

University of Moratuwa
Department of Computer Science & Engineering
MBA in Information Technology - 2018

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Title of Assignment : Analytics Challenge - PSID

Assignment No : 01 Group ☒ Individual ☐

Subject Code : CS5122

Subject : Descriptive and Predictive Analytics

Lecturer : Dr. T. Uthayashanker

Student's Statement :

We certify that we have not plagiarized the work of others or participated in unauthorized collusion when preparing this assignment

Office use only :

On/ before deadline Extension Given Late Submission

Marks Given :

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. Families who have higher education levels, can earn more
2. Families who have less education levels earn less
3. Some of the families who have higher education levels, still earn less
4. Families with more kids are can utilize a limited number of hours for working

SUMMARY OF THE DATASET

According to the summary, Max (Education) = 99 & Max (Kids) = 99. These can be outliers. These outliers can cause for wrong analytics.

```
psid<-read.csv("PSID.csv")%>%
```

```
distinct() %>%
```

```
summary(psid)
```

```
> summary(psid)
```

Seq.No	intnum	persnum	age	educatn
Min. : 1	Min. : 4	Min. : 1.00	Min. : 30.00	Min. : 0.00
1st Qu.: 1215	1st Qu.: 1905	1st Qu.: 2.00	1st Qu.: 34.00	1st Qu.: 12.00
Median : 2428	Median : 5464	Median : 4.00	Median : 38.00	Median : 12.00
Mean : 2428	Mean : 4598	Mean : 59.21	Mean : 38.46	Mean : 16.38
3rd Qu.: 3642	3rd Qu.: 6655	3rd Qu.: 170.00	3rd Qu.: 43.00	3rd Qu.: 14.00
Max. : 4856	Max. : 9306	Max. : 205.00	Max. : 50.00	Max. : 99.00
				NA's : 1

earnings	hours	kids	married
Min. : 0	Min. : 0	Min. : 0.000	divorced : 645
1st Qu.: 85	1st Qu.: 32	1st Qu.: 1.000	married : 3071
Median : 11000	Median : 1517	Median : 2.000	NA/DF : 9
Mean : 14245	Mean : 1235	Mean : 4.481	never married: 681
3rd Qu.: 22000	3rd Qu.: 2000	3rd Qu.: 3.000	no histories : 43
Max. : 240000	Max. : 5160	Max. : 99.000	separated : 317
			widowed : 90

```
# Remove outliers
```

```
# Max Kids = 99 and Max Education = 99. These could be outliers
```

```
psid<-filter(psid, psid$educatn<=20 & psid$kids<=20)
```

```
summary(psid)
```

```
> psid<-filter(psid, psid$educatn<=20 & psid$kids<=20)
```

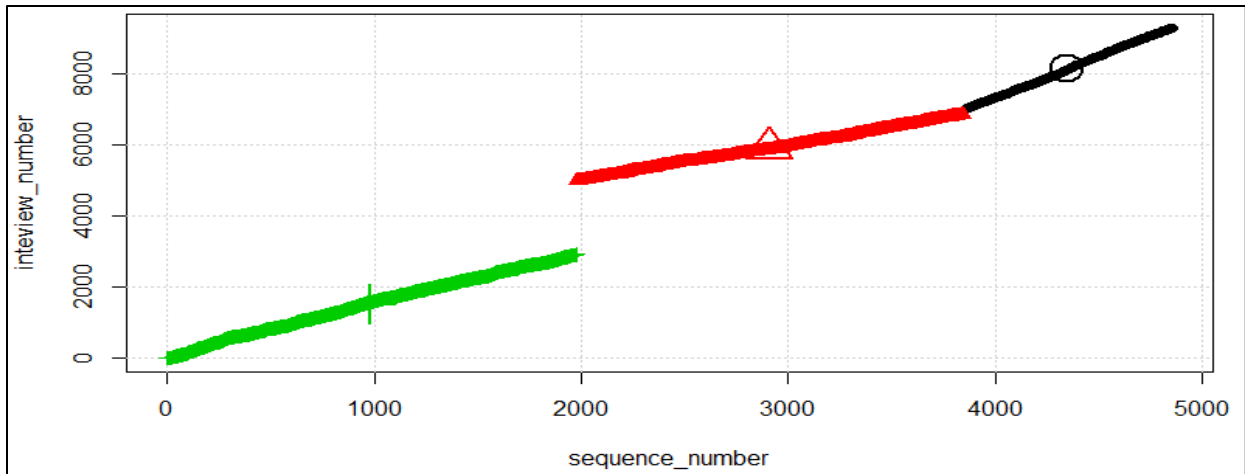
```
> summary(psid)
```

Seq.No	intnum	persnum	age	educatn
Min. : 1	Min. : 4	Min. : 1.00	Min. : 30.00	Min. : 0.00
1st Qu.: 1185	1st Qu.: 1853	1st Qu.: 2.00	1st Qu.: 34.00	1st Qu.: 12.00
Median : 2396	Median : 5438	Median : 4.00	Median : 38.00	Median : 12.00
Mean : 2401	Mean : 4546	Mean : 57.37	Mean : 38.41	Mean : 12.46
3rd Qu.: 3607	3rd Qu.: 6615	3rd Qu.: 170.00	3rd Qu.: 43.00	3rd Qu.: 14.00
Max. : 4856	Max. : 9306	Max. : 200.00	Max. : 50.00	Max. : 17.00

earnings	hours	kids	married
Min. : 0	Min. : 0	Min. : 0.000	divorced : 574
1st Qu.: 400	1st Qu.: 100	1st Qu.: 1.000	married : 2946
Median : 11242	Median : 1534	Median : 2.000	NA/DF : 8
Mean : 14487	Mean : 1252	Mean : 2.151	never married: 625
3rd Qu.: 22515	3rd Qu.: 2000	3rd Qu.: 3.000	no histories : 0
Max. : 240000	Max. : 5025	Max. : 10.000	separated : 291
			widowed : 84

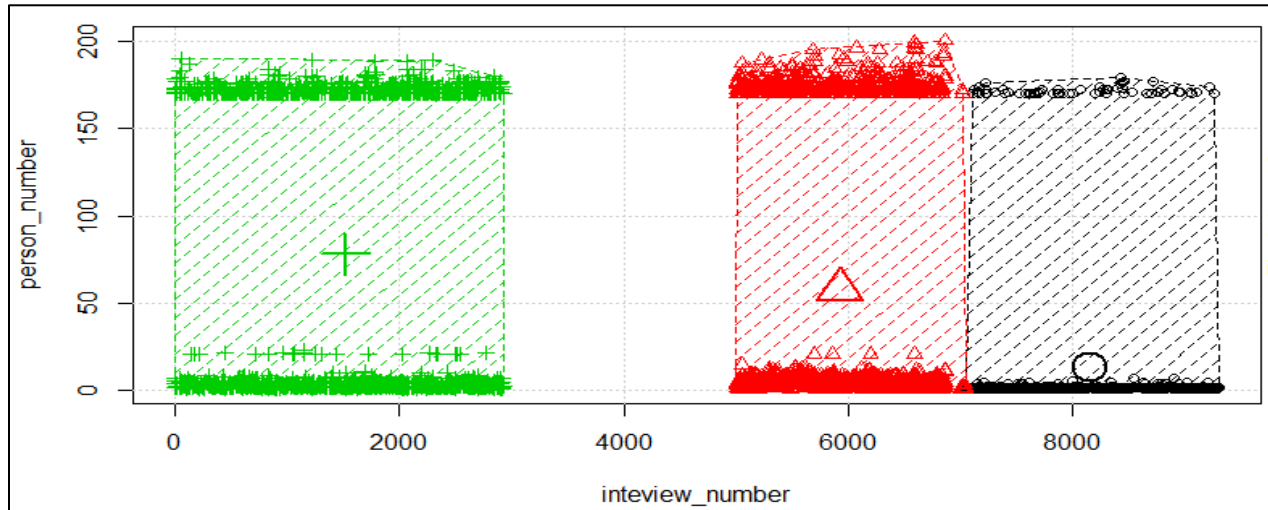
SAMPLE DATASET

```
psid<-psid %>%  
  rename(  
    sequence_number = Seq.No,  
    interview_number = intnum,  
    person_number = persnum,  
    age = age,  
    education = educatn,  
    earnings = earnings,  
    number_of_hours = hours,  
    number_of_kids = kids,  
    marital_status = married  
  )  
set.seed(12345)  
kmeans.ani(psid[1:2], 3)
```



Following three clusters shows that there are six groups of people in the given sample.

```
set.seed(12345)
kmeans.ani(psid[2:3], 3)
```

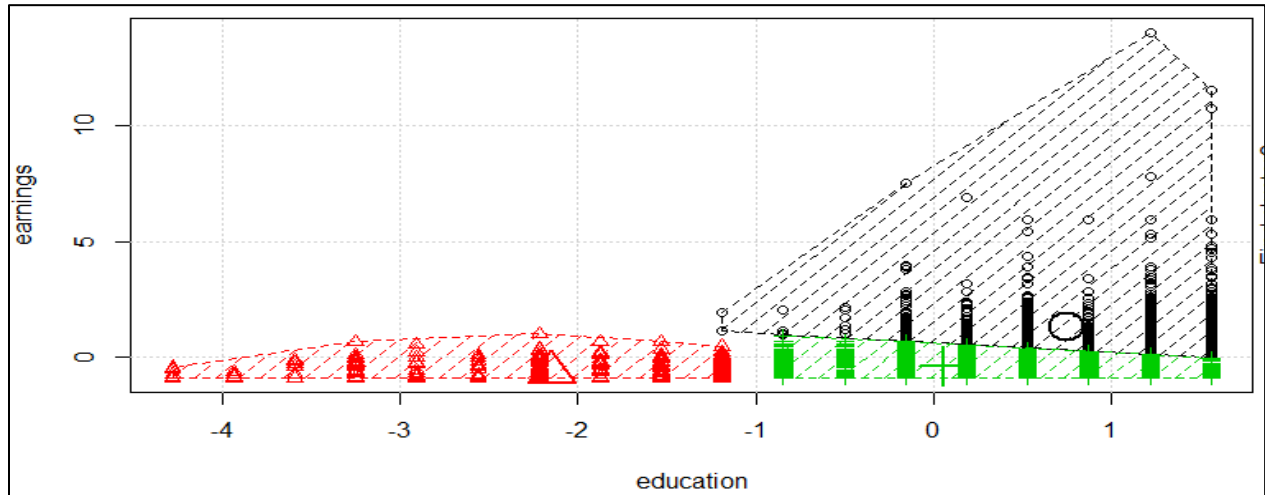


```
scaled_psid <- psid %>%
  mutate(age = scale (age),
    education = scale (education),
    earnings = scale(earnings),
    number_of_hours = scale (number_of_hours),
    number_of_kids = scale (number_of_kids)) %>%
  select(-c(sequence_number, interview_number, person_number, marital_status))
```

EDUCATION VS EARNINGS

```
set.seed(12345)  
kmeans.ani(scaled_psid[1:2], 3)
```

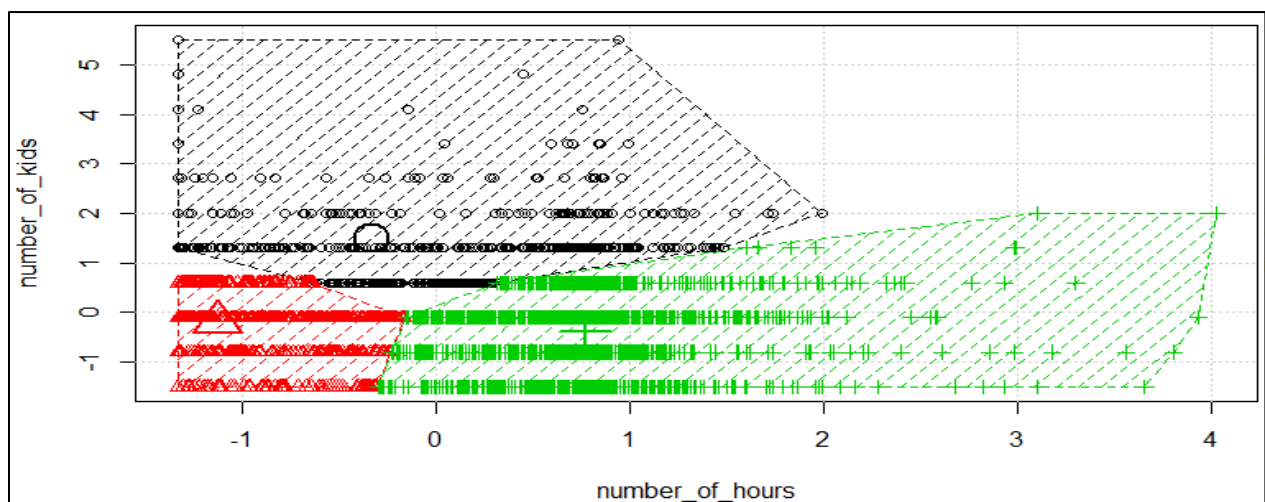
Following analysis reveals that, as the education level increased the earning level of the people is also increased.



NUMBER OF HOURS VS NUMBER OF KIDS

```
set.seed(12345)  
kmeans.ani(scaled_psid[1:2], 3)
```

Following analysis reveals families with less number of kids work good number of hours. However, families with high number of kids are unable to work for high number of hours.



NUMBER OF HOURS VS EARNINGS

```
set.seed(12345)
kmeans.ani(scaled_psid[4:3], 3)
```

