MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

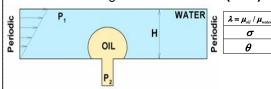
Numerical Study of Crossflow Enhanced Microfiltration of Oil-in-Water Emulsions

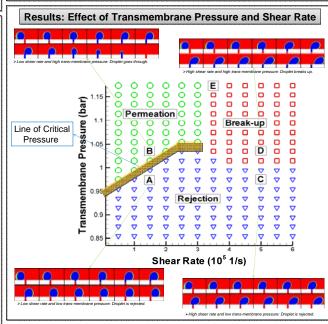
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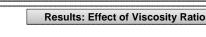


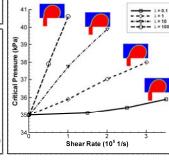
- **❖Microfiltration** of Oil-in-Water Emulsions (Oil Spill, Source: http://bigpicture.ru)
- Controlled Production of Emulsions (Drug delivery using Emulsions)

- Solver: FLUENT.
- Supplemented by: UDF programming (C)
- •3D-simulations of incompressible Navier-Stokes.
- •Interface tracking: Volume of Fluid (VOF).







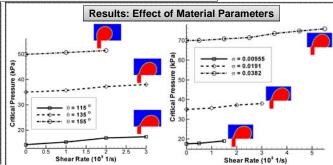


 Critical pressure at zero shear rate is independent of viscosity ratio

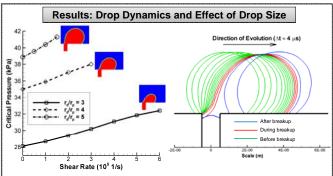
Viscosity ratio

Contact angle

- ❖Critical pressure increases with viscosity ratio.
- ❖Highly viscous drops break at lower shear rates.
- Highest deformation before breakup happens for medium viscosity ratios.



- Drops with high contact angle and high surface tension have higher critical pressure.
- Drops of high contact angle and low surface tension break more easily.



- Larger drops break more locally. Small drops break through necking.
 Larger drops break more easily than smaller drops.
- ❖Drop breakup time scale is small compared to flow time scale.

Important Conclusions

- ✓ Behavior of a single droplet on a pore in crossflow microfiltration is one of the following: Permeation, Rejection, Breakup.
- ✓ Critical pressure for crossflow microfiltration increases with shear rate, viscosity ratio, surface tension coefficient, and drop size.
- ✓Increasing viscosity ratio, contact angle, and size of the drop increases chance of breakup.
- \checkmark Increasing the surface tension coefficient decreases chance of breakup.

References

- "Microfiltration of Water-in-Oil Emulsions", F.F. Nazzal and M.R. Wiesner, Water Environment Research, Vol. 68, No 7 (1996).
- "Kinetics of Permeate Flux Decline in Crossflow Membrane Filtration of Colloidal Suspensions", S. Hong, R. S. Falbish, and M. Elimelech, Journal of Colloid and Interface science 196, 267-277 (1997).
- "An Experimental Investigation of Drop Deformation and Breakup in Steady Two-dimensional Linear Flows", B.J. Bentley and L.G. Leal, Journal of Fluid Mechanics, 167, 241-283 (1986).

