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/*
Copyright (c) 2017 Nathan Christian (nchristi@iu.edu)
Lab 3: Program 3: Prints circles and a line connecting the two
circles
Intended for output with winfig to create a .fig file
Intended to read coordinates from a file (not user input) */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "fig.h"

double distance (double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2);
//distance function from distance.c

int main()
{
    double x0, y0, r0, x1, y1, r1, theta;
    int p1[2], p2[2], count =6;

    fig_open(stdout); //function from fig.h for drawing figures;
    fig userinfo(stdout, 1, "ECE263L3P1", "Nathan Christian",
    "6/12/2017"); //prints my user info to .fig file

    while (count==6) {

        count=scanf("%lf %lf %lf %lf %lf", &x0, &y0, &r0,
        &x1, &y1, &r1); //input center coordinates and radius of two circles

        theta=atan((fabs((y1-y0)/(x1-x0)))); //finds the angle
used for trig functions below

        if (distance(x0,y0,x1,y1)-r1-r0<= 0) {
            fig_circle(stdout, fig_convert(x0),
fig_convert(y0), fig_convert(r0), "color=black;line_style=3");
            fig_circle(stdout, fig_convert(x1),
fig_convert(y1), fig_convert(r1), "color=black;line_style=3");
        } //if (circles overlap) draw dashes

        else { //finds trig coordinates and prints thick solid
for lines and circles

            fig_circle(stdout, fig_convert(x0),
fig_convert(y0), fig_convert(r0), "color=red;thickness=5");
            fig_circle(stdout, fig_convert(x1),
fig_convert(y1), fig_convert(r1), "color=red;thickness=5"); //prints solid
thick red circles

            if (x0<x1) {
                p1[0]=fig_convert(x0+r0*cos(theta));
                p1[1]=fig_convert(x1-r1*cos(theta));
            } //trig functions for determining two
closest points of the two circles
        }
    }
}

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        if (y0>y1) {
            p2[0]=fig_convert(y0-r0*sin(theta));
            p2[1]=fig_convert(y1+r1*sin(theta));
        } //trig function for determining two closest
points of the two circles

        if (x0>x1) {
            p1[0]=fig_convert(x0-r0*cos(theta));
            p1[1]=fig_convert(x1+r1*cos(theta));
        } //trig function for determining two closest
points of the two circles

        if (y0<y1) {
            p2[0]=fig_convert(y0+r0*sin(theta));
            p2[1]=fig_convert(y1-r1*sin(theta));
        } //trig function for determining two closest
points of the two circles

        fig_polyline(stdout, p1, p2, 2,
"color=blue;thickness=5"); // prints thick blue connecting lines
        } // end if (circles do not overlap)
    } //end while

    return;
}

```