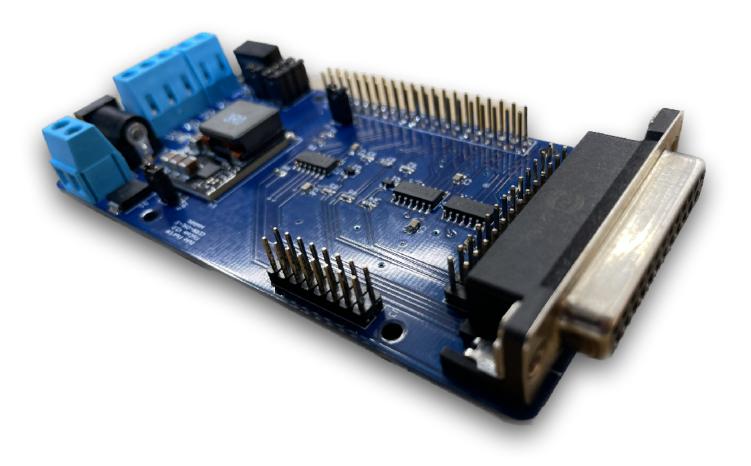
FluCom Interface Board / HAT for Raspberry Pi

Build Manual and Bill of Materials



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2) General description

The FluCom Interface is a stack-on board (HAT) for a Raspberry Pi 3 or higher. It's purpose is to interface with Pods for the Fluke 9000 series Microsystem Troubleshooter which is still used today to diagnose and repair vintage computer equipment such as arcade game pcbs. It is designed to be used in conjunction with the FlukeEmu software.

As of now, this software/hardware solution does provide all the basic functionality of an original mainframe/pod system including serial port and virtual tape drive support.

It does not support the Fluke 9000 series probe / signature analysis, as this will require additional hardware. If and when this functionality will be implemented we cannot tell yet.

The idea behind the project is to use readily available parts to provide an as-simple-as-possible (cheap) way to replace a Fluke 9010a Mainframe system.

The board and its design files are made available under the CERN Open Hardware License: https://ohwr.org/project/cernohl/wikis/Documents/CERN-OHL-version-2

3) A bit more detailed

Logic level shifting is done by TXS0104E IC's for the databus as well as POWERFAIL and !PODPRESENT lines.

For handshaking / control lines, individual channels are used (MOSFET- driven for !MAINSTAT / !RESET and a simple voltage divider for !PODSTAT and SYNC), as running the handshaking lines through the level shifter IC's would result in unstable communication.

The board can provide power to both the Raspberry Pi and the pod using an off-the-shelf DC-DC converter, requiring only a single 12V external supply (using the barrel jack or the 2 channel- screw terminal). For these power inputs, simple reverse voltage protection is provided by D1. If powered in this configuration, jumpers J6 enable/disable the individual rails. These jumpers could also be used to physically switch on and off the power rails.

Alternatively, external power inputs can be used to power the individual rails (5V Raspi, 5V Pod, -5V Pod and 12V Pod) using the 5 channel screw terminal on the side of the board. In this case, most jumpers can/should be omitted (more details below). No reverse voltage protection is provided here, so please be careful.

LEDs indicate power to the respective rails; the LEDs and their corresponding current limiting resistors can be omitted if you don't need them.

This DC-DC- converter is used, as it can provide more than enough current to power a Raspberry Pi4 / Pod / Display combo even for more power-hungry pods:

https://www.robotshop.com/jp/en/dfrobot-dc-dc-buck-converter-614v-to-5v-8a.html

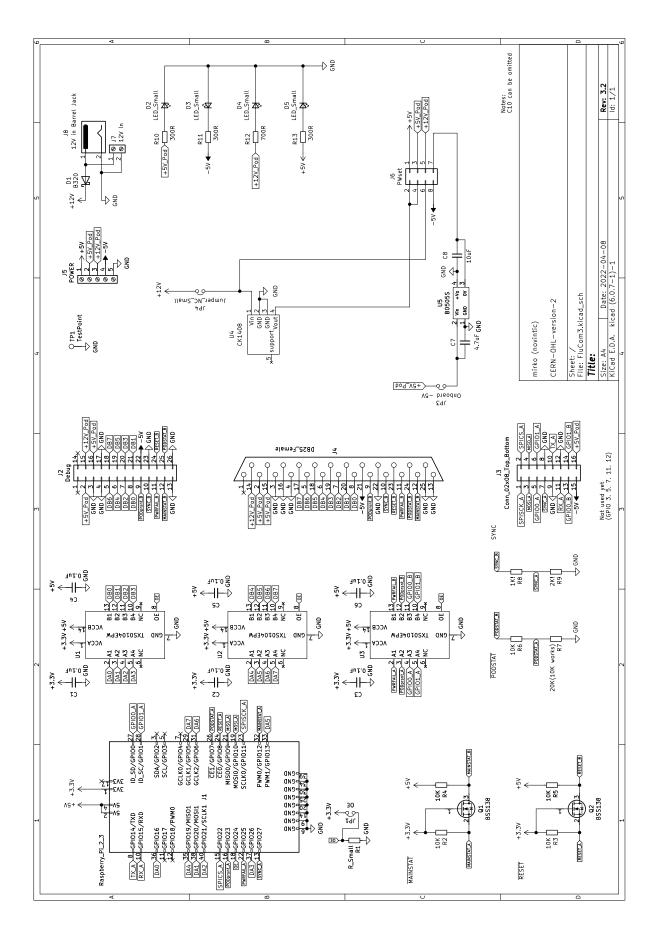
Also, a wide spaced header (or a stack of two) will be needed to connect to the Raspberry Pi in order to provide enough clearance for the pod- connectors.

The rest of the board should be pretty straight forward to assemble.

As usual, I would strongly recommend soldering all low-profile components (SMD) first.

Good luck with building and have fun!

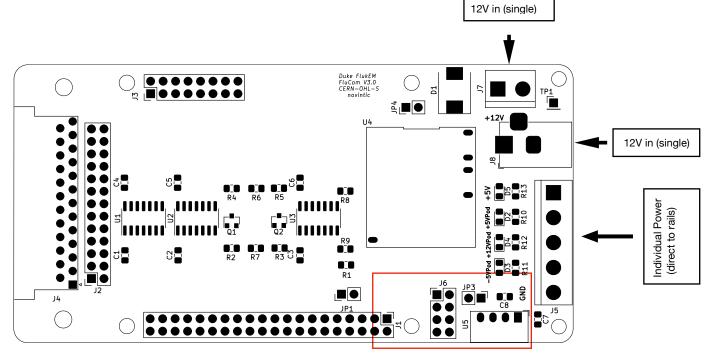
4) Schematics



5) Bill of Materials

| Component | 45 | | | |
|---------------|------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Ref | Qnty | Value | Cmp name (KiCad) | Footprint |
| C1, - C6, | 6 | 0.1uF | C_Small | Capacitor_SMD:C_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| C7, | 1 | 4.7uF | C_Small | Capacitor_SMD:C_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| C8, | 1 | 10uF | C_Small | Capacitor_SMD:C_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| D1, | 1 | B320 | B320 | Diode_SMD:D_SMC |
| D2, - D5, | 4 | LED_Small | LED_Small | LED_SMD:LED_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| J1, | 1 | Raspberry_Pi_3_4 | Raspberry_Pi_3_4 | Connector_PinHeader_2.54mm:PinHeader_2x20_P2.54mm_Vertical |
| J2, | 1 | Debug | Conn_02x13_Top_Bottom | Fluke6809POD:PinHeader_2x13_P2.54mm_Vertical_Fluke_Numbering_mirrored |
| J3, | 1 | Auxillary | Conn_02x05_Odd_Even | Connector_PinHeader_2.54mm:PinHeader_2x05_P2.54mm_Vertical |
| J4, | 1 | DB25_Female | DB25_Female | DSUB-25_Female_Horizontal_P2.77x2.54mm_EdgePinOffset9.40mm |
| J5, | 1 | POWER | Screw_Terminal_01x05 | TerminalBlock:TerminalBlock_bornier-5_P5.08mm |
| J6, | 1 | PWset | Conn_02x04_Odd_Even | Connector_PinHeader_2.54mm:PinHeader_2x04_P2.54mm_Vertical |
| J7, | 1 | 12V in | Screw_Terminal_01x02 | TerminalBlock:TerminalBlock_bornier-2_P5.08mm |
| J8, | 1 | 12V in Barrel Jack | Barrel_Jack | Connector_BarrelJack:BarrelJack_Horizontal |
| JP1, | 1 | OE | Jumper_NC_Small | Connector_PinHeader_2.54mm:PinHeader_1x02_P2.54mm_Vertical |
| JP3, | 1 | Onboard -5V | Jumper_NC_Small | Connector_PinHeader_2.54mm:PinHeader_1x02_P2.54mm_Vertical |
| JP4, | 1 | Jumper_NC_Small | Jumper_NC_Small | Connector_PinHeader_2.54mm:PinHeader_1x02_P2.54mm_Vertical |
| Q1, Q2, | 2 | BSS138 | BSS138 | Package_TO_SOT_SMD:SOT-23 |
| R1, | 1 | 10K? | R_Small | Resistor_SMD:R_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| R2, - R6 | 6 | 10K | R_Small | Resistor_SMD:R_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| R7 | 2 | 20K(10K ok?) | R_Small | Resistor_SMD:R_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| R8 | 1 | 1K (!) | R_Small | Resistor_SMD:R_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| R9 | 11 | 2K (!) | R_Small | Resistor_SMD:R_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| R10, R11, R13 | 3 | 300R | R_Small | Resistor_SMD:R_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| R12, | 1 | 700R | R_Small | Resistor_SMD:R_0805_2012Metric_Pad1.15x1.40mm_HandSolder |
| TP1, | 1 | TestPoint | TestPoint | Connector_PinHeader_2.54mm:PinHeader_1x01_P2.54mm_Vertical |
| U1, U2, U3, | 3 | TXS0104EPW | TXS0104EPW | Package_SO:TSSOP-14_4.4x5mm_P0.65mm |
| U4, | 1 | CK1408 | CK1408 | Converter_DCDC:CK1408 |
| U5, | 1 | B0505S | B0505S | Converter_DCDC:Converter_DCDC_muRata_CRE1xxxxxxSC_THT |

6) Jumper Settings / Connectors



Connectors:

J1: Raspberry Pi GPIO

J2 and J4: Pod connectors

J3: Auxiliary / Probe add-on board

J5: Screw terminal for direct power inputs

J6: Power Jumpers. See pictures on the right side. Could in theory be used to switch individual rails on/off.

From top to bottom:

- +5V
- +5VPod
- +12VPod
- -5VPod

J7: Screw terminal (single 12V input)

J8: Barrel jack (single 12V input)

Jumpers:

JP1: Chip enable for the level-shifters (will most likely be removed in later revisions)

JP2: (was removed)

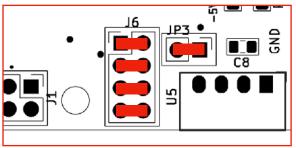
JP3: Enable on-board -5V. (is powered by +5V

POD rail).

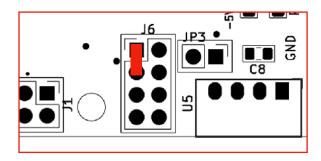
JP4: Enable on-board DC-DC converter

(generates +5V and +5VPod

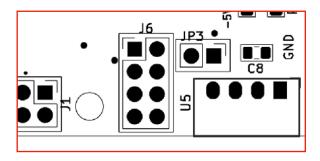
This might look a bit complicated, but referring to the schematics, things should be obvious.



Single 12V input (JP4 must be closed!)



Separate inputs (only one +5V used)



All separate inputs used

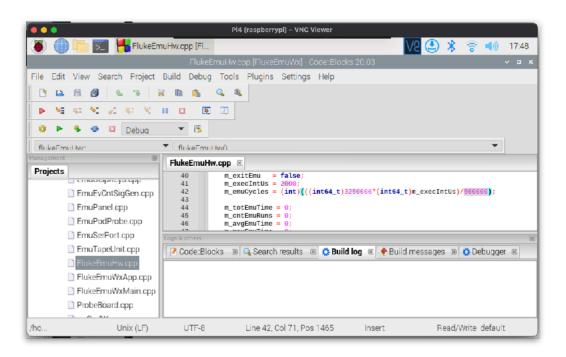
7) Notes, ToDos and known issues

 JP1 will most likely be removed in the future, enabling/disabling the level shifters via GPIO 24 (PIN 18) in software.

At the moment it is tied high by JP1, enabling the level shifters at all time. It is therefore important, that you do not try to drive GPIO 24 low when the FluCom board is mounted and JP1 is set; this might damage the GPIO pin(s) as it would be driven against the +3.3V power rail.

- The Emulator - as it is configured now - will not run at full speed by default (as a matter of fact around half the 9010a speed on a RPi4). The Raspberry Pi is more than capable of running a Z80 emu at full speed though.

To adjust the speed you can change m_emucycles in FlukeEmuHW.cpp. If you lower the divider (for example) as shown below for, the emu should run at double the speed..





IMPORTANT CHANGE FOR PROBE ADD-ON-BOARD:
In order to get the Probe Board to work properly R8 and R9 had to be changed (with the 10K/20K voltage divider the edges were too ,slow'). So if you have an older Version of the FluCom board and want probe functionality you will have to change these 2 Resistors (R8 to 1K and R9 to 2K).

8) DigiKey Parts list

By ,popular demand. It is incomplete as many parts that were used we had laying around or were bought at a local store (such as the 40 pin ,stacking headers).

1) Resistors:

All resistors are 1/8W, 0805. For example:

RMCF0805FT20K0CT-ND

2) Capacitors:

All capacitors used in our builds were ceramic, 0805, 25V. For example:

1276-1244-1-ND

3) Barrel - Jack connector:

PJ-059AH

4) Levelshifters: Depending on which version of the package/board either

SOIC: 296-34699-5-ND

or

TSSOP: 296-20697-1-ND (Obsolete)

5) 5V DCDC Converter (onboard -5V):

2725-B0505S-1WR3-ND

6) D-Sub 25 connector

1003-3033-ND

or

1003-3029-ND

7) Screw terminals:

2x: 102-6179-ND

3x: 102-6180-ND

8) Schottky diode for reverse voltage protection:

B320-FDICT-ND

9) BSS138BK MOSFET

1727-1141-1-ND

10) AC/DC WALL MOUNT ADAPTER 12V 36W

2306-WR9ME3000CCP-F(R6B)-ND