ដំឡើង និងរៀបចំ FTP Server

(Anonymous share with read permission and Local users share with full permission) vsftpd stands for Very Secure File Transport Protocol Daemon is a secure, fast FTP server for Unix/Linux systems.

- យើងប្រើប្រាស់វាសម្រាប់ Copy files ដែលស្ថិតនៅចន្លោះ Client និង Server នៅក្នុងបណ្តាញ(Internet) ដែលរួមបញ្ចូលទាំង Anonymous User និង Local User។ ប្រភេទនៃ FTP Users មានពីរប្រភេទគឺ
 - . Real-Users (Local User)
 - . Guest-Users (Anonymous)
- FTP អាស្រ័យលើ Port TCP ដើម្បីដំណើរការ
- FTP Control Channel ដំណើរការ Port TCP 21 For connecting between client and server
- FTP Data Channel ដំណើរការ Port 20 For transfer data
 - > របៀបដំឡើង FTP Server for CentOS Stream 9 Install the FTP Packages
 - + នៅក្នុង Virtual Machine in VMware: (Install In server of CentOS 9) #dnf update -y: Updates system

#dnf install -y vsftpd ftp: Install vsftpd

Verify: #rpm -q vsftpd ftp

```
Installing : ftp-0.17-89.el9.x86_64

Running scriptlet: ftp-0.17-89.el9.x86_64

Verifying : ftp-0.17-89.el9.x86_64

Installed: ftp-0.17-89.el9.x86_64

Complete! [root@localhost ~]# rpm -q vsftpd ftp /sftpd-3.0.5-6.el9.x86_64

ttp-0.17-89.el9.x86_64
```

> របៀប Configure FTP Server for CentOS Stream 9
Anonymous Users (Read Permission and Use Default Dir(/var/ftp/pub/))

Step 1: Edit Configuration file(vsftpd.config)

```
Vim /etc/vsftpd/vsftpd.conf

# Enable anonymous access (Read-only)
anonymous_enable=YES

#add passive mode settings
pasv_enable=YES

pasv_min_port=40000
pasv_max_port=50000

#Test file to check login access
ftpd_banner=Welcome to FTP service RUPP Assignment team1.

Verify: vsftpd
Check Status, Start and Enable FTP Service(vsftpd)
#systemctl status vsftpd
#systemctl start vsftpd
#systemctl enable vsftpd
#systemctl enable vsftpd
```

Step 2: Configure Firewall and SELinux

1. Allow FTP server through Firewall

```
firewall-cmd --add-service=ftp --permanent firewall-cmd --add-port=40000-50000/tcp --permanent firewall-cmd --reload
```

Verify: firewall-cmd --list-all

```
[root@localhost /]# firewall-cmd --list-all
public (active)
  target: default
  icmp-block-inversion: no
  interfaces: ens160
  sources:
  services: cockpit dhcpv6-client ssh
  ports.
  protocols:
  forward: yes
  masquerade: no
  forward-ports:
  source-ports:
  icmp-blocks:
  rich rules:
```

2. If using SELinux, allow FTP access:

```
setsebool -P ftpd_full_access 1
```

3. Set Up the Anonymous FTP Directory

Create the FTP root directory for anonymous users:

```
mkdir -p /var/ftp/pub
```

Set the correct permissions (read-only for anonymous users):

```
chmod -R 755 /var/ftp
chown -R ftp:ftp /var/ftp
```

verify access:

echo "Welcome to the Anonymous FTP Server!" | sudo tee /var/ftp/pub/welcome.txt

4. Testing FTP access from Clients

Local Users (Full Permissions)

Step1 and Step2: like anonymous users

Step 3: Create an FTP User

1. Create a new local user for FTP

useradd -m ftpuser passwd ftpuser

2. Set the correct permissions for the home directory:

chown -R ftpuser:ftpuser/home/ftpuser chmod -R 755/home/ftpuser

3. Test Local User Access via Command Line:

ftp ip-address Server
username: ftpuser
password:

- Try to download:

get myfile.txt

```
noyrada@localhost:~ — ftp 192.168.12.149
                                                                  root@localhost:/
[noyrada@localhost ~]$ ftp 192.168.12.149
Connected to 192.168.12.149 (192.168.12.149).
220 Welcome to FTP service by RUPP Assignment team1.
Name (192.168.12.149:noyrada): ftpuser
331 Please specify the password.
Password:
230 Login successful.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp> ll
?Invalid command
ftp> ls
227 Entering Passive Mode (192,168,12,149,156,240).
150 Here comes the directory listing.
-rw-r--r-- 1 0
                         0
                                        17 Mar 11 16:19 myfile.txt
226 Directory send OK.
ftp> get myfile.txt
local: myfile.txt remote: myfile.txt
227 Entering Passive Mode (192,168,12,149,190,21).
150 Opening BINARY mode data connection for myfile.txt (17 bytes).
226 Transfer complete.
17 bytes received in 0.000962 secs (17.67 Kbytes/sec)
ftp>
```