

Part 1: BlueBerry Winery: New Name in VihnoVerdo, Portugal

Data
Overview

Georgaphical
important
conclusions

Correlations

Recommendations

Yurii Novachynskyi • 10.10.2023

Out database:
Vinho Verde wine
from North Portugal

Samples:
Red wine – 1599
White wine – 4898

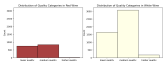
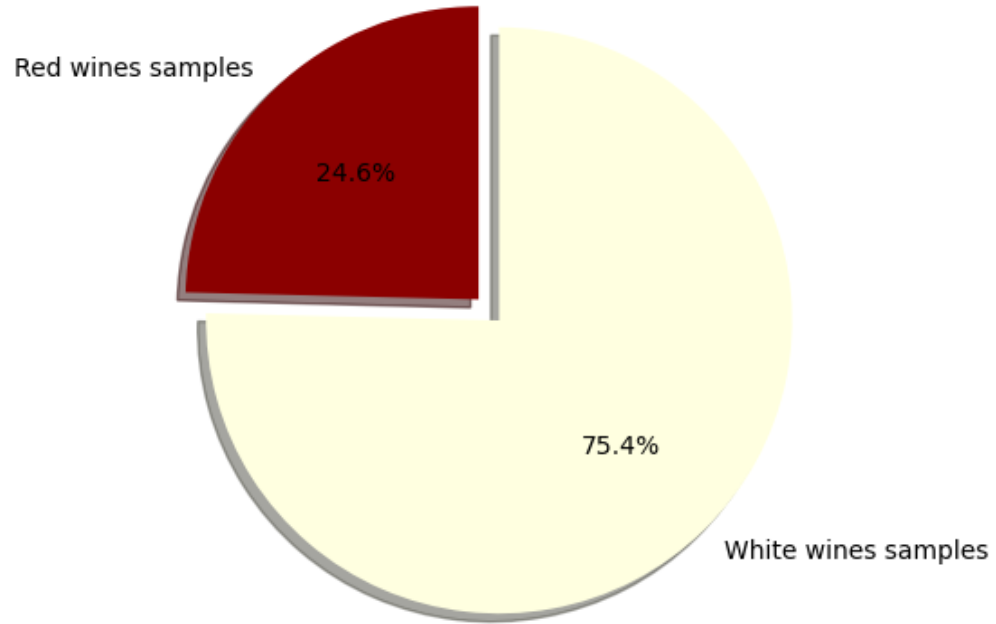


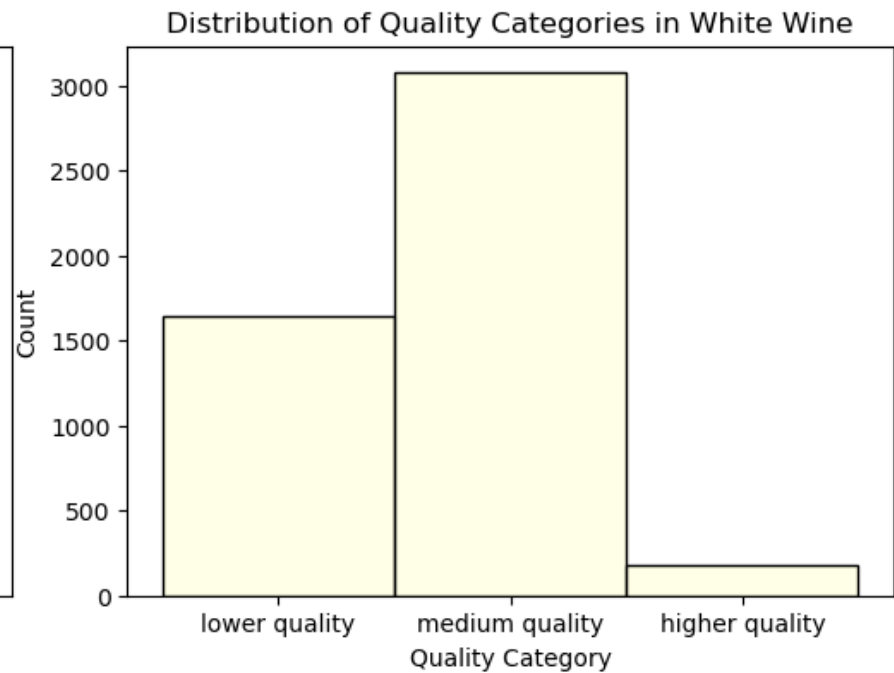
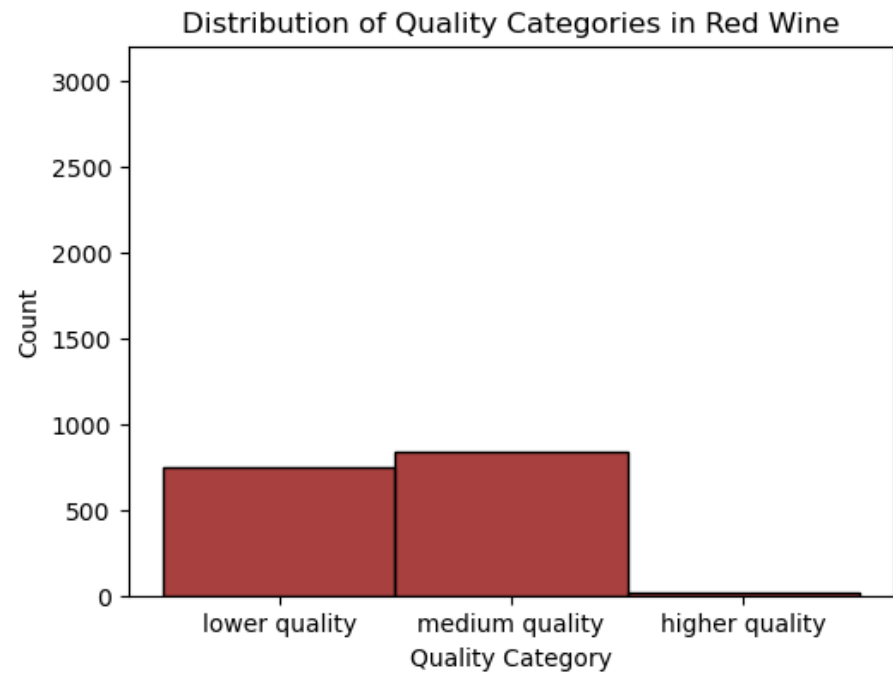
Wine characteristics:

Physicochemical

fixed acidity
volatile acidity
citric acid
residual sugar
chlorides
free sulfur dioxide
total sulfur dioxide
density
pH
sulphates
Alcohol

Sencory: Quality
(from 0 to 10, grouped into 3 categories)





The background of the slide is white, decorated with numerous green grapes of varying sizes scattered across the surface. The grapes have a realistic texture and shading, giving them a three-dimensional appearance.

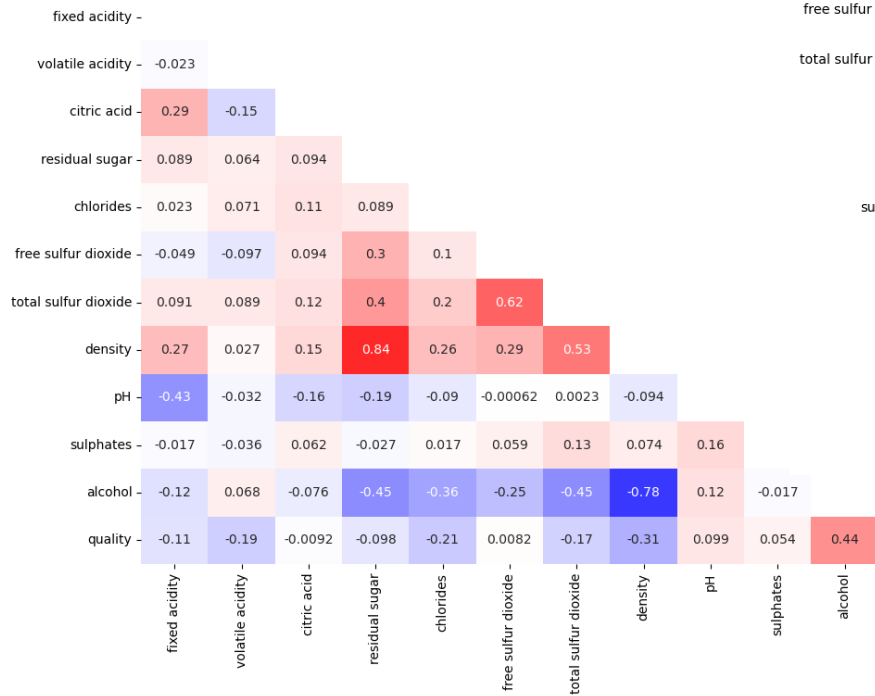
Vinho Verde region is famous for its white wine and it's very fresh, due to its natural acidity, with fruity and floral aromas that depend on the grape variety.

The red and rose Vinho Verde wines are much less common than the white ones what is caused by the region's relatively cool temperatures and high level of rainfall.

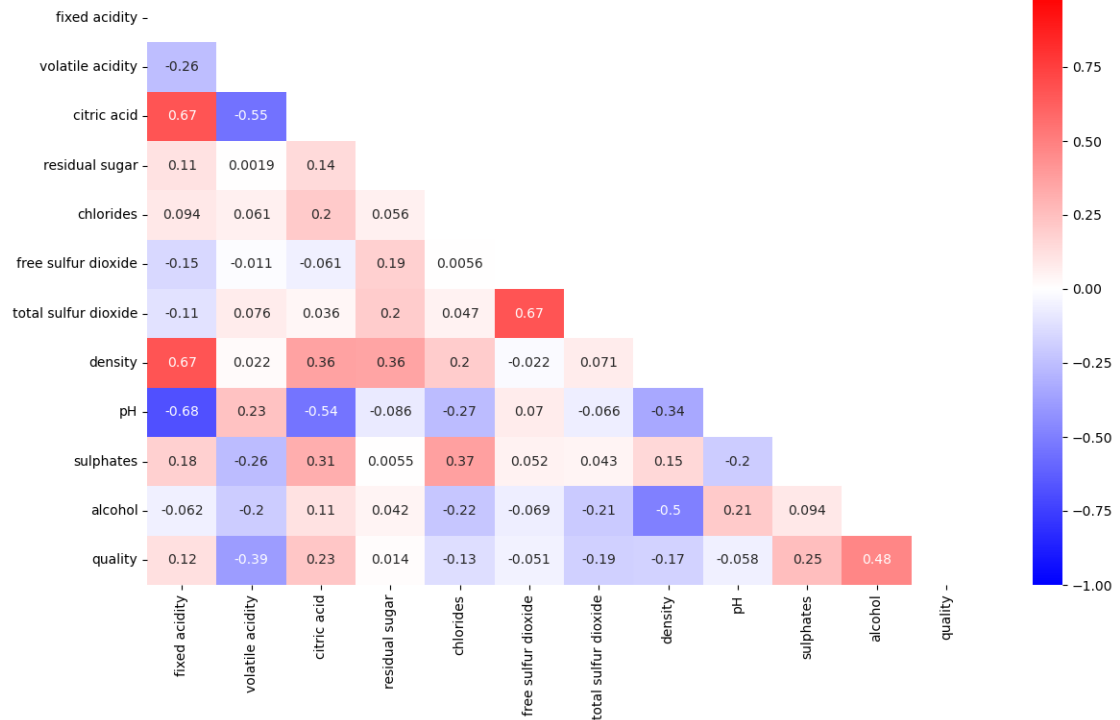
@wikipedia.org/Vinho_Verde

Correlations coefficients

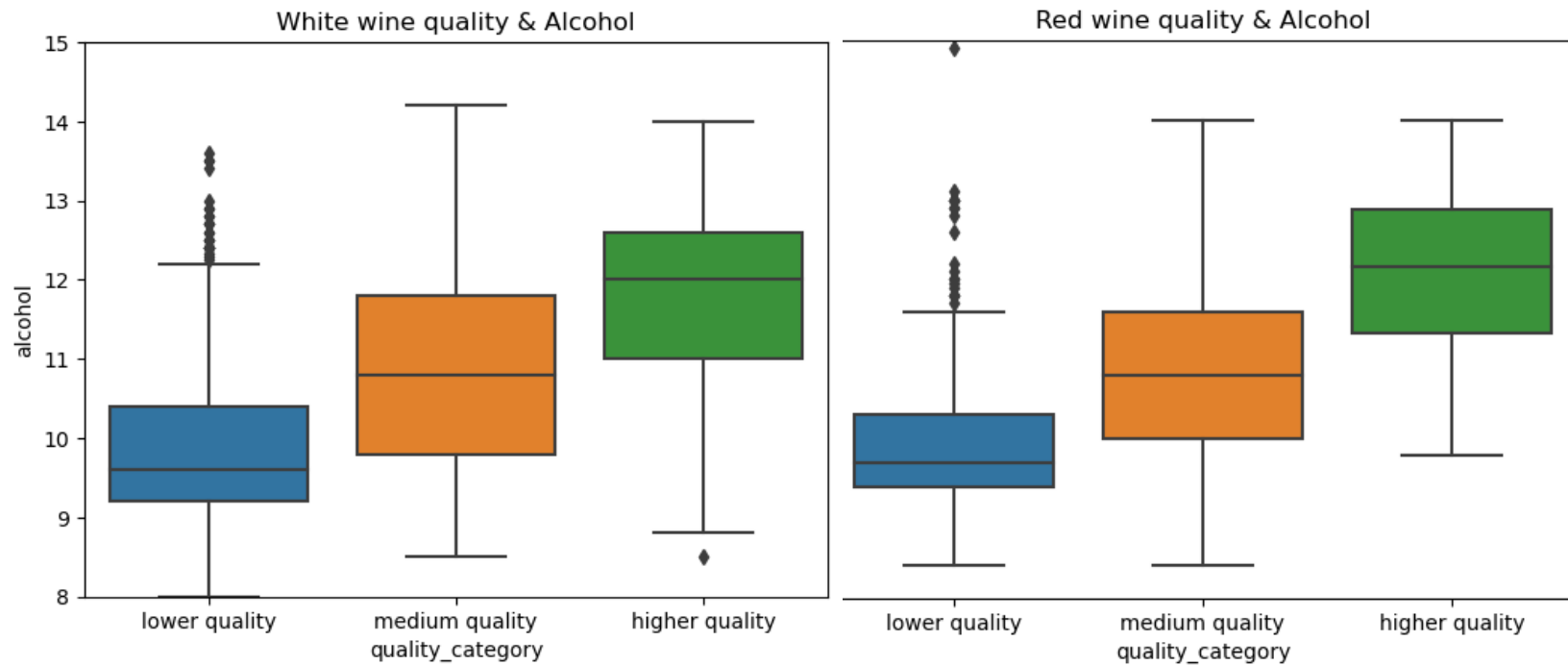
Correlation coefficients between features in the White wine samples



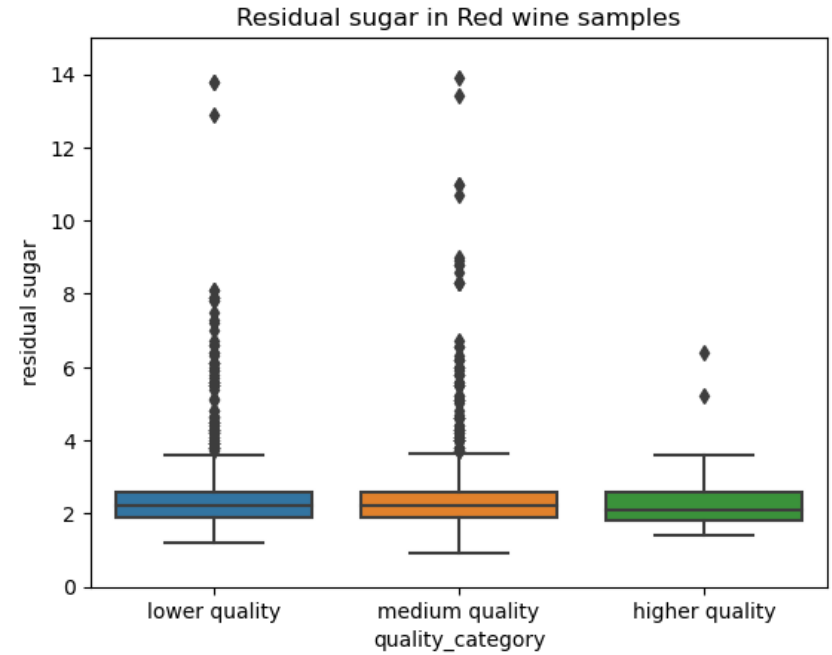
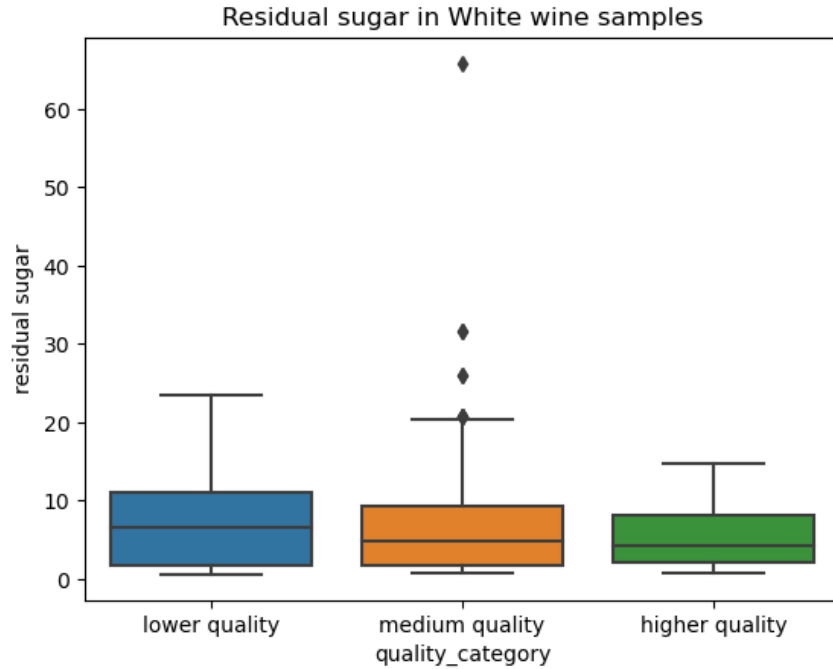
Correlation coefficients between features in the Red wine samples



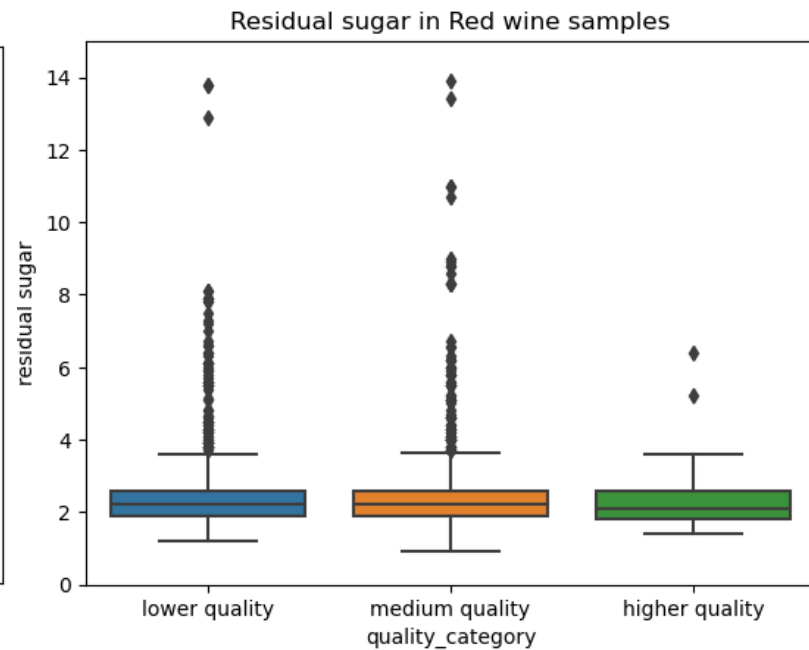
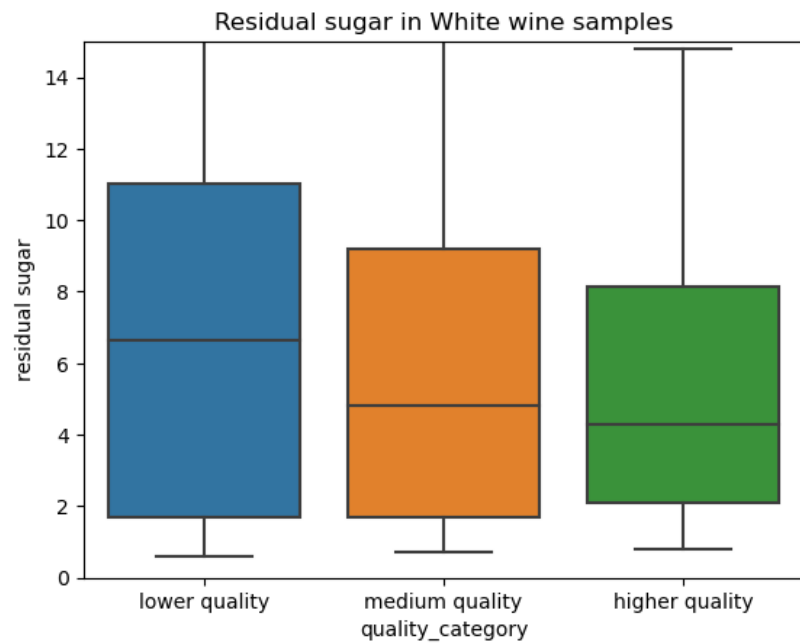
Correlations of Wine quality and % of Alcohol

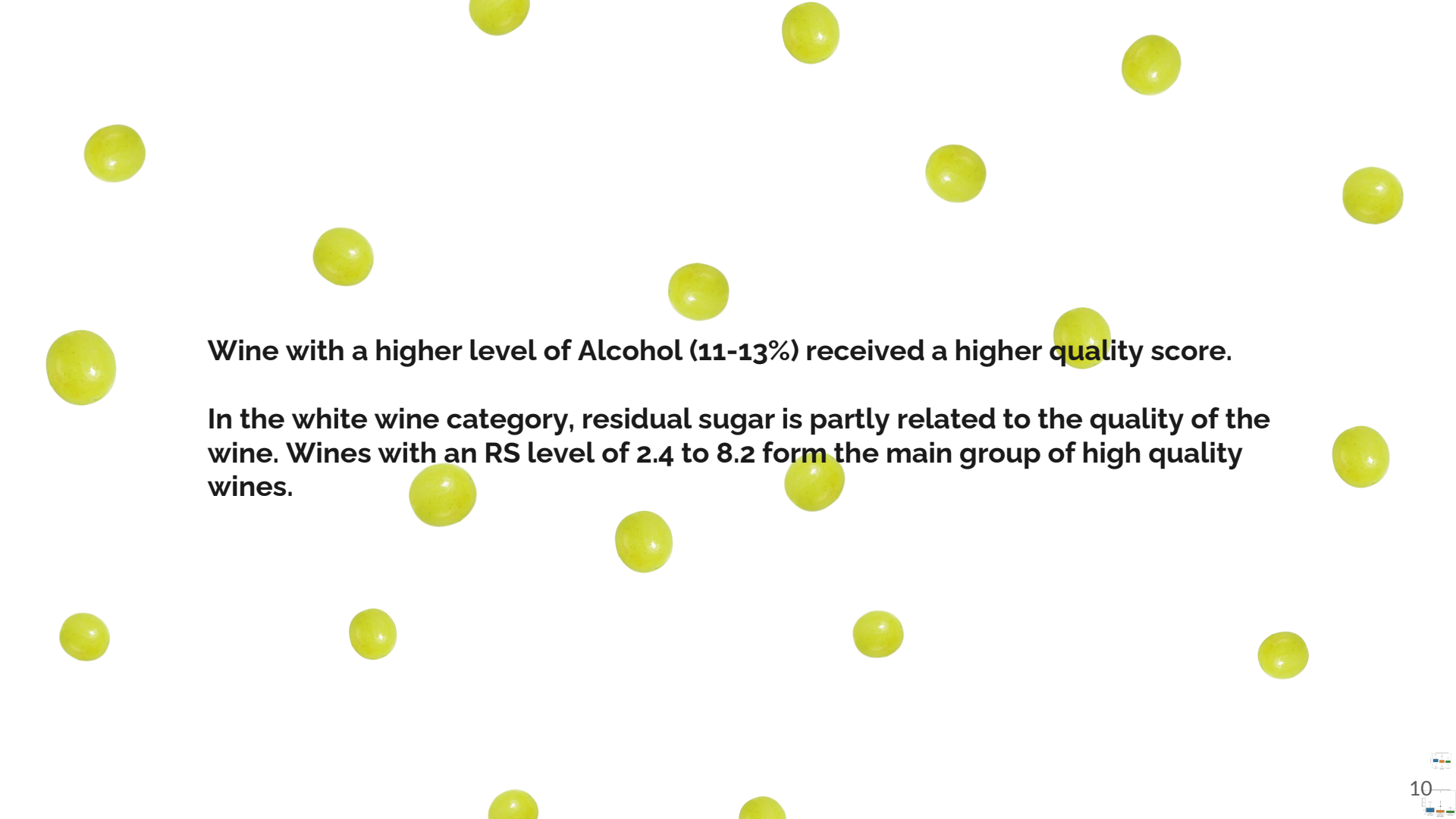


Correlations of Wine quality and Residual Sugar



Comparing wine and Residual Sugar

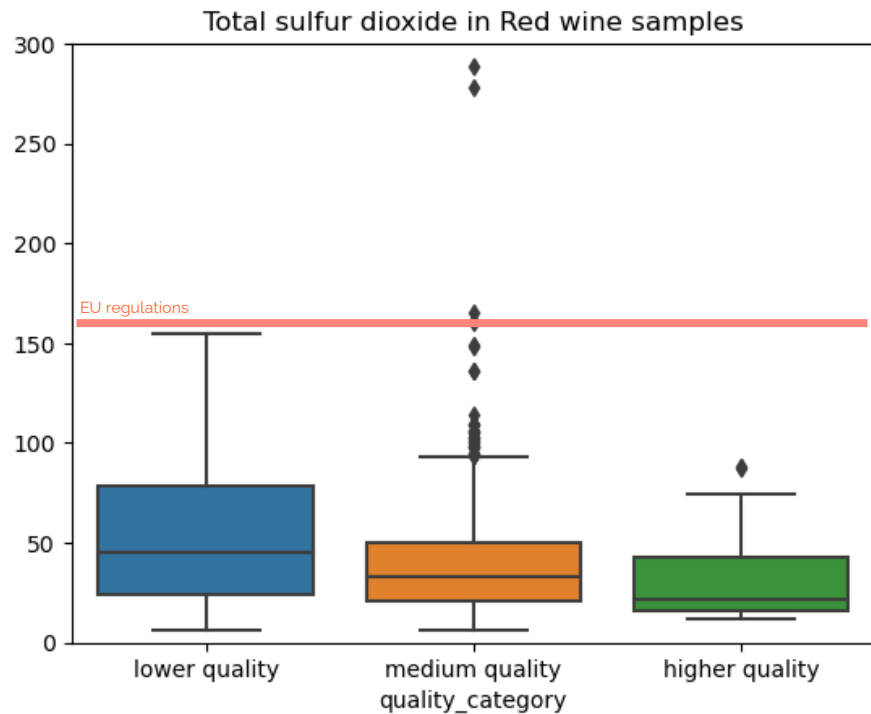
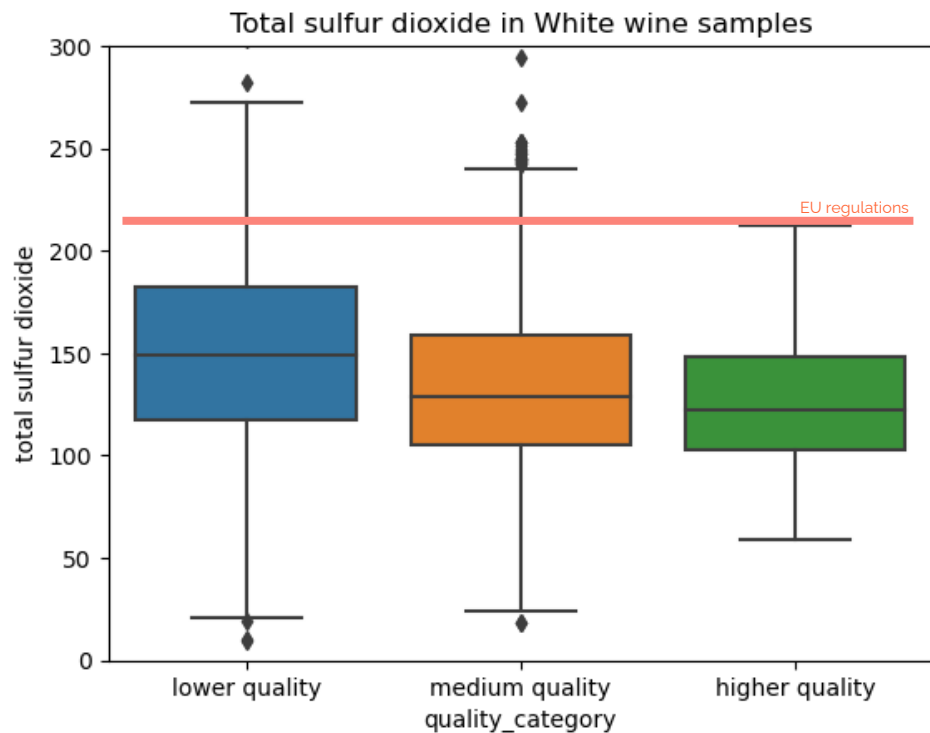


The background of the slide is white, decorated with numerous small, realistic-looking yellow-green grapes scattered across the surface. Some grapes are in sharp focus, while others are slightly blurred, creating a sense of depth. The grapes are of various sizes and are positioned at different angles, some showing highlights and shadows that give them a three-dimensional appearance.

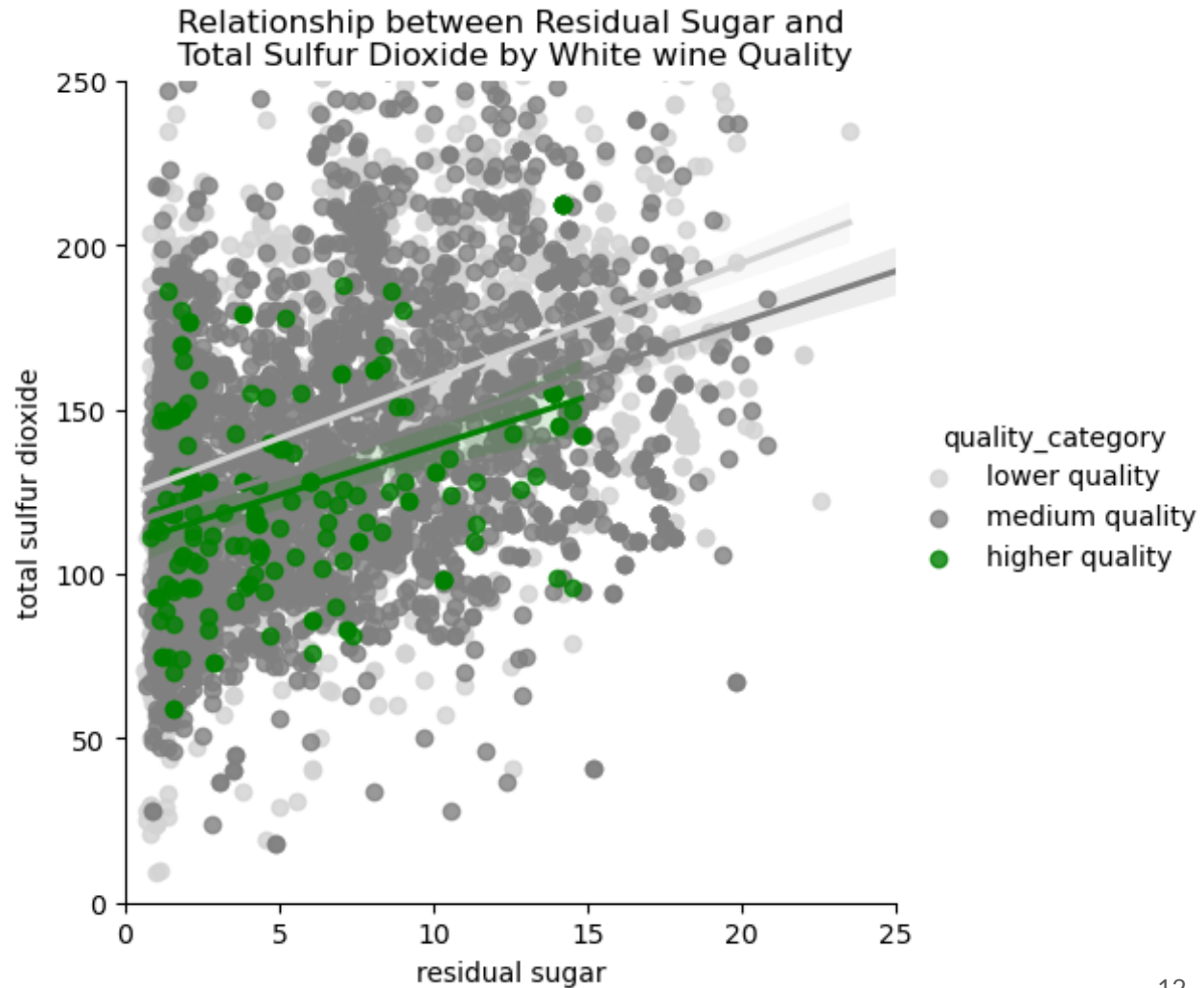
Wine with a higher level of Alcohol (11-13%) received a higher quality score.

In the white wine category, residual sugar is partly related to the quality of the wine. Wines with an RS level of 2.4 to 8.2 form the main group of high quality wines.

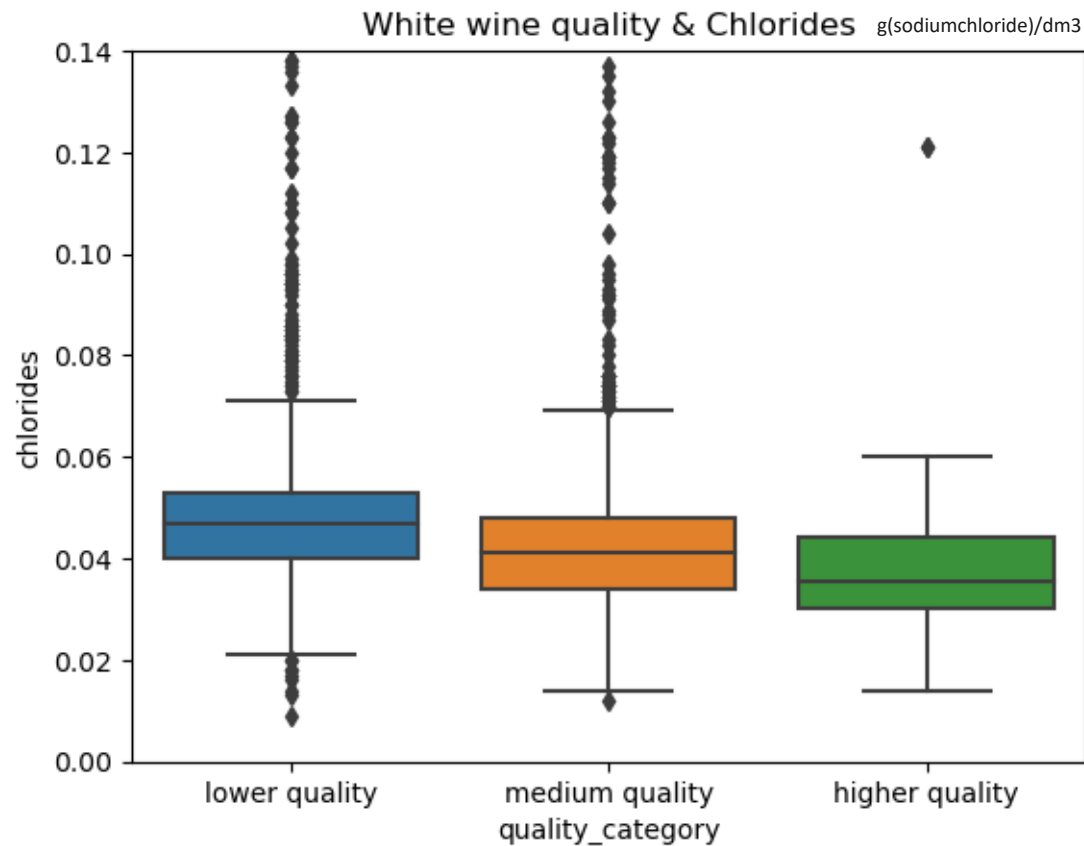
Correlations of Wine quality and Total Sulfur Dioxide (mg/dm³)



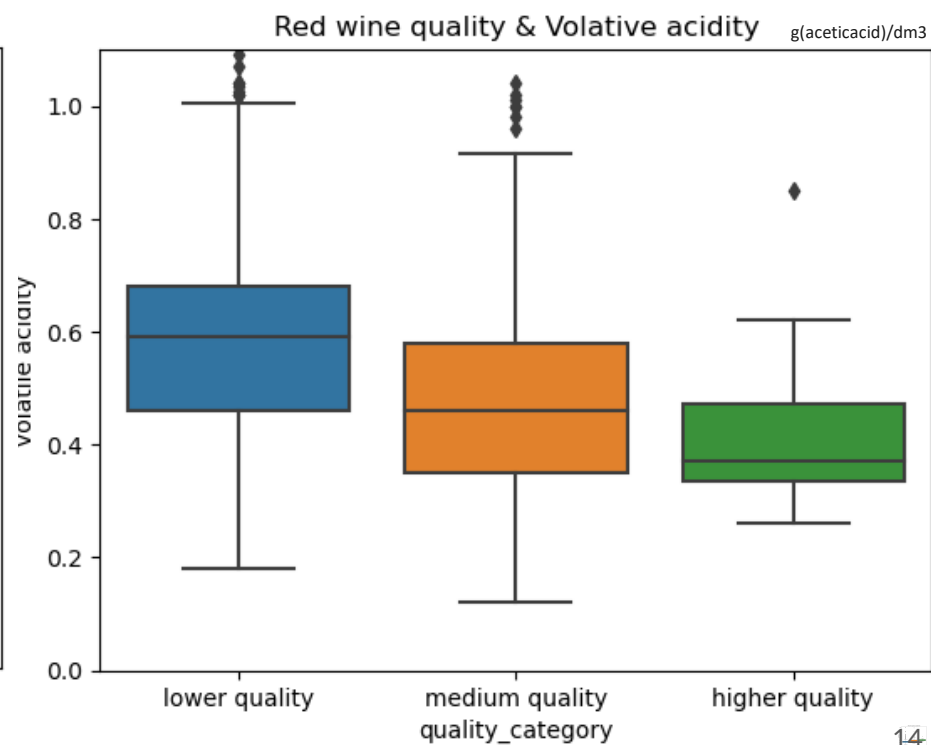
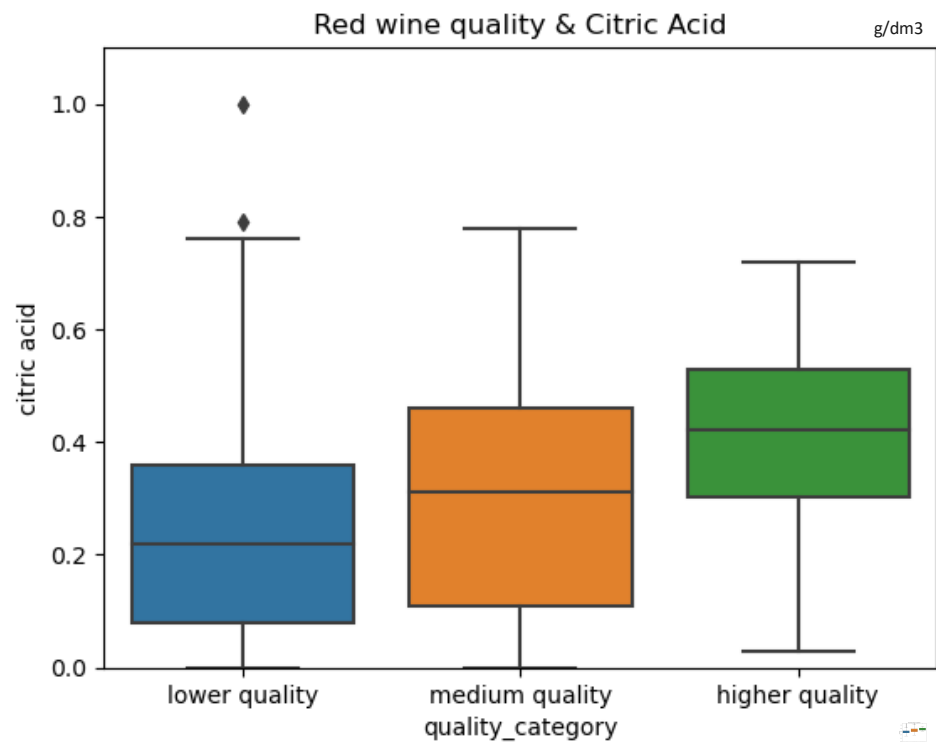
- The balance between preserving and taste of wine
- Lower TSD - better original taste



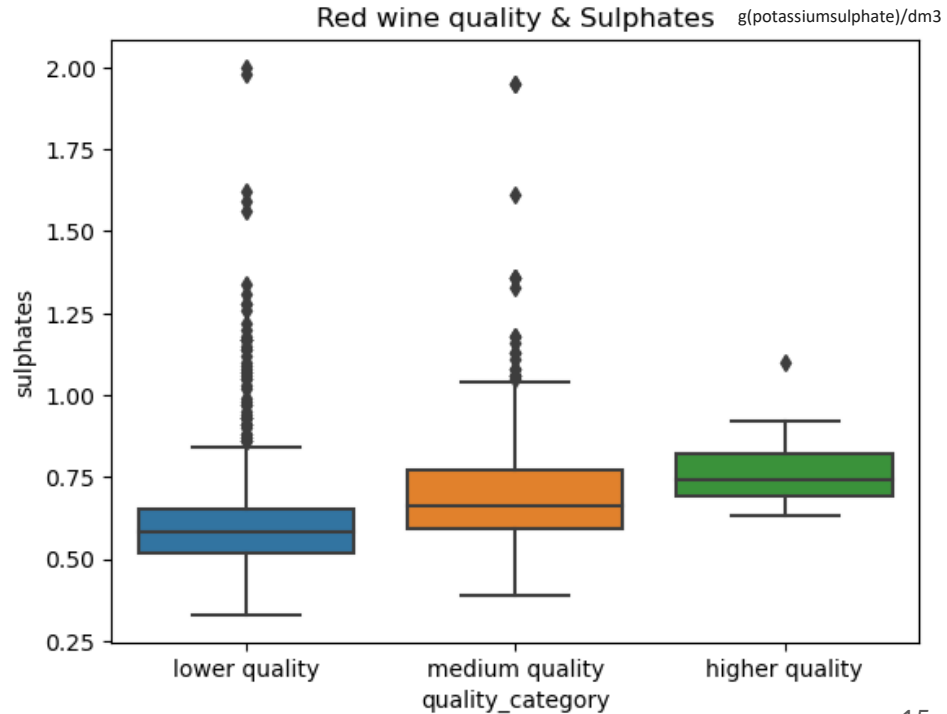
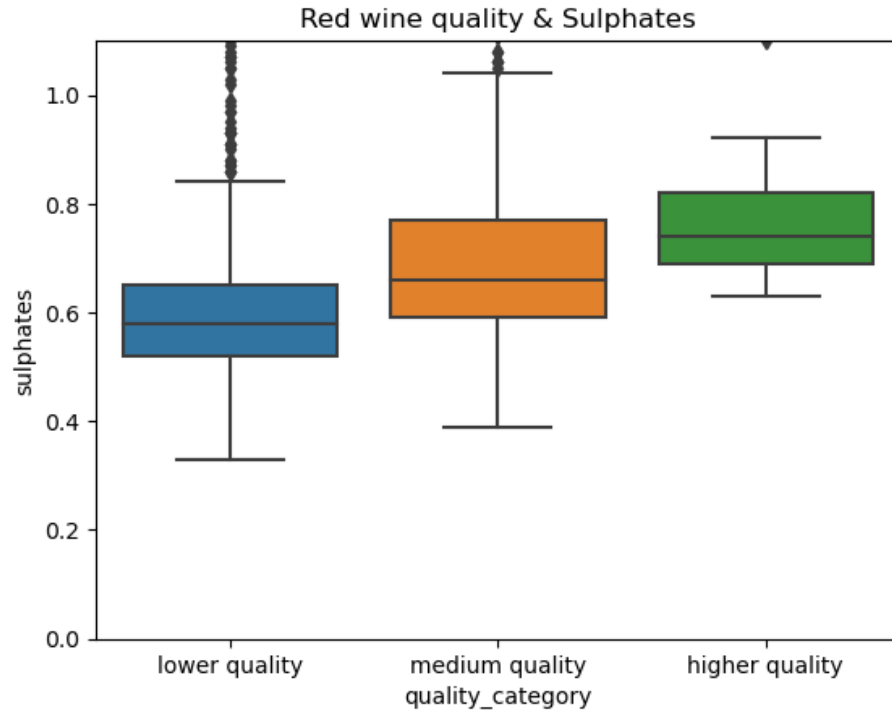
More correlations between white wine quality and chemical characteristics



More correlations between red wine quality and chemical characteristics



More correlations between red wine quality and chemical characteristics



RECOMENDATIONS

Given the current popularity of young white wines from the region, it can be costly to promote certain red wines. Specializing in white wine for the global market and selling red wine locally to ensure a diversified product portfolio can be a good solution for the new winery.

Higher is better. Controlling the alcohol content (in combination with other characteristics) will allow to better predict the quality of wine.

The background of the slide is white and decorated with numerous green grapes of various sizes, scattered across the frame. Some grapes are in sharp focus, while others are blurred, creating a sense of depth. The grapes are positioned around the edges and between the text blocks.

RECOMENDATIONS

Reducing the amount of sugar in white wine can have a positive impact on wine quality.

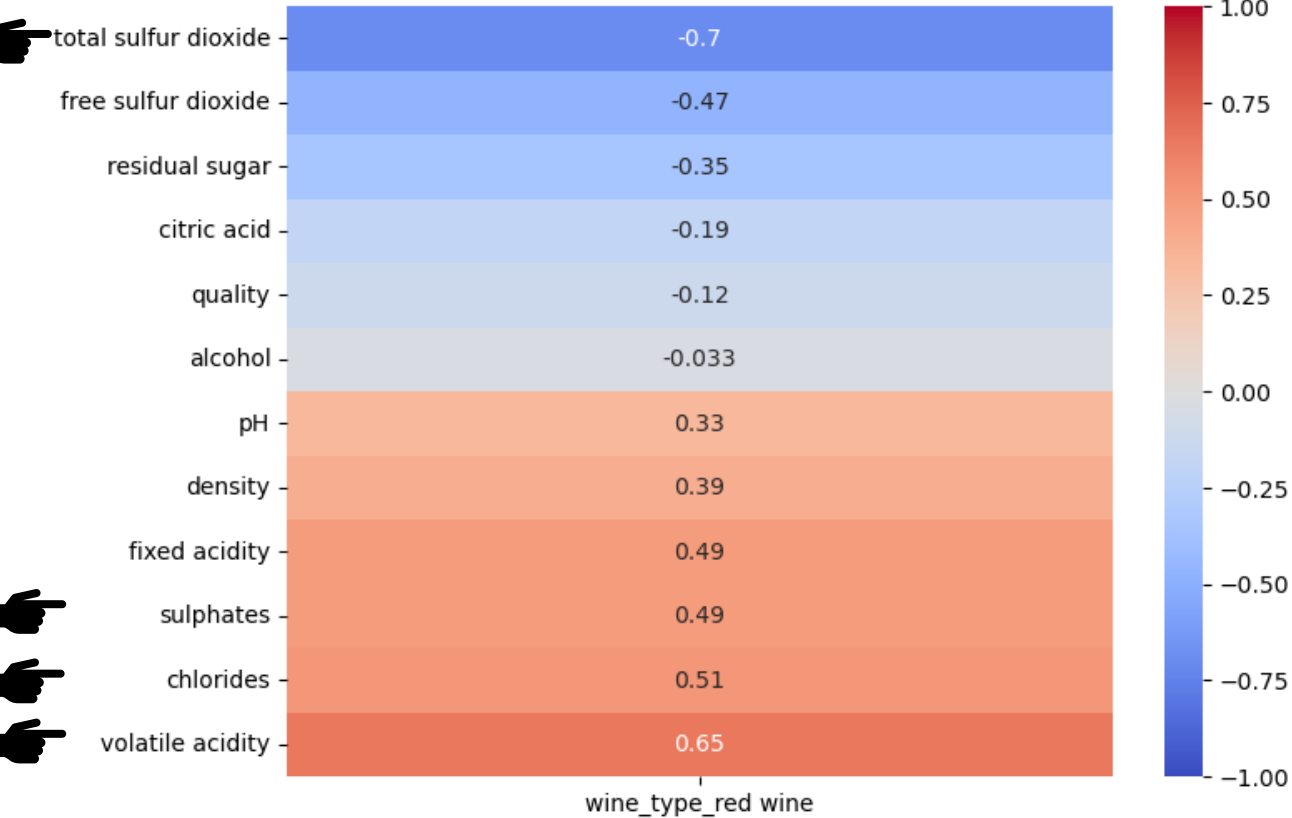
For sulphur dioxide in white wine, a balance must be struck between preservation and taste of the wine. Wines that are sold locally (e.g. at winery tastings) do not require high levels. Globally marketed wines require higher levels for transport and to preserve the quality of the wine.

Part 2: Predicting wine, wine quality and wine price



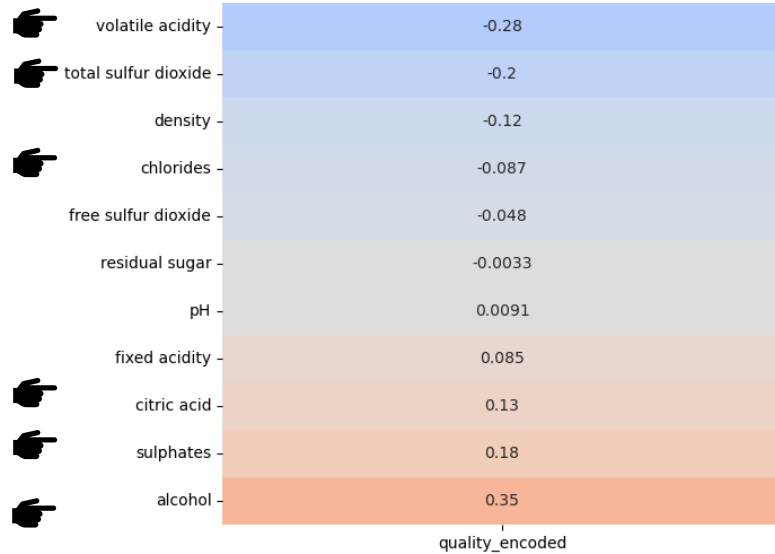
Yurii Novachynskyi • 25.10.2023

Choosing values for machine learning model

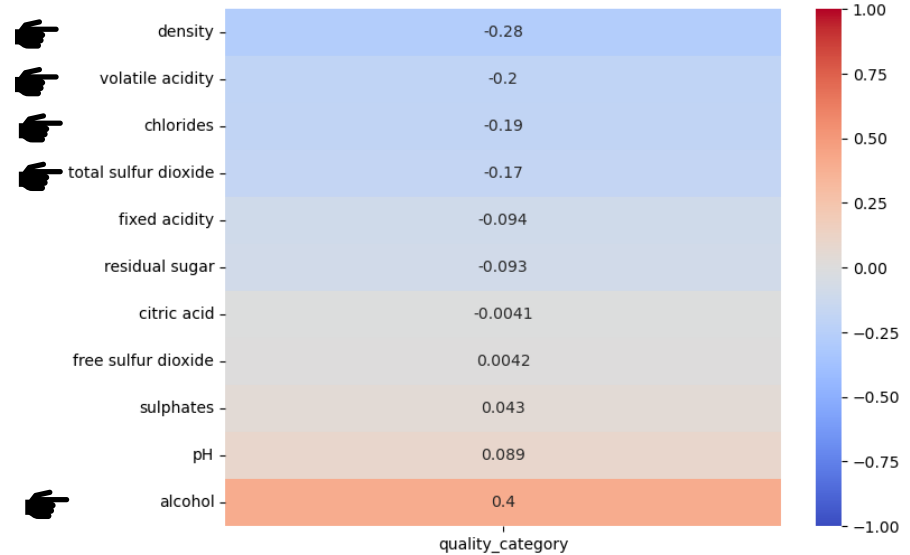


Total sulfur dioxide, volatile acidity, chlorides and sulphates were chosen for predicting type of wine

Choosing values for machine learning model

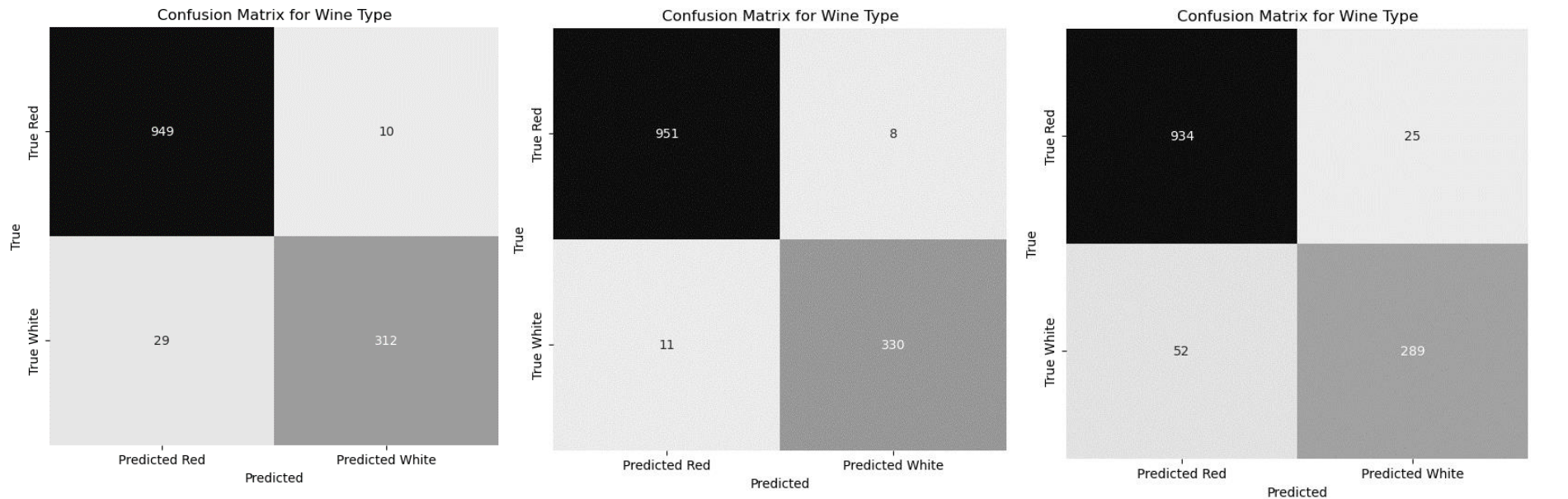


Red wine: alcohol ,volatile acidity, total sulfur dioxide, sulphates ,citric acid, chlorides



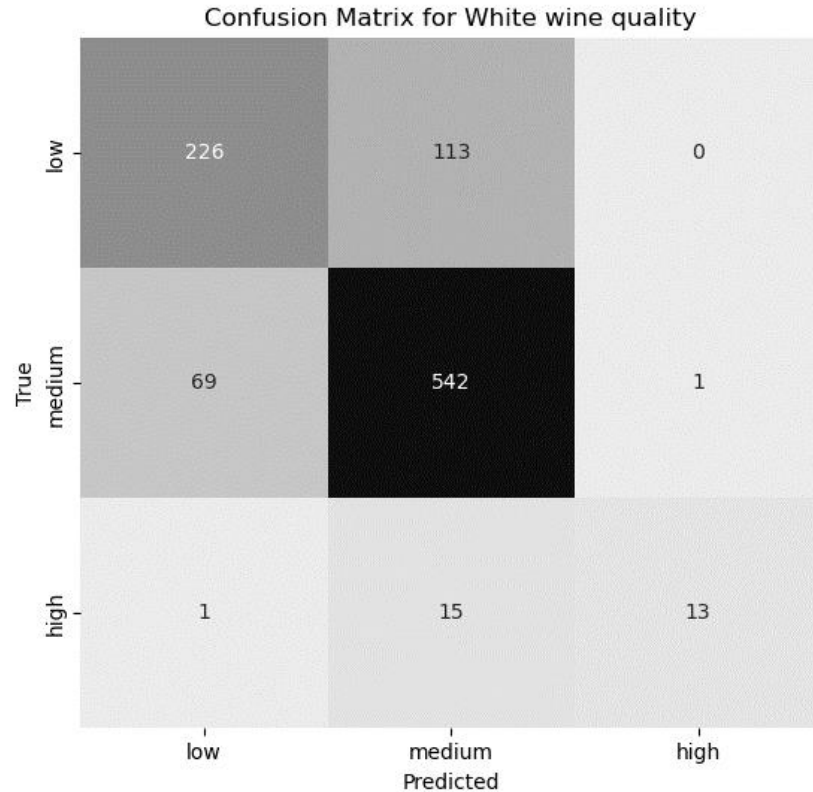
White wine: alcohol ,density, volatile acidity, total sulfur dioxide, chlorides

Prediction type of wine



LogisticRegression	DecisionTreeClassifier	KNeighborsClassifier
Accuracy: 97.69	Accuracy: 99.96	Accuracy: 96.73
Cohen-Kappa score: 0.92	Cohen-Kappa score: 0.96	Cohen-Kappa score: 0.84

Predicting **white** wine quality

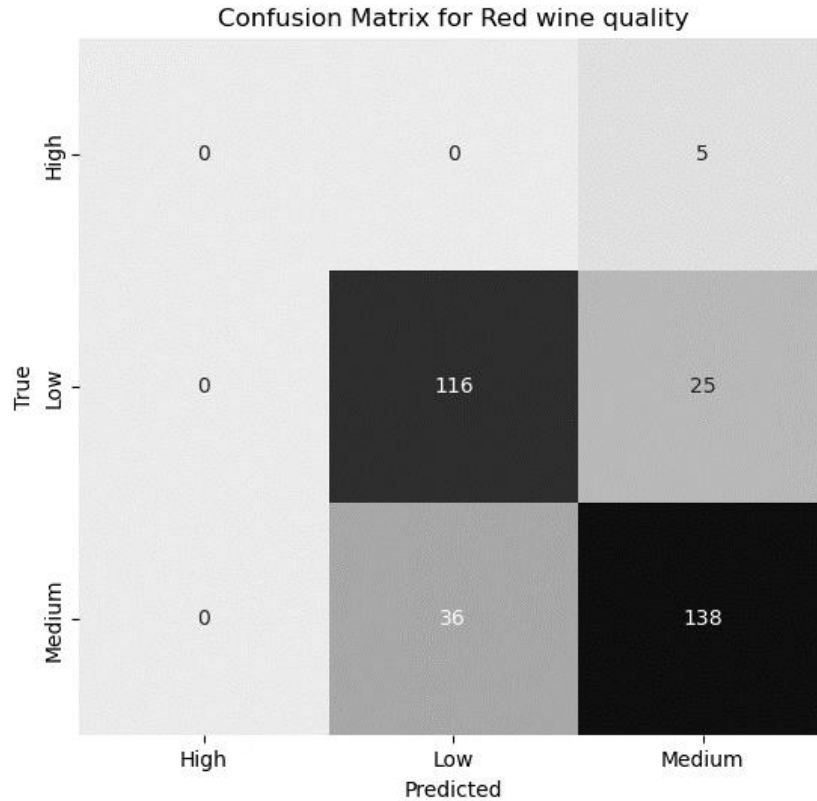


Random Forest Classifier

Accuracy: 79.69

Cohen-Kappa score: 0,57

Predicting **red** wine quality



Random Forest Classifier

Accuracy: 79.375

Cohen-Kappa score: 0,59

Take-away for DA: depends from encoding methode,
we can get different order. Make sure, it's same

Predicting the prices

***Wine Spectator's* 100-Point Scale**

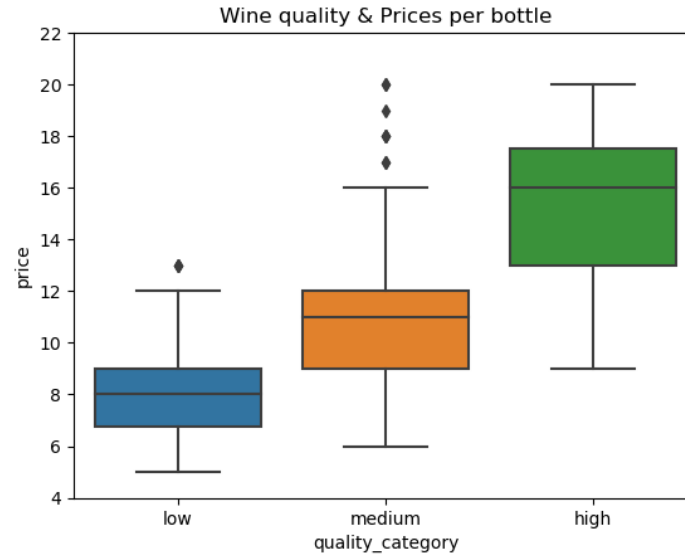
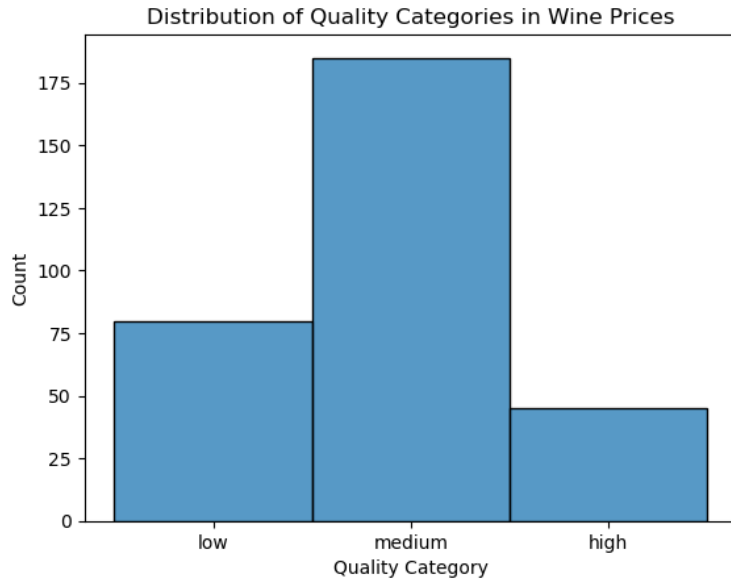
Wine Spectator tasters review wines on the following 100-point scale:

- 95-100** Classic: a great wine
- 90-94** Outstanding: a wine of superior character and style
- 85-89** Very good: a wine with special qualities
- 80-84** Good: a solid, well-made wine
- 75-79** Mediocre: a drinkable wine that may have minor flaws
- 50-74** Not recommended

In our database Vihno Verde wines received **from 80 to 92**.

Source: <https://www.winespectator.com/articles/scoring-scale>

Predicting the prices



Prices are given in USD, as the database originates from the US market.

The background is a solid teal color. Scattered across it are numerous yellow spheres of varying sizes, some of which have a slight 3D effect with highlights. In the center, there is a large, stylized teal logo consisting of a 'K' and an 'A' shape. Below this logo, the word 'BERLIN' is written in a large, teal, sans-serif font. In the bottom left corner, there is a small red 'K' logo.

KA BERLIN

The project was implemented as part of the Data Analysis & Machine Learning Bootcamp at Code Academy Berlin
6-8/21 week of the program