Unit 01_010 - Arithmetic and Data Representation

The following is a cheatsheet for some of the material covered in the video. You may use this sheet on the quiz. You will get this sheet on the exam. You will need to be fill in the "Binary" column of the second table. I suggest that you use 4 binary digits with zero padding on the left.

I expect everyone to be able to do the following arithmetic without a calculator. We will only be using integers

- Addition and subtraction of multi-digit numbers
- Multiply and divide any number by 2
- Multiply and divide any number by 10
- Multiply any integer by 16 with the assistance of the second table on page 2.
- Divide any integer by 16 with the assistance of the second table on page 2.
- Find the remainder when dividing by 16 with the assistance of the second table on page 2.

| n | 2^n | Other |
|----|-----------|-------------------|
| 0 | 1 | 8^0 and 16^0 |
| 1 | 2 | |
| 2 | 4 | |
| 3 | 8 | |
| 4 | 16 | 16^{1} |
| 5 | 32 | |
| 6 | 64 | |
| 7 | 128 | |
| 8 | 256 | 16^{2} |
| 9 | 512 | |
| 10 | 1024 | 1 Kilobyte |
| 11 | 2048 | |
| 12 | 4096 | 16^{3} |
| 13 | 8092 | |
| 14 | 16,384 | |
| 15 | 32,768 | |
| 16 | 65,536 | 16^{4} |
| 17 | 131,082 | |
| 18 | 262,144 | |
| 19 | 524,288 | |
| 20 | 1,048,576 | 16^5 1 Megabyte |

IT professionals will usually recognize many of the powers of 2. Non-IT professionals often recognize some powers of 2 as "computer numbers." The numbers that are shown in light gray are not as commonly recognized. The "Other" column shows some other useful equivalents.

| Decimal | Hexadecimal | Binary |
|---------|-------------|--------|
| 0 | 0 | 0000 |
| 1 | 1 | 0001 |
| 2 | 2 | |
| 3 | 3 | |
| 4 | 4 | |
| 5 | 5 | |
| 6 | 6 | |
| 7 | 7 | |
| 8 | 8 | |
| 9 | 9 | |
| 10 | A | |
| 11 | В | |
| 12 | С | |
| 13 | D | |
| 14 | Е | |
| 15 | F | |

You will need to count to 15 in binary.

| Multiplication | Result |
|------------------|--------|
| $16 \cdot 0$ | 0 |
| $16 \cdot 1$ | 16 |
| $16 \cdot 2$ | 32 |
| $16 \cdot 3$ | 48 |
| $16 \cdot 4$ | 64 |
| $16 \cdot 5$ | 80 |
| $16 \cdot 6$ | 96 |
| $16 \cdot 7$ | 112 |
| $16 \cdot 8$ | 128 |
| $16 \cdot 9$ | 144 |
| $16 \cdot 10(a)$ | 160 |
| $16 \cdot 11(b)$ | 176 |
| 16 · 12 (c) | 192 |
| 16 · 13 (d) | 208 |
| 16 · 14 (e) | 224 |
| 16 · 15 (f) | 240 |
| $16 \cdot 16$ | 256 |