SQL Data Definition Language: Exercises

1. Which of the following table definitions are valid? Where invalid, explain why.

```
create table Stuff2 (
create table Stuff1 (
   name text primary key,
                                                      name varchar(25) primary key,
  number int,
                                                     number int primary key,
  rating float not null
                                                      rating float
);
                                                   );
create table Stuff3 (
                                                   create table Stuff4 (
  name text primary key,
                                                     name char(30) unique,
  number int unique default 0,
                                                     number int unique,
  rating float
                                                     rating real
);
                                                   );
```

2. Suppose we have defined this table:

```
create table Fluff (
   this int,
   that int,
   other text unique,
   primary key (this, that)
);
```

Which of the following is valid? (Consider each as if it were being applied to any empty instance of the table.) For each that is invalid, identify the problem.

```
insert into Fluff values (1, 2, 'my'), (1, 2, 'night'); insert into Fluff values (11, 22, 'twinkle'), (33, 44, 'twinkle'); insert into Fluff values (100, 5, 'night'), (100, 10, 'my'); insert into Fluff values (null, null, 'oh'); insert into Fluff values (5, null, 'uh'); insert into Fluff values (null, 20, 'a'), (null, 21, 'b'); insert into Fluff values (80, 81, null); insert into Fluff values (90, 91, null), (92, 93, null);
```

3. Again, suppose we have defined this table:

```
create table Fluff (
   this int,
   that int,
   other text unique,
   primary key (this, that)
);
Which of these table definitions is valid, given the definition of table Fluff? Where invalid, explain why.
create table Nonsense1 (
                                                    create table Nonsense2 (
    a int,
                                                         a int,
                                                        b text references Fluff(other)
    b int,
    foreign key (b) references Fluff(this)
                                                    );
);
create table Nonsense3 (
                                               create table Nonsense4 (
    a int,
                                                    a int references Fluff(blah),
                                                   b int
    b int,
    c int,
                                               );
    foreign key (b, c) references Fluff
);
```

4. Can you think of any other ways that an attempt to define a foreign key could fail?