第三次作业

```
(1). 给出如下的Java代码:
1. class C {
2.
      public static void main(String[] args) {
3.
           int a=0, b=5;
4.
           try {
5.
              System.out.print(a/b+b/a);
6.
           } catch {
                                                        7.
              System.out.println("Exceptions!!!");
8.
9.
     }
10.}
编译以上代码,会出现什么错误?
    A. Prints: Exceptions!!!
    B. Prints Nothing
    C. Syntax error
    D. Runtime Error
    E. None of the above
Answer:
(2). 有以下Java代码:
1. class A {
2.
       public static void main(String[] args) {
3.
           int a=0, b=5;
           String c[] = {"A", "B", "C"};
4.
5.
           try {
6.
              for(int i=1; i<4; i++) {
                  System.out.print(c[i]);
7.
8.
9.
              System.out.print(a/b+b/a);
10.
11.
           catch(ArithmetException e) {
12.
               System.out.println("D");
13.
           catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
14.
15.
               System.out.println("E");
16.
           }
       }
17.
18. }
编译并执行代码,会出现哪种结果?
A. Prints: ABC
B. Prints: ABD
C. Prints: BCE
D. Prints: BCDE
```

E. Compiler Error

Answer:

```
(3). 有以下Java代码:
1. class A {
2.
      public static void main(String[] args){
3.
      int a=0, b=5;
      String c[] = {"A", "B", "C"};
4.
5.
      try {
6.
           System.out.print(c[a/b]);
7.
           try {
8.
               for(int i=0; i<4; i++) {
9.
                  System.out.print(c[i]);
10.
11.
           }
12.
           catch (Exception e)
13.
14.
               System.out.println("D");
15.
           finally {
16.
17.
               System.out.println("E");
18.
           }
19.
       }
20.
       catch (Exception e) {
21.
           System.out.println("F");
22.
23.
       finally {
24.
           System.out.println("G");
25.
       }
26.
      }
27. }
编译并执行代码,会出现哪种结果?
A. Prints: AABCG
B. Prints: ABCDG
C. Prints: AABCDG
D. Prints: AABCDEG
E. Prints: AABCDEFG
Answer:
(4). 有以下Java代码:
1. class Num {
      public static void main( String[] args ) {
2.
3.
           int src[] = \{10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1\};
4.
           int res[] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
```

```
5.
           System.arraycopy(src, 0, res, 0, src.length);
6.
           for(int i=0; i<res.length; i++) {
7.
                System.out.print(res[i]);
8.
           }
9.
      }
10.}
What is the result?
A. 10987654321
B. 10987612345
C. 12345612345
D. Compiler error
E. Runtime exception
Answer:
(5). 有以下Java代码:
1. class A {
      public static void main (String[] args) {
2.
3.
           byte a[] = \text{new byte}[2];
4.
           long b[] = new long[2];
5.
           float c[] = new float[2];
6.
           Object d[] = \text{new Object}[2];
           System.out.print(a[1]+","+b[1]+","+c[1]+","+d[1]);
7.
8.
      }
9. }
编译并执行代码,会出现哪种结果?
A. Prints: 0,0,0,null
B. Prints: 0,0,0.0,null
C. Prints: 0,0,0,0
D. Prints: null,null,null,null
E. The code runs with no output.
Answer:
(6). 有以下Java代码:
1. class A {
2.
      public static void main(String[] args) {
3.
           int[] var1;
4.
           int[5] var2;
5.
           int[] var3;
6.
           int var4[];
7.
      }
8. }
编译并执行代码,会出现哪种结果?
A. compile-time errors occur at line 3
B. compile-time errors occur at line 4
```

```
D. compile-time errors occur at line 6
E. None of the above
Answer:
(7). 有以下Java代码:
1. class A {
2.
      static void my() throws ArithmeticException {
3.
           System.out.print("A");
4.
           throw new ArithmeticException("A");
5.
6.
      public static void main (String args □) {
7.
           try {
8.
                my();
9.
10.
           catch (Exception e) {
                System.out.print("B");
11.
12.
13.
           finally {
14.
                System.out.print("C");
15.
16.
      }
17.}
编译并执行代码,会出现哪种结果?
A. Prints: A
B. Prints: AC
C. Prints: ABC
D. Prints: AABC
E. Prints: C
Answer:
(8). 有以下Java代码:
1. class B extends Exception {}
2. class C extends B {}
3. class D extends C {}
4. class A {
5.
      public static void main(String args[]) {
6.
           int a,b,c,d,x,y,z;
7.
           a = b = c = d = x = y = 0;
8.
           z = 1;
9.
           try {
10.
              try {
11.
                  switch(z) {
12.
                      case 1: throw new B();
```

C. compile-time errors occur at line 5

```
14.
                     case 3: throw new D();
15.
                     case 4: throw new Exception();
16.
                 }
17.
                 a++;
18.
19.
            catch ( C e ) {b++;}
20.
            finally \{c++;\}
21.
       }
22.
       catch (Be) {d++;}
       catch (Exception e) {x++;}
23.
24.
       finally {y++;}
           System.out.print(a+","+b+","+c+","+d+","+x+","+y);
25.
26.
       }
27. }
编译并执行代码,会出现哪种结果?
A. 0,0,1,1,0,1
B. 0,1,0,1,1,0
C. 0,0,1,1,0,1
D. 0,1,1,1,1,1
E. 1,1,0,1,0,0
Answer:
(9). 有以下Java代码:
1. class B extends Exception {
      public void myMethod( ) throws RuntimeException {}
2.
3. }
4.
5. class A extend B{
      public void myMethod( ) throws Exception {}
6.
7.
      public static void main (String[] args) {}
8. }
编译错误会出现在哪一行?
A. 1
B. 2
C. 6
D. 7
E. None of the above
Answer:
(10). 有以下Java代码:
1. class A {
      public static void main (String[] args) {
2.
3.
           int a=1, b=0;
```

case 2: throw new C();

13.

```
4.
          int c[] = \{1,2,3\};
5.
          try {
              System.out.print(c[1]);
6.
7.
              try {
                 System.out.print(a/b+b/a);
8.
9.
              catch (ArithmeticException e)
10.
11.
12.
                  System.out.print("C");
13.
              }
14.
           }
          catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
15.
              System.out.print("A");
16.
17.
18.
           finally {
19.
              System.out.print("B");
          }
20.
      }
21.
22. }
编译并执行代码,会出现哪种结果?
(A) 1BC
(B) 1CB
(C) 2BC
(D) 2CB
(E) 2AC
Answer:
```