

Inheritance Worksheet

1. Consider the following classes:

```
public class ABC {  
    public void methodABC() {  
        System.out.println(111);  
    }  
  
    public void methodABC(int i) {  
        System.out.println(222);  
    }  
}
```

```
public class XYZ extends ABC {  
    @Override  
    public void methodABC(int i) {  
        System.out.println(333);  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public void methodABC() {  
        System.out.println(444);  
    }  
}
```

Assume the following declaration:

```
XYZ abc = new XYZ();
```

What is the output after executing the following code?

```
abc.methodABC(10);
```

```
abc.methodABC();
```

2. Consider the following classes:

```
public class First
{
    public void methodOne()
    {
        System.out.print("1");
    }

    public void methodTwo()
    {
        methodOne();
        System.out.print("2");
    }
}
```

```
public class Second extends First
{
    public void methodOne()
    {
        super.methodOne();
        System.out.print("A");
    }

    public void methodTwo()
    {
        super.methodTwo();
        System.out.print("B");
    }
}
```

```
public class Third extends Second
{
    public void methodOne()
    {
        System.out.print("X");
        super.methodOne();
    }

    public void methodTwo()
    {
        System.out.print("Y");
        super.methodTwo();
    }
}
```

Assume the following declarations:

```
First f1 = new First();
Second f2 = new Second();
Third f3 = new Third();
```

What is the output of the following code?

1. f1.methodOne(); _____
2. f1.methodTwo(); _____
3. f2.methodOne(); _____
4. f2.methodTwo(); _____
5. f3.methodOne(); _____
6. f3.methodTwo(); _____

3. Consider the following classes:

```
public class X {  
    public int method(boolean i) {  
        return 100;  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Y extends X {  
    public double method(double d) {  
        return d /= d;  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Z extends Y {  
    public double method(int f) {  
        return f += f;  
    }  
}
```

Assume the following declaration:

Z z = new Z();

What is the output of the following code?

z.method(21.12); _____

Consider the following classes:

```
public class A {  
    public A(int i) {  
        System.out.println(myMethod(i));  
    }  
  
    public int myMethod(int i) {  
        return (i + (i + 1)) - 0;  
    }  
}
```

```
public class B extends A {  
    public B(int i, int j) {  
        super(i * j);  
        System.out.println(myMethod(i, j));  
    }  
  
    public int myMethod(int i, int j) {  
        return super.myMethod(i * j);  
    }  
}
```

Assume the following declaration:

```
B b = new B(12, 2);
```

What is the output? _____