# **Rubber Article - Template Documentation**

# v.0.4.0

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# **Example Usage**

```
1 #import "@preview/rubber-article:0.4.0": *
2 #show: article.with()
3 #maketitle(
4 title: "The Title of the Paper",
5 authors: ("Authors Name",),
6 date: datetime.today().display("[day].[month].[year]"),
7 )
```

# **Styling functions**

These functions are used to style certain elements of the document. They are usually called with a #show statement. They do not output any content, but rather modify the appearance of the document.

- appendix()
- article()

### appendix

Function to format the Appendix. This function is intended to be used after the document has been styled with the article function.

# Example usage:

```
1 #show: article.with()
2 // A lot of content goes here...
3
4 #show: appendix.with(
5 title: "Appendix",
6 title-align: center,
7 )
```

# **Parameters**

```
appendix(
  numbering: none str function,
  title: none str content,
  title-align: alignment,
  title-size: length,
  numbering-start: int,
  content
) -> content
             none or str or function
numbering
The numbering of the Appendix
Default: "A.1"
title
       none or str or content
The title of the Appendix
Default: none
title-align
             alignment
The alignment of the title
Default: center
title-size
           length
The size of the title
Default: none
numbering-start
                    int
Startting the appendex after this number
Default: 0
```

#### article

A Template recreating the look of the classic Article Class.

Example usage:

```
1 #show: article.with(
2 lang: "de",
3 )
```

This will format the document with the specified options. For more styling options, explore the following parameters.

#### **Parameters**

```
article(
  lang: str,
  eq-numbering: str none,
  eq-chapterwise: bool,
  text-size: length,
  page-numbering: none str function,
  page-numbering-align: alignment,
  heading-numbering: none str function,
  margins: auto relative dictionary,
  enum-indent: length ,
  list-indent: length,
  header-display: bool,
  alternating-header: bool,
  first-page-header: int float,
  header-title: str content,
  justify: bool,
  fig-caption-width: relative,
  header-line-stroke: length,
  content: content
) -> content
lang
       str
Set the language of the document.
Default: "de"
eq-numbering
                str or none
Set the equation numbering style.
Default: none
eq-chapterwise
                  bool
Chapterwise numbering of equations.
Default: false
text-size
           length
Set the text size. Headings are adjusted automatically.
Default: 10pt
```

page-numbering none or str or function

Set the page numbering style.

Default: "1"

page-numbering-align alignment

Set the page numbering alignment.

Default: center

heading-numbering none or str or function

Set the heading numbering style.

Default: "1.1"

margins auto or relative or dictionary

Set the margins of the document.

Default: (left: 25mm, right: 25mm, top: 30mm, bottom: 30mm)

enum-indent length

Set the Enum indentation.

Default: 1.5em

list-indent length

Set the List indentation.

Default: 1.5em

header-display bool

Set if the default header should be used.

Default: false

alternating-header bool

Set if the default header should be alternating.

Default: true

first-page-header int or float

Set the first page of the header.

Default: 1

header-title str or content

Set the Header Titel

Default: none

justify bool

Set if document should be justified.

Default: true

fig-caption-width relative

Set the width of the figure captions.

Default: 75%

header-line-stroke length

Set the width of the headerline.

Default: .65pt

# **Constructor functions**

These functions are used to create certain elements of the document. They can be called with certain arguments and output some content.

- ctable()
- maketitle()

#### ctable

This function will display a custom table. The table uses the pillar package under the hood to interact with the table in a similar manner as in Latex. This means, that the columns and vertical lines can be defined with a string. Furthermore, the table automatically adds 3 horizontal lines.

Example usage:

```
1 #ctable(
2 cols:"l|cr",
3 [A], [B], [C],
4 ..range(1,16).map(str),
5 )
```

## **Parameters**

```
ctable(
    ..data,
    cols: string,
    stroke: length,
    middle-stroke: length,
    vertical-stroke: length,
    header-rows: int
) -> content
```

# cols string

A string that defines the columns and vertical lines of the table.

Default: "ccc"

# stroke length

The linesytle of the table, especially the top and bottom horizontal lines.

Default: .75pt

# middle-stroke length

The linesytle of the middle horizontal line.

Default: .6pt

```
vertical-stroke
                 length
The linesytle of the vertical lines.
Default: .75pt
header-rows
                 int
The number of header rows.
Default: 1
```

# maketitle

This function will display the frontmatter of the document. This includes the title, authors, and date. Example usage:

```
1 Typst
1 #maketitle(
    title: "The Title of the Paper",
    authors: ("Authors Name",),
    date: "2025-01-01",
5 )
```

```
Parameters
  maketitle(
    title: string content,
    authors: array,
    date: string content datetime,
    metadata: bool
  ) -> content
  title
         string or content
  The title of the document.
  Default: ""
  authors
             array
  The authors of the document.
  Default: ()
```

```
string or content or datetime
date
The date of the document.
Default: none
```

metadata bool

Use title and author information for the document metadata.

Default: true