11/13/2020 Introduction to HTML



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HTML Introduction

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HTML is the standard markup language for creating Web pages.

What is HTML?

- HTML stands for Hyper Text Markup Language
- HTML is the standard markup language for creating Web pages
- HTML describes the structure of a Web page
- HTML consists of a series of elements
- HTML elements tell the browser how to display the content
- HTML elements label pieces of content such as "this is a heading", "this is a paragraph", "this is a link", etc.

A Simple HTML Document

Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Page Title</title>
</head>
```

```
<body>
<h1>My First Heading</h1>
My first paragraph.
</body>
</html>
```

Try it Yourself »

Example Explained

- The <!DOCTYPE html> declaration defines that this document is an HTML5 document
- The <html> element is the root element of an HTML page
- The <head> element contains meta information about the HTML page
- The <title> element specifies a title for the HTML page (which is shown in the browser's title bar or in the page's tab)
- The <body> element defines the document's body, and is a container for all the visible contents, such as headings, paragraphs, images, hyperlinks, tables, lists, etc.
- The <h1> element defines a large heading
- The element defines a paragraph

What is an HTML Element?

An HTML element is defined by a start tag, some content, and an end tag:

```
<tagname>Content goes here...</tagname>
```

The HTML **element** is everything from the start tag to the end tag:

```
<h1>My First Heading</h1>
```

My first paragraph.

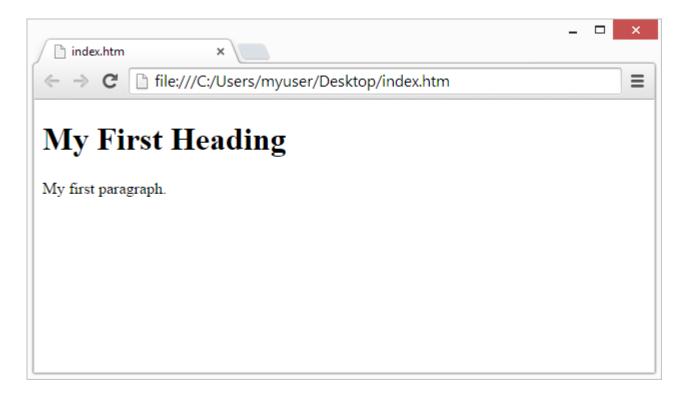
Start tag	Element content	End tag
<h1></h1>	My First Heading	
	My first paragraph.	
	none	none

Note: Some HTML elements have no content (like the
 element). These elements are called empty elements. Empty elements do not have an end tag!

Web Browsers

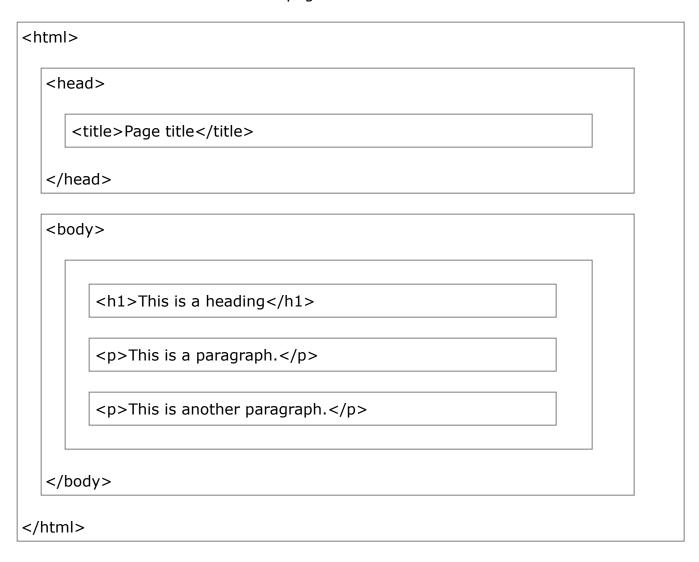
The purpose of a web browser (Chrome, Edge, Firefox, Safari) is to read HTML documents and display them correctly.

A browser does not display the HTML tags, but uses them to determine how to display the document:



HTML Page Structure

Below is a visualization of an HTML page structure:



Note: Only the content inside the <body> section (the white area above) will be displayed in a browser.

HTML History

Since the early days of the World Wide Web, there have been many versions of HTML:

Year	Version
1989	Tim Berners-Lee invented www

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1991 Tim Berners-Lee invented HTML 1993 Dave Raggett drafted HTML+ 1995 HTML Working Group defined HTML 2.0 1997 W3C Recommendation: HTML 3.2 1999 W3C Recommendation: HTML 4.01 2000 W3C Recommendation: XHTML 1.0 2008 WHATWG HTML5 First Public Draft 2012 WHATWG HTML5 Living Standard 2014 W3C Recommendation: HTML5 2016 W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1 2017 W3C Recommendation: HTML5.1 2nd Edition		
1995 HTML Working Group defined HTML 2.0 1997 W3C Recommendation: HTML 3.2 1999 W3C Recommendation: HTML 4.01 2000 W3C Recommendation: XHTML 1.0 2008 WHATWG HTML5 First Public Draft 2012 WHATWG HTML5 Living Standard 2014 W3C Recommendation: HTML5 2016 W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1	1991	Tim Berners-Lee invented HTML
1997 W3C Recommendation: HTML 3.2 1999 W3C Recommendation: HTML 4.01 2000 W3C Recommendation: XHTML 1.0 2008 WHATWG HTML5 First Public Draft 2012 WHATWG HTML5 Living Standard 2014 W3C Recommendation: HTML5 2016 W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1	1993	Dave Raggett drafted HTML+
1999 W3C Recommendation: HTML 4.01 2000 W3C Recommendation: XHTML 1.0 2008 WHATWG HTML5 First Public Draft 2012 WHATWG HTML5 Living Standard 2014 W3C Recommendation: HTML5 2016 W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1	1995	HTML Working Group defined HTML 2.0
2000 W3C Recommendation: XHTML 1.0 2008 WHATWG HTML5 First Public Draft 2012 WHATWG HTML5 Living Standard 2014 W3C Recommendation: HTML5 2016 W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1	1997	W3C Recommendation: HTML 3.2
2008 WHATWG HTML5 First Public Draft 2012 WHATWG HTML5 Living Standard 2014 W3C Recommendation: HTML5 2016 W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1	1999	W3C Recommendation: HTML 4.01
2012 WHATWG HTML5 Living Standard 2014 W3C Recommendation: HTML5 2016 W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1	2000	W3C Recommendation: XHTML 1.0
2014 <u>W3C Recommendation: HTML5</u> 2016 W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1	2008	WHATWG HTML5 First Public Draft
2016 W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1	2012	WHATWG HTML5 Living Standard
	2014	W3C Recommendation: HTML5
2017 <u>W3C Recommendation: HTML5.1 2nd Edition</u>	2016	W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1
	2017	W3C Recommendation: HTML5.1 2nd Edition
2017 <u>W3C Recommendation: HTML5.2</u>	2017	W3C Recommendation: HTML5.2

This tutorial follows the latest HTML5 standard.

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