#### OPENING AND READING WITH FILES

## Opening & Reading TXT Files

## y with

```
with open([file_address], [mode('r'/'w')], encoding=[encoding]) as file:
    content = file.read()
    print(content)
```

#### Get Rainbow CSV Extension

**Q** What it is? An extension that works on CSV files.

**Why do I need it?** CSV files come as lines with comma-separated values. This extension automa-

tically colours each 'column' differently for better visibility.

Where do I get it? VSCode  $\rightarrow$  ctrl + shift + X  $\rightarrow$  search & install 'Rainbow CSV'

#### Opening & Reading CSV Files

### y with

```
import csv
with open([file_address], [mode], [encoding]) as file:
    reader = csv.reader(file)

for row in reader:
    print(row)
```

## Analysing Tables with pandas

## Turn CSV Files into pandas dataframes

#### read\_csv

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv([file_address])
```

### Displaying Table Info with pandas

SYNTAX	What it Does
df.head(k)	shows first k rows of the table, default is 5
df.tail(k)	shows last k rows of the table, default is 5
df.shape	returns a tuple of (num_of_rows, num_of_cols)

# Manipulating Columns with pandas

Syntax	What it Does
df[column_name]	returns all values in a given column as an iterable series
<pre>df[df[col_name] == val]</pre>	compares all values in a given column to value, returns only rows that pass
df[new_col_name] = series	assigns elements of a series one-by-one to the lines of the df as new col
<pre>df.sort_values(col_name)</pre>	sorts col values in ascending/alphabetical order

# • Looking up Specific Cells pandas

Syntax	What it Does
df.loc[k, col_name]	returns a cell in the k-th row of the specified col
df.iloc[m, n]	returns a cell in the m-th row of the n-th col

# Grouping Values with pandas

df.groupby(col1).func()	gets unique elements (groups) from col1 and applies aggregation func
<pre>df.groupby(col1)[col2].func()</pre>	groups unique values in col1, applies aggregation func to col2

## Other Stats with pandas

df.describe()	gets basic stats for all numeric cols
<pre>df[col_name].median()</pre>	prints median of a given col
<pre>df[col_name].mean()</pre>	prints mean of a given col
<pre>df[col_name].std()</pre>	prints standard deviation of a given col
df[col_name].sum()	prints sum of a given col
<pre>df[col_name].min()</pre>	prints the minimal value in a given col
<pre>df[col_name].max()</pre>	prints the maximal value in a given col

Learn more about all the exciting stuff you can do with pandas dataframes here  ${\cal O}$