 6700 Hz

Distance $60 - 35 = 25$ ms



Algorithm

Hashing Technique

10902398493209094380

Fingerprint

STAGE 5 – DATABASE

- ▶ Unique fingerprints or Duplicates?

STAGE 5 – DATABASE

- Unique fingerprints or Duplicates?

FingerPrints FPs	Time	Song Id
10902398493209094380	0.2s	Song_1
20802367543209094534	1.3s	Song_2
68780279824398492094	19.4s	Song_100

Unique FingerPrints Table

SHA-1
Will Drevo

377 MB

5.4 million FPs

45 songs

STAGE 5 – DATABASE

► Unique fingerprints or Duplicates?

FingerPrints FPs	Time	Song Id
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68780279824398492094	19.4s	Song_100

Unique FingerPrints Table

FingerPrints FPs	Songs Id
10902398493209094380	Song_1, Song_10
20802367543209094534	Song_2, Song_13
68780279824398492094	Song_7

Duplicates FingerPrints Table

SHA-1
Will Drevo

377 MB
5.4 million FPs
45 songs

My Experiment

18.9 MB
64699 FPs
15 songs

size is not linear

FRONTEND & BACKEND

- ▶ Fingerprinting is a pre-processing step
- ▶ Mobile app needs only to send the chunks/buffers to the server
- ▶ Server computes the FFT, selects peaks, etc...
- ▶ Server queries the database - finds best match
- ▶ Server sends the result back to the app



SERVER-LESS DEVELOPMENT IN MOBILE

#	iOS	Android
1	Core Audio	InputStream, AudioRecord
2	vDSP	JTransforms, TarsosDSP ... etc
3	Swift , Obj C	Java, Kotlin
4	Peak as a Struct	Peak as a Class
5	Core Data, realm	SQLite, Room, realm

EXPERIMENT RESULTS 97.3%

8 KB Chunk	30s	15s	10s	5s	3s
Song 1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 3	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Song 4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 7	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 8	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 9	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 10	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 11	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 12	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 13	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 14	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song 15	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓


Failed first time due to noise, succeeded three times consecutively

Success with close score for next match



BUSINESS PERSPECTIVE

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- ▶ 3rd problem: Competitors (Apple, SoundHound, ACR Cloud)

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- ▶ 3rd problem: Competitors (Apple, SoundHound, ACR Cloud)
- ▶ 4th problem: Marketing budget (\$100 K)?
- ▶ Another problem: Why customers would migrate to your app?

REFERENCES & GOOD ARTICLES

- ▶ <http://willdrevo.com/fingerprinting-and-audio-recognition-with-python/>
- ▶ <http://coding-geek.com/how-shazam-works/>
- ▶ <https://labrosa.ee.columbia.edu/matlab/fingerprint/>
- ▶ <https://www.theverge.com/2017/12/11/16761984/apple-shazam-acquisition>



CONCLUSION

THE JOURNEY ENDS
FOR NOW!

ONE MORE THING – SAWTTI APP

- ▶ 1-Rag'n'Bone Man - I am Human
- ▶ 2-Ed Sheeran - Shape of you
- ▶ 3-Adele - Rolling in the deep
- ▶ 4-Mark Ronson - Uptown Funk
- ▶ 5-Earth, Wind & Fire - September
- ▶ 6- PSY - Gangnam Style
- ▶ 7- Sia - Cheap Thrills
- ▶ 8- Ariana Grande - Side To Side
- ▶ 9- The Chainsmokers - Closer
- ▶ 10- Shakira - Waka Waka
- ▶ 11- Lou Bega - Mambo No. 5
- ▶ 12- Luis Fonsi - Despacito
- ▶ 13- Major Lazer & DJ Snake - Lean On
- ▶ 14- Beyoncé - Naughty Girl
- ▶ 15- Los del Rio - Macarena



Q&A