Keep Learning

GRADE 100%

TO PASS 80% or higher

Practice Quiz: Solving Conflicts

TOTAL POINTS 5

1.	. If you're making changes to a local branch while another user has also made changes to the remote branch, which command will trigger a merge?	oint
	git push	
	o git pull	
	git rebase	
	git fetch	
	✓ Correct	
	Nice job! The git pull command runs git fetch with the given parameters, then calls git merge to merge the retrieved branch heads into the current branch.	

Which of the following is a reason to use rebase instead of merging?	1 / 1 point
When you want to keep a linear commit history	
When you want a set of commits to be clearly grouped together in history	
When you are on a public branch	
When pushing commits to a remote branch	
Correct Way to go! git rebase is useful for maintaining a clean, linear commit history.	
Where should we keep the latest stable version of the project?	1/1 point
○ The master branch	
A separate branch from the master branch	
○ The debug branch	
A remote branch	
Correct Great work! It's common practice to keep the latest version in the master branch and the latest stable version in a separate branch.	
	 When you want to keep a linear commit history When you want a set of commits to be clearly grouped together in history When you are on a public branch When pushing commits to a remote branch Correct Way to go! git rebase is useful for maintaining a clean, linear commit history. Where should we keep the latest stable version of the project? The master branch A separate branch from the master branch The debug branch A remote branch Correct Great work! It's common practice to keep the latest version in the master branch and the latest stable version

4.	Wh	ich of the following statements represent best practices for collaboration? (check all that apply)	1 / 1 point
	✓	When working on a big change, it makes sense to have a separate feature branch.	
	,	Correct Right on! This lets you work on new changes, while still enabling you to fix bugs in the other branch.	
		You should always rebase changes that have been pushed to remote repos.	
	~	Always synchronize your branches before starting any work on your own.	
	•	 Correct Awesome! That way, whenever you start changing code, you know that you're starting from the most recent version, and you minimize the chances of conflicts or the need for rebasing. 	
	~	Avoid having very large changes that modify a lot of different things.	
	,	✓ Correct Woohoo! Instead, try to make changes as small as possible, as long as they're self-contained.	
5.	Wh	at command would we use to change the base of the current branch?	1 / 1 point
	0	git checkout <branchname></branchname>	
	0	git pull	
	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	git rebase branchname>	
		✓ Correct Right on! You can also use git rebase <branchname> to change the base of the current branch to be <bra> <bra> <bra> <branchname>.</branchname></bra></bra></bra></branchname>	