

NICK PRYSTINE

1. UNUSUAL string len = 5

34

IN

15

1A

1L

5-elt subsets $1+4+6=1$

1us: $5!$

2us: $\frac{5!}{2!} = 60$

3us: $\frac{5!}{3!} = 20$

4us: $\frac{5!}{4!} = 5$

5us: $\frac{5!}{5!} = 1$

$$\frac{5!}{2!} + \frac{5!}{3!} + \frac{5!}{4!} + \frac{5!}{5!} = 200$$

2.

5 cards AABBC 7-13

$$\frac{7!}{2!} \cdot 11 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 = 123,552$$

$x_n = \# \text{ cards}$

3. 7 tables 16 cards

for tables 1, ..., 7

$$|x_2 + \dots + x_7 = 16 \quad x_i \geq 0, x_i \leq 1$$

$$x_1 = 0$$

$$n=16 \quad r=6$$

$$\binom{n+r-1}{r-1}$$

$$= \binom{21}{5}$$

$$|x_2 + \dots + x_7 + 1 = 16$$

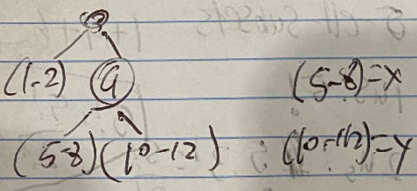
$$n=15 \quad r=6$$

$$\binom{n+r-1}{r-1}$$

$$\binom{20}{5}$$

5.

4.



total combos: $2 \times y$

potential subtree $S = 5$

$$S \text{ nodes} : \frac{(2 \cdot 5)!}{5! \cdot 6!} = 42$$

$$\text{total combos} = 2(42)(5) = 420$$

#5 case: 4 nurse

$(2,4,1), (6,2,1), (5,3,1), (5,2,2,1), (4,4,1), (4,3,2,1)$

$(4,2,2,2), (3,2,2,3), (3,3,3,1) : 9$

case 3 nurse

$(2,1,1), (2,2,1), (6,3,1), (6,2,3), (5,4,1), (5,3,2)$

$(4,4,2), (3,4,4) : 8$

$$2 + 9 = \boxed{17}$$