

Database Project Part 2

Advanced Queries, Views, and Stored Procedures

1. SQL Script File

--Create Database

```
CREATE DATABASE LibraryDataBase1;  
USE LibraryDataBase1;
```

--Library Table

```
CREATE TABLE Library (  
    LibraryID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,  
    Name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL UNIQUE,  
    Location VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,  
    ContactNumber VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,  
    EstablishedYear INT  
);
```

--Staff Table

```
CREATE TABLE Staff (  
    StaffID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,  
    FullName VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    Position VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    ContactNumber VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,  
    LibraryID INT NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT FK_Staff_Library
```

```
FOREIGN KEY (LibraryID)
REFERENCES Library(LibraryID)
ON DELETE CASCADE
ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
```

--Book Table

```
CREATE TABLE Book (
    BookID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
    ISBN VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    Title VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
    Genre VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    Price DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
    ShelfLocation VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    IsAvailable BIT NOT NULL DEFAULT (1),
    LibraryID INT NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT CHK_Book_Genre
        CHECK (Genre IN ('Fiction','Non-fiction','Reference','Children')),
    CONSTRAINT CHK_Book_Price
        CHECK (Price > 0),
    CONSTRAINT FK_Book_Library
        FOREIGN KEY (LibraryID)
            REFERENCES Library(LibraryID)
            ON DELETE CASCADE
            ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
```

--Member Table

```
CREATE TABLE Member (
    MemberID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
    FullName VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    Email VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    PhoneNumber VARCHAR(20),
    MembershipStartDate DATE NOT NULL
);
```

--Loan Table

```
CREATE TABLE Loan (
    LoanID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
    LoanDate DATE NOT NULL,
    DueDate DATE NOT NULL,
    ReturnDate DATE NULL,
    Status VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL DEFAULT ('Issued'),
    MemberID INT NOT NULL,
    BookID INT NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT CHK_Loan_Status
        CHECK (Status IN ('Issued','Returned','Overdue')),
    CONSTRAINT CHK_Loan_ReturnDate
        CHECK (ReturnDate IS NULL OR ReturnDate >= LoanDate),
    CONSTRAINT FK_Loan_Member
        FOREIGN KEY (MemberID)
            REFERENCES Member(MemberID)
        ON DELETE CASCADE
        ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT FK_Loan_Book
        FOREIGN KEY (BookID)
```

```
REFERENCES Book(BookID)
ON DELETE CASCADE
ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
```

--Payment Table

```
CREATE TABLE Payment (
    PaymentID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
    PaymentDate DATE NOT NULL,
    Amount DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
    Method VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    LoanID INT NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT CHK_Payment_Amount
    CHECK (Amount > 0),
    CONSTRAINT FK_Payment_Loan
    FOREIGN KEY (LoanID)
    REFERENCES Loan(LoanID)
    ON DELETE CASCADE
    ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
```

--Review Table

```
CREATE TABLE Review (
    ReviewID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
    Rating INT NOT NULL,
    Comments NVARCHAR(500) NULL
    CONSTRAINT DF_Review_Comments DEFAULT ('No comments'),
    ReviewDate DATE NOT NULL,
```

```
MemberID INT NOT NULL,  
BookID INT NOT NULL,  
CONSTRAINT CHK_Review_Rating  
CHECK (Rating BETWEEN 1 AND 5),  
CONSTRAINT FK_Review_Member  
FOREIGN KEY (MemberID)  
REFERENCES Member(MemberID)  
ON DELETE CASCADE  
ON UPDATE CASCADE,  
CONSTRAINT FK_Review_Book  
FOREIGN KEY (BookID)  
REFERENCES Book(BookID)  
ON DELETE CASCADE  
ON UPDATE CASCADE  
);
```

--TEST DATA (REQUIRED)...INSERT FOR EACH TABLE

```
INSERT INTO Library (Name, Location, ContactNumber, EstablishedYear)  
VALUES  
('Central Library', 'Muscat', '24123456', 2005),  
('Nizwa Library', 'Nizwa', '25432111', 2010),  
('Sohar Library', 'Sohar', '26889977', 2015);
```

```
INSERT INTO Staff (FullName, Position, ContactNumber, LibraryID)
```

```
VALUES  
('Ahmed Al-Harthy', 'Manager', '91234567', 1),  
('Fatma Al-Zadjali', 'Assistant', '92345678', 2),  
('Salim Al-Rawahi', 'Librarian', '93456789', 3);
```

INSERT INTO Member (FullName, Email, PhoneNumber, MembershipStartDate)

VALUES

('Ali Said', 'ali@mail.com', '90000001', '2024-01-01'),
(('Muna Rashid', 'muna@mail.com', '90000002', '2024-01-05'),
(('Khalid Ahmed', 'khalid@mail.com', '90000003', '2024-02-01'),
(('Aisha Noor', 'aisha@mail.com', '90000004', '2024-02-10'),
(('Salma Hassan', 'salma@mail.com', '90000005', '2024-03-01'),
(('Yousef Omar', 'yousef@mail.com', '90000006', '2024-03-15'),
(('Noor Said', 'noor@mail.com', '90000007', '2024-04-01'),
(('Hamed Ali', 'hamed@mail.com', '90000008', '2024-04-05'),
(('Sara Nasser', 'sara@mail.com', '90000009', '2024-04-10'),
(('Omar Khalfan', 'omar@mail.com', '90000010', '2024-05-01');

INSERT INTO Book (ISBN, Title, Genre, Price, ShelfLocation, LibraryID)

VALUES

('ISBN001','SQL Basics','Reference',15,'A1',1),
(('ISBN002','Advanced SQL','Reference',20,'A2',1),
(('ISBN003','Database Design','Reference',18,'A3',1),
(('ISBN004','Harry Potter','Fiction',10,'B1',1),
(('ISBN005','The Hobbit','Fiction',12,'B2',1),

(('ISBN006','Data Science','Non-fiction',22,'C1',2),
(('ISBN007','AI Basics','Non-fiction',25,'C2',2),
(('ISBN008','Python Guide','Reference',19,'C3',2),
(('ISBN009','Fairy Tales','Children',8,'D1',2),

('ISBN010','Kids Math','Children',6,'D2',2),
(ISBN011,'History of Oman','Non-fiction',14,'E1',3),
(ISBN012,'World Atlas','Reference',30,'E2',3),
(ISBN013,'Science Fun','Children',9,'E3',3),
(ISBN014,'Mystery Island','Fiction',11,'F1',3),
(ISBN015,'Lost City','Fiction',13,'F2',3),
(ISBN016,'Novel A','Fiction',10,'F3',3),
(ISBN017,'Novel B','Fiction',10,'F4',3),
(ISBN018,'Novel C','Fiction',10,'F5',3),
(ISBN019,'Novel D','Fiction',10,'F6',3),
(ISBN020,'Novel E','Fiction',10,'F7',3);

INSERT INTO Loan (LoanDate, DueDate, Status, MemberID, BookID)

VALUES

('2024-05-01','2024-05-10','Returned',1,1),
(2024-05-03','2024-05-12','Returned',2,2),
(2024-05-05','2024-05-15','Returned',3,3),
(2024-05-07','2024-05-17','Overdue',4,4),
(2024-05-09','2024-05-19','Issued',5,5),
(2024-05-10','2024-05-20','Returned',6,6),
(2024-05-11','2024-05-21','Returned',7,7),
(2024-05-12','2024-05-22','Issued',8,8),
(2024-05-13','2024-05-23','Returned',9,9),
(2024-05-14','2024-05-24','Returned',10,10),
(2024-06-01','2024-06-10','Issued',1,11),
(2024-06-02','2024-06-11','Issued',2,12),
(2024-06-03','2024-06-12','Returned',3,13),

```
('2024-06-04','2024-06-13','Returned',4,14),  
('2024-06-05','2024-06-14','Issued',5,15);
```

INSERT INTO Payment (PaymentDate, Amount, Method, LoanID)

VALUES

```
(GETDATE(), 6, 'Cash', 4),  
(GETDATE(), 4, 'Card', 1),  
(GETDATE(), 8, 'Cash', 7);
```

--Section 1: Complex Queries with Joins

--1. Library Book Inventory Report

```
SELECT l.Name,  
COUNT(b.BookID) TotalBooks,  
SUM(CASE WHEN b.IsAvailable=1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AvailableBooks,  
SUM(CASE WHEN b.IsAvailable=0 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) BooksOnLoan  
FROM Library l  
LEFT JOIN Book b ON l.LibraryID=b.LibraryID  
GROUP BY l.Name;
```

--2. Active Borrowers Analysis

```
SELECT m.FullName, m.Email, b.Title, ln.LoanDate, ln.DueDate, ln.Status
```

```
FROM Loan In  
JOIN Member m ON In.MemberID=m.MemberID  
JOIN Book b ON In.BookID=b.BookID  
WHERE In.Status IN ('Issued','Overdue');
```

--3. Overdue Loans with Member Details

```
SELECT m.FullName, m.PhoneNumber, b.Title, l.Name Library,  
DATEDIFF(DAY, In.DueDate, GETDATE()) DaysOverdue,  
ISNULL(SUM(p.Amount),0) FinesPaid  
FROM Loan In  
JOIN Member m ON In.MemberID=m.MemberID  
JOIN Book b ON In.BookID=b.BookID  
JOIN Library l ON b.LibraryID=l.LibraryID  
LEFT JOIN Payment p ON In.LoanID=p.LoanID  
WHERE In.Status='Overdue'  
GROUP BY m.FullName,m.PhoneNumber,b.Title,l.Name,In.DueDate;
```

--4. Staff Performance Overview

```
SELECT l.Name, s.FullName, s.Position, COUNT(b.BookID) BooksManaged  
FROM Library l  
JOIN Staff s ON l.LibraryID=s.LibraryID  
LEFT JOIN Book b ON l.LibraryID=b.LibraryID  
GROUP BY l.Name,s.FullName,s.Position;
```

--5. Book Popularity Report

```
SELECT b.Title,b.ISBN,b.Genre,  
COUNT(ln.LoanID) TimesLoaned,  
AVG(r.Rating) AvgRating  
FROM Book b  
JOIN Loan ln ON b.BookID=ln.BookID  
LEFT JOIN Review r ON b.BookID=r.BookID  
GROUP BY b.Title,b.ISBN,b.Genre  
HAVING COUNT(ln.LoanID)>=3;
```

--6. Member Reading History

```
SELECT m.FullName,b.Title,ln.LoanDate,ln.ReturnDate,r.Rating,r.Comments  
FROM Member m  
JOIN Loan ln ON m.MemberID=ln.MemberID  
JOIN Book b ON ln.BookID=b.BookID  
LEFT JOIN Review r ON r.MemberID=m.MemberID AND r.BookID=b.BookID;
```

--7. Revenue Analysis by Genre

```
SELECT b.Genre,  
COUNT(ln.LoanID) TotalLoans,  
SUM(p.Amount) TotalRevenue,  
AVG(p.Amount) AvgFine  
FROM Book b  
JOIN Loan ln ON b.BookID=ln.BookID
```

```
JOIN Payment p ON ln.LoanID=p.LoanID
```

```
GROUP BY b.Genre;
```

--Section 2: Aggregate Functions and Grouping

--8. Monthly Loan Statistics

```
SELECT
```

```
DATENAME(MONTH, LoanDate) AS MonthName,
```

```
COUNT(*) AS TotalLoans,
```

```
SUM(CASE WHEN Status = 'Returned' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Returned,
```

```
SUM(CASE WHEN Status IN ('Issued','Overdue') THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS ActiveLoans
```

```
FROM Loan
```

```
WHERE YEAR(LoanDate) = YEAR(GETDATE())
```

```
GROUP BY DATENAME(MONTH, LoanDate), MONTH(LoanDate)
```

```
ORDER BY MONTH(LoanDate);
```

--9. Member Engagement Metrics

```
SELECT
```

```
m.FullName,
```

```
COUNT(ln.LoanID) AS TotalBorrowed,
```

```
SUM(CASE WHEN ln.Status IN ('Issued','Overdue') THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS  
CurrentlyBorrowed,
```

```
ISNULL(SUM(p.Amount),0) AS TotalFines,
```

```
AVG(r.Rating) AS AvgRating
```

```
FROM Member m
```

```
JOIN Loan ln ON m.MemberID = ln.MemberID
```

```
LEFT JOIN Payment p ON ln.LoanID = p.LoanID
```

```
LEFT JOIN Review r ON m.MemberID = r.MemberID
```

```
GROUP BY m.FullName;
```

--10. Library Performance Comparison

```
SELECT
```

```
l.Name,
```

```
COUNT(b.BookID) AS TotalBooks,
```

```
COUNT(ln.MemberID) AS ActiveMembers,
```

```
ISNULL(SUM(p.Amount),0) AS TotalRevenue,
```

```
COUNT(b.BookID) * 1.0 / NULLIF(COUNT(ln.MemberID),0) AS AvgBooksPerMember
```

```
FROM Library l
```

```
LEFT JOIN Book b ON l.LibraryID = b.LibraryID
```

```
LEFT JOIN Loan ln ON b.BookID = ln.BookID
```

```
LEFT JOIN Payment p ON ln.LoanID = p.LoanID
```

```
GROUP BY l.Name;
```

--11. High-Value Books Analysis

```
SELECT
```

```
b.Title,
```

```
b.Genre,
```

```
b.Price,
```

```
AVG(b2.Price) OVER (PARTITION BY b.Genre) AS GenreAvgPrice,
```

```
b.Price - AVG(b2.Price) OVER (PARTITION BY b.Genre) AS PriceDifference
```

```
FROM Book b
```

```
JOIN Book b2 ON b.Genre = b2.Genre
```

```
WHERE b.Price > (
```

```
SELECT AVG(Price)
```

```
FROM Book
```

```
WHERE Genre = b.Genre
```

```
);
```

--12. Payment Pattern Analysis

```
SELECT  
Method,  
COUNT(*) AS Transactions,  
SUM(Amount) AS TotalCollected,  
AVG(Amount) AS AvgPayment,  
SUM(Amount) * 100.0 / (SELECT SUM(Amount) FROM Payment) AS PercentageOfRevenue  
FROM Payment  
GROUP BY Method;
```

--Section 3: Views Creation

--13. vw_CurrentLoans

```
CREATE VIEW vw_CurrentLoans AS  
SELECT  
m.FullName,  
b.Title,  
ln.LoanDate,  
ln.DueDate,  
ln.Status,  
DATEDIFF(DAY, GETDATE(), ln.DueDate) AS DaysToOrOverdue  
FROM Loan ln
```

```
JOIN Member m ON ln.MemberID = m.MemberID  
JOIN Book b ON ln.BookID = b.BookID  
WHERE ln.Status IN ('Issued','Overdue');
```

--14. vw_LibraryStatistics

```
--(Q14- VW_LIBRARYSTATISTICS SHOULD SHOW LIBRARY NAME,  
--TOTAL BOOKS OWNED BY THE LIBRARY,  
--NUMBER OF AVAILABLE BOOKS,  
--TOTAL ACTIVE MEMBERS(MEMBERS WHO HAVE AT LEAST ONE LOAN FROM THIS  
LIBRARY'S BOOKS),  
--ACTIVE LOANS (LOANS OF BOOKS BELONGING TO THIS LIBRARY ),  
--TOTAL STAFF WORKING AT THE LIBRARY,  
--TOTAL REVENUE FROM FINES (FROM LOANS OF THIS LIBRARY'S BOOKS).)
```

```
CREATE VIEW vw_LibraryStatistics AS
```

```
SELECT  
l.Name AS LibraryName,  
COUNT(b.BookID) AS TotalBooksOwned,  
SUM(CASE WHEN b.IsAvailable = 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS AvailableBooks,  
COUNT(DISTINCT ln.MemberID) AS ActiveMembers,  
COUNT(DISTINCT ln.LoanID) AS ActiveLoans,  
COUNT(DISTINCT s.StaffID) AS TotalStaff,  
ISNULL(SUM(p.Amount), 0) AS TotalRevenue  
FROM Library l  
LEFT JOIN Book b ON l.LibraryID = b.LibraryID  
LEFT JOIN Loan ln ON b.BookID = ln.BookID AND ln.Status IN ('Issued', 'Overdue')
```

```
LEFT JOIN Staff s ON l.LibraryID = s.LibraryID  
LEFT JOIN Payment p ON ln.LoanID = p.LoanID  
GROUP BY l.Name;
```

--15. vw_BookDetailsWithReviews

```
CREATE VIEW vw_BookDetailsWithReviews AS  
SELECT  
    b.Title,  
    b.Genre,  
    b.IsAvailable,  
    AVG(r.Rating) AS AvgRating,  
    COUNT(r.ReviewID) AS TotalReviews,  
    MAX(r.ReviewDate) AS LatestReview  
FROM Book b  
LEFT JOIN Review r ON b.BookID = r.BookID  
GROUP BY b.Title, b.Genre, b.IsAvailable;
```

--Section 4: Stored Procedures

--16. sp_IssueBook

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_IssueBook  
    @MemberID INT,  
    @BookID INT,  
    @DueDate DATE  
AS  
BEGIN
```

```
SET NOCOUNT ON;

BEGIN TRANSACTION;

BEGIN TRY

-- Check book availability

IF NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT 1 FROM Book
    WHERE BookID = @BookID AND IsAvailable = 1
)

BEGIN
    THROW 50001, 'Book is not available.', 1;
END

-- Check overdue loans

IF EXISTS (
    SELECT 1 FROM Loan
    WHERE MemberID = @MemberID AND Status = 'Overdue'
)

BEGIN
    THROW 50002, 'Member has overdue loans.', 1;
END

-- Create loan

INSERT INTO Loan (LoanDate, DueDate, Status, MemberID, BookID)
VALUES (GETDATE(), @DueDate, 'Issued', @MemberID, @BookID);

-- Update book availability

UPDATE Book
SET IsAvailable = 0
WHERE BookID = @BookID;

COMMIT TRANSACTION;

SELECT 'Book issued successfully.' AS Message;
```

```
END TRY

BEGIN CATCH

ROLLBACK TRANSACTION;

SELECT ERROR_MESSAGE() AS ErrorMessage;

END CATCH

END;
```

--Test Cases

--Successful

```
EXEC sp_IssueBook 1, 3, '2025-02-01';
```

-- Error

```
EXEC sp_IssueBook 1, 3, '2025-02-01';
```

--17. sp_ReturnBook

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_ReturnBook

@LoanID INT,
@ReturnDate DATE
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON;
DECLARE @DueDate DATE, @BookID INT, @DaysLate INT, @Fine DECIMAL(10,2);
BEGIN TRANSACTION;
BEGIN TRY
SELECT
@DueDate = DueDate,
```

```
@BookID = BookID  
FROM Loan  
WHERE LoanID = @LoanID AND Status <> 'Returned';  
IF @DueDate IS NULL  
THROW 50003, 'Invalid or already returned loan.', 1;  
-- Calculate fine  
SET @DaysLate = DATEDIFF(DAY, @DueDate, @ReturnDate);  
SET @Fine = CASE WHEN @DaysLate > 0 THEN @DaysLate * 2 ELSE 0 END;  
-- Update loan  
UPDATE Loan  
SET ReturnDate = @ReturnDate,  
Status = 'Returned'  
WHERE LoanID = @LoanID;  
-- Update book  
UPDATE Book  
SET IsAvailable = 1  
WHERE BookID = @BookID;  
-- Create payment if fine exists  
IF @Fine > 0  
BEGIN  
INSERT INTO Payment (PaymentDate, Amount, Method, LoanID)  
VALUES (GETDATE(), @Fine, 'Pending', @LoanID);  
END  
COMMIT TRANSACTION;  
SELECT @Fine AS TotalFine;  
END TRY  
BEGIN CATCH  
ROLLBACK TRANSACTION;
```

```
SELECT ERROR_MESSAGE() AS ErrorMessage;  
END CATCH  
END;
```

--Test Cases

--Successful

```
EXEC sp_ReturnBook 5, '2025-01-20';
```

-- Error

```
EXEC sp_ReturnBook 5, '2025-01-25';
```

--18. sp_GetMemberReport

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_GetMemberReport  
@MemberID INT  
AS  
BEGIN  
-- Member info  
SELECT * FROM Member WHERE MemberID = @MemberID;  
-- Current loans  
SELECT * FROM Loan  
WHERE MemberID = @MemberID AND Status IN ('Issued','Overdue');  
-- Loan history  
SELECT * FROM Loan  
WHERE MemberID = @MemberID;  
-- Fines summary  
SELECT  
SUM(CASE WHEN Method <> 'Pending' THEN Amount ELSE 0 END) AS TotalPaid,
```

```
SUM(CASE WHEN Method = 'Pending' THEN Amount ELSE 0 END) AS PendingFines  
FROM Payment p  
JOIN Loan l ON p.LoanID = l.LoanID  
WHERE l.MemberID = @MemberID;  
  
-- Reviews  
  
SELECT * FROM Review WHERE MemberID = @MemberID;  
END;
```

--Test Cases

--Successful

```
EXEC sp_GetMemberReport 1;
```

-- Error

```
EXEC sp_GetMemberReport 9;
```

--19. sp_MonthlyLibraryReport

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_MonthlyLibraryReport  
@LibraryID INT,  
@Month INT,  
@Year INT  
AS  
BEGIN  
    -- Total loans issued  
    SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalLoansIssued
```

```
FROM Loan l
JOIN Book b ON l.BookID = b.BookID
WHERE b.LibraryID = @LibraryID
AND MONTH(l.LoanDate) = @Month
AND YEAR(l.LoanDate) = @Year;
-- Total returns
SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalBooksReturned
FROM Loan l
JOIN Book b ON l.BookID = b.BookID
WHERE b.LibraryID = @LibraryID
AND MONTH(l.ReturnDate) = @Month
AND YEAR(l.ReturnDate) = @Year;
-- Total revenue
SELECT ISNULL(SUM(p.Amount),0) AS TotalRevenue
FROM Payment p
JOIN Loan l ON p.LoanID = l.LoanID
JOIN Book b ON l.BookID = b.BookID
WHERE b.LibraryID = @LibraryID
AND MONTH(p.PaymentDate) = @Month
AND YEAR(p.PaymentDate) = @Year;
-- Most borrowed genre
SELECT TOP 1 b.Genre, COUNT(*) AS BorrowCount
FROM Loan l
JOIN Book b ON l.BookID = b.BookID
WHERE b.LibraryID = @LibraryID
GROUP BY b.Genre
ORDER BY BorrowCount DESC;
-- Top 3 active members
```

```
SELECT TOP 3 m.FullName, COUNT(*) AS LoanCount
FROM Loan l
JOIN Member m ON l.MemberID = m.MemberID
JOIN Book b ON l.BookID = b.BookID
WHERE b.LibraryID = @LibraryID
GROUP BY m.FullName
ORDER BY LoanCount DESC;
END;
```

--Test Cases

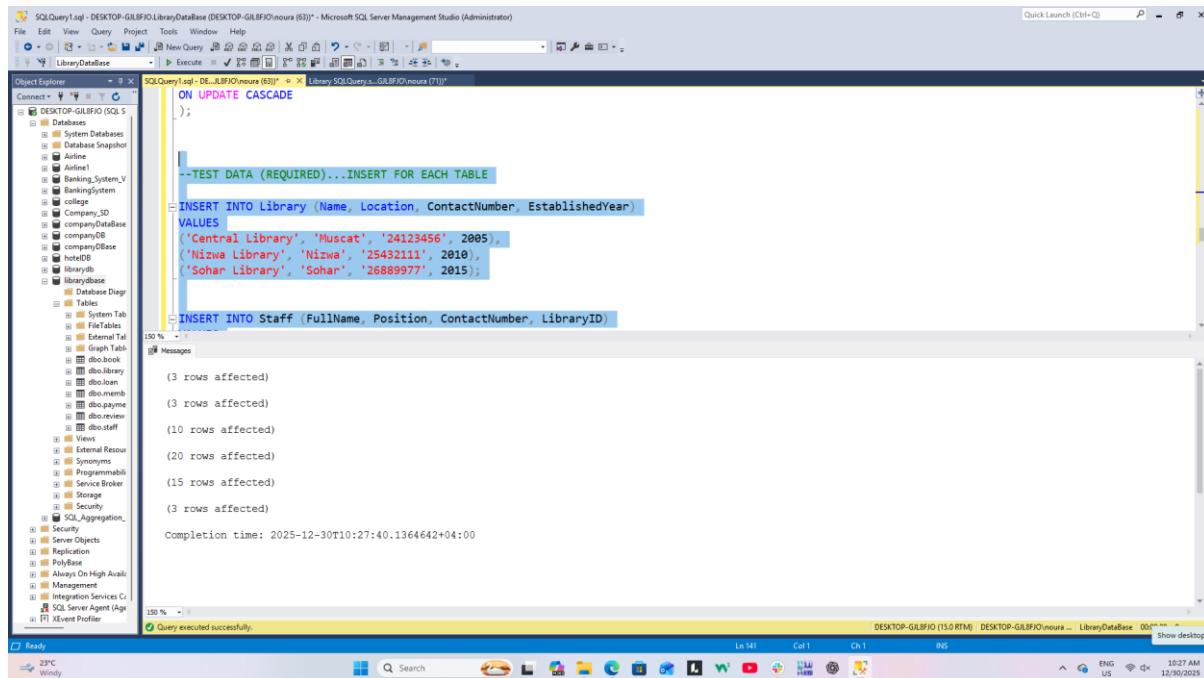
--Successful

```
EXEC sp_MonthlyLibraryReport 1, 1, 2025;
```

-- Error(Month with no activity)

```
EXEC sp_MonthlyLibraryReport 1, 12, 2030;
```

*Test data inserts demonstrating that your procedures work correctly



The screenshot shows the Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio interface. The Object Explorer on the left shows the database structure, including the LibraryDatabase and its tables: Books, Staff, Loans, Reviews, and others. The main pane displays a script named 'SQLQuery1.sql' containing SQL code for inserting test data into the Library and Staff tables. The execution results show the number of rows affected by each insert statement. The status bar at the bottom indicates the query was executed successfully.

```
ON UPDATE CASCADE
);

--TEST DATA (REQUIRED)...INSERT FOR EACH TABLE

INSERT INTO Library (Name, Location, ContactNumber, EstablishedYear)
VALUES
('Central Library', 'Muscat', '24123456', 2005),
('Nizwa Library', 'Nizwa', '25432111', 2010),
('Sohar Library', 'Sohar', '26889977', 2015);

INSERT INTO Staff (FullName, Position, ContactNumber, LibraryID)
VALUES
('John Doe', 'Manager', '1234567890', 1),
('Jane Smith', 'Librarian', '9876543210', 2),
('Mike Johnson', 'Assistant Librarian', '1122334455', 3),
('Sarah Williams', 'Bookkeeper', '5544332211', 4),
('David Brown', 'Technician', '6677889900', 5),
('Emily Davis', 'Intern', '2233445566', 6),
('Robert Green', 'Archivist', '3344556677', 7),
('Sarah Williams', 'Bookkeeper', '5544332211', 8),
('David Brown', 'Technician', '6677889900', 9),
('Emily Davis', 'Intern', '2233445566', 10);

(3 rows affected)
(3 rows affected)
(10 rows affected)
(20 rows affected)
(15 rows affected)
(3 rows affected)

Completion time: 2025-12-30T10:27:40.1364642+04:00
```

2. Documentation Document

Including:

- Brief explanation of your approach for complex queries (queries 5, 6, 7)

Q5: Book Popularity Report

Identify books that are frequently borrowed (at least 3 times) and evaluate reader feedback.

How I did it:

- Joined **Book**, **Loan**, and **Review** tables.
- Used COUNT(LoanID) to calculate how many times each book was loaned.
- Used AVG(Rating) to compute the average review rating per book.
- Applied HAVING COUNT(LoanID) >= 3 to filter popular books only.
- Used LEFT JOIN for reviews to ensure books without reviews are still included.

This approach efficiently combines transactional data (loans) with feedback data (reviews) to provide a meaningful popularity metric without excluding incomplete data.

Q6: Member Reading History

Show a complete borrowing history for each member, including reviews.

How I did it:

- Joined **Member** → **Loan** → **Book** to retrieve borrowing records.
- Used a LEFT JOIN with **Review** to include review information only when it exists.
- Displayed both returned and currently borrowed books.
- Sorted by member name and loan date for readability.

Using LEFT JOIN ensures no borrowing record is lost, even if the member did not leave a review, giving a full historical view.

Q7: Revenue Analysis by Genre

Analyze fine revenue collected per book genre.

How i did it:

- Joined **Book**, **Loan**, and **Payment** tables.
- Grouped data by book genre.
- Used aggregate functions:
 - COUNT(DISTINCT LoanID) for total loans
 - SUM(Amount) for total revenue
 - AVG(Amount) for average fine per loan

This approach links financial data to book categories, allowing management to identify which genres generate higher fines and borrowing activity.

- Screenshots of query results for at least 5 different queries

Section 1: Complex Queries with Joins

--Section 1: Complex Queries with Joins

--Library Book Inventory Report

```

--SELECT l.Name,
       COUNT(b.BookID) TotalBooks,
       SUM(CASE WHEN b.IsAvailable=1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AvailableBooks,
       SUM(CASE WHEN b.IsAvailable=0 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) BooksOnLoan
  FROM Library l
 LEFT JOIN Book b ON l.LibraryID=b.LibraryID
 GROUP BY l.Name;

```

Results

Name	TotalBooks	AvailableBooks	BooksOnLoan
Central Library	5	5	0
Nizwa Library	5	5	0
Sohar Library	10	10	0

Query executed successfully.

--2. Active Borrowers Analysis

```

FROM Library l
LEFT JOIN Book b ON l.LibraryID=b.LibraryID
GROUP BY l.Name;

--2. Active Borrowers Analysis

SELECT m.FullName, m.Email, b.Title, ln.LoanDate, ln.DueDate, ln.Status
  FROM Loan ln
 JOIN Member m ON ln.MemberID=m.MemberID
 JOIN Book b ON ln.BookID=b.BookID
 WHERE ln.Status IN ('Issued', 'Overdue');

```

Results

FullName	Email	Title	LoanDate	DueDate	Status
Asha Noor	asha@mail.com	Harry Potter	2024-05-07	2024-05-17	Overdue
Salma Hassan	salma@mail.com	The Hobbit	2024-05-09	2024-05-19	Issued
Hamed Ali	hamed@mail.com	Python Guide	2024-05-12	2024-05-22	Issued
All Said	all@mail.com	History of Oman	2024-06-01	2024-06-10	Issued
Muna Rashid	muna@mail.com	World Atlas	2024-06-02	2024-06-11	Issued
Salma Hassan	salma@mail.com	Lost City	2024-06-05	2024-06-14	Issued

Query executed successfully.

--3. Overdue Loans with Member Details

```

SELECT m.FullName, m.PhoneNumber, b.Title, l.Name Library,
DATEDIFF(DAY, ln.DueDate, GETDATE()) DaysOverdue,
ISNULL(SUM(p.Amount), 0) FinesPaid
FROM Loan ln
JOIN Member m ON ln.MemberID=m.MemberID
JOIN Book b ON ln.BookID=b.BookID
JOIN Library l ON b.LibraryID=l.LibraryID
LEFT JOIN Payment p ON ln.LoanID=p.LoanID
WHERE ln.Status='Overdue'
GROUP BY m.FullName,m.PhoneNumber,b.Title,l.Name,ln.DueDate;

```

	FullName	PhoneNumber	Title	Library	DaysOverdue	FinesPaid
1	Alpha Noor	90000004	Harry Potter	Central Library	592	6.00

Query executed successfully.

--4. Staff Performance Overview

```

SELECT l.Name, s.FullName, s.Position, COUNT(b.BookID) BooksManaged
FROM Library l
JOIN Staff s ON l.LibraryID=s.LibraryID
LEFT JOIN Book b ON l.LibraryID=b.LibraryID
GROUP BY l.Name,s.FullName,s.Position;

```

	Name	FullName	Position	BooksManaged
1	Central Library	Ahmed Al-Harthy	Manager	5
2	Nizwa Library	Fatma Al-Zedjali	Assistant	5
3	Sohar Library	Salim Al-Rawahi	Librarian	10

Query executed successfully.

--5. Book Popularity Report

```

SELECT b.Title, b.ISBN, b.Genre,
COUNT(ln.LoanID) TimesLoaned,
AVG(r.Rating) AvgRating
FROM Book b
JOIN Loan ln ON b.BookID=ln.BookID
LEFT JOIN Review r ON b.BookID=r.BookID
GROUP BY b.Title, b.ISBN, b.Genre
HAVING COUNT(ln.LoanID)>=3;

```

Query executed successfully.

--6. Member Reading History

```

SELECT m.FullName, b.Title, ln.LoanDate, ln.ReturnDate, r.Rating, r.Comments
FROM Member m
JOIN Loan ln ON m.MemberID=ln.MemberID
JOIN Book b ON ln.BookID=b.BookID
LEFT JOIN Review r ON r.MemberID=m.MemberID AND r.BookID=b.BookID;

```

Query executed successfully.

	FullName	Title	LoanDate	ReturnDate	Rating	Comments
1	Ali Sad	SQL Basics	2024-05-01	NULL	NULL	NULL
2	Muna Rashid	Advanced SQL	2024-05-03	NULL	NULL	NULL
3	Khalid Ahmed	Database Design	2024-05-05	NULL	NULL	NULL
4	Aisha Noor	Harry Potter	2024-05-07	NULL	NULL	NULL
5	Saima Hassan	The Hobbit	2024-05-09	NULL	NULL	NULL
6	Yousaf Omar	AI Science	2024-05-10	NULL	NULL	NULL
7	Noor Saeed	AI Science	2024-05-11	NULL	NULL	NULL
8	Hassan Ali	Python Guide	2024-05-12	NULL	NULL	NULL
9	Sara Naseer	Fairy Tales	2024-05-13	NULL	NULL	NULL
10	Omar Khoffar	Math Fun	2024-05-14	NULL	NULL	NULL
11	Ali Sad	History of Islam	2024-05-01	NULL	NULL	NULL
12	Muna Rashid	World Atlas	2024-05-02	NULL	NULL	NULL
13	Khalid Ahmed	Science Fun	2024-05-03	NULL	NULL	NULL
14	Aisha Noor	Mystery Island	2024-05-04	NULL	NULL	NULL
15	Saima Hassan	Lost City	2024-05-05	NULL	NULL	NULL

--7. Revenue Analysis by Genre

```
SELECT b.Genre,
       COUNT(ln.LoanID) TotalLoans,
       SUM(p.Amount) TotalRevenue,
       AVG(p.Amount) AvgFine
  FROM Book b
 JOIN Loan ln ON b.BookID=ln.BookID
 JOIN Payment p ON ln.LoanID=p.LoanID
 GROUP BY b.Genre;
```

Results Messages

	Genre	TotalLoans	TotalRevenue	AvgFine
1	Fiction	1	6.00	6.000000
2	Non-fiction	1	8.00	8.000000
3	Reference	1	4.00	4.000000

Query executed successfully.

DESKTOP-GIL8FJO (15.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-GIL8FJO\noura ... LibraryDataBase 00:00:00 3 rows

Section 2: Aggregate Functions and Grouping

--Section 2: Aggregate Functions and Grouping

--8. Monthly Loan Statistics

```
SELECT
    DATENAME(MONTH, LoanDate) AS MonthName,
    COUNT(*) AS TotalLoans,
    SUM(CASE WHEN Status = 'Returned' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Returned,
    SUM(CASE WHEN Status IN ('Issued', 'Overdue') THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS ActiveLoans
FROM Loan
WHERE YEAR(LoanDate) = YEAR(GETDATE())
GROUP BY DATENAME(MONTH, LoanDate), MONTH(LoanDate)
ORDER BY MONTH(LoanDate);
```

Query executed successfully.

--9. Member Engagement Metrics

```
SELECT
    m.FullName,
    COUNT(ln.LoanID) AS TotalBorrowed,
    SUM(CASE WHEN ln.Status IN ('Issued', 'Overdue') THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS CurrentlyBorrowed,
    ISNULL(SUM(p.Amount), 0) AS TotalFines,
    AVG(r.Rating) AS AvgRating
FROM Member m
JOIN Loan ln ON m.MemberID = ln.MemberID
LEFT JOIN Payment p ON ln.LoanID = p.LoanID
LEFT JOIN Review r ON m.MemberID = r.MemberID
GROUP BY m.FullName;
```

FullName	TotalBorrowed	CurrentlyBorrowed	TotalFines	AvgRating
Aisha Noor	1	1	6.00	NULL
Ali Sad	2	1	4.00	NULL
Hamed Ali	1	1	0.00	NULL
Khalid Ahmed	2	0	0.00	NULL
Muna Rashid	2	1	0.00	NULL
Noor Saeed	1	0	8.00	NULL
Omar Khalifa	1	0	0.00	NULL
Salma Hassen	2	2	0.00	NULL
Sara Nasser	1	0	0.00	NULL
Yousef Omar	1	0	0.00	NULL

Query executed successfully.

--10. Library Performance Comparison

```

SELECT
    l.Name,
    COUNT(b.BookID) AS TotalBooks,
    COUNT(ln.MemberID) AS ActiveMembers,
    ISNULL(SUM(p.Amount),0) AS TotalRevenue,
    COUNT(b.BookID) * 1.0 / NULLIF(COUNT(ln.MemberID),0) AS AvgBooksPerMember
FROM Library l
LEFT JOIN Book b ON l.LibraryID = b.LibraryID
LEFT JOIN Loan ln ON b.BookID = ln.BookID
LEFT JOIN Payment p ON ln.LoanID = p.LoanID
GROUP BY l.Name;

```

Results

Name	TotalBooks	ActiveMembers	TotalRevenue	AvgBooksPerMember
Central Library	5	5	10.00	1.000000000000
Nizwa Library	5	5	8.00	1.000000000000
Sohar Library	10	5	0.00	2.000000000000

Query executed successfully.

--11. High-Value Books Analysis

```

SELECT
    b.Title,
    b.Genre,
    b.Price,
    AVG(b2.Price) OVER (PARTITION BY b.Genre) AS GenreAvgPrice,
    b.Price - AVG(b2.Price) OVER (PARTITION BY b.Genre) AS PriceDifference
FROM Book b
    JOIN Book b2 ON b.Genre = b2.Genre
    WHERE b.Price > 10
    SELECT AVG(Price)
    FROM Book
    WHERE Genre = b.Genre
    ;

```

Results

Title	Genre	Price	GenreAvgPrice	PriceDifference
Fairy Tales	Children	8.00	7.666666	0.333334
Fairy Tales	Children	8.00	7.666666	0.333334
Fairy Tales	Children	8.00	7.666666	0.333334
Science Fun	Children	9.00	7.666666	1.333334
Science Fun	Children	9.00	7.666666	1.333334
Science Fun	Children	9.00	7.666666	1.333334
Mystery Island	Fiction	11.00	10.666666	0.333334
Mystery Island	Fiction	11.00	10.666666	0.333334
Mystery Island	Fiction	11.00	10.666666	0.333334
Mystery Island	Fiction	11.00	10.666666	0.333334
Mystery Island	Fiction	11.00	10.666666	0.333334
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
The Hobbit	Fiction	12.00	10.666666	1.333334

Query executed successfully.

```
--11. High-Value Books Analysis
SELECT
    b.Title,
    b.Genre,
    b.Price,
    AVG(b2.Price) OVER (PARTITION BY b.Genre) AS GenreAvgPrice,
    Price - AVG(b2.Price) OVER (PARTITION BY b.Genre) AS PriceDifference
FROM Book b
JOIN Book b2 ON b.Genre = b2.Genre
WHERE b.Price > (
    SELECT AVG(Price)
    FROM Book
    WHERE Genre = b.Genre
)
```

Results

Title	Genre	Price	GenreAvgPrice	PriceDifference
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
Lost City	Fiction	13.00	10.666666	2.333334
The Hobbit	Fiction	12.00	10.666666	1.333334
The Hobbit	Fiction	12.00	10.666666	1.333334
The Hobbit	Fiction	12.00	10.666666	1.333334
Data Science	Non-fic...	22.00	20.333333	1.666667
Data Science	Non-fic...	22.00	20.333333	1.666667
AI Basics	Non-fic...	25.00	20.333333	4.666667
AI Basics	Non-fic...	25.00	20.333333	4.666667
World Atlas	Refer...	30.00	20.400000	9.600000
World Atlas	Refer...	30.00	20.400000	9.600000
World Atlas	Refer...	30.00	20.400000	9.600000
World Atlas	Refer...	30.00	20.400000	9.600000

Query executed successfully.

```
--12. Payment Pattern Analysis
SELECT
    Method,
    COUNT(*) AS Transactions,
    SUM(Amount) AS TotalCollected,
    AVG(Amount) AS AvgPayment,
    SUM(Amount) * 100.0 / (SELECT SUM(Amount) FROM Payment) AS PercentageOfRevenue
FROM Payment
GROUP BY Method;
```

Results

Method	Transactions	TotalCollected	AvgPayment	PercentageOfRevenue
Card	1	4.00	4.000000	22.222222
Cash	2	14.00	7.000000	77.777777

Query executed successfully.

Section 3: Views Creation

```
--13. vw_CurrentLoans

CREATE VIEW vw_CurrentLoans AS
SELECT
    m.FullName,
    b.Title,
    ln.LoanDate,
    ln.DueDate,
    ln.Status,
    DATEDIFF(DAY, GETDATE(), ln.DueDate) AS DaysToOrOverdue
FROM Loan ln
JOIN Member m ON ln.MemberID = m.MemberID
JOIN Book b ON ln.BookID = b.BookID
WHERE ln.Status IN ('Issued', 'Overdue');
```

	FullName	Title	LoanDate	DueDate	Status	DaysToOrOverdue
1	Aisha Noor	Harry Potter	2024-05-07	2024-05-17	Overdue	-592
2	Salma Hassan	The Hobbit	2024-05-09	2024-05-19	Issued	-590
3	Hamed Ali	Python Guide	2024-05-12	2024-05-22	Issued	-587
4	Ali Sad	History of Oman	2024-05-01	2024-05-10	Issued	-568
5	Muna Rashid	World Atlas	2024-06-02	2024-06-11	Issued	-567
6	Salma Hassan	Lost City	2024-06-05	2024-06-14	Issued	-564

Query executed successfully.

Q14- vw_LibraryStatistics should show library name, total books owned by the library, number of available books, total active members(members who have at least one loan from this library's books), active loans (loans of books belonging to this library), total staff working at the library, total revenue from fines (from loans of this library's books).

```
--14. vw_LibraryStatistics

CREATE VIEW vw_LibraryStatistics AS
SELECT
    l.Name AS LibraryName,
    COUNT(b.BookID) AS TotalBooksOwned,
    SUM(CASE WHEN b.IsAvailable = 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS AvailableBooks,
    COUNT(DISTINCT ln.MemberID) AS ActiveMembers,
    COUNT(DISTINCT ln.LoanID) AS ActiveLoans,
    COUNT(DISTINCT s.StaffID) AS TotalStaff,
    ISNULL(SUM(p.Amount), 0) AS TotalRevenue
FROM Library l
LEFT JOIN Book b ON l.LibraryID = b.LibraryID
LEFT JOIN Loan ln ON b.BookID = ln.BookID AND ln.Status IN ('Issued', 'Overdue')
LEFT JOIN Staff s ON l.LibraryID = s.LibraryID
LEFT JOIN Payment p ON ln.LoanID = p.LoanID
GROUP BY l.Name;
```

LibraryName	TotalBooksOwned	AvailableBooks	ActiveMembers	ActiveLoans	TotalStaff	TotalRevenue
Central Library	5	5	2	2	1	6.00
Nizwa Library	5	5	1	1	1	0.00
Sohar Library	10	10	3	3	1	0.00

Query executed successfully.

```

--15. vw_BookDetailsWithReviews

CREATE VIEW vw_BookDetailsWithReviews AS
SELECT
    b.Title,
    b.Genre,
    b.IsAvailable,
    AVG(r.Rating) AS AvgRating,
    COUNT(r.ReviewID) AS TotalReviews,
    MAX(r.ReviewDate) AS LatestReview
FROM Book b
LEFT JOIN Review r ON b.BookID = r.BookID
GROUP BY b.Title, b.Genre, b.IsAvailable;

```

Results

Title	Genre	IsAvailable	AvgRating	TotalReviews	LatestReview
Advanced SQL	Reference	1	NULL	0	NULL
AI Basics	Non-fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Data Science	Non-fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Database Design	Reference	1	NULL	0	NULL
Fairy Tales	Children	1	NULL	0	NULL
Harry Potter	Fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
History of Oman	Non-fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Kids Math	Children	1	NULL	0	NULL
Lost City	Fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Mystery Island	Fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Novel A	Fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Novel B	Fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Novel C	Fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Novel D	Fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Novel E	Fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
Python Guide	Reference	1	NULL	0	NULL
Science Fun	Children	1	NULL	0	NULL
SQL Basics	Reference	1	NULL	0	NULL
The Hobbit	Fiction	1	NULL	0	NULL
World Atlas	Reference	1	NULL	0	NULL

Query executed successfully.

Section 4: Stored Procedures+ Testing Evidence

Testing Evidence

16. sp_IssueBook

- One successful execution

```

END TRY
BEGIN CATCH
    ROLLBACK TRANSACTION;
    SELECT ERROR_MESSAGE() AS ErrorMessage;
END CATCH
END;

--Test Cases
--Successful
EXEC sp_IssueBook 1, 3, '2025-02-01';

```

Results

Message
1 Book issued successfully.

Query executed successfully.

- One that demonstrates error handling or validation

```
--Test Cases
--Successful
EXEC sp_IssueBook 1, 3, '2025-02-01';
-- Error
EXEC sp_IssueBook 1, 3, '2025-02-01';
```

ErrorMessage
1 | Book is not available.

Query executed successfully.

17. sp_ReturnBook

- One successful execution

```
SELECT ERROR_MESSAGE
END CATCH
END TRY
```

```
--Test Cases
--Successful
EXEC sp_ReturnBook 5, '2025-01-20';
```

TotalFine
1 | 492.00

Query executed successfully.

- One that demonstrates error handling or validation

```
--Test Cases
--Successful
EXEC sp_ReturnBook 5, '2025-01-20';

-- Error
EXEC sp_ReturnBook 5, '2025-01-25';

150 % ▾
Results Messages
ErrorMessage
1 Invalid or already returned loan.

Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-GJL8FJO (15.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-GJL8FJO\oura ... | LibraryDataBase1 | 00:00:00 | 1 rows
Ln 1 Col 1 INS
```

18. sp_GetMemberReport

- One successful execution

```
--Test Cases
--Successful
EXEC sp_GetMemberReport 1;

150 % ▾
Results Messages
MemberID FullName Email PhoneNumber MembershipStartDate
1 Ali Sad ali@mail.com 9000001 2024-01-01

LoanID LoanDate DueDate ReturnDate Status MemberID BookID
1 11 2024-06-01 2024-06-10 NULL Issued 1 11
2 16 2025-12-31 2025-02-01 NULL Issued 1 3

LoanID LoanDate DueDate ReturnDate Status MemberID BookID
1 1 2024-05-01 2024-05-10 NULL Returned 1 1
2 11 2024-06-01 2024-06-10 NULL Issued 1 11
3 16 2025-12-31 2025-02-01 NULL Issued 1 3

TotalPaid PendingFines
1 4.00 0.00

ReviewID Rating Comments ReviewDate MemberID BookID
ReviewID Rating Comments ReviewDate MemberID BookID

Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-GJL8FJO (15.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-GJL8FJO\oura ... | LibraryDataBase1 | 00:00:00 | 7 rows
Ln 627 Col 1 Ch1 INS
```

- One that demonstrates error handling or validation

The screenshot shows a SQL query window titled "SQLQuery3.sql - DE_JL8FIO\moura (52)*". The code contains two sections: "Successful" and "Error". The "Successful" section executes the stored procedure `sp_GetMemberReport 1;` and returns a single row of member information. The "Error" section attempts to execute `sp_GetMemberReport 9;` which would likely result in an error due to the invalid member ID.

```
--Test Cases
--Successful
EXEC sp_GetMemberReport 1;

-- Error
EXEC sp_GetMemberReport 9;
```

Results

MemberID	FullName	Email	PhoneNumber	MembershipStartDate
1	Sara Nasser	sara@mail.com	90000009	2024-04-10

LoanID	LoanDate	DueDate	ReturnDate	Status	MemberID	BookID
1	2024-05-13	2024-05-23	NULL	Returned	9	9

TotalPaid	PendingFines
NULL	NULL

ReviewID	Rating	Comments	ReviewDate	MemberID	BookID
1					

Query executed successfully.

19. sp_MonthlyLibraryReport

- One successful execution

The screenshot shows a SQL query window titled "SQLQuery3.sql - DE_JL8FIO\moura (52)*". The code includes a section for "Test Cases" and a successful execution of the stored procedure `EXEC sp_MonthlyLibraryReport 1, 1, 2025;`. The results show various metrics and a table of member loans.

```
--Test Cases
--Successful
EXEC sp_MonthlyLibraryReport 1, 1, 2025;
```

Results

TotalLoansIssued
0

TotalBooksReturned
1

TotalRevenue
0.00

Genre	BorrowCount
Reference	4

FullName	LoanCount
All Set	2
Muna Rashed	1
Khalid Ahmed	1

Query executed successfully.

- One that demonstrates error handling or validation (Month with no activity)

```
--Test Cases
--Successful
EXEC sp_MonthlyLibraryReport 1, 1, 2025;

-- Error
EXEC sp_MonthlyLibraryReport 1, 12, 2030;
```

	TotalLoansIssued
1	0

	TotalBooksReturned
1	0

	TotalRevenue
1	0.00

Genre	BorrowCount
Reference	4

FullName	LoanCount
Ali Saeed	2
Muna Rashid	1
Khalid Ahmed	1

Query executed successfully.

- Explanation of how your stored procedures handle edge cases

Q16 – sp_IssueBook (Issue Book Procedure)

Edge Case 1: Book is not available

- The procedure checks Book .IsAvailable = 1 before issuing.
- If the book is already issued, the procedure **throws an error** and **rolls back the transaction**.
- This prevents multiple members from borrowing the same book.

Edge Case 2: Member has overdue loans

- The procedure checks the Loan table for any Status = 'Overdue' loans for the member.
- If an overdue loan exists, the issue request is rejected.
- This enforces library borrowing rules.

Edge Case 3: Partial updates (data inconsistency)

- Loan insertion and book availability update are wrapped in a **transaction**.
- If any validation fails, **ROLLBACK** ensures no changes are saved.

Q17 – sp_ReturnBook (Return Book Procedure)

Edge Case 1: Loan does not exist or already returned

- The procedure validates that the loan exists and is not already marked as Returned.
- If invalid, an error is raised and no changes are made.

Edge Case 2: Late return (overdue fine calculation)

- The procedure uses DATEDIFF to calculate overdue days.
- A fine of **\$2 per day overdue** is automatically calculated.
- Ensures accurate and consistent fine computation.

Edge Case 3: Fine creation and consistency

- If a fine exists, a payment record is automatically created.
- All updates (loan status, book availability, payment record) occur in **one transaction**.

Q18 – sp_GetMemberReport (Member Report Procedure)

Edge Case 1: Member has no current loans

- The procedure returns empty result sets without errors.
- This ensures the report still runs successfully.

Edge Case 2: Member has no fines or reviews

- Aggregation queries safely handle NULL values.
- The procedure returns NULL or zero totals rather than failing.

Edge Case 3: Read-only operation

- No transaction is used because the procedure performs **SELECT operations only**.
- This follows best practices and avoids unnecessary locking.

Q19 – sp_MonthlyLibraryReport (Monthly Library Report)

Edge Case 1: Month with no activity

- If no loans, returns, or payments exist for the given month/year, queries return zero or empty results.
- Prevents runtime errors and supports consistent reporting.

Edge Case 2: Library with no revenue

- Revenue calculations use aggregation functions that handle missing payment data.
- The procedure still executes successfully.

Edge Case 3: Multiple result sets consistency

- Each metric is calculated independently, ensuring partial data does not affect other results.

IN SHORT:

Question	Procedure	Key Edge Cases Handled
Q16	<code>sp_IssueBook</code>	Book unavailable, overdue member, transaction rollback
Q17	<code>sp_ReturnBook</code>	Late return, fine calculation, invalid loan
Q18	<code>sp_GetMemberReport</code>	No loans, no fines, no reviews
Q19	<code>sp_MonthlyLibraryReport</code>	No activity month, no revenue

• Any assumptions I made

Book Availability Assumption

- A book can be loaned to only one member at a time.

- This is enforced using the `IsAvailable` attribute in the `Book` table.
- When a book is issued, `IsAvailable` is set to FALSE, and when returned, it is set back to TRUE.

Loan Status Management

- Loan status values are limited to Issued, Returned, and Overdue.
- The system assumes:
 - Issued → Book currently borrowed
 - Returned → Book successfully returned
 - Overdue → Due date has passed and book is not returned
- Overdue status is updated logically via queries and procedures, not automatically by triggers.

Fine Calculation Rule

- A fine of \$2 per day overdue is applied.
- Fines are calculated only at the time of book return.
- Partial days are not counted (only full overdue days using `DATEDIFF`).

Payment Assumptions

- Each payment is associated with one specific loan.
- Payments represent fine payments only (no membership or purchase fees).
- Payment method values (e.g., Cash, Card) are assumed to be valid without a lookup table.

Member Borrowing Rules

- Members are not allowed to borrow new books if they have any overdue loans.
- Members can borrow multiple books simultaneously, as long as none are overdue.

Review Rules

- Members can submit multiple reviews, even for the same book.
- Reviews are optional and may include no comments, in which case a default value is used.
- Reviews are not restricted to returned books only (assumed allowed).

Library–Staff Relationship

- Each staff member works for only one library.

- Each library must have at least one staff member, but this is enforced by data insertion rules rather than database constraints.

Date and Time Handling

- All date values use SQL Server's DATE data type.
- The system assumes:
 - Server date (GETDATE()) represents the current date accurately.
 - Time components are not required for business logic.

Deletion Behavior

- Cascading deletes are enabled.
- If a parent record (e.g., Member, Book, Library) is deleted:
 - Related loans, payments, and reviews are automatically deleted.
- This assumes deletions are intentional and controlled by administrators.

Reporting Scope

- Reports and analytics are based only on data stored within the system.
- External integrations (e.g., payment gateways or external catalogs) are out of scope.