Package 'lpcde'

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basis_vec

Unit basis vector

Description

Function to generate unit basis vector according to polynomial order and derivative order. This function returns unit vector that is the same size as the vector returned by $poly_base(x,p)$.

Usage

```
basis_vec(x, p, mu)
```

Arguments

x sample input scalar or vector.

p polynomial order.mu derivative order.

Value

Vector of appropriate length with ones corresponding to entries of order mu.

Examples

```
basis\_vec(x = 2, p = 5, mu = 1)
```

coef.lpbwcde

Coef Method for Local Polynomial Density Bandwidth Selection

Description

The coef method for local polynomial density bandwidth selection objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lpbwcde'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object Class "lpbwcde" object, obtained by calling lpbwcde.

... Other arguments.

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Value

Estimates A matrix containing y_grid points and selected bandwidths.

Author(s)

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See Also

1pbwcde for data-driven bandwidth selection.

Supported methods: coef.lpbwcde, print.lpbwcde, summary.lpbwcde.

coef.lpcde

Coef Method

Description

The coef method for local polynomial conditional density objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lpcde'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object Class "lpcde" object, obtained by calling 1pcde.
... Additional options.

Details

Coef Method for Local Polynomial Density Conditional Estimation and Inference

Value

outputs

A matrix containing the estimates

Author(s)

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See Also

lpcde for local polynomial conditional density estimation.

Supported methods: coef.lpcde, confint.lpcde, plot.lpcde, print.lpcde, summary.lpcde, vcov.lpcde

confint.lpcde

Confint Method for Local Polynomial Density Conditional Estimation and Inference

Description

The confint method for local polynomial conditional density objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lpcde'
confint(
  object,
  parm = NULL,
  level = NULL,
  CIuniform = FALSE,
  CIsimul = 2000,
  alpha = 0.05,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object Class "lpdensity" object, obtained by calling lpcde.

parm Integer, indicating which parameters are to be given confidence intervals.

level Numeric scalar between 0 and 1, the significance level for computing confidence

intervals

CIuniform TRUE or FALSE (default), plotting either pointwise confidence intervals (FALSE)

or uniform confidence bands (TRUE).

CIsimul Positive integer, specifies the number of simulations used to construct critical

values (default is 2000). This option is ignored if CIuniform=FALSE.

alpha Numeric scalar between 0 and 1, specifies the significance level for plotting

confidence intervals/bands.

... Additional options, including (i) grid specifies a subset of grid points to display

the bandwidth; (ii) gridIndex specifies the indices of grid points to display the bandwidth (this is the same as parm);(iii) CIuniform specifies whether displaying pointwise confidence intervals (FALSE, default) or the uniform confidence band (TRUE); (iv) CIsimul specifies the number of simulations used to construct

critical values (default is 2000).

Value

Estimate A matrix containing grid points, estimates and confidence interval end points

using p- and q-th order local polynomials as well as bias-corrected estimates

and corresponding confidence intervals.

crit_val the critical value used in computing the confidence interval end points.

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See Also

lpcde for local polynomial conditional density estimation.

 $Supported \ methods: \ coef.lpcde, \ confint.lpcde, \ plot.lpcde, \ print.lpcde, \ summary.lpcde, \ vcov.lpcde$

1pbwcde

Data-driven Bandwidth Selection for Local Polynomial Conditional Density Estimators

Description

1pbwcde implements the bandwidth selection methods for local polynomial based conditionaldensity (and derivatives) estimation proposed and studied in Cattaneo, Chandak, Jansson and Ma (2021).

Companion command: 1pcde for estimation and robust bias-corrected inference.

Related Stata and R packages useful for nonparametric estimation and inference are available at https://nppackages.github.io/.

Usage

```
lpbwcde(
  y_data,
  x_data,
  x,
  y_grid = NULL,
  p = NULL,
  q = NULL,
  mu = NULL,
  nu = NULL,
  kernel_type = c("epanechnikov", "triangular", "uniform"),
  bw_type = c("mse-rot", "imse-rot")
)
```

Arguments

y_data	Numeric matrix/data frame, the raw data of independent.
x_data	Numeric matrix/data frame, the raw data of covariates.
X	Numeric, specifies the evaluation point in the x-direction. Default is median of the dataset.
y_grid	Numeric, specifies the grid of evaluation points. When set to default, grid points will be chosen as 0.05-0.95 percentiles of the data, with a step size of 0.05.

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p	Nonnegative integer, specifies the order of the local polynomial for Y used to construct point estimates. (Default is 2.)
q	Nonnegative integer, specifies the order of the local polynomial for X used to construct point estimates. (Default is 1.)
mu	Nonnegative integer, specifies the derivative with respect to Y of the distribution function to be estimated. 0 for the distribution function, 1 (default) for the density funtion, etc.
nu	Nonnegative integer, specifies the derivative with respect to X of the distribution function to be estimated.
kernel_type	String, specifies the kernel function, should be one of "triangular", "uniform" or "epanechnikov".
bw_type	String, specifies the method for data-driven bandwidth selection. This option will be ignored if bw is provided. Implementable with "mse-rot" (default, mean squared error-optimal bandwidth selected for each grid point)

Value

BW A matrix containing (1) y_grid (grid point), (2) bw (bandwidth)

opt A list containing options passed to the function.

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Examples

```
# Generate a random sample
set.seed(42);
x_data = rnorm(2000)
y_data = rnorm(2000, mean=x_data)
x = 0

# Construct bandwidth
bw1 <- lpbwcde(y_data = y_data, x_data = x_data, x=x, bw_type = "mse-rot")
summary(bw1)

# Display bandwidths for a subset of y_grid points
summary(bw1, y_grid=bw1$BW[2:5, "y_grid"])</pre>
```

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1pcde

Local Polynomial Conditional Density Estimation

Description

lpcde implements the local polynomial regression based conditional density (and derivatives). The estimator proposed in Chandak, Cattaneo, Jansson and Ma. Robust bias-corrected inference methods, both pointwise (confidence intervals) and uniform (confidence bands), are also implemented.

Usage

```
lpcde(
 x_data,
 y_data,
 y_grid = NULL,
 x = NULL
 bw = NULL,
 p = NULL,
 q = NULL,
 p_RBC = NULL,
 q_RBC = NULL,
 mu = NULL,
 nu = NULL,
 rbc = TRUE,
 ng = NULL,
 kernel_type = c("epanechnikov", "triangular", "uniform"),
 bw_type = "mse-rot"
)
```

Arguments

x_data	Numeric matrix/data frame, the raw data of covariates.
y_data	Numeric matrix/data frame, the raw data of independent.
y_grid	Numeric, specifies the grid of evaluation points in the y-direction. When set to default, grid points will be chosen as 0.05 - 0.95 percentiles of the data, with a step size of 0.05 in y-direction.
X	Numeric, specifies the grid of evaluation points in the x-direction. When set to default, the evaluation point will be chosen as the median of the x data.
bw	Numeric, specifies the bandwidth used for estimation. Can be (1) a positive scalar (common bandwidth for all grid points); or (2) a positive numeric vector/matrix specifying bandwidths for each grid point (should be the same dimension as grid).
p	Nonnegative integer, specifies the order of the local polynomial for Y used to construct point estimates. (Default is 2.)
q	Nonnegative integer, specifies the order of the local polynomial for X used to construct point estimates. (Default is 1.)
p_RBC	Nonnegative integer, specifies the order of the local polynomial for Y used to construct bias-corrected point estimates. (Default is p+1.)

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q_RBC Nonnegative integer, specifies the order of the local polynomial for X used to construct bias-corrected point estimates. (Default is q+1.) Nonnegative integer, specifies the derivative with respect to Y of the distribumu tion function to be estimated. 0 for the distribution function, 1 (default) for the density funtion, etc. nu Nonnegative integer, specifies the derivative with respect to X of the distribution function to be estimated. Default value is 0. Boolean. TRUE (default) for rbc calcuations, required for valid uniform inferrbc int. number of grid points to be used. generates evenly space points over the ng support of the data. kernel_type String, specifies the kernel function, should be one of "triangular", "uniform", and "epanechnikov" (default). bw_type String, specifies the method for data-driven bandwidth selection. This option will be ignored if bw is provided. Implementable with "mse-dpi" (default, mean squared error-optimal bandwidth selected for each grid point)

Details

Bias correction is only used for the construction of confidence intervals/bands, but not for point estimation. The point estimates, denoted by est, are constructed using local polynomial estimates of order p and q, while the centering of the confidence intervals/bands, denoted by est_RBC, are constructed using local polynomial estimates of order p_RBC and q_RBC. The confidence intervals/bands take the form: [est_RBC -cv * SE(est_RBC) , est_RBC + cv * SE(est_RBC)], where cv denotes the appropriate critical value and SE(est_RBC) denotes an standard error estimate for the centering of the confidence interval/band. As a result, the confidence intervals/bands may not be centered at the point estimates because they have been bias-corrected. Setting p_RBC equal to p and q_RBC to q, results on centered at the point estimate confidence intervals/bands, but requires undersmoothing for valid inference (i.e., (I)MSE-optimal bandwdith for the density point estimator cannot be used). Hence the bandwidth would need to be specified manually when q=p, and the point estimates will not be (I)MSE optimal. See Cattaneo, Jansson and Ma (2020a, 2020b) for details, and also Calonico, Cattaneo, and Farrell (2018, 2020) for robust bias correction methods.

Sometimes the density point estimates may lie outside of the confidence intervals/bands, which can happen if the underlying distribution exhibits high curvature at some evaluation point(s). One possible solution in this case is to increase the polynomial order p or to employ a smaller bandwidth.

Value

Estimate A matrix containing (1) grid (grid points),

(2) bw (bandwidths),

(3) est (point estimates with p-th and q-th order local polynomial),

(4) est_RBC (point estimates with p_RBC-th and q_RBC-th order local polyno-

nial).

(5) se (standard error corresponding to est). (6) se_RBC (standard error corre-

sponding to est_RBC).

CovMat The variance-covariance matrix corresponding to est.

opt A list containing options passed to the function.

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Supported methods: coef.lpcde, confint.lpcde, plot.lpcde, print.lpcde, summary.lpcde, vcov.lpcde

plot.lpcde

Plot Method for Local Polynomial Density Conditional Estimation and Inference

Description

The plot method for local polynomial density objects. A standard ggplot2 object is returned, hence can be used for further customization.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lpcde'
plot(
  alpha = NULL,
  type = NULL,
  lty = NULL,
  lwd = NULL,
  1col = NULL,
  pty = NULL,
  pwd = NULL,
  pcol = NULL,
  y_grid = NULL,
  CItype = NULL,
  CIuniform = FALSE,
  CIsimul = 2000,
  CIshade = NULL,
  CIcol = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  xlabel = NULL,
  ylabel = NULL,
  legendTitle = NULL,
  legendGroups = NULL
```

Arguments

... Class "lpcde" object, obtained from calling lpcde.

alpha Numeric scalar between 0 and 1, specifies the significance level for plotting confidence intervals/bands.

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String, one of "line" (default), "points" and "both", specifies how the point type estimates are plotted. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. Line type for point estimates, only effective if type is "line" or "both". 1 lty for solid line, 2 for dashed line, 3 for dotted line. For other options, see the instructions for ggplot2. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. lwd Line width for point estimates, only effective if type is "line" or "both". Should be strictly positive. For other options, see the instructions for ggplot2. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. lcol Line color for point estimates, only effective if type is "line" or "both". 1 for black, 2 for red, 3 for green, 4 for blue. For other options, see the instructions for ggplot2. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. Scatter plot type for point estimates, only effective if type is "points" or pty "both". For options, see the instructions for ggplot2. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. Scatter plot size for point estimates, only effective if type is "points" or "both". pwd Should be strictly positive. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. pcol Scatter plot color for point estimates, only effective if type is "points" or "both". 1 for black, 2 for red, 3 for green, 4 for blue. For other options, see the instructions for ggplot2. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. Numeric vector, specifies a subset of grid points to plot point estimates. This y_grid option is effective only if type is "points" or "both"; or if CItype is "ebar" or "all". String, one of "region" (shaded region, default), "line" (dashed lines), "ebar" CItype (error bars), "all" (all of the previous) or "none" (no confidence region), how the confidence region should be plotted. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. CIuniform TRUE or FALSE (default), plotting either pointwise confidence intervals (FALSE) or uniform confidence bands (TRUE). CIsimul Positive integer, specifies the number of simulations used to construct critical values (default is 2000). This option is ignored if CIuniform=FALSE. CIshade Numeric, specifies the opaqueness of the confidence region, should be between 0 (transparent) and 1. Default is 0.2. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. CIcol Color of the confidence region. 1 for black, 2 for red, 3 for green, 4 for blue. For other options, see the instructions for ggplot2. If more than one is provided, they will be applied to each data series accordingly. title, xlabel, ylabel

Strings, specifies the title of the plot and labels for the x- and y-axis.

legendTitle String, specifies the legend title.

legendGroups String vector, specifies the group names used in legend. poly_base 11

Value

Figure

A standard ggplot2 object is returned, hence can be used for further customization.

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See Also

lpcde for local polynomial density estimation. Supported methods: coef.lpcde, confint.lpcde, plot.lpcde, print.lpcde, summary.lpcde, vcov.lpcde

poly_base

Polynomial basis vector expansion

Description

Generate polynomial basis vector up to order p. has multivariate functionality as described in the main paper normalized by factorials in denominator. NOTE: currently works only up to 4th degree polynomial expansion for multivariate x.

Usage

```
poly_base(x, p)
```

Arguments

x a number or vector.

p a number (integer).

Value

polynomial basis of x up to degree p.

Examples

```
poly_base(x = 2, p = 5)
```

print.lpcde

print.lpbwcde	Print Method for Local Polynomial Conditional Density Bandwidth Selection
	Selection

Description

The print method for local polynomial conditional density bandwidth selection objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lpbwcde'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x Class "lpbwcde" object, obtained by calling lpbwcde.... Other arguments.
```

Value

Display output A list of specified options provided to the function.

Author(s)

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See Also

1pbwcde for data-driven bandwidth selection.

Supported methods: coef.lpbwcde, print.lpbwcde, summary.lpbwcde.

```
print.lpcde Print Method for Local Polynomial Conditional Density Estimation and Inference
```

Description

The print method for local polynomial conditional density objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lpcde'
print(x, ...)
```

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Arguments

x Class "lpcde" object, obtained from calling lpcde.

... Additional options.

Value

Display output summary of inputs to lpcde

Author(s)

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See Also

lpcde for local polynomial conditional density estimation. Supported methods: coef.lpcde, confint.lpcde, plot.lpcde, print.lpcde, summary.lpcde, vcov.lpcde

summary.lpbwcde

Summary Method for Local Polynomial Conditional Density Bandwidth Selection

Description

The summary method for local polynomial conditional density bandwidth selection objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lpbwcde'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object Class "lpbwcde" object, obtained by calling lpbwcde.

... Additional options, including (i) y_grid specifies a subset of y_grid points to

display the bandwidth; (ii) gridIndex specifies the indices of y_grid points to

display the bandwidth.

Value

Display output A list of specified options and a matrix of grid points, bandwidth, and effective sample size.

Author(s)

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See Also

1pbwcde for data-driven bandwidth selection.

Supported methods: coef.lpbwcde, print.lpbwcde, summary.lpbwcde.

Examples

```
n=100
x_data = as.matrix(rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=1))
y_data = as.matrix(rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=1))
y_grid = stats::quantile(y_data, seq(from=0.1, to=0.9, by=0.1))
# bandwidth selection
y_grid = stats::quantile(y_data, seq(from=0.1, to=0.9, by=0.1))
model2 = lpcde::lpbwcde(y_data=y_data, x_data=x_data, x=0, y_grid = y_grid, bw_type = "mse-rot")
summary(model2)
```

summary.lpcde

Summary Method for Local Polynomial Density ConditionalEstimation and Inference

Description

The summary method for local polynomial conditional density objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lpcde'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object

Class "lpcde" object, obtained from calling lpcde.

. .

Additional options, including (i)y_grid specifies a subset of grid points in y-directions to display results; (ii) gridIndex specifies the indices of grid points to display results; (iii) alpha specifies the significance level; (iv) CIuniform specifies whether displaying pointwise confidence intervals (FALSE, default) or the uniform confidence band (TRUE); (v) CIsimul specifies the number of simulations used to construct critical values (default is 2000).

Value

Display output A list of specified options and a matrix of grid points and estimates.

Author(s)

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See Also

lpcde for local polynomial conditional density estimation. Supported methods: coef.lpcde, confint.lpcde, plot.lpcde, print.lpcde, summary.lpcde, vcov.lpcde

Examples

```
n=100
x_data = as.matrix(rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=1))
y_data = as.matrix(rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=1))
y_grid = stats::quantile(y_data, seq(from=0.1, to=0.9, by=0.1))
# density estimation
model1 = lpcde::lpcde(x_data=x_data, y_data=y_data, y_grid=y_grid, x=0, bw=0.5)
summary(model1)
```

vcov.lpcde

Variance-Covariance

Description

The vcov method for local polynomial conditional density objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lpcde'
vcov(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object Class "lpdensity" object, obtained by calling lpcde.
... Additional options.

Details

Vcov Method for Local Polynomial Density Conditional Estimation and Inference

Value

stdErr A matrix containing grid points and standard errors using p- and q-th order local

polynomials.

CovMat The variance-covariance matrix corresponding to est.

CovMat_RBC The variance-covariance matrix corresponding to est_RBC.

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See Also

1pcde for local polynomial conditional density estimation.

Supported methods: plot.lpcde, print.lpcde, summary.lpcde,

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