SMARTPHONE PROCESSORS

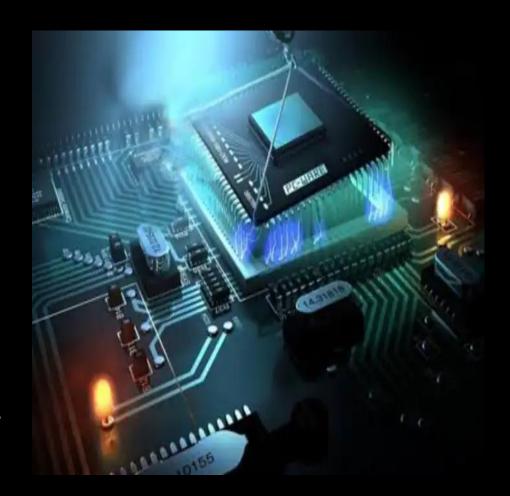
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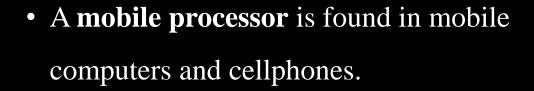
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INTRODUCTION

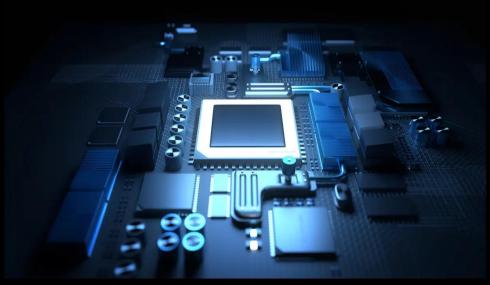
- Today's smartphone processors are very powerful, so powerful that it is almost as powerful as a desktop computer.
- Processors are now coming with more cores. The processing speed has reached upto 3-3.5 GHz.
- The ability to include GPU (Graphic Processing Unit) inside mobile processors has enabled devices to best graphics picture, 3D capability, Virtual Reality capability and 4K recording.
- The improved processor technology also made today's modern mobile devices more power efficient



MOBILE PROCESSORS

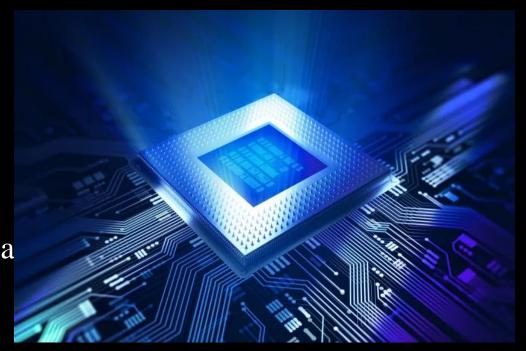


- A CPU chip is designed for portable computer, It is typically housed in a smaller chip package, but more importantly, in order to run cooler, it uses lower voltages than its desktop counterpart and has more sleep mode capability.
- A mobile processor can be throttled down to different power levels or sections of the chip can be turned off entirely when not in use.

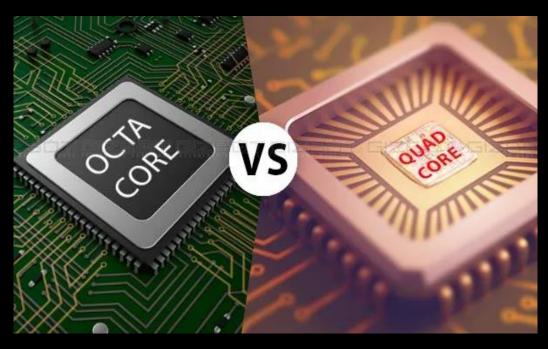


HOW PROCESSOR WORKS

- The performance of your smartphone is influenced largely responsible for the speed, efficiency, and battery life of your smartphone—the processor.
- This is the "brain" of your smartphone. The CPU receives commands, makes instant calculations, and sends signals throughout your device.
- There are multiple ways to gauge the performance of a CPU besides checking the Gigahertz (GHz) speed or the number of CPU cores (a.k.a dual-core and quad-core and octa-core).



WHAT'S A CORE



- It is an element found in the main processor that reads and executes the instructions.
- Device began with a single-core processor; but engineers created more powerful devices by including more cores in one device.
- That led to dual-core, Quad-core, and Octa-core processors and Deca-cores used in smartphones and tablets.
- More the number of core in a processor, More efficient is the processor

ADVANTAGES OF MULTIPLE CORE

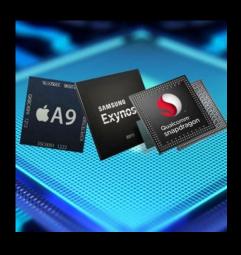
- Lower power consumption, Higher performance per watt
- Faster Web page load times
- Higher Performance for Demanding Applications
- Faster Multitasking
- Higher Quality Gaming



NANOMETER TECHNOLOGY

- nm stands for nanometer, a unit of measure for length. 1nm is equal to 0.00000001 meters—which is absolutely minute.
- In a CPU, nm is used to measure the size of the transistors that make up a processor.
- There are billions of transistors in a CPU that perform calculations through electrical signals by switching on and off.
- Lower nm is better for your machine due to More Power Efficient, Less Cooling Required, Transistors Are Faster

TYPES OF PROCESSORS



- 1. Apple bionic chips
- 2. Qualcomm snapdragon processors
- 3. Mediatek
- 4. Exynos
- 5. Kirin
- 6. Intelrom
- 7. Arm cortex



Apple bionic chips

- The Apple A16 Bionic features an Appledesigned 64-bit six-core CPU implementing ARMv8.6-A. with two "Everest" high-performance cores running at 3.46 GHz
- The A16 contains 16 billion transistors, a 6.7 % increase from the A15's transistor count of 15 billion.
- this used in the iPhone 14 Pro and 14 Pro Max models only.





Qualcomm snapdragon processors

- Qualcomm unveiled the Snapdragon 8 Gen 1 chipset at Snapdragon Tech Summit in Hawaii.
- The Snapdragon 8+ Gen 1 Mobile Platform is latest premium-tier powerhouse.
- This is the company's front runner and that which will power most of the flagships of 2022.



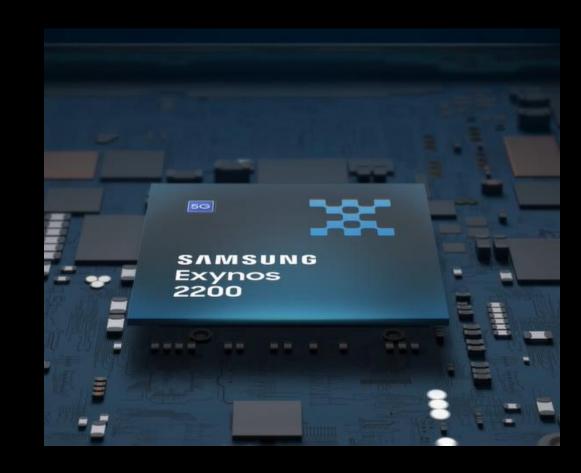
Mediatek Dimensity

- The top mobile chip in MediaTek's stable is described as a "milestone of innovation," and that "everything inside its super powerful—yet super power efficient—4nm package screams flagship chip."
- The Dimensity 9000 delivers a sizable 35 percent performance advantage over other Android flagships, and is reportedly 37 percent more power efficient too.



EXYNOS

- The Samsung Exynos 2200 is a high end SoC with 8 cores in three clusters.
- Samsung Exynos 2200 an 8-core chipset that was announced on January 18, 2022, and is manufactured using a 4-nanometer process technology.



CONCLUSION

- It is very difficult to predict the future. When it comes to mobiles, the speed at which new features are added every day, it is even more difficult.
- You can have improved CPU and RAM for lightning speed data transfer and 5G or more networking technology.
- We can expect multi-core CPU s potentially up to 16+ cores

