MSE - I - February 2022

b) State D'Alembert's ratio test. Test for the convergence of the series

 $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1.2}{3.5}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1.2.3}{3.5.7}\right)^2 + \dots \infty$

the convergence of series a) Test the for $1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{2^2}{3^3} + \frac{3^3}{4^4} + \dots \infty$.

5

b) State Cauchy's root test. Test for the convergence of the

$$\sum \left(1-\frac{3}{n}\right)^n$$

5

BT* Bloom's Taxonomy, L* Level; CO* Course Outcome; PO* Program Outcome

MODEL AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	2500					
				A nr		
	•	USN	1 1	HEN MEIN	TO L	ð.
ions: J-T)			15 N	<u> </u>		16.0%
NMAM INSTI	TUTE OF TECH	INOLOGY, NIT				OF JECHNOTOC)
(An Autonomous	s Institution affiliate	ed to VTU, Belag	avi)			MOTO
I Sem B.E. (Credit System)	Mid Semester E	xaminations - I	, Febru	ary 2022		67/6
21MA101	- ENGINEERING MA	THEMATICS - I	6.23	Valley	· 16 - 1784,6)
tion: 1 Hour		Š.		Max. Ma	rks: 20	
Note: Answer	any On e full quest	ion from each U i	nit.	,		
ι	Jnit – I	Ţ.	Marks	BT* CC)* PO*	r
Find the eigen values and corre	esponding eigen ved	ctors of the matrix				
[1 0 0]						
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$,				^
16a			6	L*2	1	2
 Define rank of a matrix. Also fir elementary row transformation 	nd the rank of th e t o	llowing matrix by	Avo.			
		i je	W. T.			
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 & -2 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 4 & -3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		/	N.			
2 1 3 -1			Ŷ.	1.4	1	1
[4 -3 1 1]			4	Ll	1	ı
a) Test for consistency and hence	e solve the following	system of				
equations by Gauss eliminatio	n method.					
x-3y+2z=1			7			
3x + y + z = 2 $7x - y + 4z = 5$			5	L2	1	2
Solve the following system of	equations by Gauss	s- Seidel iteration				
method.		4				
27x + 6y - z = 85						
6x+15y+2z=72 x+y+54z=110			V.			
		ree iterations				
Start with $x^{(0)} = y^{(0)} = z^{(0)} =$	0 and carry out tr	nee neranons.	ď,	5 L1	1	1
Unit						
	Unit - II	est eiden value ar	nd			
a) Using the Rayleigh's power m	ethod find the large	4 1 -1	+			
the corresponding eigen vector	or of the matrix	$egin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & -1 \ 2 & 3 & -1 \ -2 & 1 & 5 \ \end{bmatrix}$. Take				
		-2.1 5] [1.08.08] ^T and	The second secon			
the initial approximation to the	e eigen vector as	IT O'D O'D] MIC		5 L2	1	2
carry out 4 iterations.		P,T	: φ.			
		4	1			
		** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ***				