Demo Lab setup Guide v0.0.2

Network configuration

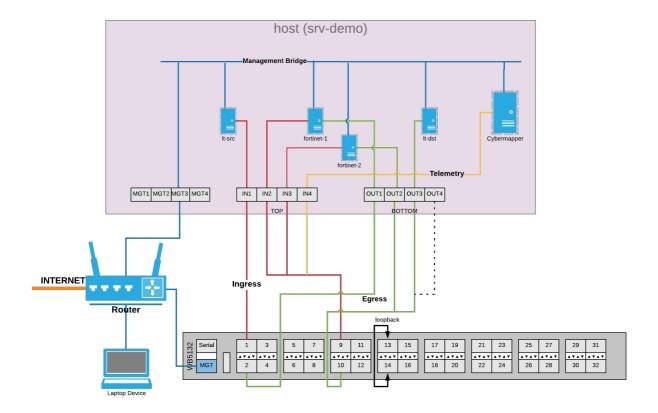
The lab is setup using a contained network environment behind a router, we reserved static ip's for all nodes inside the setup.

The LAN on the router is configured with network 10.199.0.0/24. IP's 10.199.0.60-255 are reserved for DHCP.

The table below lists the IP's used in the lab setup

| Host Name | IP Address | Description |
|-------------|-------------|--|
| cybermapper | 10.199.0.40 | VM on DELL host machine where cybermapper and analyzer are installed |
| lt-src | 10.199.0.10 | VM on DELL host machine where traffic generation tools is installed |
| lt-dst | 10.199.0.11 | VM on DELL host machine where traffic generation tools is installed |
| fortinet-1 | 10.199.0.20 | VM with first Fortinet Fortigate VM |
| fortinet-2 | 10.199.0.21 | VM with second Fortinet Fortigate VM |
| router | 10.199.0.1 | Netgear Router used for local LAN and to connect to internet |
| noviswtich | 10.199.0.50 | 64 port Tofino EdgeCore NoviSwtich |
| srv-demo | 10.199.0.61 | host server |

The traffic network is subnet 10.0.0.0/24



Fortigate VM setup

The Fortigate VM's are configured with 3 network interfaces, the first interface port1 is for management and the other 2 port2, port3 are for ingress and egress traffic.

You can use macvtap for the management port but you have to use bridge for the traffic ports. Below is an example set of commands used on the host server to created bridges for the Forigate VM's

```
brctl addbr br-fortinet-1-i
brctl addbr br-fortinet-2-i
brctl addbr br-fortinet-2-o
brctl addif br-fortinet-1-i enp96s0f1
brctl addif br-fortinet-1-o enp94s0f1
brctl addif br-fortinet-2-i enp96s0f2
brctl addif br-fortinet-2-o enp94s0f2
ip link set br-fortinet-1-i up
ip link set br-fortinet-1-o up
ip link set br-fortinet-2-o up
```

The Fortigate VM's validate their licenses at least once a day. This is why it needs access to the internet, why the demo setup includes a router, and why you will need to add a default route

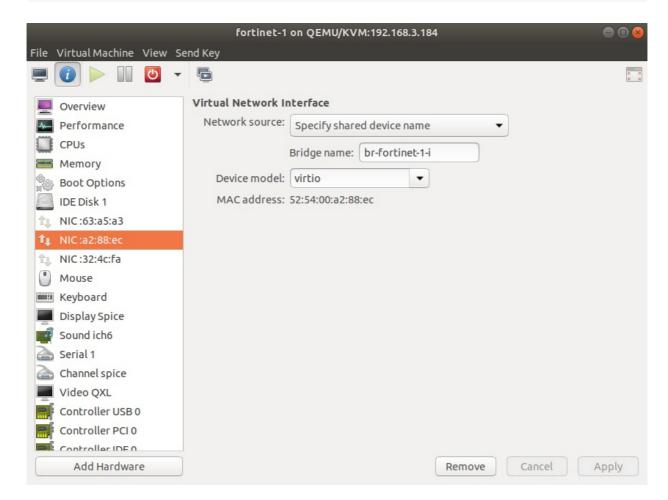
on the Fortigate VM's

Chose your favorite tool to setup your VM's. A recommended tool is Virtual Machine Manager to configure vm's on the host server from a remote host. Use the qcow2 that was supplied and configure the network interfaces using virtio.

make sure you install these packages on the KVM host server if you plan on using qemu and virt-manager.

Also make sure you disable all firewalls on the host server.

```
sudo apt install qemu-kvm libvirt-bin bridge-utils virt-manager sudo apt update
sudo service libvirtd start
sudo update-rc.d libvirtd enable
```



example resulting xml file:

```
<domain type='kvm' id='6'>
<name>fortinet-1</name>
```

```
<uuid>bac5dd4c-52cf-41b7-91e6-3b9e75bb56f4/uuid>
<title>fortinet-1</title>
<memory unit='KiB'>6291456</memory>
<currentMemory unit='KiB'>6291456/currentMemory>
<vcpu placement='static'>6</vcpu>
<resource>
 <partition>/machine</partition>
</resource>
<05>
 <type arch='x86_64' machine='pc-i440fx-bionic'>hvm</type>
 <boot dev='hd'/>
</os>
<features>
 <acpi/>
 <apic/>
  <vmport state='off'/>
</features>
<cpu mode='custom' match='exact' check='full'>
 <model fallback='forbid'>Skylake-Server-IBRS</model>
 <feature policy='require' name='hypervisor'/>
</cpu>
<clock offset='utc'>
 <timer name='rtc' tickpolicy='catchup'/>
 <timer name='pit' tickpolicy='delay'/>
 <timer name='hpet' present='no'/>
</clock>
<on_poweroff>destroy</on_poweroff>
<on_reboot>restart</on_reboot>
<on_crash>destroy</on_crash>
 <suspend-to-mem enabled='no'/>
 <suspend-to-disk enabled='no'/>
</pm>
<devices>
 <emulator>/usr/bin/kvm-spice</emulator>
 <disk type='file' device='disk'>
    <driver name='qemu' type='qcow2'/>
    <source file='/data/pool/fortinet-1.qcow2'/>
   <backingStore/>
   <target dev='hda' bus='ide'/>
    <alias name='ide0-0-0'/>
    <address type='drive' controller='0' bus='0' target='0' unit='0'/>
 </disk>
 <controller type='usb' index='0' model='ich9-ehci1'>
    <alias name='usb'/>
    <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x07' function='0x7'/>
 </controller>
 <controller type='usb' index='0' model='ich9-uhci1'>
    <alias name='usb'/>
    <master startport='0'/>
    <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x07' function='0x0' muli</pre>
 </controller>
 <controller type='usb' index='0' model='ich9-uhci2'>
    <alias name='usb'/>
   <master startport='2'/>
    <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x07' function='0x1'/>
```

```
</controller>
<controller type='usb' index='0' model='ich9-uhci3'>
  <alias name='usb'/>
  <master startport='4'/>
  <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x07' function='0x2'/>
</controller>
<controller type='pci' index='0' model='pci-root'>
  <alias name='pci.0'/>
</controller>
<controller type='ide' index='0'>
  <alias name='ide'/>
  <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x01' function='0x1'/>
</controller>
<controller type='virtio-serial' index='0'>
  <alias name='virtio-serial0'/>
  <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x08' function='0x0'/>
</controller>
<interface type='direct'>
  <mac address='52:54:00:63:a5:a3'/>
  <source dev='eno3' mode='bridge'/>
 <target dev='macvtap6'/>
  <model type='virtio'/>
  <alias name='net0'/>
  <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x03' function='0x0'/>
</interface>
<interface type='bridge'>
  <mac address='52:54:00:a2:88:ec'/>
  <source bridge='br-fortinet-1-i'/>
 <target dev='vnet0'/>
 <model type='virtio'/>
  <alias name='net1'/>
  <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x04' function='0x0'/>
</interface>
<interface type='bridge'>
  <mac address='52:54:00:32:4c:fa'/>
  <source bridge='br-fortinet-1-0'/>
  <target dev='vnet1'/>
  <model type='virtio'/>
  <alias name='net2'/>
  <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x05' function='0x0'/>
</interface>
<serial type='pty'>
  <source path='/dev/pts/4'/>
  <target type='isa-serial' port='0'>
    <model name='isa-serial'/>
  </target>
  <alias name='serial0'/>
</serial>
<console type='pty' tty='/dev/pts/4'>
  <source path='/dev/pts/4'/>
  <target type='serial' port='0'/>
 <alias name='serial0'/>
</console>
<channel type='spicevmc'>
  <target type='virtio' name='com.redhat.spice.0' state='disconnected'/>
  <alias name='channel0'/>
```

```
<address type='virtio-serial' controller='0' bus='0' port='1'/>
   </channel>
   <input type='mouse' bus='ps2'>
      <alias name='input0'/>
   </input>
   <input type='keyboard' bus='ps2'>
      <alias name='input1'/>
   <graphics type='spice' port='5903' autoport='yes' listen='127.0.0.1'>
      <listen type='address' address='127.0.0.1'/>
   </graphics>
   <sound model='ich6'>
      <alias name='sound0'/>
     <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x06' function='0x0'/>
   </sound>
   <video>
     <model type='qx1' ram='65536' vram='65536' vgamem='16384' heads='1' primary='v</pre>
     <alias name='video0'/>
     <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x02' function='0x0'/>
   </video>
   <redirdev bus='usb' type='spicevmc'>
     <alias name='redir0'/>
      <address type='usb' bus='0' port='1'/>
   </redirdev>
   <redirdev bus='usb' type='spicevmc'>
      <alias name='redir1'/>
     <address type='usb' bus='0' port='2'/>
   </redirdev>
   <memballoon model='virtio'>
     <alias name='balloon0'/>
      <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x09' function='0x0'/>
   </memballoon>
 </devices>
 <seclabel type='dynamic' model='apparmor' relabel='yes'>
   <label>libvirt-bac5dd4c-52cf-41b7-91e6-3b9e75bb56f4</label>
    <imagelabel>libvirt-bac5dd4c-52cf-41b7-91e6-3b9e75bb56f4</imagelabel>
 </seclabel>
 <seclabel type='dynamic' model='dac' relabel='yes'>
   <label>+64055:+113</label>
   <imagelabel>+64055:+113</imagelabel>
 </seclabel>
</domain>
```

Access the Fortigate VM using the console

login using username:admin and password: none just press Enter

Once you have logged into the VM's cli, it will be time to configure the network settings so we you can access it's web interface and configure it from there.

Start by configuring static ip

```
config system interface
edit port1
set mode static
set ip 10.199.0.10 255.255.255.0
end
```

configure default route:

```
config router static
edit 1
set device port1
set gateway 10.199.0.1
end
```

enable vlan forwarding

```
config system interface
  edit port2
     set vlanforward disable
  end
```

```
config system interface
  edit port3
     set vlanforward disable
  end
```

once that is configured you should be able to reach the fortigate VM's GUI inteface by typing the address in a browser http://10.199.0.10

Adding license

First You will need to upload the Fortigate license file that you have activated

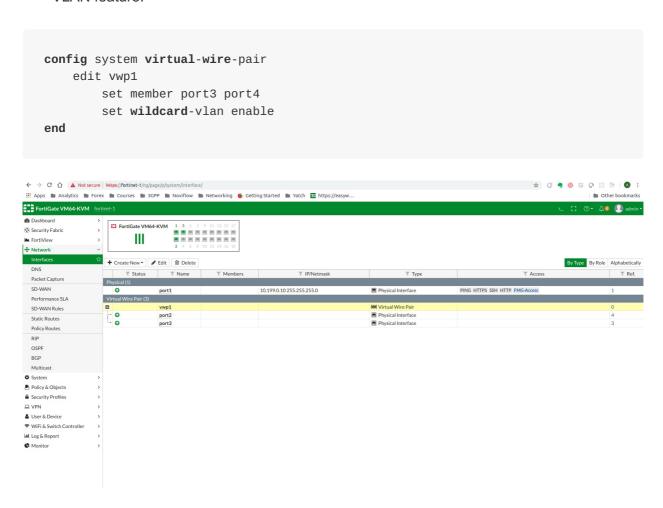
Adding a virtual wire pair

The traffic will pass through the Fortigate firewalls Virtual Wire pairs, which are 2 ports setup in a bump in the wire configuration. So Next step is to add a Virtual wire pair

To add a virtual wire pair, go to Network > Interfaces and select Create New > Virtual Wire Pair.

Select the interfaces to add to the virtual wire pair to, optionally enable Wildcard VLAN and select OK.

- 1. The virtual wire pair appears on the Interface list.
- 2. Use the following command to add a virtual wire pair from the CLI that enables the wildcard VLAN feature:



Adding a virtual wire pair and virtual wire pair policy

note icon Interfaces used in a virtual wire pair cannot be used to access the ISFW FortiGate. Before creating a virtual wire pair, make sure you have a different port configured to allow admin access using your preferred protocol.

- 1. Go to Network > Interfaces and select Create New > Virtual Wire Pair.
- 2. Select the interfaces to add to the virtual wire pair. These interfaces cannot be part of a switch, such as the default lan/internal interface.
- 3. (Optional) If desired, enable Wildcard VLAN.

- 4. Select OK.
- 5. Go to Policy & Objects > IPv4 Virtual Wire Pair Policy, select the virtual wire pair, and select Create New.
- Select the direction that traffic is allowed to flow.Configure the other firewall options as desired.
- 7. Select OK.
- 8. If necessary, create a second virtual wire pair policy to allow traffic to flow in the opposite direction.

Add security rules as desired.



Repeat all the same steps for as many Fortinet VM's as you would like to use.

Traffic Generator VMs Setup

Traffic Source Tools (It-src)

Setup traffic generator VM needs 2 interfaces one for management and one for traffic

configure the management interface with a static ip of 10.199.0.20

configure the traffic interface with a static ip of 10.0.0.1/24 and give the vm the host name lt-src

install the needed tools:

```
root@lt-src:~# apt update
root@lt-src:~# apt install parallel
root@lt-src:~# apt install iperf3
root@lt-src:~# apt-get install apache2-utils
root@lt-src:~# apt install curl
```

set the traffic interface mtu to 1400

```
root@lt-src:~# ip link set ens4 mtu 1400
```

add that line to /etc/rc.local so that its set correctly at each restart and make sure rc.local is executable

create URL input file for traffic generation script

```
root@lt-src:~# cd ~
root@lt-src:~# for i in {2..100} ; do srcip=10.0.0.$i; echo http://$srcip/ >> myurls
```

create a script with executable permissions called ./run_demo_traffic.sh with the content below

```
#! /bin/sh
while true
do
   cat myurls.txt | parallel -j 99 'ab -n 50000000 -c 5 {}'
   wait
   echo "All done"
done
```

Traffic Destination Tools (It-dst)

Setup traffic generator VM needs 2 interfaces one for management and one for traffic

configure the management interface with a static ip of 10.199.0.21/24 configure the traffic interface with 99 static ip of 10.0.0.2/24 to 10.0.0.100 and give the vm the host name lt-dst

install the needed tools:

```
root@lt-dst:~# apt update
root@lt-dst:~# apt install lighttpd
root@lt-dst:~# sudo systemctl enable lighttpd
```

set the traffic interface mtu to 1400:

```
root@lt-dst:~# ip link set ens4 mtu 1400
```

add the last command line to the file /etc/rc.local so that its set correctly at each VM restart make sure rc.local is executable