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Memory-Efficient On-Card Byte Code Verification for Java Cards

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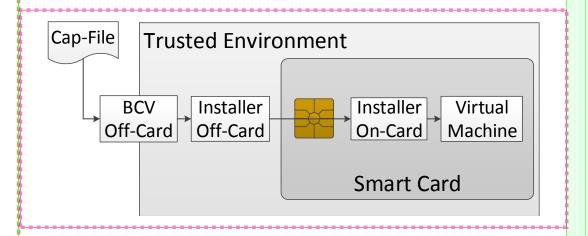
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Motivation

Java Card Security [7, 10]

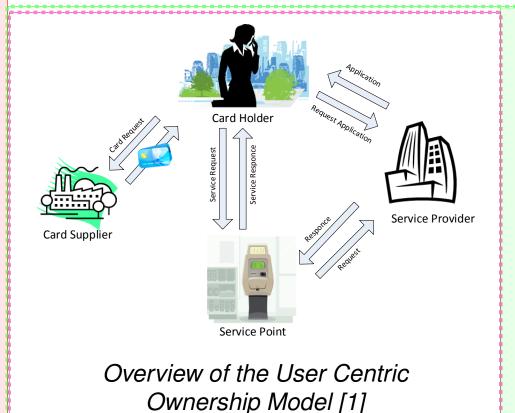
- Bytecode
- Verification (BCV) [4, 8]
- Off-Card
- Resource intense algorithm



- Secure Loading
 - Off and On-Card Component
 - Done by Cryptographic Signature
 - Key-exchange between Card Supplier and Issuer

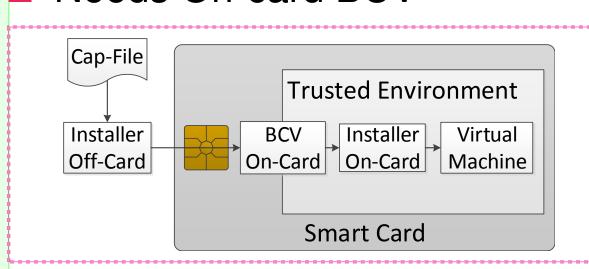
Build CFG

User Centric Ownership Model [1]



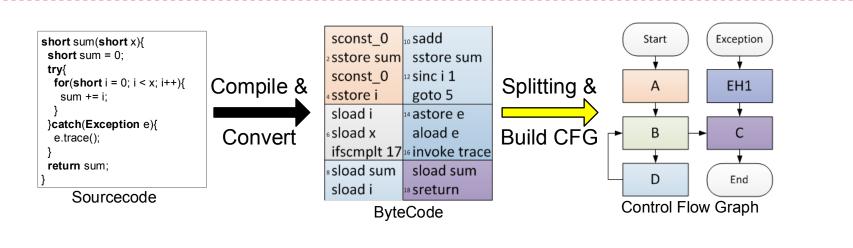
No Secure Loading
 No Business relationship between Card Supplier and Issuer

Needs On-card BCV

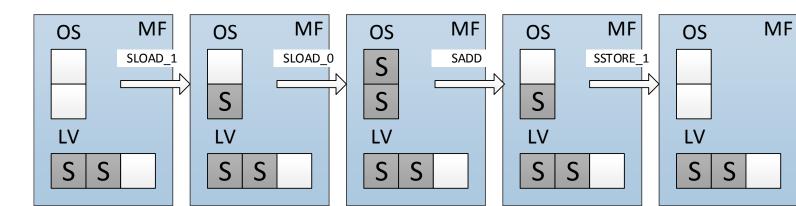


Memory-Efficient BCV

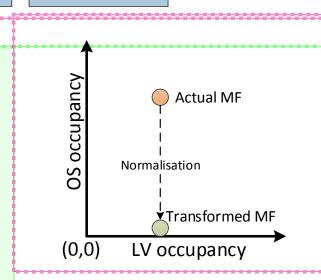
- Working on Basic Blocks
 - Combining Normalising and CFG
 - BB is smallest verifiable unit
- Building CFG
 - On-Card
 - In linear time
- Reuse of Objects to minimize memory usage



- Abstract Interpretation
 - On-Card
 - Working on BB

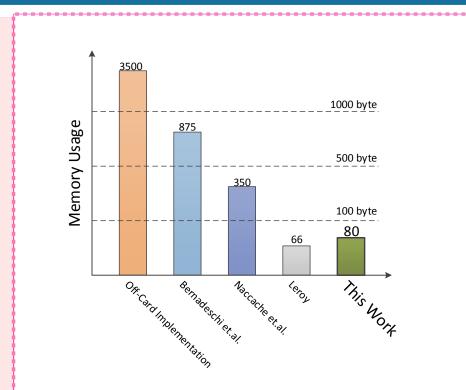


- Temporary Normalisation
 - On-Card
 - Not changing execution of Application



Conclusion

- On-Card
 - Algorithm running on-card
- Standard Compliance
- Temporary Normalisation
- Reducing Memory conumption
- Usable also on low-cost Smart Cards



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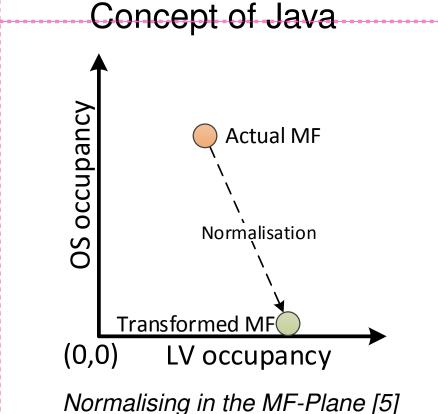
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Related Work

Byte Code Verification

- Original BCV [4, 8]
 - Off-Card
 - Resource intense algorithm
 - Abstract interpretation
- Part of the Sandbox



On Card BCV

- Proof Carrying Code (PCC) [9]
 - Needs Off-Card Components
 - Verification in Single pass
 - +50% size for PCC
- Normalising [5]
- Needs Off-Card Components
- Same memory consumption as execution
- Reducing the Dictionary [2, 6]
 - Using Control Flow Graphs
- Minimizing saved elements of Dictionary

