

## Lab 4: Disk Image and Partitions

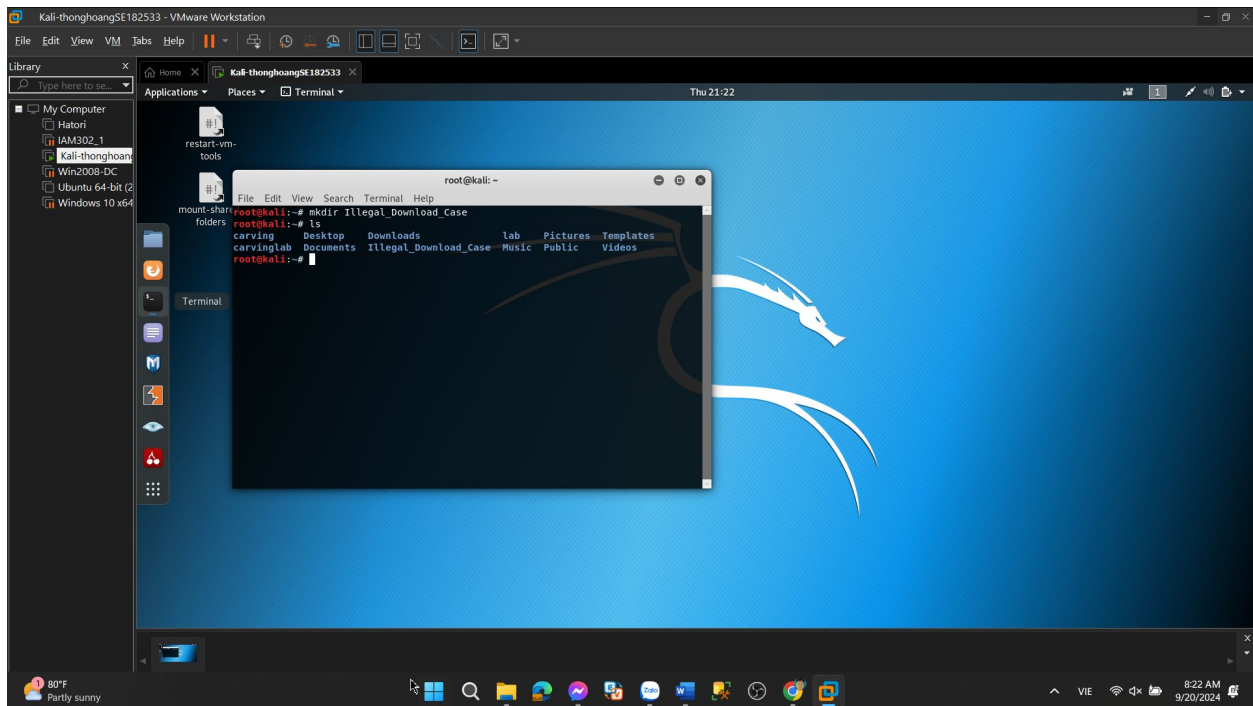
### Group: CyberSec\_N00b

Member:

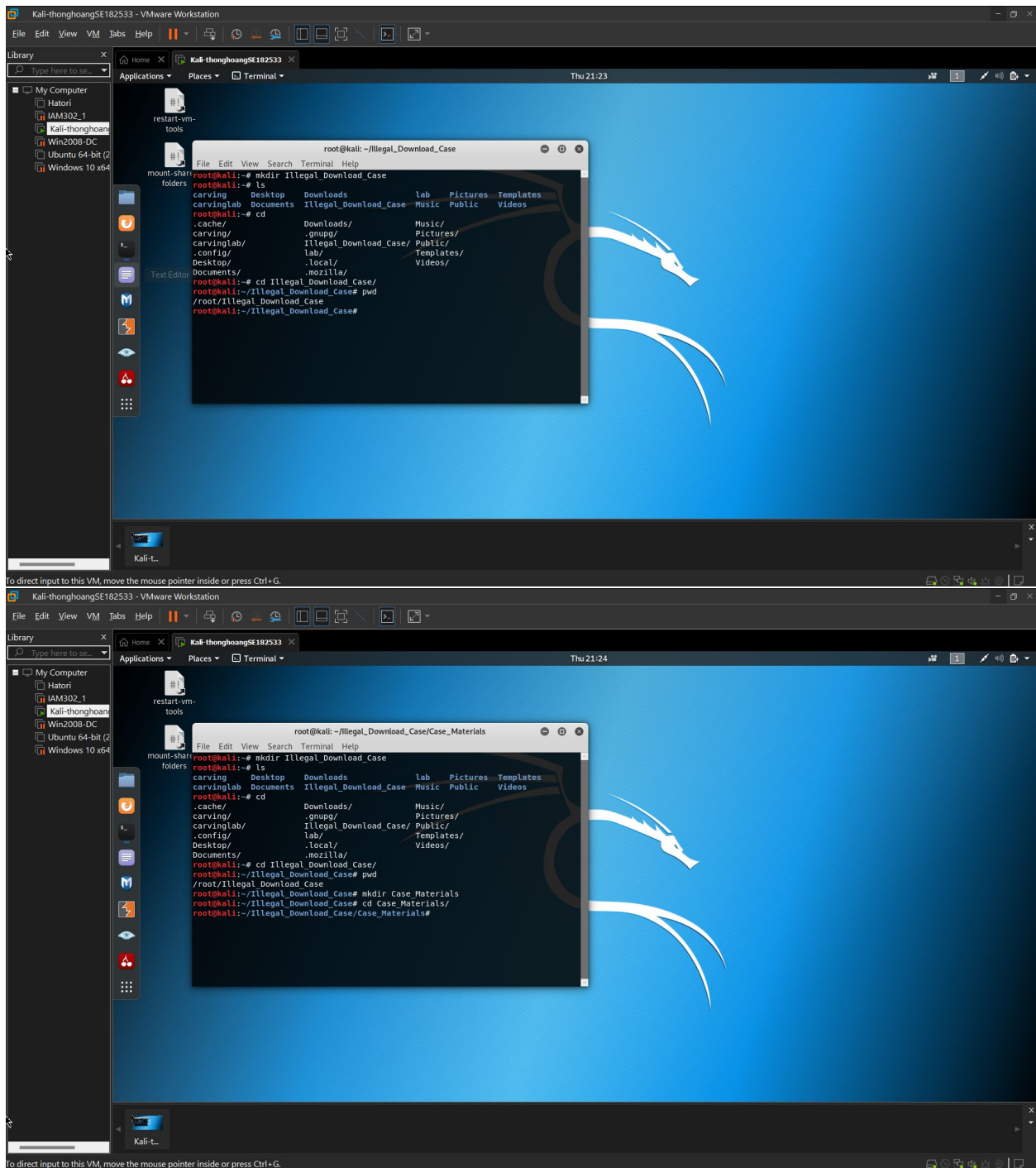
- Huỳnh Ngọc Quang (SE181838)
- Hồ Tài Liên Vy Kha (SE181818)
- Hoàng Kim Long (DE180860)
- Phạm Thành Long (SE181692)
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#### 1. Verify the integrity of the disk image

- Create Lab Folder



- Download Case Materials



- Use `wget` to download disk image. ( about 30GB ) Install Necessary Software

- ☐ Hashdeep

- ☐ Md5deep

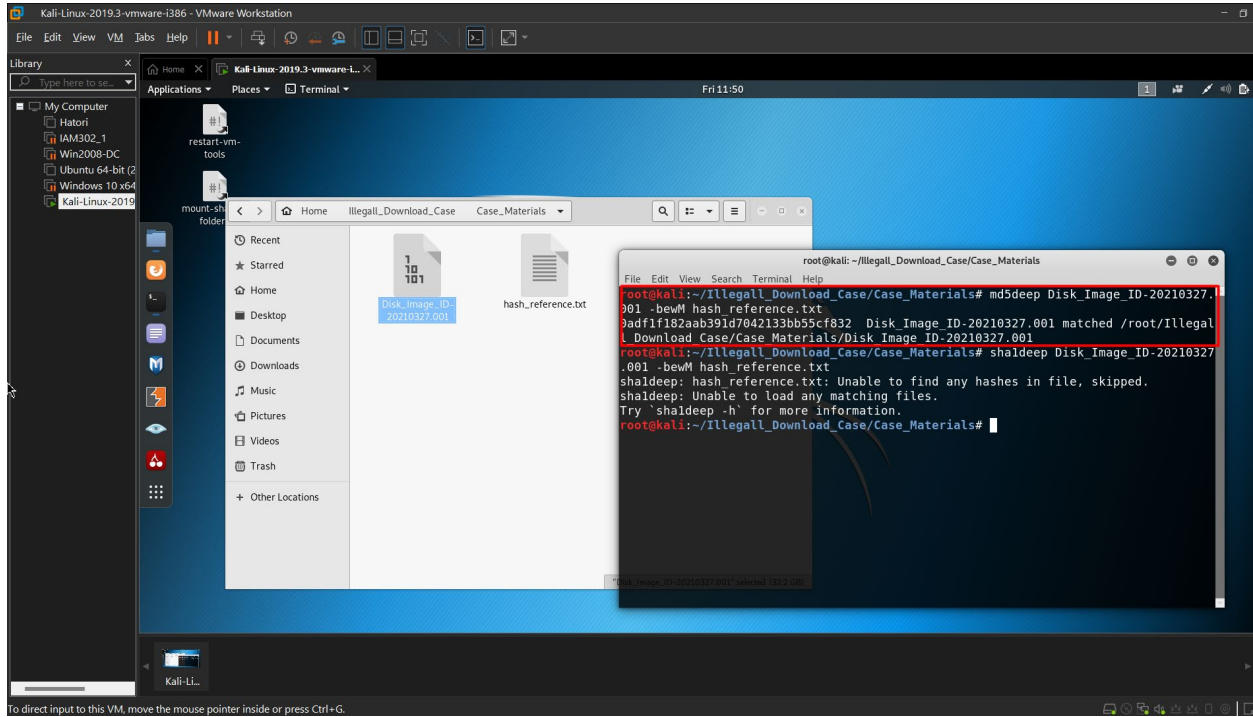
`sudo apt install hashdeep`

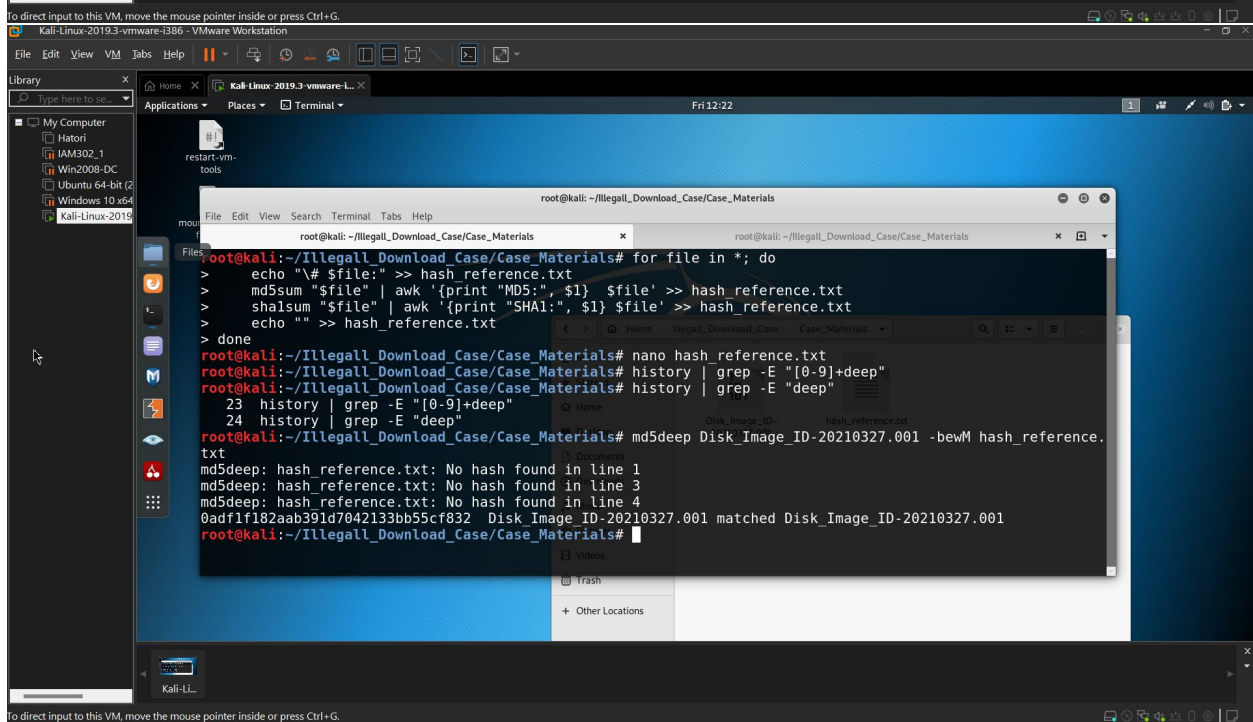
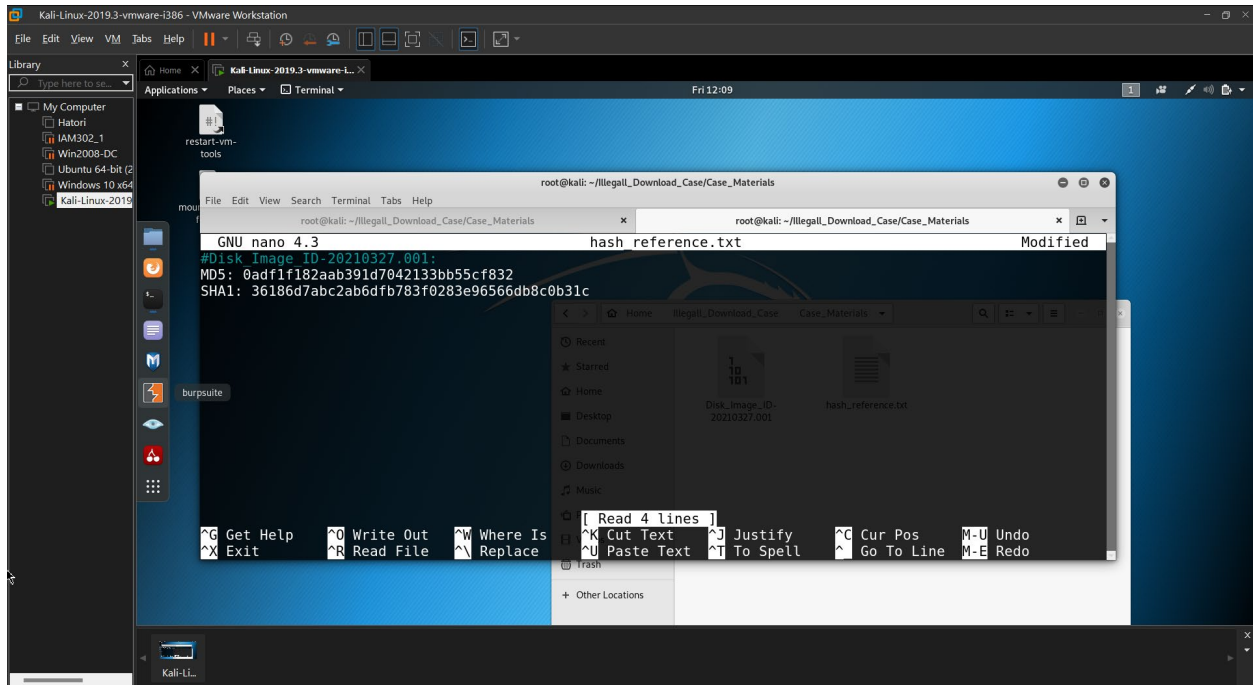
**Step 2.**

Generate an MD5 and SHA1 hash of the disk image. These tools will compare the MD5 and/or SHA1 hash of the disk image to the MD5 and/or SHA1 hash in the 'hash\_reference.txt' file.

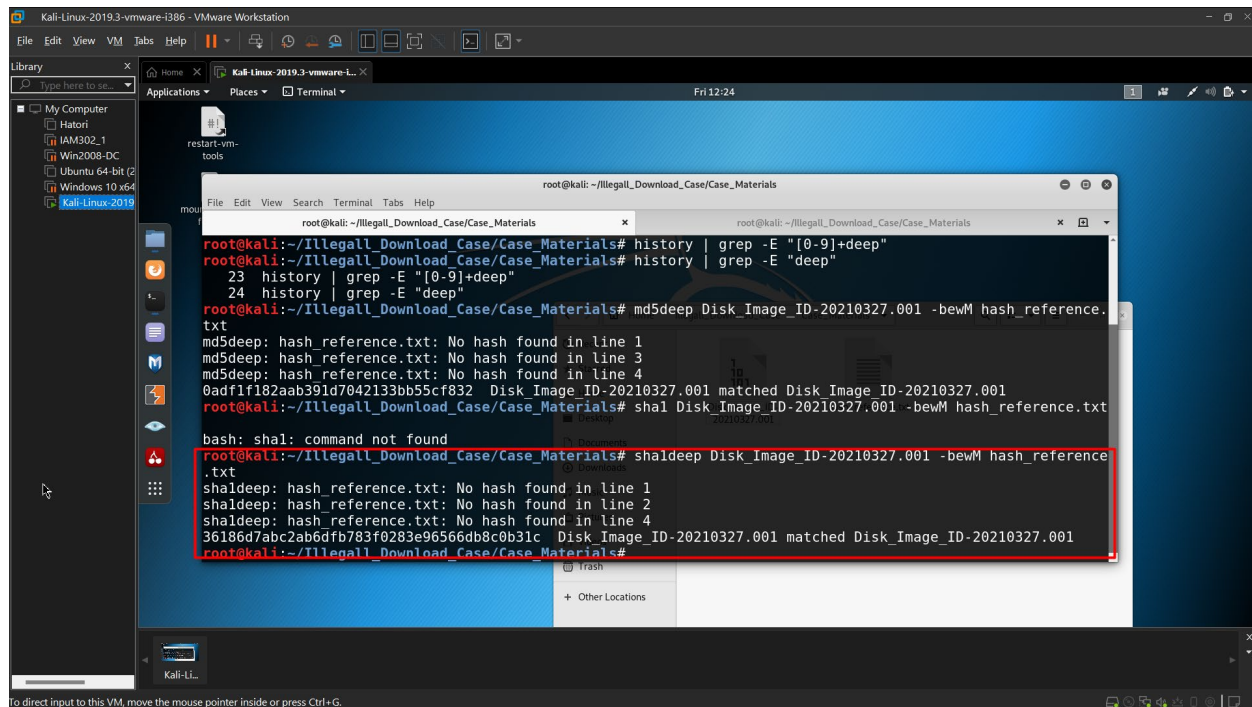
## Commands

- `md5deep <disk image> -bewM <file that contains file names and hash codes>`





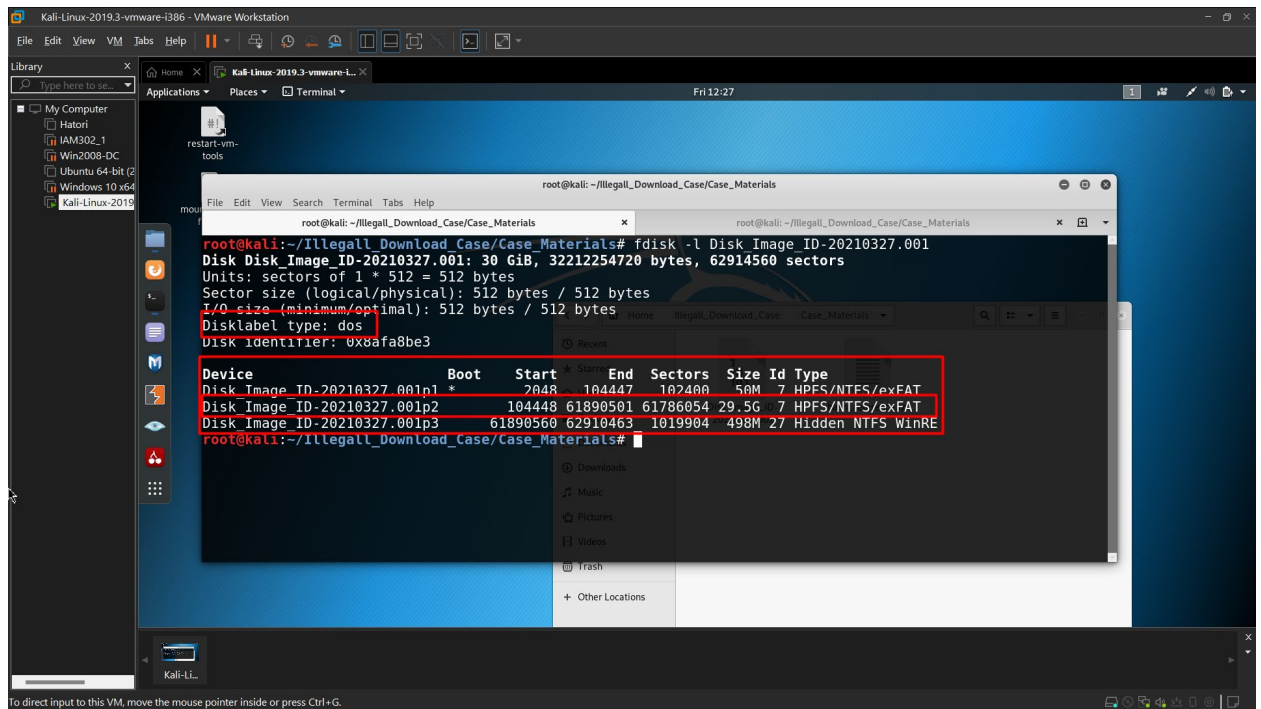




```
root@kali: ~/Illegal_Download_Case/Case_Materials
root@kali:~/Illegal_Download_Case/Case_Materials# history | grep -E "[0-9]+deep"
root@kali:~/Illegal_Download_Case/Case_Materials# history | grep -E "deep"
23 history | grep -E "[0-9]+deep"
24 history | grep -E "deep"
root@kali:~/Illegal_Download_Case/Case_Materials# md5deep Disk_Image_ID-20210327.001 -bewM hash_reference.txt
md5deep: hash_reference.txt: No hash found in line 1
md5deep: hash_reference.txt: No hash found in line 3
md5deep: hash_reference.txt: No hash found in line 4
0adff1f182aab391d7042133bb55cf832 Disk_Image_ID-20210327.001 matched Disk_Image_ID-20210327.001
root@kali:~/Illegal_Download_Case/Case_Materials# sha1 Disk_Image_ID-20210327.001 -bewM hash_reference.txt
bash: sha1: command not found
root@kali:~/Illegal_Download_Case/Case_Materials# sha1deep Disk_Image_ID-20210327.001 -bewM hash_reference.txt
sha1deep: hash_reference.txt: No hash found in line 1
sha1deep: hash_reference.txt: No hash found in line 2
sha1deep: hash_reference.txt: No hash found in line 4
36186d7abc2ab6dfb783f0283e96566db8c0b31c Disk_Image_ID-20210327.001 matched Disk_Image_ID-20210327.001
root@kali:~/Illegal_Download_Case/Case_Materials#
```

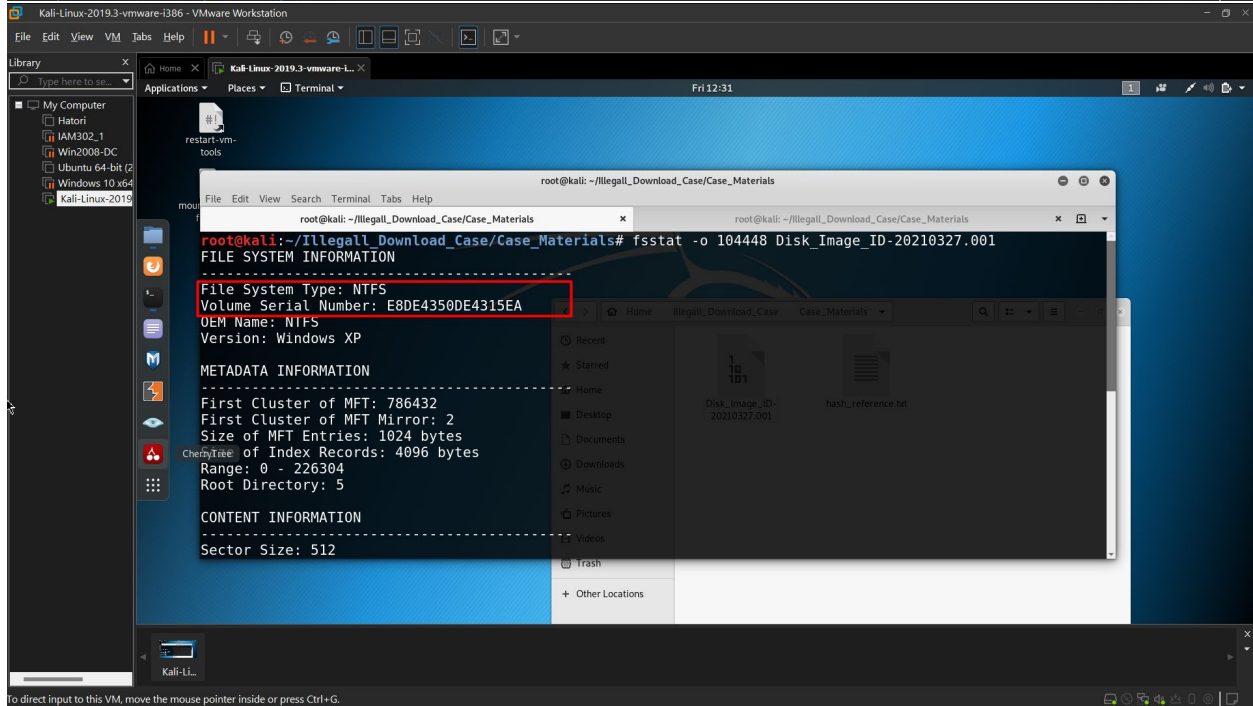
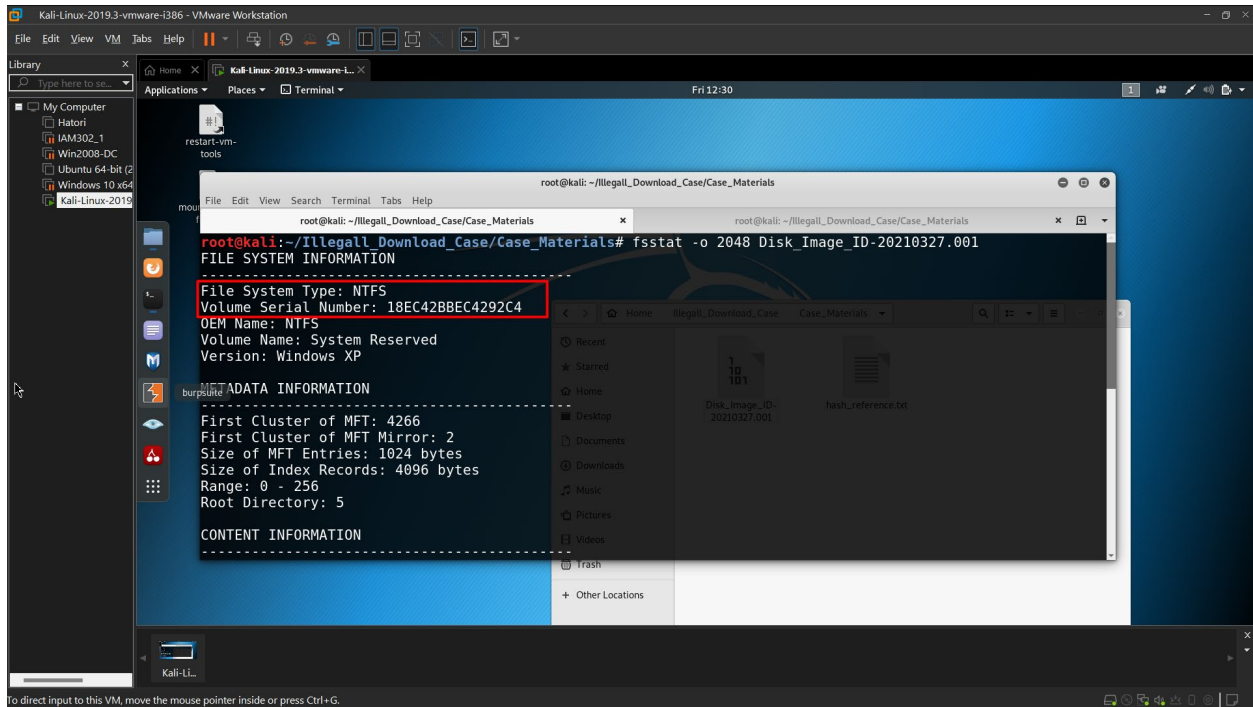
- Note: You would replace <disk image> with the file path to the disk image. The same applies to anything else contained in between '<>'.
- Use MD5deep to verify the MD5 hash of the disk image.
- Use SHA1deep to verify the MD5 hash of the disk image.

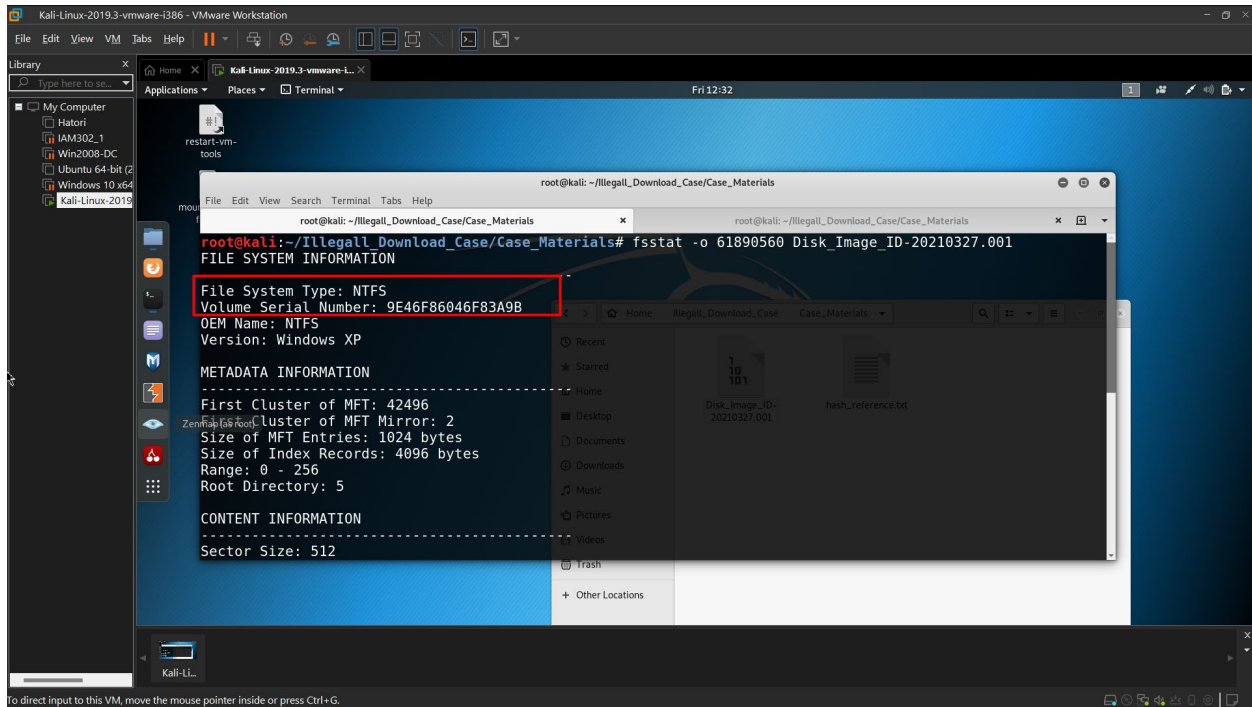
## 2. Identify the OS of the system as well as its name, accounts, and partitions.



Volume offset #s (in sectors):

- Partition 1 – 2048
  - Partition 2 – 104448
  - Partition 3 – 61890560
- How to get help for *fsstat*
  - Use *fsstat* to get file system details.





## Partition 1

File System: NTFS

Serial Number: 18EC42BBEC4292C4

## Partition 2

File System: NTFS

Serial Number: E8DE4350DE4315EA

## Partition 3

File System: NTFS

Serial Number: 9E46F86046F83A9B

- Using *fdisk* and *fsstat*, we obtained this information:

Partition Table			MS-DOS				
Partition	Flag	Start	End	Sectors	Size	File System	Serial #
1 <sup>st</sup> Partition – System Reserved	Boot	2048	104447	102400	50 MB	NTFS	18EC42BBEC 4292C4
2 <sup>nd</sup> Partition	-	104448	61890501	61786054	29.5 GB	NTFS	E8DE4350DE 4315EA
3 <sup>rd</sup> Partition	-	61890560	62910463	1019904	498 MB	NTFS/Hidde n NTFS WinRe	9E46F86046 F83A9B

Please explain the parameters in the table ?



1. Flag: Indicates special attributes of the partition.

- For the 1st Partition, it is flagged as **Boot**, meaning it contains the boot loader necessary for starting the operating system.

2. Start and End: These columns indicate the starting and ending sector numbers for each partition on the disk.

- Start: The sector where the partition begins.

- End: The sector where the partition ends.

3. Sectors: This is the total number of sectors occupied by the partition. Each sector typically has a size of 512 bytes.

4. Size: The total size of the partition, calculated based on the number of sectors.

5. File System: This indicates the type of file system used on the partition.

- In the image, NTFS (New Technology File System) is used, which is commonly found on Windows systems.

6. Serial#: This is the unique identifier for each partition. The serial number is generated when the file system is created.