PSP MCQ Set 3

 are used for solving complex application such as Global Weather Forecasting. Public computers Super Computers Mobile computers Hybrid computers 	
Ans: b	
2. PDAs are also called?a) PCsb) Laptopsc) Tabletsd) HandheldAns: d	
3. What is the full form of CPU?	
 a) Central Process Unit b) Central Processing Unit c) Central Programming Unit d) Central Progressive Unit 	
Ans: b	
4. Any data or instruction entered into the memory of a computer is considered as	
A. Storage	
B. Output	
C. Input	
D. Information	
Ans: C	
5. C99 standard guarantees uniqueness of characters for internal names (a) 31 (b) 63 (c) 12 (d) 14 Ans: (b)	;.
Ans: (b)	
6. Why do variable names beginning with the underscore are not encouraged?	

- (a) It is not standardized
- (b) To avoid conflicts since assemblers and loaders use such names
- (c) To avoid conflicts since library routines use such names
- (d) To avoid conflicts with environment variables of an operating system

Ans: (c)

7. Which of the following is not a valid variable name declaration?

```
(a) int __a3;
       (b) int __3a;
       (c) int __A3;
       (d) None of the mentioned
       Ans: (d)
       8. Which of the following is not a valid variable name declaration?
       (a) int _a3;
       (b) int a_3;
       (c) int 3_a;
       (d) int _3a;
       Ans: (c)
9. What is the output of the C Program.?
int main()
```

```
if (4 < 5)
    printf("Hurray..\n");
 printf("Yes");
else
  printf("England");
return 0;
A) Hurray.. Yes
B) Hurray.. Yes
C) Compiler error
D) None of the above
Answer: C
10. What is the output of C Program.?
int main()
  int a=25;
```

while(a \leq 27)

a++;

printf("%d", a);

```
return 0;
}
A) 25 25 25
B) 25 26 27
C) 27 27 27
D) Compiler error
Answer B
11. What is the output of the C Program.?
int main()
{
   if (10 < 9)
       printf("Hurray..\n");
  else if(4 > 2)
       printf("England");
  return 0;
}
A) England
B) Hurray..
C) Compiler error for missing else
D) None of the above
Answer: A
12. What will be the following code's output if choice = 'R'?
switch(choice)
  case 'R' : printf("RED");
  case 'W' : printf("WHITE");
  case 'B' : printf("BLUE");
  default: printf("ERROR"); break;
}
a. RED
b. RED WHITE BLUE ERROR
c. RED ERROR
d. RED WHITE BLUE
e. ERROR
Answer: b
13. Array can be considered as set of elements stored in consecutive memory locations but having
  A. Same data type
  B. Different data type
  C. Same scope
  D. None of these
Answer: A
14. What is the output of C Program.?
```

int main()

```
int a=32;
  do
  {
    printf("%d ", a);
    a++;
    if(a > 35)
       break;
  \} while(1);
  return 0;
}
A) No Output
B) 32 33 34
C) 32 33 34 35
D) Compiler error
Answer: C
15. Array elements are always stored in _____ memory locations.?
  A. Sequential
  B. Random
  C. Sequential and Random
  D. None of the above
Answer: A
16. What is the output of this program?
void main()
{
   int a[8] = \{1,2,3,4,5\};
printf("%d", a[5]);
}
  A. 5
  B. 6
```

C. 0 D. Garbage Value Answer: C
17. Choose a correct C Statement about Strings.
A. PRINTF is capable of printing a multi word stringB. PUTS is capable of printing a multi word stringC. GETS is capable of accepting a multi word string from console or command promptD. All the aboveAns: D
18. The function returns the number of characters that are present before the terminating null character. A. strlength() B. strlen() C. strlent() D. strchr() Ans: B
19. A string constant in C is terminated by A. '\0' B. '\\0' C. " D. ""
Ans: A
20. Which function will you choose to join two words? A. strlen() B. strcat() C. strcpy() D. strncon()
Ans: B