Metropolitan University, Sylhet

Department of Computer Science and Engineering Spring Term Examination Spring – 2021

Program: B.Sc. in CSE **Batch:** 49th, 50th(A+B) **Course: CSE-231:: Algorithm**

- Course: CSE-231:: Algorithm
- ★ Submit a **PDF** file for the assignment containing your answer.
 - o Answers can be either handwritten or typed.
- ★ Assignment File Name: 201-115-ZZZ_Algo_Assign_Final
 - Replace **ZZZ** with your roll.
 - If you are a retake student, replace the first part of the assignment file corresponding to your roll number.
 - If the filename is not properly formatted you will be penalized with marks.
- ★ If you have any queries, comment, or inform your CR.
- 1. a Is $7log_2(n + 5) = \theta(log_2(n))$? Find all the constants (c1, c2, n_0) and show the required steps.
 - b Write the mathematical definition of o(little oh) and o(big Oh). What are the key differences between them?
 - c Distinguish among weighted, unweighted, directed, and undirected graph.
 - d Does the complexity of algorithms matter? Why? Give your logic.

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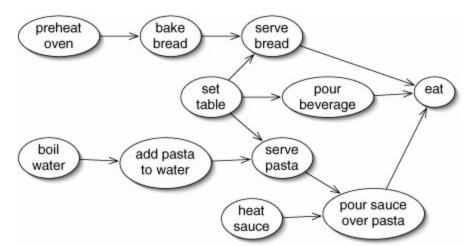
- 2. a Write a short note on recursion.
 - b Write two pseudo-code using recursion which will generate permutation **n** numbers. 6 Show iteration for 3 items (e.g. a, b, c)
 - c What will be the complexity of the algorithm?
- 3 a The Graph below is Given in the following format (x, y, w) which indicates that there 8 is an edge from x to y $(x \rightarrow y)$ which has a weight (cost) of w.

$$(a, b, 1), (b, c, 2), (a, d, 2), (d, b, 1), (d, e, 2), (c, e, 2), (c, f, 2), (e, f, 1)$$

Consider the graph above and find the **Shortest Path** for the graph from **a to f**. Which algorithm will you use? Why? Write the pseudo-code of the algorithm and show each step for the algorithm. Find its complexity.

- b Should your algorithm work "just fine" even when there are negative weights of the edges? Give your logic.
- 4 a Which data structure is used in DFS and why?
 - b Consider the image shared below all are different tasks, but there are some dependencies between the tasks about which should be done before that one. Here as **serve bread** has two edges coming towards it that means, before you can start working on **serve bread** (and finish it), you must have to finish the tasks **set table**, and **bake bread**.

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Your task is to find a learn order of the tasks where all the dependent tasks will be done in such an order that their dependencies are satisfied before accomplishing them.

c Could you come up with an algorithm for the whole process? What is that? Write the pseudo code of your algorithm. Find the complexity of the algorithm.