#### Models & Attributes

movie: title, gross, release\_date, mpaa\_rating, description

review: comment, star\_rating, reviewer\_name

#### Relationships

Movie has many reviews

movie

has\_many :reviews

review

belongs\_to:user

#### **Validations**

#### movie

title: unique

gross: defaults to 0

release\_date: year 2010 or later (dropdown?) mpaa\_rating: G or PG or PG13 or R NC-17

description: exist

#### review:

comment: exist (star\_rating) (username)

#### Features (User vs. Admin)

user can view all movies #user can view a movie POST#user can create a new movie [user cannot update or delete a movie]

user can view a movie's reviews POST#user can add a movie review [user cannot update or delete a review] admin can view all movies admin can view a single movie admin can create a new movie admin can update a movie admin can delete a movie

admin can view a movie's reviews admin can add a movie review admin can update a review admin can delete a review

#### 0. Git & GitHub Setup:

- Nicole
  - -create a new repo for BananasApi project on Github with a README.md
  - -clone repo to local machine
  - -in local repo, create the new rails-api app in this directory
- Gina & Cara,
  - -fork https://github.com/npupillo/bananas-api
  - -clone your new fork to your local machine

#### **Development Workflow, Gina & Cara:**

- 1. Feature branch workflow:
- A. Review all the branch names in the repo you just forked:
  - \$ git branch -a
- B. Create a local feature branch to work on, using a unique name that does not already exist from above:
  - \$ git branch -b joe-feature-branch
- C. While in your local feature branch, do your feature work.
- D. Continuously add & commit as needed:
  - \$ git add <file or files>
  - \$ git commit -m "commit message"
- E. Pull from the upstream master to your local master when pull requests from team members are accepted:
  - \$ git checkout master
  - \$ git pull upstream master

- \$ git checkout feature\_branch
- \$ git merge master #merge master into feature\_branch
- 2. Complete the feature branch:
- A. When all work in the branch is complete, push your local feature\_branch to your GitHub repo:
  - \$ git push origin feature\_branch
- B. Go to your github account, select your feature\_branch in the drop down and make a pull request from that branch.
  - Pull request reviewed & accepted b/c you rock! Yay!
- C. Then go back to your local master branch & do a git pull from the upstream repo to get any other changes from others
  - \$ git checkout master
  - \$ git pull upstream master
- 3. Return to Step 1 and start work on a new feature branch.

#### **Development Workflow, Nicole:**

- 1. Feature branch workflow:
- A. Review all the branch names in the repo you just forked:
  - \$ git branch -a
- B. Create a local feature branch to work on, using a unique name that does not already exist from above:
  - \$ git branch -b joe-feature-branch
- C. While in your local feature branch, do your feature work.
- D. Continuously add & commit as needed:
  - \$ git add <file or files>
  - \$ git commit -m "commit message"
- E. Pull from the upstream master to your local master when pull requests from team members are accepted:
  - \$ git checkout master
  - \$ git pull origin master

merge feature\_branch into master & test

\$ git merge feature\_branch

- 2. When all work in the branch is complete:
- A. Push to origin master branch:

\$ git push origin master

B. Then while still in your local master branch & do a git pull from the upstream repo to get any other changes from others

\$ git pull origin master

3. Return to Step 1 and start work on a new feature branch.

# **Movie Application Mini-Project**

# **Description**

We are going to create an application that will allow users to review movies.

#### No Authentication or Authorization.

Initially, this app will only have anonymous users. It will **not** implement authentication. At a later date we may decide to add authentication and possibly authorization.

Please, please know the difference between authentication and authorization.

## **Process**

You will follow what is a typical project process or workflow.

#### Team effort.

This will be a collaborate effort of a team of developers. Each member of the team will be given a specific user story to implement.

The project README will list all team members.

## **Planning**

The team will co-operate to determine a plan for this project. The details of this plan are below.

Initial planning will take the most time.

But, do **NOT** take to much time planning. Guessing about 30 to 40 minutes tops for initial planning

#### Maintain User Stories.

These will be kept in the project README.

A list of User Stories will be maintained. Each story will:

- List the implementor/s initials.
- Iteration that story was completed, e.g. Iteration 3.
- Priority, from 1 to 4 with 1 being the highest priority.
- Difficultly, chosen from 1, 2, 4, 8 with 1 being the easiest.

#### Workflow

One project Github repo will be created for each team. Each team member will typically work in a local feature/topic branch until a feature/story is complete.

- This local feature branch will have a remote tracking branch that will be up to date.
- Squash commits that should be combined before merging the feature branch into the release branch.
- After a feature is completed it *MUST* be merged into the master branch.

Can use git merge or rebase to update the release/master branch with a feature branch.

### Iterative process.

Each iteration will be 3 hours long. So, each developer must be assigned one or more stories for a specific iteration.

#### Note: this will take some planning.

The stories must be prioritized to account for dependencies and *possibly* the importance of the story/feature. For example, one can not implement Reviews before Movies.

After each iteration the feature branches will be merged into the master/release branch. It's at this time that a released version will be stamped using a git tag. See semantic versioning

## **Testing**

Each story will require one or more tests. On the backend you'll use using RSpec request specs for these tests.

You are not required to use TDD but you **MUST** test your code and prove you have a resonable level of code coverage.

Run rake stats, or some other code coverage tool, to determine test coverage.

#### **Code Review**

All code must be reviewed by another developer before it's merged into the master or release branch. \*You may want to record who reviewed code in a commit or next to a user story in the README.

## Requirements

#### **Movies Stories**

Users can:

- View all movies
- View a specific movie.
- Create a new movie with a title, total gross, release date, MPAA rating and description.
- Update a movie.
- Movies must have a title.
- Movie titles must be unique.
- A Movie rating must be a valid MPAA rating.
- The release date may not be greater than the 5 years from the date the movie was created in this app.
- The total gross is 0 by default.

#### Movie Reviews

Users can see all the reviews for a specific movie.

- Users can create a new review.
- Users can not update or delete reviews.
- Each review:
  - Must have a comment.
  - May have a star rating between one and five.
  - May have the name of a reviewer.

There can only be one movie review for each **named** reviewer. If the reviewer filled in a name they cannot have more that one review per movie.

#### Admin users.

Admin users must access movies and reviews via the 'admin' URI namespace.

For example, /admin/movies/5 or /admin/reviews/3

Only Admins are allowed to delete reviews. Only Admins are allowed to edit/update reviews.

Note: There is no authentiation, yet, so being an admin only implies that they access resources via the /admin path.

## **Bonus Requirements**

- Add Versioning to this API.
- Implement Pagination.
- Implement Search and AutoComplete.
- Add features from an online Movie site.
  - o <u>TMDb</u>
  - Rotten Tomatoes API
- Populate this app's data from a CSV file. Find a movie data CSV and create a rake task to import it's data into the app DB.
- Get app data from a remote API.
  - o TMDb API
  - Rotten Tomatoes API
- Use Active Job to consume another API and populate your DB. This will periodically retrieve new or updated data from the remote api.

## **Technical Requirements**

- Use the <u>Rails API Gem</u> to generate a minimal Rails app that will be used *only* as an API.
- Configure each JSON Resource representation, attributes/properties, using the <u>Active</u>
   <u>Model Serializer</u> gem.
- Implement Cross-origin resource sharing, <u>CORS</u>, so that Single Page Applications,
  SPA can access this API.
- Only use ActiveRecord's nested\_attributes\_for to access reviews. All reviews should be accessed in the context of a specific movie.
- Use the annotate gem to annotate you models and tests.
- Optionally, use the rspec-its gem to DRY up tests.

## Front-End

Build a Javascript/JQuery front-end. Make it look perty