

# Infinite Matter Calculations

## Coupled Cluster Doubles

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Free-Particle Hamiltonian,

$$\frac{-\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \phi(\vec{x}) = \epsilon \phi(\vec{x}) .$$

Periodic Boundary Conditions in L-Box

$$\phi(x, y, z) = \phi(x + L, y, z)$$

$$\phi(x, y, z) = \phi(x, y + L, z)$$

$$\phi(x, y, z) = \phi(x, y, z + L)$$

Single-Particle States

$$\phi_{\vec{k}}(\vec{x}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L^3}} e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}}, \quad \vec{k} = \frac{2\pi\vec{n}}{L}, \quad n_i \in \mathbb{I}$$

Energy Truncation:  $n_x^2 + n_y^2 + n_z^2 \leq N_{\max}$

```
n = 0
for shell ∈ {0, ..., Nmax} do
  for  $\sqrt{N_{\max}} \leq n_x \leq \sqrt{N_{\max}}$  do
    for  $\sqrt{N_{\max}} \leq n_y \leq \sqrt{N_{\max}}$  do
      for  $\sqrt{N_{\max}} \leq n_z \leq \sqrt{N_{\max}}$  do
        for  $s_z \in \{-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\}$  do
          if  $n_x^2 + n_y^2 + n_z^2 = \text{shell}$  then
            Energy =  $\frac{4\pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m} \times \text{shell}$ 
            if  $n < N$  then
              type = "hole"
            else
              type = "particle"
            end if
            STATES ← (n, nx, ny, nz, sz, Energy, type)
            n ← n + 1
          end if
        end for
      end for
    end for
  end for
end for
```

$$\langle pq || rs \rangle \Rightarrow \langle T(pq) || T(rs) \rangle$$
$$\langle pq || rs \rangle = \langle ps^{-1} || rq^{-1} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle X(ps) || X(rq) \rangle$$

```
for sp1 ∈ STATES do
  for sp2 ∈ STATES do
    if sp1 ≠ sp2 then
      Ni ← ni,1 + ni,2
      Sz ← sz,1 + sz,2
      Tz ← tz,1 + tz,2
      i_dir ← lnd (Nx, Ny, Nz, Sz, Tz)
      T ← (sp1, sp2, i_dir)
      N'i ← ni,1 - ni,2
      S'z ← sz,1 - sz,2
      T'z ← tz,1 - tz,2
      i_cross ← lnd (N'x, N'y, N'z, S'z, T'z)
      X ← (sp1, sp2, i_cross)
    end if
  end for
end for
```

$$\langle pq || rs \rangle = \langle p || q^{-1} rs \rangle \Rightarrow \langle K(p) || K_p(qrs) \rangle$$

```
for Chan ∈ T do
  for tb1 ∈ Chan do
    for tb2 ∈ Chan do
      K ← tb11
      Ktb11 ← tb12, tb21, tb22
    end for
  end for
end for
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{ij}^{ab} \epsilon_{ij}^{ab} = & \langle ab|\hat{v}|ij\rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{cd} \langle ab|\hat{v}|cd\rangle t_{ij}^{cd} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{kl} \langle kl|\hat{v}|ij\rangle t_{kl}^{ab} \\
 & + \hat{P}(ij|ab) \sum_{kc} \langle kb|\hat{v}|cj\rangle t_{ik}^{ac} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{klcd} \langle kl|\hat{v}|cd\rangle t_{ij}^{cd} t_{kl}^{ab} \\
 & + \hat{P}(ij) \sum_{klcd} \langle kl|\hat{v}|cd\rangle t_{ik}^{ac} t_{jl}^{bd} - \frac{1}{2} \hat{P}(ij) \sum_{klcd} \langle kl|\hat{v}|cd\rangle t_{ik}^{dc} t_{lj}^{ab} \\
 & - \frac{1}{2} \hat{P}(ab) \sum_{klcd} \langle kl|\hat{v}|cd\rangle t_{lk}^{ac} t_{ij}^{db}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle b|\chi|c\rangle = \langle b|f|c\rangle - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{kld} \langle bd|t|kl\rangle \langle kl|v|cd\rangle$$

$$\langle k|\chi|j\rangle = \langle k|f|j\rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{cdl} \langle kl|v|cd\rangle \langle cd|t|jl\rangle$$

$$\langle kl|\chi|ij\rangle = \langle kl|v|ij\rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{cd} \langle kl|v|cd\rangle \langle cd|t|ij\rangle$$

$$\langle kb|\chi|cj\rangle = \langle kb|v|cj\rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{dl} \langle kl|v|cd\rangle \langle db|t|lj\rangle$$

$$\langle ab|\chi|cd\rangle = \langle ab|v|cd\rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{ij}^{ab} \epsilon_{ij}^{ab} = & \langle ab | \hat{v} | ij \rangle + \hat{P}(ab) \sum_c \langle b | \chi | c \rangle t_{ij}^{ac} - \hat{P}(ij) \sum_k \langle k | \chi | j \rangle t_{ik}^{ab} \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{cd} \langle ab | \chi | cd \rangle t_{ij}^{cd} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{kl} \langle kl | \chi | ij \rangle t_{kl}^{ab} \\
 & + \hat{P}(ij | ab) \sum_{kc} \langle kb | \chi | cj \rangle t_{ik}^{ac}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\langle b|\chi|c\rangle \Rightarrow f_c^b(K(b), K(c)) - \frac{1}{2}t_{kl}^{bd}(K(b), K_b(kld)) \cdot v_{cd}^{kl}(K_c(kld), K(c))$$

$$\langle k|\chi|j\rangle \Rightarrow f_j^k(K(k), K(j)) + \frac{1}{2}v_{cd}^{kl}(K(k), K_k(cdl)) \cdot t_{jl}^{cd}(K_j(cdl), K(j))$$

$$\langle kl|\chi|ij\rangle \Rightarrow v_{ij}^{kl}(T(kl), T(ij)) + \frac{1}{2}v_{cd}^{kl}(T(kl), T(cd)) \cdot t_{ij}^{cd}(T(cd), T(ij))$$

$$\langle kb|\chi|cj\rangle \Rightarrow v_{cj}^{kb}(X(kc), X(jb)) + \frac{1}{2}v_{cd}^{kl}(X(kc), X(dl)) \cdot t_{lj}^{db}(X(dl), X(jb))$$

$$\langle ab|\chi|cd\rangle \Rightarrow v_{cd}^{ab}(T(ab), T(cd))$$

## CCD Equations as Matrix-Matrix Multiplications

$$\sum_c \langle b|\chi|c\rangle \langle ac|t|ij\rangle \Rightarrow \chi_c^b(K(b), K(c)) \cdot t_{ij}^{ac}(K(c), K_c(ija))$$

$$\sum_k \langle k|\chi|j\rangle \langle ab|t|ik\rangle \Rightarrow \chi_j^k(K(j), K(k)) \cdot t_{ik}^{ab}(K(c), K_c(ija))$$

$$\sum_{cd} \langle ab|\chi|cd\rangle \langle cd|t|ij\rangle \Rightarrow \chi_{cd}^{ab}(T(ab), T(cd)) \cdot t_{ij}^{cd}(T(cd), T(ij))$$

$$\sum_{kl} \langle ab|t|kl\rangle \langle kl|\chi|ij\rangle \Rightarrow t_{kl}^{ab}(T(ab), T(kl)) \cdot \chi_{ij}^{kl}(T(kl), T(ij))$$

$$\sum_{kc} \langle ac|t|ik\rangle \langle kb|\chi|cj\rangle \Rightarrow t_{ik}^{ac}(X(ia), X(kc)) \cdot \chi_{cj}^{kb}(X(kc), X(jb))$$

$$V(r) = \frac{1}{2} (V_R + \frac{1}{2} (1 + P_{12}^\sigma) V_T + \frac{1}{2} (1 - P_{12}^\sigma) V_S) (1 - P_{12}^\sigma P_{12}^\tau),$$

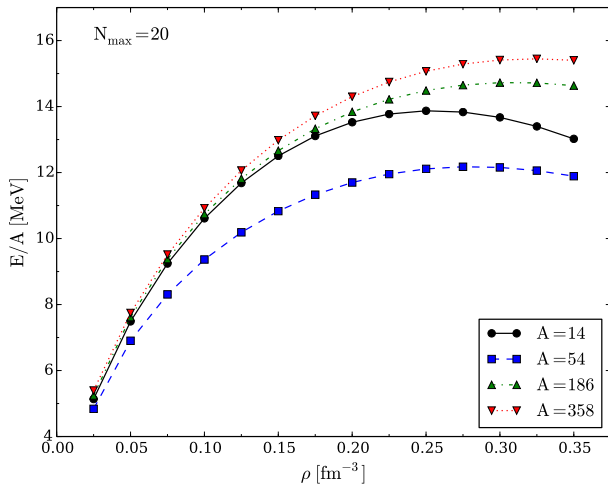
$$V_\alpha(r) = V_\alpha e^{-\kappa_\alpha r^2}, \quad P_{12}^\sigma = \frac{1}{2} (1 + \sigma_1 \cdot \sigma_2), \quad P_{12}^\tau = \frac{1}{2} (1 + \tau_1 \cdot \tau_2)$$

$\alpha$	$V_\alpha$	$\kappa_\alpha$
$R$	200 MeV	$1.487 \text{ fm}^{-2}$
$T$	178 MeV	$0.639 \text{ fm}^{-2}$
$S$	91.85 MeV	$0.465 \text{ fm}^{-2}$

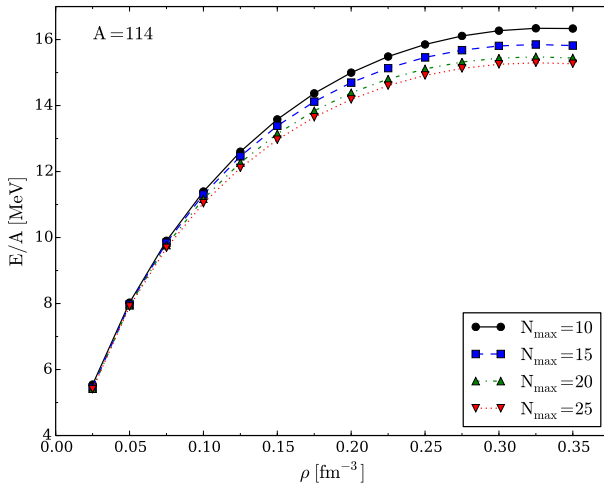
$$\langle pq|V_\alpha|rs\rangle = \frac{V_\alpha}{L^3} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha}\right)^{3/2} e^{\frac{-q^2}{4\alpha}} \delta_{\vec{k}_p+\vec{k}_q,\vec{k}_r+\vec{k}_s}$$

$$\vec{q} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \vec{k}_p - \vec{k}_q - \vec{k}_r + \vec{k}_s \right)$$

# Pure Neutron Matter



# Pure Neutron Matter



$$\phi_{\vec{k}}(\vec{x} + \vec{L}) \rightarrow e^{i\vec{\theta}} \phi_{\vec{k}}(\vec{x})$$

$\theta_i = 0$  for PBC and  $\theta_i = \pi$  for APBC

$$\vec{k} \rightarrow \vec{k} + \frac{\vec{\theta}}{L}$$

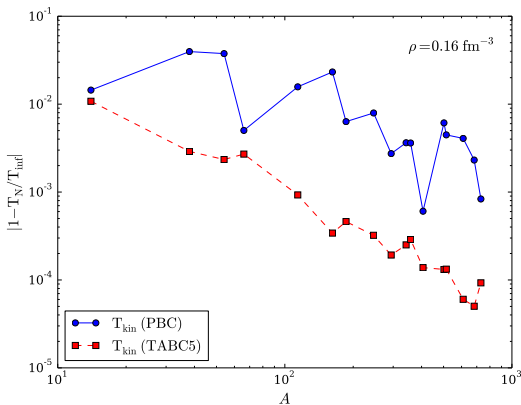
$$\epsilon_{\vec{k}} \rightarrow \epsilon_{\vec{k}} + \frac{\pi}{L} \vec{k} \cdot \vec{\theta} + \frac{\pi^2}{L^2}$$

Build Gauss-Legendre Mesh for Each Direction,  $\{\theta_i, w_i\}$

```
 $E_{\text{twist}} = 0$   
for  $(\theta_x, w_x) \in \{\theta_x, w_x\}$  do  
  for  $(\theta_y, w_y) \in \{\theta_y, w_y\}$  do  
    for  $(\theta_z, w_z) \in \{\theta_z, w_z\}$  do  
      Build Basis States with  $k_i \rightarrow k_i + \frac{\theta_i}{L}$   
      Order States by Energy and Fill Holes  
      Get Result  $E$  (T,HF,CCD)  
       $E_{\text{twist}} = E_{\text{twist}} + \frac{1}{\pi^3} w_x w_y w_z E$   
    end for  
  end for  
end for
```

# Pure Neutron Matter - Twist Averaging

$$T_{\text{inf}} = \frac{3\hbar^2 k_f^2}{10m}$$





# Pure Neutron Matter - Twist Averaging

$$\text{HF}_{\text{inf}} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^6} \frac{L^3}{2\rho} \int_0^{k_f} d\vec{k}_1 \int_0^{k_f} d\vec{k}_2 \langle \vec{k}_1 \vec{k}_2 | \hat{v} | \vec{k}_1 \vec{k}_2 \rangle$$

