PATUAKHALI SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY



Course Code: CIT-121

SUBMITTED TO:

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14.1 State whether each of the following is true or false. If false, explain why.

a) When String objects are compared using ==, the result is true if the Strings contain the same values.

Ans: False. '==' operator will check whether they share the same memory ornot.

b) A String can be modified after it's created.

Ans: False. A string is an immutable object and thus can't be modified.

14.2 For each of the following, write a single statement that performs the indicated task:

```
a) Compare the string in s1 to the string in s2 for equality of contents. 1 s1.equals(s2)
```

```
b) Append the string s2 to the string s1, using +=. 1 s1.equals(s2)
```

c) Determine the length of the string in s1. 1 s1.equals(s2)

14.3 Palindromes

```
1 public class Palindrome {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
2
3
       String s = \text{"madam"};
4
     System.out.println(isPalindrome(s)); 5
6
7
     static boolean isPalindrome(String s) {
8
       int n = s.length();
9
       for (int i = 0; i < n/2; i++) {
10
           if (s.charAt(i) != s.charAt(n-i-1)) {
11
           return false:12
           }
13
14
        return true:
15
      }
16 }
```

14.4 Comparing Portions of Strings

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class Compare {
4
     public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
5
       System.out.println("Enter first string: ");
6
7
       String s1 = input.nextLine();
8
       System.out.println("Enter second string: ");
       String s2 = input.nextLine();
9
        System.out.println("Enter number of characters to be compared: ");
10
11
        int n = input.nextInt();
12
        System.out.println("Enter starting index of the comparison: ");
        int i = input.nextInt();
13
14
        input.close();
15
16
        if (s1.regionMatches(true, i, s2, i, n)) {
17
          System.out.println("The strings are equal.");
18
        } else {
          System.out.println("The strings are not equal.");
19
20
        }
21
     }
22 }
```

14.5 Random Sentences

```
1 public class SentenceGeneration {
     String[] article = { "the", "a", "one", "some", "any" };
2
3
     String[] noun = { "boy", "girl", "dog", "town", "car" };
     String[] verb = { "drove", "jumped", "ran", "walked", "skipped" };
4
     String[] preposition = { "to", "from", "over", "under", "on" };6
5
7
     int randomNum(int min, int max) {
8
     return (int) (Math.random() * (max - min + 1) + min); 9 }
10
11
     String randomArticle() {
```

```
12
     return article[randomNum(0, article.length - 1)];13
14
15
      String randomNoun() {
16
      return noun[randomNum(0, noun.length - 1)];17
      }
18
19
      String randomVerb() {
20
      return verb[randomNum(0, verb.length - 1)];21 }
22
23
     String randomPreposition() {
      return preposition[randomNum(0, preposition.length - 1)];25
24
26
27
      String randomSentence() {
28
        String sentence = randomArticle() + " " + randomNoun() + " " +
randomVerb() + " " + randomPreposition() + " "
29
            + randomArticle() + " " + randomNoun() + ".";
        return sentence.substring(0, 1).toUpperCase() + sentence.substring(1);31
30
      }
32
33
      public static void main(String[] args) {
34
        SentenceGeneration sentenceGeneration = new
SentenceGeneration();
        for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
35
          System.out.println(sentenceGeneration.randomSentence());
36
        }
37
38
      }
39 }
```

14.6 Project: Limericks

```
    public class Limericks {
    String[] threeRhymer = { "There was a young lady of station\n", "I loveman was her sole exclamation\n",
```

"Isle of Man is the true explanation \n " };

```
4
     String[] twoRhymer = { "But when men cried, \"You flatter\\"\n", "She
replied, \"Oh! no matter!\n" \;
5
6
     int randomNum(int min, int max) {
7
     return (int) (Math.random() * (max - min + 1) + min); 8 }
9
10
     String threeRimeGen() {
11
     return threeRhymer[randomNum(0, threeRhymer.length - 1)];12
13
14
     String twoRimeGen() {
15
     return twoRhymer[randomNum(0, twoRhymer.length - 1)];16
17
18
      String randomSentence() {
19
        String sentence = threeRimeGen() + threeRimeGen() + twoRimeGen()
+ twoRimeGen() + threeRimeGen();
20
      return sentence.substring(0, 1).toUpperCase() + sentence.substring(1);21 }
22
23
     public static void main(String[] args) {
        Limericks sentenceGeneration = new Limericks();25
24
        for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
26
          System.out.println(sentenceGeneration.randomSentence()); 27
28
      }
29 }
```

14.7 Pig Latin

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class PigLatin {
4    public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
6         System.out.println("Enter a sentence: ");
```

```
String sentence = input.nextLine();
input.close();

String[] words = sentence.split(" ");

for (String word : words) {

    System.out.print(word.substring(1) + word.charAt(0) + "ay ");
}

14  }

15 }
```

14.8 Tokenizing Telephone Numbers

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
3 public class TokeinizingTelephone {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
4
5
       Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
6
       System.out.println("Enter a telephone number: ");
7
       String telephoneNumber = input.nextLine();
8
       input.close();
9
        String[] tokens = telephoneNumber.split("[()\\-]");
10
        String areaCode = tokens[1];
11
12
        String firstThreeDigits = tokens[3];
13
        String lastFourDigits = tokens[4];
        String phoneNumber = firstThreeDigits + lastFourDigits;
14
15
        System.out.println("Area code: " + areaCode);
16
17
        System.out.println("Phone number: " + phoneNumber);
18
19 }
```

14.9 Displaying a Sentence with Its Words Reversed

```
public class ReverseSentence {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a sentence: ");
        String sentence = input.nextLine();
        input.close();
```

1 import java.util.Scanner;

```
9
10
        String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
        for (int i = words.length - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
11
        System.out.print(words[i]
12
+"");13
14
      }
15 }
14.10 (Longest Word in a
Sentence)1
  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class LongestWord {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
4
       Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
5
       System.out.println("Enter a sentence: ");
6
       String sentence = input.nextLine();
7
       input.close();
8
9
        String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
10
11
        int maxLength = 0;
        String longest_word = "";
12
        for (String word : words) {
13
          if (word.length() > maxLength) {
14
            longest_word = word;
15
            maxLength = word.length();
16
17
           }
        }
18
19
        System.out.println("The longest word is: " + longest_word);
20
21
22 }
```