

# PART 6 — IMPLEMENTATION LAYERS

NOVAK is a **vertically integrated deterministic integrity architecture**.

Every layer of the stack must obey the NOVAK Laws (L0–L15) and Addenda (PL-X, PS-X). There is no “light” integration or partial compliance.

**If a layer cannot satisfy NOVAK, it cannot participate in execution.**

NOVAK spans:

1. Hardware Layer
2. Firmware Layer
3. OS Layer
4. Network Layer
5. API Layer
6. Application Layer
7. AI/ML Layer
8. Robotics & Autonomous Systems Layer
9. Regulatory & Government Execution Layer

Each layer has mandatory obligations.

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## I. HARDWARE LAYER (PL-X CORE)

**NOVAK Laws Enforced:**

- **L0 — Irreversibility**
- **L6 — Identity**

- L8 — Temporal Order
- L14 — Machine Non-Deviation

### **PL-X Addendum Applied:**

Physical Layer Addendum PL-X is mandatory.

It captures:

- metastability detection
- clock-skew analysis
- propagation-delay fingerprinting
- TPM/PUF identity sealing
- hardware-root-of-trust anchoring
- voltage drift and jitter measurements
- physical environment signatures (thermal, EM, vibration)

### **Hardware Requirements:**

- deterministic clock source
- hardware monotonic counters
- secure PUF or TPM 2.0
- write-once firmware regions
- non-bypassable secure enclave

### **Hardware Outputs to NOVAK:**

- **device-hash**
- **timing-state**

- **environment-hash**
- **drift-profile**
- **PUF signature**

These are included in EIR and HVET.

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## II. FIRMWARE LAYER

### NOVAK Laws Enforced:

- **L1 — Deterministic Purity**
- **L4 — Output Non-Malleability**
- **L12 — Minimal Trust Surface**

### Firmware Constraints:

All firmware routines must be:

- immutable
- deterministic
- cryptographically sealed
- validated by Safety Gate before use
- reproducible in execution

Firmware cannot:

- generate nondeterministic entropy
- bypass identity requirements

- alter hardware timing sources
- execute unverified routines

#### **Firmware → NOVAK Outputs:**

- **firmware-integrity-hash**
  - **boot lineage proofs**
  - **secure enclave attestations**
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## **III. OPERATING SYSTEM (OS) LAYER**

#### **NOVAK Laws Enforced:**

- **L2–L4 (Data & Output Non-Malleability)**
- **L11 (Public Verifiability)**
- **L14 (Machine Non-Deviation)**

#### **Requirements:**

OS kernels must:

- enforce deterministic system calls
- prohibit nondeterministic scheduling
- prohibit mutable kernel logging
- run all processes under identity-bound envelopes
- produce canonical syscall traces for HVET

#### **OS → NOVAK Outputs:**

- **syscall lineage**
- **memory state commitments**
- **process identity graphs**

All processes must run under EIR-bound identity contexts.

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## IV. NETWORK LAYER

### NOVAK Laws Enforced:

- **L6 — Identity Binding**
- **L8 — Temporal Order**
- **L9 — Global Consistency**

### Network Obligations:

- packets must be identity-bound
- packet replay forbidden
- timestamps must be monotonic
- routing metadata must be sealed
- session keys must be deterministic
- network malleability is disallowed

NOVAK-compatible network layers operate like **deterministic communication channels**, not probabilistic packet streams.

### Network → NOVAK Outputs:

- **connection identity hashes**
  - **packet lineage proofs**
  - **routing-chain signatures**
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## V. API LAYER

### NOVAK Laws Enforced:

- **L2-L4 — Purity & Non-Malleability**
- **L6 — Identity**
- **L12 — Minimal Trust Surface**

### API Requirements:

- all API calls must be pure functions
- no hidden state
- response must be pre-determinable
- inputs must match canonical schemas
- identity is required for every call

### API → NOVAK Outputs:

- **call-hash**
- **schema-lock proof**
- **request-intent profile (PS-X)**

If the API endpoint is nondeterministic → **blocked by Safety Gate**.

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# VI. APPLICATION LAYER

## NOVAK Laws Enforced:

- **L1–L6 (Determinism & Non-Malleability)**
- **L11 — Public Verifiability**
- **L14 — Machine Non-Deviation**

## Requirements:

Applications must:

- run deterministic logic
- expose rule-pure functions
- separate UI from computation deterministically
- enforce attestation boundaries

Decision-making applications (e.g., medical, VA, IRS, DoD, banking) must:

- encode rules as pure functions
- allow no ambiguous interpretation
- produce HO (output hash) before execution

## Application → NOVAK Outputs:

- **rule-purity proofs**
- **schema-sealed input domains**
- **intent-pattern metadata (PS-X)**

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## VII. AI / MACHINE LEARNING LAYER

This is one of the most important sections.

### NOVAK Laws Enforced:

- **L1 — Deterministic Purity**
- **L14 — Machine Non-Deviation**
- **L3–L4 — Non-Malleability**
- **L6 — Identity Binding**
- **L5 & L7 — Pre-Execution Proof & Recursion**

### AI Hard Requirements:

AI models **must not**:

- produce nondeterministic outputs
- hallucinate
- drift
- deviate
- alter internal weights without attestation
- fail to pre-compute output hashes

AI systems under NOVAK must provide:

1. **Deterministic inference**
2. **Model-weight lineage hashing**

3. Pre-execution output prediction
4. Identity-bound inference context
5. Safety Gate pre-check of model purity

AI models must operate like **deterministic computational graphs**, not stochastic black boxes.

#### AI → NOVAK Outputs:

- model-weight hash
- inference-graph hash
- prediction hash
- intent alignment score (PS-X)

This prevents AI from:

- drifting
- hallucinating
- self-modifying
- deviating from the rule-of-law

AI becomes **bounded, predictable, auditable, identity-linked, and deterministic**.

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## VIII. ROBOTICS & AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS LAYER

#### NOVAK Laws Enforced:

- L1 — Determinism

- **L6 — Identity Binding**
- **L8 — Temporal Order**
- **L14 — Machine Non-Deviation**
- **PL-X — Physical-Layer Integrity**
- **PS-X — Intent Behavior Integrity**

## **Requirements:**

Robots must:

- bind physical motion to identity
- pre-compute allowed motion trajectories
- make no unverified movements
- reject ambiguous sensor data
- generate motion-output hashes (HO)
- store all actions in RGAC

Every robotic movement is:

- identity bound
- deterministic
- safety-checked
- pre-hashed
- globally auditable

A robot cannot “slip”, “drift”, or “wander” without detection.  
NOVAK enforces **absolute execution determinism**.

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# IX. REGULATORY & GOVERNMENT SYSTEM LAYER

NOVAK is fundamentally a **regulatory execution engine**.

This layer is where the Laws L13–L15 become dominant.

## NOVAK Laws Enforced:

- L13 — Regulatory Determinism
- L14 — Machine Non-Deviation
- L15 — Universal Auditability

## Requirements for Government Systems:

Regulatory systems must:

1. encode laws as deterministic rule sets
2. enforce identity-binding for every adjudication
3. ensure every decision is pre-auditable
4. attach EIR to every regulatory action
5. publish RGAC entries for public verification
6. prevent agency-level deviations
7. prove every decision is rule-pure and deterministic

## Government → NOVAK Outputs:

- regulatory rule hashes
- case-data attestation hashes
- jurisdictional identity binding

- **public audit chain entries**

This makes government:

- fraud-resistant
- tamper-resistant
- consistent
- fair
- deterministic
- non-discriminatory
- mathematically accountable

NOVAK becomes the world's first **cryptographic rule-of-law engine**.

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## X. INTEGRATION SUMMARY TABLE

Layer	Obligations	Laws	Addend a	Outputs
Hardware	PUF, TPM, timing, drift	L0, L6, L8, L14	PL-X	device-hash, timing-state
Firmware	Deterministic syscall context	L1, L4, L12	PL-X	firmware-integrity-hash
OS	Deterministic kernel	L2–L4, L11	PL-X	syscall lineage
Network	Identity-bound packets	L6, L8, L9	—	routing lineage
API	Pure function endpoints	L2–L4, L6	PS-X	schema-lock proofs
App	Rule-pure logic	L1–L6	PS-X	HO, rule-purity proofs
AI/ML	Deterministic inference	L1, L14	PS-X	inference-graph hash

Robotics	Identity-bound motion	L6, L14	PL-X	motion lineage
Gov/Reg	Deterministic rule-of-law	L13–L15	both	public RGAC entries