

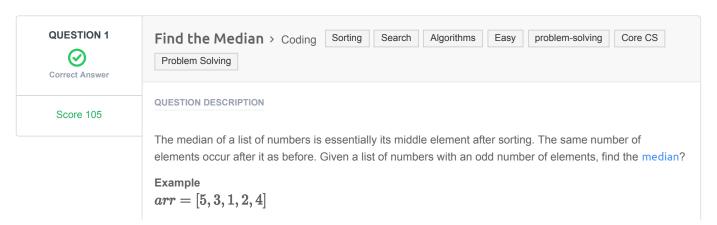
**Full Name:** Nikhil Prasad Email: nprasad2077@gmail.com Test Name: **Mock Test** 3 Feb 2023 00:06:54 IST Taken On: Time Taken: 30 min 1 sec/ 40 min Invited by: Ankush 2 Feb 2023 21:40:38 IST Invited on: Skills Score: Tags Score: Algorithms 195/195 Constructive Algorithms 90/90 Core CS 195/195 Easy 105/105 Greedy Algorithms 90/90 Medium 90/90 Problem Solving 195/195 Search 105/105 Sorting 105/105 problem-solving 195/195



#### **Recruiter/Team Comments:**

No Comments.





The sorted array arr' = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]. The middle element and the median is 3.

## **Function Description**

Complete the findMedian function in the editor below.

findMedian has the following parameter(s):

• int arr[n]: an unsorted array of integers

#### Returns

• int: the median of the array

# **Input Format**

The first line contains the integer n, the size of arr.

The second line contains n space-separated integers arr[i]

#### **Constraints**

- $1 \le n \le 1000001$
- **n** is odd
- $-10000 \le arr[i] \le 10000$

#### Sample Input 0

```
7
0 1 2 4 6 5 3
```

#### Sample Output 0

3

#### **Explanation 0**

The sorted arr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]. It's middle element is at arr[3] = 3.

#### **CANDIDATE ANSWER**

# Language used: Python 3

```
#
2 # Complete the 'findMedian' function below.

# # The function is expected to return an INTEGER.

# The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY arr as parameter.

# def findMedian(arr):
    median = int((len(arr)) / 2)
    arr.sort()
    print(arr[median])
    return arr[median]

13
14
```

TESTCASE	DIFFICULTY	TYPE	STATUS	SCORE	TIME TAKEN	MEMORY USED
Testcase 1	Easy	Sample case	Success	0	0.1402 sec	9.16 KB
Testcase 2	Easy	Hidden case	Success	35	0.0727 sec	9.83 KB
Testcase 3	Easy	Hidden case	Success	35	0.0509 sec	10.1 KB
Testcase 4	Easy	Hidden case	Success	35	0.0951 sec	21 KB





Correct Answer

Score 90

Flipping the	Matrix >	Coding	Algorithms	Medium	Greedy Algorithms	Constructive Algorithms
problem-solving	Core CS	Problem	Solving			

#### **QUESTION DESCRIPTION**

Sean invented a game involving a  $2n \times 2n$  matrix where each cell of the matrix contains an integer. He can reverse any of its rows or columns any number of times. The goal of the game is to maximize the sum of the elements in the  $n \times n$  submatrix located in the upper-left quadrant of the matrix.

Given the initial configurations for q matrices, help Sean reverse the rows and columns of each matrix in the best possible way so that the sum of the elements in the matrix's upper-left quadrant is maximal.

#### Example

$$matrix = [[1, 2], [3, 4]]$$

It is  $2 \times 2$  and we want to maximize the top left quadrant, a  $1 \times 1$  matrix. Reverse row 1:

1 2

4 3

And now reverse column 0:

4 2

1 3

The maximal sum is 4.

# **Function Description**

Complete the flippingMatrix function in the editor below.

flippingMatrix has the following parameters:

- int matrix[2n][2n]: a 2-dimensional array of integers

#### Returns

- int: the maximum sum possible.

# **Input Format**

The first line contains an integer q, the number of queries.

The next  ${\it q}$  sets of lines are in the following format:

- The first line of each query contains an integer,  ${\it n}$ .
- Each of the next 2n lines contains 2n space-separated integers matrix[i][j] in row i of the matrix.

# Constraints

- $1 \le q \le 16$
- $1 \le n \le 128$
- $0 \leq matrix[i][j] \leq 4096$ , where  $0 \leq i,j < 2n$ .

# Sample Input

# **Sample Output**

```
414
```

## **Explanation**

Start out with the following  $2n \times 2n$  matrix:

$$matrix = egin{bmatrix} 112 & 42 & 83 & 119 \ 56 & 125 & 56 & 49 \ 15 & 78 & 101 & 43 \ 62 & 98 & 114 & 108 \end{bmatrix}$$

Perform the following operations to maximize the sum of the n imes n submatrix in the upper-left quadrant:

2. Reverse column 2 ([83, 56, 101, 114]  $\rightarrow$  [114, 101, 56, 83]), resulting in the matrix:

$$matrix = egin{bmatrix} 112 & 42 & 114 & 119 \ 56 & 125 & 101 & 49 \ 15 & 78 & 56 & 43 \ 62 & 98 & 83 & 108 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. Reverse row 0 ([112, 42, 114, 119]  $\rightarrow$  [119, 114, 42, 112]), resulting in the matrix:

$$matrix = egin{bmatrix} 119 & 114 & 42 & 112 \ 56 & 125 & 101 & 49 \ 15 & 78 & 56 & 43 \ 62 & 98 & 83 & 108 \end{bmatrix}$$

The sum of values in the  $n \times n$  submatrix in the upper-left quadrant is 119+114+56+125=414 .

#### **CANDIDATE ANSWER**

#### Language used: Python 3

```
# Complete the 'flippingMatrix' function below.
# The function is expected to return an INTEGER.
# The function accepts 2D_INTEGER_ARRAY matrix as parameter.
#

def flippingMatrix(matrix):
    matrixSum = []
    middle = len(matrix) // 2

for i in range(middle):
    for j in range(middle):
        matrixSum.append(max(matrix[i][j], matrix[i][~j], matrix[~i][j],
matrix[~i][~j]))
```

TESTCASE	DIFFICULTY	TYPE	STATUS	SCORE	TIME TAKEN	MEMORY USED
Testcase 1	Easy	Sample case	Success	0	0.0724 sec	9.24 KB
Testcase 2	Easy	Hidden case	Success	15	0.1796 sec	11.6 KB
Testcase 3	Easy	Hidden case	<b>⊘</b> Success	15	0.2009 sec	11.7 KB
Testcase 4	Easy	Hidden case	Success	15	0.1252 sec	11.5 KB
Testcase 5	Easy	Hidden case	Success	15	0.1597 sec	11.7 KB
Testcase 6	Easy	Hidden case	Success	15	0.1906 sec	11.8 KB
Testcase 7	Easy	Hidden case	Success	15	0.2397 sec	11.6 KB
Testcase 8	Easy	Sample case	Success	0	0.1066 sec	9.37 KB

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