### **Explanations**

Basic uses of articles are assumed known.

#### **Definite article**

Classes

This is one way to refer to classes, and is perhaps more formal than using a plural:

The tiger is threatened with extinction.

National groups

Groups as a whole:

The French eat in restaurants more than the English.

Single examples are not formed in the same way:

A Frenchman/woman, an Englishman/woman.

• Other groups

If these are clearly plural:

the Social Democrats, The Rolling Stones

Note the difference:

Pink Floyd, Queen (no article)

• Unique objects

the moon, the sun

Note that there are other suns and moons in the universe.

This planet has a small moon.

Titles

These tend to be 'unique'.

The director of studies

If the title is post-modified (has a description coming after the noun), *the* is more likely, but not essential. Compare:

She became President in 1998.

She became (the) President of the United States in 1998.

· Other titles

The may be part of the title, and so is capitalised.

Newspapers: The Independent, The Sunday Times

Musical instruments

Jane plays the flute.

The guitar is my favourite instrument.

It is, of course, still possible to use a where it would naturally be used.

There was a small brown flute in the window of the shop.

#### Emphatic use

This is heavily stressed and emphasises the following noun.

This hotel is **the** place to stay.

See also Grammar 14.

#### · Geographical names

The following use *the*:

Rivers: the Thames

Mountain ranges: the Alps Oceans: the Mediterranean

Unique features: the Channel, the Arctic

Compass points/areas: the East, the Middle East

Countries: collective or plural: The United Kingdom, The Netherlands

This does not apply to:

Mountain peaks: Everest (but The Matterhorn)

Continents: *Asia* Countries: *France* 

The definite article is sometimes used before Lebanon and Gambia:

The Lebanon The Gambia

#### · Place names

Post-modification, especially with ... of... plays a role in place names.

Compare:

Leeds University/The University of Leeds

London Bridge/The Tower of London --

If the first part of a place-name is another name, then normal rules about zero article apply.

Brown's Restaurant

The Garden House Hotel

The same applies in geographical names:

Canvey Island

The Isle of Man

#### • Most and the most

Most hotels in England are very expensive, (making a generalisation)

This is the most expensive hotel in town, (talking about a specific hotel)

#### • Importance of context

The definite article refers to already mentioned items, and so its use depends on context.

The Smiths had a son and a daughter. The son was in the Army and the daughter was training to be a doctor.

On the Saturday, there was a terrible storm.

Here, the Saturday refers to a day in an area of time already mentioned.

On the Saturday of that week ...

#### Indefinite article

Jobs

Compare: Tony is a builder. Tony was the builder of that house.

• In measuring

Three times a week. Fifty kilometres an hour.

£3.50 a kilo. £15,000 a year.

Formally, per can replace a/an.

• Unknown people

Use of *a/an* emphasises that a person is unknown.

A Mr Jones called while you were out.

#### Zero article

Names

Compare:

Matthew Smith is one of my favourite artists, (a person) A Matthew Smith hangs in their bedroom, (a painting)

• Some unique organisations do not use the.

Parliament, but The (House of) Commons

Streets

Most streets do not use an article.

Green Road Godwin Street

Exceptions are:

^ The High Street The Strand

and street names without preceding adjectives. Compare:

Holly Drive The Drive

# Translation problems

Study these sentences. Would you use an article in your language?

I know how to use a computer.

A pound and a half of cheese.

I was holding it in my hand.

It's a film about homeless people.

Terry has flu. I've got a headache.

## **Practice**

The activities include revision material.

In each space put a/an or the, or leave the space blank.

It has been announced that for (1) third consecutive month there
has been (2)rise in (3)number of
(4) people unemployed, rather than (5) fall that
had been predicted. (6)rise was blamed on (7)
continuing uncertainty over (8)government economic policy,
and couldn't come at (9)worse time for (10)
Prime Minister, who is facing (11)growing criticism over
(12) present crisis is being handled.
(14)
despite (16)pound and
cuts in (18) government still
expects (20)recovery of the economy to take three or even four
years. To make (21) matters worse, (22) " number of
small businesses going into (23)liquidation is still at
(24)
showing no signs of recovery. Some backbenchers expect (26)
general election before (27) end of (28) winter
unless there is (29) rapid change of (30) fortune.

#### 2 <u>Underline</u> the most suitable option. A dash (-) means that no article is included.

- a) Helen doesn't like the/- cream cakes sold in a/the local bakery.
- b) The/- handball is fast becoming a/the popular sport worldwide.
- c) We could see that the/- Alps were covered in the/- snow.
- d) It's a/- long time since I met a/- lovely person like you!
- e) Diana has a/- degree in the/- engineering from the/- University of London.
- f) At the/- present moment, the/- man seems to have the/an uncertain future.
- g) The/- problem for the/- today's students is how to survive financially,
- h) The/- French enjoy spending holidays in the/- countryside.
- i) Please do not turn on a/the water-heater in a/the bathroom,
- j) Sue bought a/the Picasso I was telling you about the/- last week.

#### Correct the errors in these sentences.

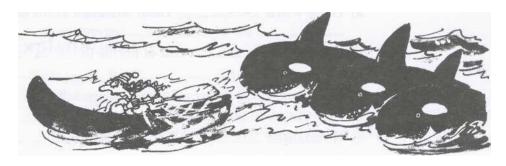
- a) It's not a first-class accommodation unless it has a private bathroom.

  It's not first-class accommodation unless it has a private bathroom.
- b) On this record twins play piano duet.
- c) The halfway through meal we realised what waiter had said.
- d) If the Mrs Hillier phones, say I'm away on trip.
- e) There is a wonderful scenery in eastern part of Turkey.
- f) Cocker spaniel is one of most popular pet dogs.
- g) There is going to be fog and a cold weather all the next week.
- h) I spent very interesting holiday at the Lake Coniston in England.
- i) We are against war in general, so of course we are against war like this between superpower and developing country.
- j) The burglaries are definitely on increase.

In	each space put a/an or the, or leave the space blank.
a)	I'm going to stand for Parliament at the next election.
b)	When I left station, I had to stand in queue for
	taxi forlong time.
c)	We took trip around London and saw Tower
	Bridge.
d)	
	work for everyone.
e)	most main roads in this part of country follow
	line ofroads built byRomans.
f)	Have you got
g)	If I hadtime, I would like to take uparchery.
h)	We spentpleasant evening havingdrinks at
	Robin Hood.
i).	Nile flows right throughcity.

j) summer I spent in USA was one of best in my life.





a)	She was	the	first woman to cross	Atlantic in			
		canoe.					
b)	Go down	١	High Street and tu	rn right intoMill			
	Road.						
c)	) Please let me carryshopping. It'sleast I can do.						
d)	l) I don't like milk in coffee.						
e)	At	end	ofbus	y day,sleep is			
		best to	onic.				
f).	f)						
		Irish e	ither.				
g)	We'll go	for	walk if	sun comes out.			
h)	This is		last time I do you	favour for a while.			
i)	I'm staying in Hilton so you can leave me						
	message.						

#### 6 There are ten extra appearances of the in the following text. Underline them.

The word processor and the calculator are without a shadow of doubt here to stay, and in the many respects our lives are the much richer for them. But the teachers and other academics are claiming that we are now starting to feel the first significant wave of their effects on a generation of the users. It seems nobody under the age of 20 can spell or add up any more. Even several professors at leading universities have commented on the detrimental effect the digital revolution has had on the most intelligent young minds in the country. The problem, evidently, lies with the automatic spellcheck now widely available on the word processing software. Professor John Silver of the Sydney University, Australia, said: 'Why should we bother to learn how to spell correctly, or for that matter to learn even the most basic of the mathematical sums, when at the press of a button we have our problem answered for us. The implications are enormous. Will the adults of the future look to the computer to make the decisions for them, to tell them who to marry or what the house to buy? Are we heading for a future individual incapable of the independent human thought?'

- 7 In each space put a/an or the, or leave the space blank.
  - a) Please watch the cabin attendant as she demonstrates use of oxygen mask.
  - b) Paul spent......half of his life in......Far East.

  - d) Dick has ...... sore throat and is taking ..... medicine.
  - e) We arranged......outskirts of ......city.
  - f) There is \_\_\_\_\_\_very difficult crossword in '\_\_\_\_\_\_Times'.
  - g) Could you give me.....information I asked for in.....letter I sent you?
  - h) I bought.....jewellery for my sister but it wasn't.....kind she likes,
  - i) I always wanted to be \_\_\_\_\_\_astronaut but \_\_\_\_\_ambition wore off.



#### o <u>Underline</u> the most suitable option. A dash (-) means that no article is needed.

- a) Brenda is *the/-* ideal for *a/the* job. She has *a/-* wealth of *the/-* experience.
- b) The/- safety at the/- work is a/- major concern for us.
- c) The/- poorest people in the/- country live in this city.
- d) Have you seen a/the new 'Hamlet' at the/- National Theatre?
- e) There is a/- beautiful countryside within an/- easy reach of a/the hotel.
- f) I have a/- terrible cold and am staying in the/- bed today.
- g) I earn £3 an/the hour as a/- supermarket cashier on the/- Saturdays,
- h) The/- charge for an/- excess luggage is £10 a/the kilo.
- i) The/- most of the/- life is a/- matter of getting on with the/- others,
- j) This country is officially called *The*/- United Kingdom of *The*/- Great Britain and *The*/- Northern Ireland.