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Course Name: Principles of Software Design

Lab Section: B01

Course Code: ENSF 480

Assignment Number: Lab-3

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Exercise A:

Circle.cpp

```
#include "Circle.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;

//constructor
Circle::Circle(double x, double y, double radius, const char* name)
    : Shape(Point(x,y), name), radius(radius) {}

//copy constructor
Circle::Circle(const Circle& other) : Shape(other), radius(other.radius) {
}

//assignment operator
Circle& Circle::operator=(const Circle& rhs) {
    if (this != &rhs) {
        Shape::operator=(rhs);
        radius = rhs.radius;
    }
    return *this;
}

//destructor:
Circle::~Circle() {

}

double Circle::area() const {
    return M_PI * radius * radius;
}

double Circle::perimeter() const {
    return M_PI * radius * 2;
}

double Circle::get_radius() const {
    return radius;
}

void Circle::set_radius(double r) {
    radius = r;
}

void Circle::display() const {
    Shape::display();
    cout << "Radius: " << radius << endl;
    cout << "Area: " << area() << endl;
    cout << "Perimeter: " << perimeter() << endl;
}
```

Circle.h

```
#ifndef CIRCLE_H
#define CIRCLE_H

#include "Shape.h"
#include "Point.h"

class Circle : virtual public Shape {
protected:
    double radius;

public:
    Circle(double x, double y, double radius, const char* name);
    Circle(const Circle& other);
    Circle& operator=(const Circle& rhs);

    ~Circle();

    double area() const;

    double perimeter() const;

    double get_radius() const;
    void set_radius(double radius);

    virtual void display() const;
};

#endif
```

CurveCut.cpp

```
#include "CurveCut.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>

using namespace std;

// Constructor
CurveCut::CurveCut(double x, double y, double side_a, double side_b, double
radius, const char* name)
    : Shape(Point(x,y), name), Rectangle(Point(x,y), name, side_a, side_b),
    Circle(x, y, radius, name) {
    if (radius > side_a || radius > side_b) {
        cerr << "Error: Radius must be less than or equal to the smaller of
width and length." << endl;
        exit(1);
    }
}

// Copy Constructor
CurveCut::CurveCut(const CurveCut& other) : Rectangle(other), Circle(other),
Shape(other.getOrigin(), other.getName()) {}
```

```

// Assignment Operator
CurveCut& CurveCut::operator=(const CurveCut& rhs) {
    if (this != &rhs) {
        Rectangle::operator=(rhs);
        Circle::operator=(rhs);
    }
    return *this;
}

CurveCut::~CurveCut() {}

double CurveCut::area() const {
    double rectArea = Rectangle::area();
    double circleCutArea = M_PI * get_radius() * get_radius() * 0.25;
    return (rectArea - circleCutArea);
}

double CurveCut::perimeter() const {
    double rectanglePerimeter = Rectangle::perimeter();
    double circleCutPerimeter = Circle::perimeter() * 0.25;
    return (rectanglePerimeter - (2 * get_radius()) + circleCutPerimeter);
}

void CurveCut::display() const {
    cout << "CurveCut Name: " << getName() << endl;
    cout << "X-coordinate: " << getOrigin().getx() << endl;
    cout << "Y-coordinate: " << getOrigin().gety() << endl;
    cout << "Width: " << get_side_b() << endl;
    cout << "Length: " << get_side_a() << endl;
    cout << "Radius of the cut: " << get_radius() << endl;
}

```

CurveCut.h

```

#ifndef CURVECUT_H
#define CURVECUT_H

#include "Rectangle.h"
#include "Circle.h"

class CurveCut : public Rectangle, public Circle {
public:
    CurveCut(double x, double y, double side_a, double side_b, double
radius, const char* name);

    CurveCut(const CurveCut& other);

    CurveCut& operator=(const CurveCut& rhs);

    ~CurveCut();

    double area() const;

```

```

        double perimeter() const;

        void display() const;
};

#endif // CURVECUT_H

```

GraphicsWorld.cpp

```

#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
#include "GraphicsWorld.h"
using namespace std;

int main() {
    GraphicsWorld gw;
    gw.run();
    return 0;
}

void GraphicsWorld::run() {
    std::cout << "made by Neha Parmar and Shahed Issa";

    // Change 0 to 1 to test Point
    #if 1
    Point m(6, 8);
    Point n(6, 8);
    n.setx(9);
    std::cout << "\nExpected to display the distance between m and n is: 3";
    std::cout << "\nThe distance between m and n is: " << m.distance(n);
    std::cout << "\nExpected second version of the distance function also
print: 3";
    std::cout << "\nThe distance between m and n is again: " <<
Point::distance(m, n);
    #endif // end of block to test Point

    // Change 0 to 1 to test Square
    #if 1
    std::cout << "\n\nTesting Functions in class Square:" << std::endl;
    Point p1(5, 7); // Create a Point object for Square constructor
    Square s(p1, "SQUARE - S", 12);
    s.display();
    #endif // end of block to test Square

    // Change 0 to 1 to test Rectangle
    #if 1
    std::cout << "\nTesting Functions in class Rectangle:\n";
    Point p2(5, 7); // Create Point object for Rectangle constructor
    Rectangle a(p2, "RECTANGLE A", 12, 15);
    a.display();

    Point p3(16, 7); // Create Point object for another Rectangle
    Rectangle b(p3, "RECTANGLE B", 8, 9);

```

```

b.display();

double d = a.distance(b);
std::cout << "\nDistance between rectangle a and b is: " << d <<
std::endl;

Rectangle rec1 = a;
rec1.display();

std::cout << "\nTesting assignment operator in class Rectangle:" <<
std::endl;
Point p4(3, 4); // Create Point object for another Rectangle
Rectangle rec2(p4, "RECTANGLE rec2", 11, 7);
rec2.display();
rec2 = a;

a.set_side_b(200);
a.set_side_a(100);

std::cout << "\nExpected to display the following values for object
rec2: " << std::endl;
std::cout << "Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A\n"
<< "X-coordinate: 5\n"
<< "Y-coordinate: 7\n"
<< "Side a: 12\n"
<< "Side b: 15\n"
<< "Area: 180\n"
<< "Perimeter: 54\n";
std::cout << "\nIf it doesn't, there is a problem with your assignment
operator.\n" << std::endl;
rec2.display();

std::cout << "\n\nTesting copy constructor in class Rectangle:" <<
std::endl;
Rectangle rec3(a);
rec3.display();

a.set_side_b(300);
a.set_side_a(400);

std::cout << "\n\nExpected to display the following values for object
rec3: " << std::endl;
std::cout << "Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A\n"
<< "X-coordinate: 5\n"
<< "Y-coordinate: 7\n"
<< "Side a: 100\n"
<< "Side b: 200\n"
<< "Area: 20000\n"
<< "Perimeter: 600\n";
std::cout << "\nIf it doesn't, there is a problem with your copy
constructor.\n" << std::endl;
rec3.display();
#endif

// Change 0 to 1 to test using array of pointers and polymorphism
#if 0

```

```

    std::cout << "\nTesting array of pointers and polymorphism:" <<
std::endl;
    Shape* sh[4];
    sh[0] = &s;
    sh[1] = &b;
    sh[2] = &rec1;
    sh[3] = &rec3;

    sh[0]->display();
    sh[1]->display();
    sh[2]->display();
    sh[3]->display();
#endif // end of block to test array of pointers and polymorphism

#if 1
cout << "\n\nTesting Functions in class Circle:" << endl;
Circle c(3, 5, 9, "CIRCLE C");
c.display();
cout << "The area of " << c.getName() << " is: " << c.area() << endl;
cout << "The perimeter of " << c.getName() << " is: " << c.perimeter()
<< endl;

d = a.distance(c);
cout << "\nThe distance between rectangle a and circle c is: " << d <<
endl;

CurveCut rc(6, 5, 10, 12, 9, "CurveCut rc");
rc.display();
cout << "The area of " << rc.Rectangle::getName() << " is: " <<
rc.area() << endl;
cout << "The perimeter of " << rc.Rectangle::getName() << " is: " <<
rc.perimeter() << endl;

d = rc.Rectangle::distance(c);
cout << "\nThe distance between rc and c is: " << d << endl;

// Using array of Shape pointers:
Shape* sh[4];
sh[0] = &s;
sh[1] = &a;
sh[2] = &c;
sh[3] = &rc;

sh[0]->display();
cout << "The area of " << sh[0]->getName() << " is: " << sh[0]->area()
<< endl;
cout << "The perimeter of " << sh[0]->getName() << " is: " <<
sh[0]->perimeter() << endl;

sh[1]->display();
cout << "The area of " << sh[1]->getName() << " is: " << sh[1]->area()
<< endl;
cout << "The perimeter of " << sh[1]->getName() << " is: " <<
sh[1]->perimeter() << endl;

sh[2]->display();

```

```

    cout << "The area of " << sh[2]->getName() << " is: " << sh[2]->area()
<< endl;
    cout << "The perimeter of " << sh[2]->getName() << " is: " <<
sh[2]->perimeter() << endl;

    sh[3]->display();
    cout << "The area of " << sh[3]->getName() << " is: " << sh[3]->area()
<< endl;
    cout << "The perimeter of " << sh[3]->getName() << " is: " <<
sh[3]->perimeter() << endl;

// Testing copy constructor in class CurveCut:
cout << "\n\nTesting copy constructor in class CurveCut:" << endl;
CurveCut cc = rc;
cc.display();

// Testing assignment operator in class CurveCut:
cout << "\n\nTesting assignment operator in class CurveCut:" << endl;
CurveCut cc2(2, 5, 10, 12, 9, "CurveCut cc2");
cc2.display();
cc2 = rc;
cc2.display();
#endif

}

```

GraphicsWorld.h

```

#ifndef GRAPHICS_WORLD_H
#define GRAPHICS_WORLD_H

#include "Point.h"
#include "Square.h"
#include "Rectangle.h"
#include "Shape.h"
#include "Circle.h"
#include "CurveCut.h"

class GraphicsWorld {
public:
    void run();
};

#endif

```

Point.cpp

```

#include "Point.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;

```

```

int Point::count = 1001;

Point::Point(double xCoord, double yCoord) : x(xCoord), y(yCoord) {
    id = count++;
}

double Point::getx() const {
    return x;
}

double Point::gety() const {
    return y;
}

void Point::setx(double xCoord) {
    x = xCoord;
}

void Point::sety(double yCoord) {
    y = yCoord;
}

void Point::display() const {
    cout << "X-coordinate: " << x << endl;
    cout << "Y-coordinate: " << y << endl;
}

int Point::counter() {
    return count - 1001;
}

double Point::distance(const Point& other) const {
    return sqrt((x - other.x) * (x - other.x) + (y - other.y) * (y - other.y));
}

double Point::distance(const Point& p1, const Point& p2) {
    return sqrt((p1.x - p2.x) * (p1.x - p2.x) + (p1.y - p2.y) * (p1.y - p2.y));
}

```

Point.h

```

#ifndef POINT_H
#define POINT_H

class Point {
private:
    static int count;
    int id;
    double x, y;

```

```

public:
    Point(double xCoord, double yCoord);

    void display() const;

    static int counter();

    double distance(const Point& other) const;

    static double distance(const Point& p1, const Point& p2);

    // Getters
    double getx() const;
    double gety() const;

    // Setters
    void setx(double xCoord);
    void sety(double yCoord);
};

#endif

```

Rectangle.cpp

```

#include "Rectangle.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;

Rectangle::Rectangle(const Point& p, const char* name, double side_a, double
side_b)
    : Square(p, name, side_a), side_b(side_b), Shape(p, name) {}

Rectangle::Rectangle(const Rectangle& other) : Square(other),
side_b(other.side_b), Shape(other) {}

Rectangle& Rectangle::operator=(const Rectangle& rhs) {
    if (this != &rhs) {
        Square::operator=(rhs);
        side_b = rhs.side_b;
    }
    return *this;
}

Rectangle::~Rectangle() {}

double Rectangle::area() const {
    return get_side_a() * side_b;
}

double Rectangle::perimeter() const {

```

```

        return 2 * (get_side_a() + side_b);
    }

double Rectangle::get_side_b() const {
    return side_b;
}

void Rectangle::set_side_b(double side) {
    side_b = side;
}

void Rectangle::display() const {
    cout << "Rectangle Name: " << getName() << endl;
    cout << "X-coordinate: " << getOrigin().getx() << endl;
    cout << "Y-coordinate: " << getOrigin().gety() << endl;
    cout << "Width (Side a): " << get_side_a() << endl;
    cout << "Height (Side b): " << side_b << endl;
    cout << "Area: " << area() << endl;
    cout << "Perimeter: " << perimeter() << endl;
}

```

Rectangle.h

```

#ifndef RECTANGLE_H
#define RECTANGLE_H

#include "Square.h"

class Rectangle : public Square {
private:
    double side_b;

public:
    Rectangle(const Point& p, const char* name, double side_a, double
    side_b);
    Rectangle(const Rectangle& other);
    Rectangle& operator=(const Rectangle& rhs);

    ~Rectangle();

    double area() const;

    double perimeter() const;

    double get_side_b() const;
    void set_side_b(double side);

    void display() const;
};

#endif // RECTANGLE_H

```

Shape.cpp

```
#include "Shape.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;

//constructor
Shape::Shape(const Point& p, const char* name) : origin(p) {
    shapeName = new char[strlen(name) + 1];
    strcpy(shapeName, name);
}

//Copy constructor
Shape::Shape(const Shape& other) : origin(other.origin){
    shapeName = new char[strlen(other.shapeName)+1];
    strcpy(shapeName, other.shapeName);
}

//assignment operator
Shape& Shape::operator=(const Shape& rhs){
    if (this != &rhs) {
        origin = rhs.origin;
        delete[] shapeName;

        shapeName = new char[strlen(rhs.shapeName)+1];
        strcpy(shapeName, rhs.shapeName);

    }
}

Shape::~Shape() {
    delete[] shapeName;
}

const Point& Shape::getOrigin() const {
    return origin;
}

const char* Shape::getName() const {
    return shapeName;
}

void Shape::display() const {
    cout << "Shape Name: " << shapeName << endl;
    cout << "X-coordinate: " << origin.getx() << endl;
    cout << "Y-coordinate: " << origin.gety() << endl;
}

double Shape::distance(const Shape& other) const {
    return Point::distance(this->origin, other.origin);
}
```

```

double Shape::distance(const Shape& shape1, const Shape& shape2) {
    return Point::distance(shape1.origin, shape2.origin);
}

void Shape::move(double dx, double dy) {
    origin.setx(origin.getx() + dx);
    origin.sety(origin.gety() + dy);
}

```

Shape.h

```

#ifndef SHAPE_H
#define SHAPE_H

#include "Point.h"

class Shape {
private:
    Point origin;
    char* shapeName;

public:
    Shape(const Point& p, const char* name);
    Shape(const Shape& other);
    Shape& operator=(const Shape& rhs);

    ~Shape();

    const Point& getOrigin() const;

    const char* getName() const;

    virtual void display() const;

    virtual double distance(const Shape& other) const;
    static double distance(const Shape& shape1, const Shape& shape2);

    void move(double dx, double dy);
    virtual double area() const =0 ;
    virtual double perimeter() const=0;
};

#endif

```

Square.cpp

```

#include "Square.h"
#include <iostream>

```

```

#include <cstring>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;

//constructor
Square::Square(const Point& p, const char* name, double side_a)
    : Shape(p, name), side_a(side_a) {}

//copy constructor
Square::Square(const Square& other) : Shape(other), side_a(other.side_a) {}

//assignment operator
Square& Square::operator=(const Square& rhs) {
    if (this != &rhs) {
        Shape::operator=(rhs);
        side_a = rhs.side_a;
    }
    return *this;
}

//destructor:
Square::~Square() {}

double Square::area() const {
    return side_a * side_a;
}

double Square::perimeter() const {
    return side_a * 4;
}

double Square::get_side_a() const {
    return side_a;
}

void Square::set_side_a(double side) {
    side_a = side;
}

void Square::display() const {
    cout << "Square Name: " << getName() << endl;
    cout << "X-coordinate: " << getOrigin().getx() << endl;
    cout << "Y-coordinate: " << getOrigin().gety() << endl;
    cout << "Side a: " << side_a << endl;
    cout << "Area: " << area() << endl;
    cout << "Perimeter: " << perimeter() << endl;
}

```

Square.h

```
#ifndef SQUARE_H
#define SQUARE_H

#include "Shape.h"
#include "Point.h"

class Square : virtual public Shape {
protected:
    double side_a;

public:
    Square(const Point& p, const char* name, double side_a);
    Square(const Square& other);
    Square& operator=(const Square& rhs);

    ~Square();

    double area() const;

    double perimeter() const;

    double get_side_a() const;
    void set_side_a(double side);

    virtual void display() const;
};

#endif
```

Output:

```
✓ TERMINAL
^~  
PS C:\Users\nehap\Desktop\ENSF-480\LAB3\ExerciseA> g++ -mconsole -o GraphicsWorld GraphicsWorld.cpp CurveCut.cpp  
PS C:\Users\nehap\Desktop\ENSF-480\LAB3\ExerciseA> ./GraphicsWorld  
made by Neha Parmar and Shahed Issa  
Expected to display the distance between m and n is: 3  
The distance between m and n is: 3  
Expected second version of the distance function also print: 3  
The distance between m and n is again: 3  
  
Testing Functions in class Square:  
Square Name: SQUARE - S  
X-coordinate: 5  
Y-coordinate: 7  
Side a: 12  
Area: 144  
Perimeter: 48  
  
Testing Functions in class Rectangle:  
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A  
X-coordinate: 5  
Y-coordinate: 7  
Width (Side a): 12  
Height (Side b): 15  
Area: 180  
Perimeter: 54  
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE B  
X-coordinate: 16  
Y-coordinate: 7  
Width (Side a): 8  
Height (Side b): 9  
Area: 72  
Perimeter: 34  
  
Distance between rectangle a and b is: 11  
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A  
X-coordinate: 5  
Y-coordinate: 7  
Width (Side a): 12  
Height (Side b): 15  
Area: 180  
Perimeter: 54
```

```
Testing assignment operator in class Rectangle:  
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE rec2  
X-coordinate: 3  
Y-coordinate: 4  
Width (Side a): 11  
Height (Side b): 7  
Area: 77  
Perimeter: 36
```

```
Expected to display the following values for object rec2:  
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A  
X-coordinate: 5  
Y-coordinate: 7  
Side a: 12  
Side b: 15  
Area: 180  
Perimeter: 54
```

If it doesn't, there is a problem with your assignment operator.

```
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A  
X-coordinate: 5  
Y-coordinate: 7  
Width (Side a): 12  
Height (Side b): 15  
Area: 180  
Perimeter: 54
```

```
Testing copy constructor in class Rectangle:  
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A  
X-coordinate: 5  
Y-coordinate: 7  
Width (Side a): 100  
Height (Side b): 200  
Area: 20000  
Perimeter: 600
```

```
Expected to display the following values for object rec3:  
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A  
X-coordinate: 5  
Y-coordinate: 7  
Side a: 100  
Side b: 200  
Area: 20000  
Perimeter: 600
```

If it doesn't, there is a problem with your copy constructor.

```
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A  
X-coordinate: 5  
Y-coordinate: 7  
Width (Side a): 100  
Height (Side b): 200  
Area: 20000  
Perimeter: 600
```

Testing Functions in class Circle:

```
Shape Name: CIRCLE C  
X-coordinate: 3  
Y-coordinate: 5  
Radius: 9  
Area: 254.469  
Perimeter: 56.5487  
The area of CIRCLE C is: 254.469  
The perimeter of CIRCLE C is: 56.5487
```

The distance between rectangle a and circle c is: 2.82843

```
CurveCut Name: CurveCut rc  
X-coordinate: 6  
Y-coordinate: 5  
Width: 12  
Length: 10  
Radius of the cut: 9  
The area of CurveCut rc is: 56.3827  
The perimeter of CurveCut rc is: 40.1372
```

```
The distance between rc and c is: 3
Square Name: SQUARE - S
X-coordinate: 5
Y-coordinate: 7
Side a: 12
Area: 144
Perimeter: 48
The area of SQUARE - S is: 144
The perimeter of SQUARE - S is: 48
Rectangle Name: RECTANGLE A
X-coordinate: 5
Y-coordinate: 7
Width (Side a): 400
Height (Side b): 300
Area: 120000
Perimeter: 1400
The area of RECTANGLE A is: 120000
The perimeter of RECTANGLE A is: 1400
Shape Name: CIRCLE C
X-coordinate: 3
Y-coordinate: 5
Radius: 9
Area: 254.469
Perimeter: 56.5487
The area of CIRCLE C is: 254.469
The perimeter of CIRCLE C is: 56.5487
CurveCut Name: CurveCut rc
X-coordinate: 6
Y-coordinate: 5
Width: 12
Length: 10
Radius of the cut: 9
The area of CurveCut rc is: 56.3827
The perimeter of CurveCut rc is: 40.1372
```

```
Testing copy constructor in class CurveCut:
CurveCut Name: CurveCut rc
X-coordinate: 6
Y-coordinate: 5
Width: 12
Length: 10
Radius of the cut: 9
```

```
Testing assignment operator in class CurveCut:
CurveCut Name: CurveCut cc2
X-coordinate: 2
Y-coordinate: 5
Width: 12
Length: 10
Radius of the cut: 9
CurveCut Name: CurveCut rc
X-coordinate: 6
Y-coordinate: 5
Width: 12
Length: 10
Radius of the cut: 9
```

Exercise B:

Iterator.cpp

```
// iterator.cpp
// ENSF 480 - Fall 2022 - Lab 3, Ex B
// Authors - Neha Parmar & Shahed Issa

#include <iostream>
#include <assert.h>
#include "mystring2.h"
#include "cstring"

using namespace std;

template <class T>
class Vector {
public:

    class VectIter{
        friend class Vector;
    private:
        Vector *v; // points to a vector object of type T
        int index; // represents the subscript number of the vector's
                   // array.
    public:
        VectIter(Vector<T> & x);

        T operator++();
        //PROMISES: increments the iterator's index and return the
        //           value of the element at the index position. If
        //           index exceeds the size of the array it will
        //           be set to zero. Which means it will be circulated
        //           back to the first element of the vector.

        T operator++(int);
        // PRIMISES: returns the value of the element at the index
        //           position, then increments the index. If
        //           index exceeds the size of the array it will
        //           be set to zero. Which means it will be circulated
        //           back to the first element of the vector.

        T operator--();
        // PROMISES: decrements the iterator index, and return the
        //           the value of the element at the index. If
        //           index is less than zero it will be set to the
        //           last element in the array. Which means it will be
        //           circulated to the last element of the vector.

        T operator--(int);
        // PRIMISES: returns the value of the element at the index
        //           position, then decrements the index. If
        //           index is less than zero it will be set to the
        //           last element in the array. Which means it will be
        //           circulated to the last element of the vector.
```

```

T operator *();
// PRIMISES: returns the value of the element at the current
//           index position.
};

Vector(int sz);

~Vector();

T &operator[](int i);
// PRIMISES: returns existing value in the ith element of
//           array or sets a new value to the ith element in
//           array.

    void ascending_sort();
// PRIMISES: sorts the vector values in ascending order.

private:
    T *array;                  // points to the first element of an array of T
    int size;                  // size of array
    void swap(T &, T &);    // swaps the values of two elements in array
};

template <class T>
void Vector<T>::ascending_sort()
{
    for (int i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
        for (int j = i + 1; j < size; j++)
            if (array[i] > array[j])
                swap(array[i], array[j]);
}

template <>
void Vector<const char *>::ascending_sort()
{
    for (int i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
    {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < size; j++)
            if (strcmp(array[i], array[j]) > 0)
                swap(array[i], array[j]);
    }
}

template <class T>
void Vector<T>::swap(T& a, T& b)
{
    T tmp = a;
    a = b;
    b = tmp;
}

template <class T>
T Vector<T>::VectIter::operator *()
{
    return v -> array[index];
}

```

```
template <class T>
T Vector<T>::VectIter::operator++() {
    if (index + 1 > v->size - 1)
    {
        index = 0;
    }
    else
    {
        index = index + 1;
    }
    return v->array[index];
}

template <class T>
T Vector<T>::VectIter::operator++(int) {
    int old = index;
    if (index + 1 > v->size - 1)
    {
        index = 0;
        return v->array[old];
    }
    else
    {
        index = index + 1;
        return v->array[old];
    }
}
template <class T>
T Vector<T>::VectIter::operator--() {
    if (index - 1 < 0)
    {
        index = v->size - 1;
    }
    else
    {
        index = index - 1;
    }
    return v->array[index];
}

template <class T>
T Vector<T>::VectIter::operator--(int) {
    int old = index;
    if (index - 1 < 0)
    {
        index = v->size - 1;
    }
    else
    {
        index = index - 1;
    }
    return v->array[old];
}

template <class T>
```

```

Vector<T>::VectIter::VectIter(Vector& x)
{
    v = &x;
    index = 0;
}

template <class T>
Vector<T>::Vector(int sz)
{
    size=sz;
    array = new T [sz];
    assert (array != NULL);
}

template <class T>
Vector<T>::~Vector()
{
    delete [] array;
    array = NULL;
}

template <class T>
T & Vector<T> ::operator [] (int i)
{
    return array[i];
}

int main()
{

    Vector<int> x(3);
    x[0] = 999;
    x[1] = -77;
    x[2] = 88;

    Vector<int>::VectIter iter(x);

    cout << "\nThe first element of vector x contains: " << *iter;

    // the code between the #if 0 and #endif is ignored by
    // compiler. If you change it to #if 1, it will be compiled

#if 1
    cout << "\nTesting an <int> Vector: " << endl;

    cout << "Testing sort";
    x.ascending_sort();

    for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
        cout << endl << iter++;

    cout << "\nTesting Prefix --:";
    for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
        cout << endl << --iter;
}

```

```

cout << "\nTesting Prefix ++:";

for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
    cout << endl << ++iter;

cout << "\nTesting Postfix --:";

for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
    cout << endl << iter--;

cout << endl;

cout << "\nTesting a <Mystring> Vector: " << endl;
Vector<Mystring> y(3);
y[0] = "Bar";
y[1] = "Foo";
y[2] = "All";;

Vector<Mystring>::VectIter iters(y);

cout << "Testing sort";
y.ascending_sort();

for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
    cout << endl << iters++;

cout << "\nTesting Prefix --:";

for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
    cout << endl << --iters;

cout << "\nTesting Prefix ++:";

for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
    cout << endl << ++iters;

cout << "\nTesting Postfix --:";

for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
    cout << endl << iters--;

cout << endl; cout << "\nTesting a <char *> Vector: " << endl;
Vector<const char*> z(3);
z[0] = "Orange";
z[1] = "Pear";
z[2] = "Apple";;

Vector<const char*>::VectIter iterchar(z);

cout << "Testing sort";
z.ascending_sort();

for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
    cout << endl << iterchar++;

#endif
cout << "\nProgram Terminated Successfully." << endl;

return 0;
}

```

mystring2.cpp

```
// mystring2.cpp
// ENSF 480 - Lab 3
// M. Moussavi
#include "mystring2.h"
#include <string.h>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

Mystring::Mystring()
{
    charsM = new char[1];
    charsM[0] = '\0';
    lengthM = 0;
}

Mystring::Mystring(const char *s)
    : lengthM(strlen(s))
{
    charsM = new char[lengthM + 1];
    strcpy(charsM, s);
}

Mystring::Mystring(int n)
    : lengthM(0), charsM(new char[n])
{
    charsM[0] = '\0';
}

Mystring::Mystring(const Mystring& source):
    lengthM(source.lengthM), charsM(new char[source.lengthM+1])
{
    strcpy (charsM, source.charsM);
}

Mystring::~Mystring()
{
    delete [] charsM;
}

int Mystring::length() const
{
    return lengthM;
}

char Mystring::get_char(int pos) const
{
    if(pos < 0 && pos >= length()){
        cerr << "\nERROR: get_char: the position is out of boundary." ;
    }

    return charsM[pos];
}
```

```

const char * Mystring::c_str() const
{
    return charsM;
}

void Mystring::set_char(int pos, char c)
{
    if(pos < 0 && pos >= length()){
        cerr << "\nset_char: the position is out of boundary."
            << " Nothing was changed.";
        return;
    }

    if (c != '\0'){
        cerr << "\nset_char: char c is empty."
            << " Nothing was changed.";
        return;
    }

    charsM[pos] = c;
}

Mystring& Mystring::operator =(const Mystring& S)
{
    if(this == &S)
        return *this;
    delete [] charsM;
    lengthM = strlen(S.charsM);
    charsM = new char [lengthM+1];
    strcpy(charsM,S.charsM);
    return *this;
}

Mystring& Mystring::append(const Mystring& other)
{
    char *tmp = new char [lengthM + other.lengthM + 1];
    lengthM+=other.lengthM;
    strcpy(tmp, charsM);
    strcat(tmp, other.charsM);
    delete []charsM;
    charsM = tmp;

    return *this;
}

void Mystring::set_str(char* s)
{
    delete []charsM;
    lengthM = strlen(s);
    charsM=new char[lengthM+1];

    strcpy(charsM, s);
}

int Mystring::isNotEqual (const Mystring& s) const
{

```

```

        return (strcmp(charsM, s.charsM) != 0);
    }

int Mystring::isEqual (const Mystring& s) const
{
    return (strcmp(charsM, s.charsM)== 0);
}

int Mystring::isGreater (const Mystring& s) const
{
    return (strcmp(charsM, s.charsM)> 0);
}

int Mystring::isLessThan (const Mystring& s) const
{
    return (strcmp(charsM, s.charsM)< 0);
}

ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const Mystring &source)
{
    os << source.charsM;
    return os;
}

bool Mystring::operator>(const Mystring& other) const {
    return strcmp(charsM, other.charsM) > 0;
}

bool Mystring::operator<(const Mystring& other) const {
    return strcmp(charsM, other.charsM) < 0;
}

```

mystring2.h

```

//File: mystring2.h
// ENSF 480 - Lab 3

#ifndef MYSTRING_H
#define MYSTRING_H
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Mystring {
public:
    Mystring();
    // PROMISES: Empty string object is created.

    Mystring(int n);
    // PROMISES: Creates an empty string with a total capacity of n.
    //           In other words, dynamically allocates n elements for
    //           charsM, sets the lengthM to zero, and fills the first

```

```

//           element of charsM with '\0'.

Mystring(const char *s);
// REQUIRES: s points to first char of a built-in string.
// REQUIRES: Mystring object is created by copying chars from s.

~Mystring(); // destructor

Mystring(const Mystring& source); // copy constructor

Mystring& operator =(const Mystring& rhs); // assignment operator
// REQUIRES: rhs is reference to a Mystring as a source
// PROMISES: to make this-object (object that this is pointing to, as a
copy
//           of rhs.

int length() const;
// PROMISES: Return value is number of chars in charsM.

char get_char(int pos) const;
// REQUIRES: pos >= 0 && pos < length()
// PROMISES:
// Return value is char at position pos.
// (The first char in the charsM is at position 0.)

const char * c_str() const;
// PROMISES:
//   Return value points to first char in built-in string
//   containing the chars of the string object.

void set_char(int pos, char c);
// REQUIRES: pos >= 0 && pos < length(), c != '\0'
// PROMISES: Character at position pos is set equal to c.

Mystring& append(const Mystring& other);

// PROMISES: extends the size of charsM to allow concatenate other.charsM
to
//           to the end of charsM. For example if charsM points to "ABC",
and
//           other.charsM points to XYZ, extends charsM to "ABCXYZ".
//

void set_str(char* s);
// REQUIRES: s is a valid C++ string of characters (a built-in string)
// PROMISES: copies s into charsM, if the length of s is less than or equal
lengthM.
//           Otherwise, extends the size of the charsM to s.lengthM+1, and
copies
//           s into the charsM.

int isGreater( const Mystring& s) const;
// REQUIRES: s refers to an object of class Mystring
// PROMISES: returns true if charsM is greater than s.charsM.

int isLessThan (const Mystring& s) const;

```

```
// REQUIRES: s refers to an object of class Mystring
// PROMISES: retruns true if charsM is less than s.charsM.

int isEqual (const Mystring& s) const;
// REQUIRES: s refers to an object of class Mystring
// PROMISES: retruns true if charsM equal s.charsM.

int isNotEqual(const Mystring& s) const;
// REQUIRES: s refers to an object of class Mystring
// PROMISES: retruns true if charsM is not equal s.charsM.
bool operator>(const Mystring& other) const;
bool operator<(const Mystring& other) const;

private:

    int lengthM; // the string length - number of characters excluding \0
    char* charsM; // a pointer to the beginning of an array of characters,
allocated dynamically.
    void memory_check(char* s);
    friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &, const Mystring &);

    // PROMISES: if s points to NULL terminates the program.
};

#endif
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\nehap\Desktop\ENSF-480\LAB3> cd ExerciseB
PS C:\Users\nehap\Desktop\ENSF-480\LAB3\ExerciseB> ./Iterator

The first element of vector x contains: 999
Testing an <int> Vector:
Testing sort
-77
88
999
Testing Prefix --:
999
88
-77
Testing Prefix ++:
88
999
-77
Testing Postfix --
-77
999
88

Testing a <Mystring> Vector:
Testing sort
All
Bar
Foo
Testing Prefix --:
Foo
Bar
All
Testing Prefix ++:
Bar
Foo
All
Testing Postfix --
All
Foo
Bar

Testing a <char *> Vector:
Testing sort
Apple
Orange
Pear
Program Terminated Successfully.
```

Exercise C:

lookupTable.h:

```
#ifndef LOOKUPTABLE_H
#define LOOKUPTABLE_H
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

// class LookupTable: GENERAL CONCEPTS
//
//      key/datum pairs are ordered. The first pair is the pair with
//      the lowest key, the second pair is the pair with the second
//      lowest key, and so on. This implies that you must be able to
//      compare two keys with the < operator.
//
//      Each LookupTable has an embedded iterator class that allows users
//      of the class to traverse through the list and have access to each
//      node.

//#include "customer.h"

//      In this version of the LookupTable a new struct type called Pair
//      is introduced which represents a key/data pair.

template <class K, class D>
class LookupTable;

template <class K, class D>
struct Pair
{
    Pair(K keyA, D datumA) : key(keyA), datum(datumA) {}

    K key;
    D datum;
};

// LT_Node class
template <class K, class D>
class LT_Node
{
    friend class LookupTable<K, D>;

private:
    Pair<K, D> pairM;
    LT_Node *nextM;

    LT_Node(const Pair<K, D> &pairA, LT_Node *nextA) : pairM(pairA),
    nextM(nextA) {}

//LookupTable class
template <class K, class D>
class LookupTable
{
```

```

public:
    // Nested class
    class Iterator
    {
        friend class LookupTable;
        LookupTable *LT;

public:
    Iterator() : LT(0) {}
    Iterator(LookupTable &x) : LT(&x) {}
    const D &operator*();
    const D &operator++();
    const D &operator++(int);
    int operator!();

    void step_fwd()
    {
        assert(LT->cursor_ok());
        LT->step_fwd();
    }
};

LookupTable() : sizeM(0), headM(0), cursorM(0) {}

LookupTable(const LookupTable &source);
LookupTable &operator=(const LookupTable &rhs);
~LookupTable();

LookupTable &begin();

int size() const {
    return sizeM;
}
// PROMISES: Returns number of keys in the table.

int cursor_ok() const {
    return cursorM != 0;
}
// PROMISES:
//    Returns 1 if the cursor is attached to a key/datum pair,
//    and 0 if the cursor is in the off-list state.

const K &cursor_key() const;
// REQUIRES: cursor_ok()
// PROMISES: Returns key of key/datum pair to which cursor is attached.

const D &cursor_datum() const;
// REQUIRES: cursor_ok()
// PROMISES: Returns datum of key/datum pair to which cursor is attached.

void insert(const Pair<K, D> &pairA);
// PROMISES:
//    If keyA matches a key in the table, the datum for that
//    key is set equal to datumA.
//    If keyA does not match an existing key, keyA and datumM are
//    used to create a new key/datum pair in the table.

```

```

// In either case, the cursor goes to the off-list state.

void remove(const K &keyA);
// PROMISES:
// If keyA matches a key in the table, the corresponding
// key/datum pair is removed from the table.
// If keyA does not match an existing key, the table is unchanged.
// In either case, the cursor goes to the off-list state.

void find(const K &keyA);
// PROMISES:
// If keyA matches a key in the table, the cursor is attached
// to the corresponding key/datum pair.
// If keyA does not match an existing key, the cursor is put in
// the off-list state.

void go_to_first();
// PROMISES: If size() > 0, cursor is moved to the first key/datum pair
// in the table.

void step_fwd();
// REQUIRES: cursor_ok()
// PROMISES:
// If cursor is at the last key/datum pair in the list, cursor
// goes to the off-list state.
// Otherwise the cursor moves forward from one pair to the next.

void make_empty();
// PROMISES: size() == 0.

template <class K1, class D1> // i dont know why this is needed but it
doesn't compile without it
friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const LookupTable &lt);

private:
int sizeM;
LT_Node<K, D> *headM;
LT_Node<K, D> *cursorM;

void destroy();
// Deallocate all nodes, set headM to zero.

void copy(const LookupTable &source);
// Establishes *this as a copy of source. Cursor of *this will
// point to the twin of whatever the source's cursor points to.
};

#endif

// Implementations
template <class K, class D>
LookupTable<K, D>::LookupTable(const LookupTable &source) { copy(source); }

template <class K, class D>
LookupTable<K, D>::~LookupTable() { destroy(); }

```

```

template <class K, class D>
LookupTable<K, D> &LookupTable<K, D>::operator=(const LookupTable &rhs)
{
    if (this != &rhs)
    {
        destroy();
        copy(rhs);
    }
    return *this;
}

template <class K, class D>
LookupTable<K, D> &LookupTable<K, D>::begin()
{
    cursorM = headM;
    return *this;
}

template <class K, class D>
const K &LookupTable<K, D>::cursor_key() const
{
    assert(cursor_ok());
    return cursorM->pairM.key;
}

template <class K, class D>
const D &LookupTable<K, D>::cursor_datum() const
{
    assert(cursor_ok());
    return cursorM->pairM.datum;
}

template <class K, class D>
void LookupTable<K, D>::insert(const Pair<K, D> &pairA)
{
    // Add new node at head if list is empty or key is less than head key
    if (headM == 0 || pairA.key < headM->pairM.key) {
        headM = new LT_Node(pairA, headM);
        sizeM++;
    }
    // If key is equal to head key, update datum
    else if (pairA.key == headM->pairM.key)
        headM->pairM.datum = pairA.datum;

    else {
        LT_Node<K, D> *before = headM;
        LT_Node<K, D> *after = headM->nextM;

        while (after != NULL && (pairA.key > after->pairM.key)) {
            before = after;
            after = after->nextM;
        }

        if (after != NULL && pairA.key == after->pairM.key) {
            after->pairM.datum = pairA.datum;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    else {
        before->nextM = new LT_Node(pairA, before->nextM);
        sizeM++;
    }
}

template <class K, class D>
void LookupTable<K, D>::remove(const K &keyA)
{
    if (headM == 0 || keyA < headM->pairM.key)
        return;

    LT_Node<K, D> *doomed_node = 0;
    if (keyA == headM->pairM.key) {
        doomed_node = headM;
        headM = headM->nextM;
        sizeM--;
    }
    else {
        LT_Node<K, D> *before = headM;
        LT_Node<K, D> *maybe_doomed = headM->nextM;
        while (maybe_doomed != 0 && keyA > maybe_doomed->pairM.key)
        {
            before = maybe_doomed;
            maybe_doomed = maybe_doomed->nextM;
        }

        if (maybe_doomed != 0 && maybe_doomed->pairM.key == keyA)
        {
            doomed_node = maybe_doomed;
            before->nextM = maybe_doomed->nextM;
            sizeM--;
        }
    }
    delete doomed_node;
}

template <class K, class D>
void LookupTable<K, D>::find(const K &keyA) {
    LT_Node<K, D> *ptr = headM;
    while (ptr != NULL && ptr->pairM.key != keyA)
    {
        ptr = ptr->nextM;
    }

    cursorM = ptr;
}

template <class K, class D>
void LookupTable<K, D>::go_to_first() {
    cursorM = headM;
}

```

```

template <class K, class D>
void LookupTable<K, D>::step_fwd() {
    assert(cursor_ok());
    cursorM = cursorM->nextM;
}

template <class K, class D>
void LookupTable<K, D>::make_empty() {
    destroy();
    sizeM = 0;
    cursorM = 0;
}

template <class K, class D>
void LookupTable<K, D>::destroy() {
    LT_Node<K, D> *ptr = headM;
    while (ptr != NULL)
    {
        headM = headM->nextM;
        delete ptr;
        ptr = headM;
    }
    cursorM = NULL;
    sizeM = 0;
}

template <class K, class D>
void LookupTable<K, D>::copy(const LookupTable<K, D> &source) {

    headM = 0;
    cursorM = 0;

    if (source.headM == 0)
        return;

    for (LT_Node<K, D> *p = source.headM; p != 0; p = p->nextM)
    {
        insert(Pair(p->pairM.key, p->pairM.datum));
        if (source.cursorM == p)
            find(p->pairM.key);
    }
}

template <class K, class D>
ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const LookupTable<K, D> &lt) {
    if (lt.cursor_ok())
        os << lt.cursor_key() << " " << lt.cursor_datum();
    else
        os << "Not Found.";

    return os;
}

template <class K, class D>
const D &LookupTable<K, D>::Iterator::operator*() {
    assert(LT->cursor_ok());
}

```

```

    return LT->cursor_datum();
}

template <class K, class D>
const D &LookupTable<K, D>::Iterator::operator++() {
    assert(LT->cursor_ok());
    const D &x = LT->cursor_datum();
    LT->step_fwd();
    return x;
}

template <class K, class D>
const D &LookupTable<K, D>::Iterator::operator++(int) {
    assert(LT->cursor_ok());

    LT->step_fwd();
    return LT->cursor_datum();
}

template <class K, class D>
int LookupTable<K, D>::Iterator::operator!() {
    return (LT->cursor_ok());
}

```

mainLab3ExC.cpp:

```

#include <assert.h>
#include <iostream>
#include "lookupTable.h"
#include "customer.h"
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;

template <class K, class D>
void print(LookupTable<K, D> &lt);

template <class K, class D>
void try_to_find(LookupTable<K, D> &lt, K key);

void test_Customer();
// Uncomment the following function calls when ready to test template class
LookupTable
void test_String();
void test_integer();

int main() {

    // create and test a lookup table with an integer key value and Customer
    datum
    test_Customer();

    // Uncomment the following function calls when ready to test template
    class LookupTable
    // create and test a a lookup table of type <int, String>
    test_String();
}

```

```

// Uncomment the following function calls when ready to test template
class LookupTable
    // create and test a a lookup table of type <int, int>
    test_integer();

    cout << "\n\nProgram terminated successfully.\n\n";

    return 0;
}

template <class K, class D>
void print(LookupTable<K, D> &lt) {
    if (lt.size() == 0)
        cout << " Table is EMPTY.\n";
    for (lt.go_to_first(); lt.cursor_ok(); lt.step_fwd())
    {
        cout << lt << endl;
    }
}

template <class K, class D>
void try_to_find(LookupTable<K, D> &lt, K key) {
    lt.find(key);
    if (lt.cursor_ok())
        cout << "\nFound key:" << lt;
    else
        cout << "\nSorry, I couldn't find key: " << key << " in the table.\n";
}

void test_Customer() {
    cout << "\nCreating and testing Customers Lookup Table <not
template>-...\n";
    LookupTable<int, Customer> lt;

    // Insert using new keys.
    Customer a("Joe", "Morrison", "11 St. Calgary.", "(403)-1111-123333");
    Customer b("Jack", "Lewis", "12 St. Calgary.", "(403)-1111-123334");
    Customer c("Tim", "Hardy", "13 St. Calgary.", "(403)-1111-123335");
    lt.insert(Pair(8002, a));
    lt.insert(Pair(8004, c));
    lt.insert(Pair(8001, b));

    assert(lt.size() == 3);
    lt.remove(8004);
    assert(lt.size() == 2);
    cout << "\nPrinting table after inserting 3 new keys and 1 removal...\n";
    print(lt);

    // Pretend that a user is trying to look up customers info.

    cout << "\nLet's look up some names ...";
    try_to_find(lt, 8001);
    try_to_find(lt, 8000);

    // test Iterator
}

```

```

cout << "\nTesting and using iterator ... \n";
LookupTable<int, Customer>::Iterator it = lt.begin();
cout << "\nThe first node contains: " << *it << endl;

while (!it) {
    cout << ++it << endl;
}

// test copying
lt.go_to_first();
lt.step_fwd();
LookupTable clt(lt);
assert(strcmp(clt.cursor_datum().getFname(), "Joe") == 0);

cout << "\nTest copying: keys should be 8001, and 8002\n";
print(clt);
lt.remove(8002);

// Assignment operator check.
clt = lt;

cout << "\nTest assignment operator: key should be 8001\n";
print(clt);

// Wipe out the entries in the table.
lt.make_empty();
cout << "\nPrinting table for the last time: Table should be empty...\n";
print(lt);

cout << "*****Finished tests on Customers Lookup Table <not
template>-----***\n";
cout << "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE.";
cin.get();
}

// Uncomment and modify the following function when ready to test
LookupTable<int, Mystring>

void test_String() {
    cout << "\nCreating and testing LookupTable <int, Mystring> ..... \n";
    LookupTable<int, Mystring> lt;

    // Insert using new keys.

    Mystring a("I am an ENEL-409 student.");
    Mystring b("C++ is a powerful language for engineers but it's not easy.");
    Mystring c("Winter 2004");

    lt.insert(Pair<int, Mystring>(8002, a));
    lt.insert(Pair<int, Mystring>(8001, b));
    lt.insert(Pair<int, Mystring>(8004, c));

    // assert(lt.size() == 3);
    // lt.remove(8004);
    // assert(lt.size() == 2);
    cout << "\nPrinting table after inserting 3 new keys and 1

```

```

removal...\n";
print(lt);

// Pretend that a user is trying to look up customers info.

cout << "\nLet's look up some names ...\n";
try_to_find(lt, 8001);
try_to_find(lt, 8000);
// test Iterator
LookupTable<int, Mystring>::Iterator it = lt.begin();
cout << "\nThe first node contains: " << *it << endl;

while (!it)
{
    cout << ++it << endl;
}

// test copying
lt.go_to_first();
lt.step_fwd();
LookupTable clt(lt);
assert(strcmp(clt.cursor_datum().c_str(), "I am an ENEL-409 student.") ==
0);

cout << "\nTest copying: keys should be 8001, and 8002\n";
print(clt);
lt.remove(8002);

// Assignment operator check.
clt = lt;

cout << "\nTest assignment operator: key should be 8001\n";
print(clt);

// Wipe out the entries in the table.
lt.make_empty();
cout << "\nPrinting table for the last time: Table should be empty ...\n";
print(lt);

cout << "*****Finished Lab 4 tests on <int> <Mystring>*****\n";
cout << "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE.";
cin.get();
}

// Uncomment and modify the following funciton when ready to test
LookupTable<int,int>

void test_integer() {
    cout << "\nCreating and testing LookupTable <int, int> ..... \n";
    LookupTable<int, int> lt;

    // Insert using new keys.
    lt.insert(Pair<int, int>(8002, 9999));
    lt.insert(Pair<int, int>(8001, 8888));
    lt.insert(Pair<int, int>(8004, 8888));
    assert(lt.size() == 3);
}

```

```

lt.remove(8004);
assert(lt.size() == 2);
cout << "\nPrinting table after inserting 3 new keys and 1
removal...\n";
print(lt);

// Pretend that a user is trying to look up customers info.

cout << "\nLet's look up some names ... \n";
try_to_find(lt, 8001);
try_to_find(lt, 8000);

// test Iterator
LookupTable<int, int>::Iterator it = lt.begin();

while (!it) {
    cout << ++it << endl;
}

// test copying
lt.go_to_first();
lt.step_fwd();
LookupTable clt(lt);
assert(clt.cursor_datum() == 9999);

cout << "\nTest copying: keys should be 8001, and 8002\n";
print(clt);
lt.remove(8002);

// Assignment operator check.
clt = lt;

cout << "\nTest assignment operator: key should be 8001\n";
print(clt);

// Wipe out the entries in the table.
lt.make_empty();
cout << "\nPrinting table for the last time: Table should be empty ... \n";
print(lt);

cout << "*****Finished Lab 4 tests on <int> <int>-----***\n";
}

```

```

shahe@shaheds_Laptop ~/ensf480/Tab3
$ g++ -Wall -o exc customer.cpp mainLab3Exc.cpp mystring2.cpp
shahe@shaheds_Laptop ~/ensf480/Tab3
$ ./exc
Creating and testing Customers Lookup Table <not template>-...
Printing table after inserting 3 new keys and 1 removal...
8001 Nmae: Jack Lewis. Address: 12 St. Calgary.. Phone:: (403)-1111-123334
8002 Nmae: Joe Morrison. Address: 11 St. Calgary.. Phone:: (403)-1111-123333
Let's look up some names ...
Found key:8001 Nmae: Jack Lewis. Address: 12 St. calgary.. Phone:: (403)-1111-123334
Sorry, I couldn't find key: 8000 in the table.
Testing and using iterator ...
The first node contains: Nmae: Jack Lewis. Address: 12 St. calgary.. Phone:: (403)-1111-123334
Nmae: Jack Lewis. Address: 12 St. Calgary.. Phone:: (403)-1111-123334
Nmae: Joe Morrison. Address: 11 St. Calgary.. Phone:: (403)-1111-123333
Test copying: keys should be 8001, and 8002
8001 Nmae: Jack Lewis. Address: 12 St. Calgary.. Phone:: (403)-1111-123334
8002 Nmae: Joe Morrison. Address: 11 St. Calgary.. Phone:: (403)-1111-123333
Test assignment operator: key should be 8001
8001 Nmae: Jack Lewis. Address: 12 St. Calgary.. Phone:: (403)-1111-123334
Printing table for the last time: Table should be empty...
Table is EMPTY.
*****-Finished tests on Customers Lookup Table <not template>-----***
PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE.

Creating and testing LookupTable <int, Mystring> .....
Printing table after inserting 3 new keys and and 1 removal...
8001 C++ is a powerful language for engineers but it's not easy.
8002 I am an ENEL-409 student.
8004 Winter 2004
Let's look up some names ...
Found key:8001 C++ is a powerful language for engineers but it's not easy.
Sorry, I couldn't find key: 8000 in the table.
The first node contains: C++ is a powerful language for engineers but it's not easy.
C++ is a powerful language for engineers but it's not easy.
I am an ENEL-409 student.
Winter 2004
Test copying: keys should be 8001, and 8002
8001 C++ is a powerful language for engineers but it's not easy.
8002 I am an ENEL-409 student.
8004 Winter 2004
Test assignment operator: key should be 8001
Test copying: keys should be 8001, and 8002
8001 C++ is a powerful language for engineers but it's not easy.
8002 I am an ENEL-409 student.
8004 Winter 2004
Test assignment operator: key should be 8001
8001 C++ is a powerful language for engineers but it's not easy.
8004 Winter 2004
Printing table for the last time: Table should be empty ...
Table is EMPTY.
*****-Finished Lab 4 tests on <int> <Mystring>-----***
PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE.

Creating and testing LookupTable <int, int> .....
Printing table after inserting 3 new keys and and 1 removal...
8001 8888
8002 9999
Let's look up some names ...
Found key:8001 8888
Sorry, I couldn't find key: 8000 in the table.
8888
9999
Test copying: keys should be 8001, and 8002
8001 8888
8002 9999
Test assignment operator: key should be 8001
8001 8888
Printing table for the last time: Table should be empty ...
Table is EMPTY.
*****-Finished Lab 4 tests on <int> <int>-----***

Program terminated successfully.

shahe@shaheds_Laptop ~/ensf480/Tab3

```