#### **BRIGHT MINDS PROJECT DOCUMENTATION**

## I/ Introduction:

We created a light-weighed database for Bright Minds Mathematics Tutoring Center. The database will store information regarding the courses, tutors, and students. The database will also tracks the amount of time students spend studying and tutors work at the center.

## II/ System Requirements:

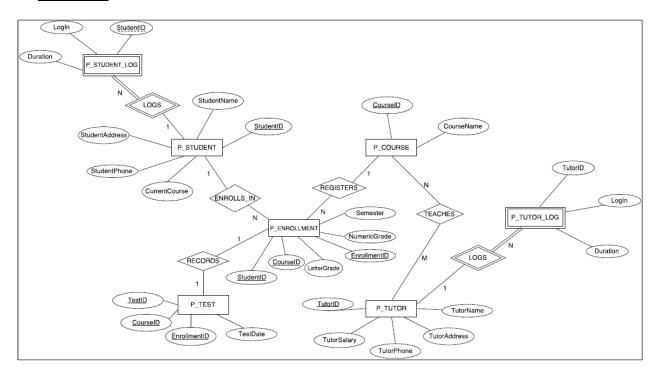
- The system shall provide an interface to enter student's and tutor's ID and duration (in hours) to enter into the database.
- The system also shall provide an interface to search for student's and tutor's information by entering student ID, course ID, and tutor ID.
- The system shall retrieve all the required information regarding the student and tutor that matches the ID the user entered.

## III/ <u>Data Requirements</u>:

- The center offers to tutor 4 courses (P\_COURSE). Each course has its own unique course ID (CourseID), unique course name (CourseName), and the tutors (P\_TUTOR) teaching (TEACHES) that course.
- The center's database also keeps track of the list of students (P\_STUDENT) enrolled and their information. A student's information includes name (StudentName), unique student ID (<u>StudentID</u>), address (StudentAddress), phone number (StudentPhone), the course (CurrentCourse) he or she is enrolled in.
- In order to pass the course, students need to take a test (P\_TEST) at the end of each course. The database keeps track of each test's unique ID (<u>TestID</u>), the course ID of the course which the test is on (CourseID), the enrollment ID (EnrollmentID) of the student taking the test, and the date (TestDate) on which the student takes the test.
- The tutors' (P\_TUTOR) information includes the tutor's name (TutorName), unique id (<u>TutorID</u>), address (TutorAddress), phone number (TutorPhone), salary (TutorSalary).
- The database also keeps track of each student's enrollment (P\_ENROLLMENT). Each student is given a unique enrollment ID (EnrollmentID), which is recorded in the database. The enrollment information of a student also includes the student's ID (StudentID), the semester (Semester) and course ID (CourseID) of the course the student is enrolled in. Also, when a student takes a test at the end of each course, the numeric grade (NumericGrade) and letter grade (LetterGrade) is also recorded in the enrollment information.
- In addition, every time a student comes and studies at the center, the student is required to enter into the system his or her student ID (StudentID) at the time he or she leaves the center (LogIn), and the number of hours spent studying (Duration) at the center. All of this information

- will be stored under the student's log (P\_STUDENT\_LOG), which only exists if the student is given a student's ID and logs in at the center.
- The same information is also required from the tutors (TutorID, LogIn, and Duration) every time a tutor comes to work at the center and will be stored under the tutor's log (P\_TUTOR\_LOG).

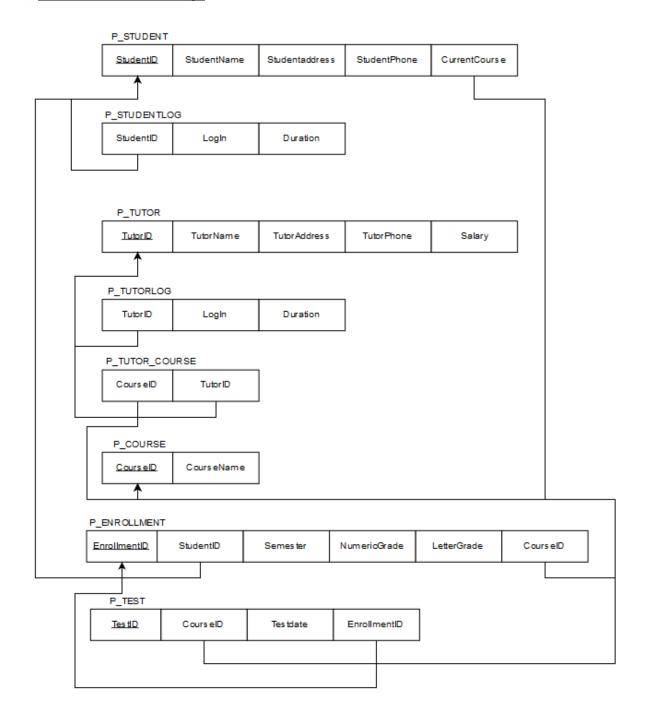
## IV/ ER Diagram:



## Assumptions:

- P STUDENT LOG does not exist without a Student ID from P STUDENT.
- One student can log in his or her study hours many times.
- P\_TUTOR\_LOG does not exist without a Tutor ID from P\_TUTOR.
- One tutor can log in his or her work hours many times.
- One student can be enrolled in many courses per semester.
- One student can only takes one test per course.
- One tutor can teach many courses.

# V/ Relational Database Design:



#### VI/ DDL schema creation in MySQL:

-> TutorAddress varchar(255),

```
(This group project's database was implemented using William Herrera's account: cs332u12).
mysql> CREATE TABLE P COURSE(
  -> CourseID integer not null,
  -> PRIMARY KEY(CourseID),
  -> CourseName varchar(30) not null);
mysql> DESC P_COURSE;
+----+
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+----+
| CourseName | varchar(30) | NO |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE P STUDENT(
  -> StudentID integer not null,
  -> StudentName varchar(30) not null,
  -> StudentAddress varchar(255),
  -> StudentPhone int(10),
  -> CurrentCourse int,
  -> PRIMARY KEY(StudentID),
  -> FOREIGN KEY(CurrentCourse) REFERENCES P_COURSE(CourseID));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> DESC P_STUDENT;
+----+
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----
NULL |
| StudentAddress | varchar(255) | YES |
| StudentPhone | int(10) | YES | NULL
| CurrentCourse | int(11)
                     | YES | MUL | NULL
+----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE P TUTOR(
  -> TutorID int not null,
  -> TutorName varchar(30) not null,
```

```
-> TutorPhone int(10),
  -> TutorSalary int,
  -> PRIMARY KEY(TutorID));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> DESC P TUTOR;
+----+
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----
| TutorAddress | varchar(255) | YES | NULL
| TutorPhone | int(10) | YES |
                             | NULL |
                   | YES | NULL
| TutorSalary | int(11)
+----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE P TUTOR COURSE(
  -> CourseID int not null,
  -> TutorID int not null,
  -> FOREIGN KEY(CourseID) REFERENCES P_COURSE(CourseID),
  -> FOREIGN KEY(TutorID) REFERENCES P_TUTOR(TutorID));
mysql> DESC P TUTOR COURSE;
+----+
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+----+
| CourseID | int(11) | NO | MUL |
| TutorID | int(11) | NO | MUL |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE P_ENROLLMENT(
  -> EnrollmentID int not null,
  -> PRIMARY KEY(EnrollmentID),
  -> StudentID int not null,
  -> FOREIGN KEY(StudentID) REFERENCES P STUDENT(StudentID),
  -> CourseID varchar(30) not null,
  -> FOREIGN KEY(CourseID) REFERENCES P_COURSE(CourseID),
  -> Semester date,
  -> NumericGrade int,
  -> LetterGrade char);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> DESC P_ENROLLMENT;
+----+
         | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+----+
CourseID
          | varchar(30) | NO | MUL |
| Semester | date | YES | NULL
| NumericGrade | int(11)
                  | YES |
                            NULL
| LetterGrade | char(1)
                  | YES |
                           NULL
+----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE P_TEST(
  -> TestID int not null,
  -> PRIMARY KEY(TestID),
  -> CourseID int not null,
  -> EnrollmentID int not null,
  -> FOREIGN KEY(CourseID) REFERENCES P COURSE(CourseID),
  -> FOREIGN KEY(EnrollmentID) REFERENCES P_ENROLLMENT(EnrollmentID),
  -> TestDate date);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> DESC P TEST;
+----+
       | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+----+
TestID
         | int(11) | NO | PRI |
| EnrollmentID | int(11) | NO | MUL |
| TestDate | date | YES | NULL
+----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> CREATE P_STUDENT_LOG(
  -> StudentID int not null,
  -> FOREIGN KEY(StudentID) REFERENCES P STUDENT(StudentID),
  -> Login timestamp not null,
  -> Duration int);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

# mysql> DESC P\_STUDENT\_LOG;

Field	Туре	Null	Key	+   Default +	Extra
StudentID   Login   Duration	int(11)   timestamp   int(11)	NO NO YES	MUL 		

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

-----

## mysql> CREATE P\_TUTOR\_LOG(

- -> TutorID int not null,
- -> FOREIGN KEY(TutorID) REFERENCES P\_TUTOR(TutorID),
- -> Login timestamp not null,
- -> Duration int);

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.03 sec)

# mysql> DESC P\_TUTOR\_LOG;

Field	Туре	Null	Key	+   Default +	Extra
TutorID	int(11)	NO	MUL		
Login	timestamp	NO			
Duration	int(11)	YES		CURRENT_TIMESTAMP	

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

## VII/ DML for Data Manipulation:

1/ studentLogIn - Allows student to log in his or her student's ID and duration of studying time at the center, then adds the entered info into the database.

```
mysql> insert into P_STUDENT_LOG values (@studentID, now(), @duration);
```

2/ tutorLogIn - Allows tutor to log in his or her tutor's ID and duration of working time at the center, then adds the entered info into the database.

```
mysql> insert into P TUTOR LOG values (@tutorID, now(), @duration);
```

3/ getEnrolledStudents - Returns a list of all students currently enrolled in a specific course. The user will pass in a course ID, and the result will be a list of student names and their IDs.

```
mysql> select P_STUDENT.StudentName, P_STUDENT.StudentID
```

- -> from P STUDENT, P ENROLLMENT
- -> where P\_STUDENT.StudentID=P\_ENROLLMENT.StudentID
- -> and P\_ENROLLMENT.CourseID = @userCourseID;

4/ getTutorInformation - Returns all the details of a tutor: ID, name, address, phone, salary, and teaching course. The tutor will enter a tutor ID, and the tutor's information will be returned.

```
mysql> select T.TutorID, T.TutorName, T.TutorAddress, T.TutorPhone,
```

- -> T.TutorSalary, C.CourseID, sum(L.Duration) as 'Hours'
- -> from P\_TUTOR as T, P\_TUTOR\_COURSE as C, P\_TUTOR\_LOG as L
- -> where T.TutorID=11111111 and T.TutorID=C.TutorID and
- -> T.TutorID=L.TutorID
- -> group by T.TutorID, T.TutorName, T.TutorAddress, T.TutorPhone,
- -> T.TutorSalary, C.CourseID;

5/ getStudentHistory - Return a student's history at the tutoring center. The student ID will be entered, and information regarding the student's information, past enrollments, and study hours will be returned.

```
mysql> select S.StudentName, S.StudentID, S.StudentAddress, S.StudentPhone,
```

- -> S.CurrentCourse, E.EnrollmentID, E.Semester, E.NumericGrade,
- -> E.LetterGrade, sum(L.Duration) as 'Hours'
- -> from P\_STUDENT as S, P\_ENROLLMENT as E, P\_STUDENT\_LOG as L
- -> where S.StudentID=1 and S.StudentID=E.StudentID and
- -> S.StudentID=L.StudentID
- -> group by S.StudentName, S.StudentID, S.StudentAddress, S.StudentPhone,
- -> S.CurrentCourse, E.EnrollmentID, E.Semester, E.NumericGrade,
- -> E.LetterGrade;

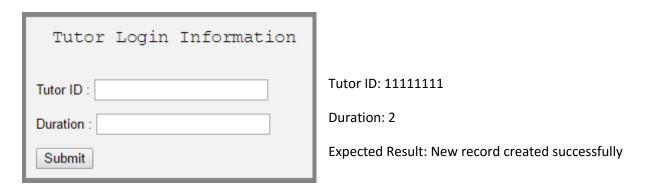
# VIII/ PHP Implementation:

Group Project's website: <a href="http://ecs.fullerton.edu/~cs332u12/index.php">http://ecs.fullerton.edu/~cs332u12/index.php</a>

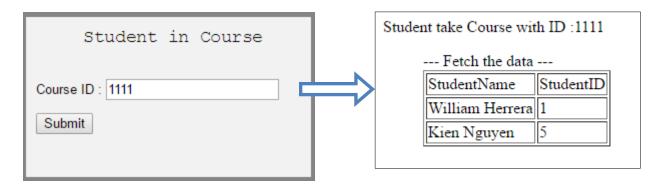
# 1/ studentLogIn

Student Login Information	
Student ID :	Student ID: 1
Duration :	Duration: 9
Submit	Expected Result: New record created successfully

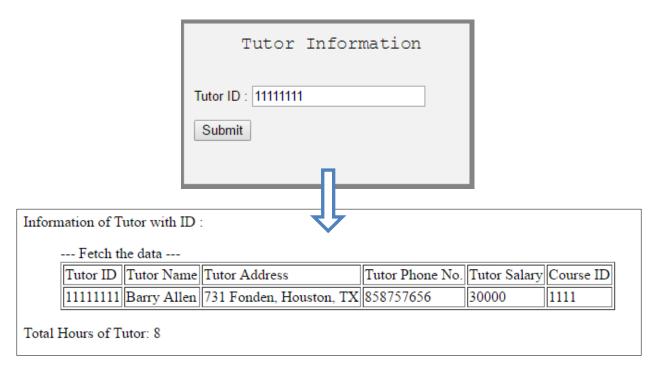
# 2/tutorLogIn



## 3/ getEnrolledStudents



# 4/ getTutorInformation



## 5/ getStudentHistory

